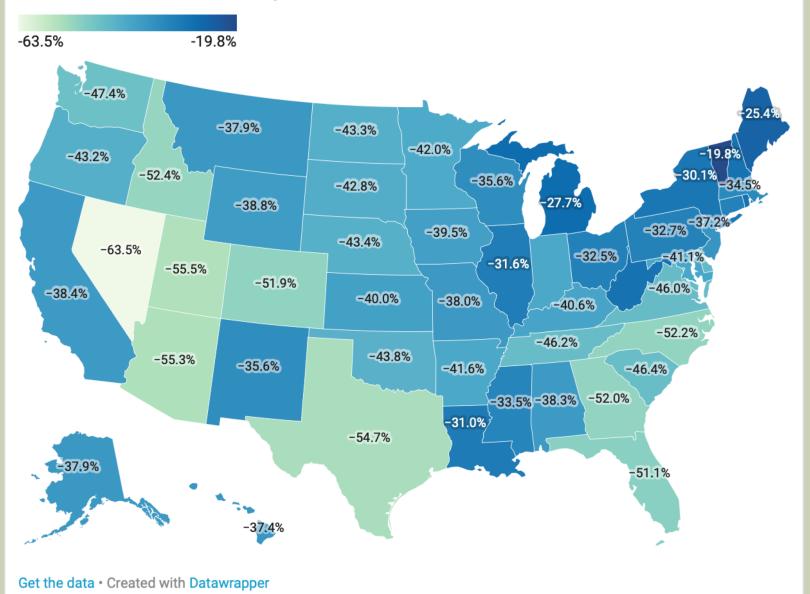
INEQUITABLE AND INADEQUATE

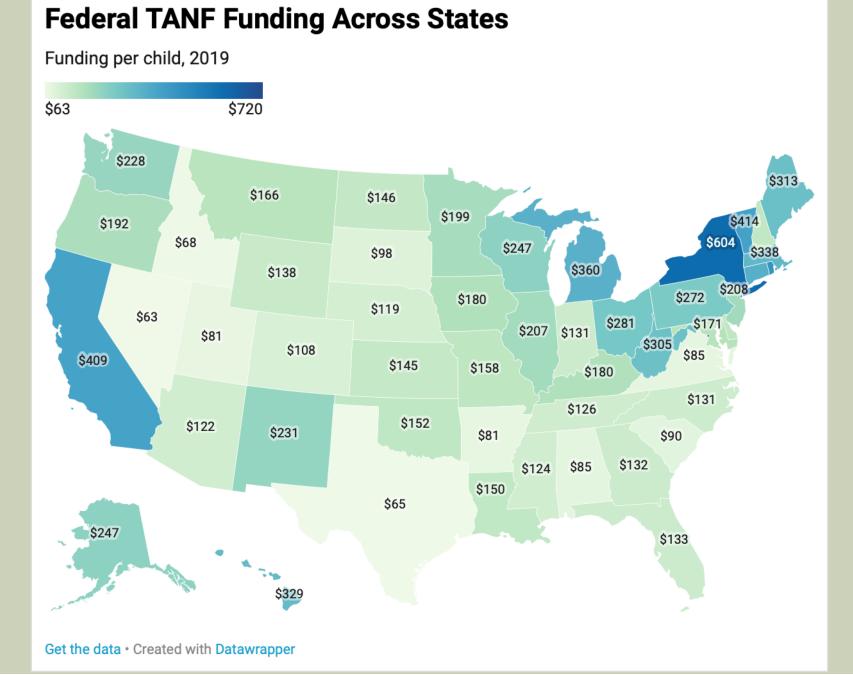
Joshua T. McCabe | Assistant Dean of Social Sciences | Endicott College Senior Fellow | Poverty and Welfare Program | Niskanen Center Reforming Federal Grants for State Social Assistance Programs

Change in Federal TANF Funding

Percent decrease in real dollars per child since 1996

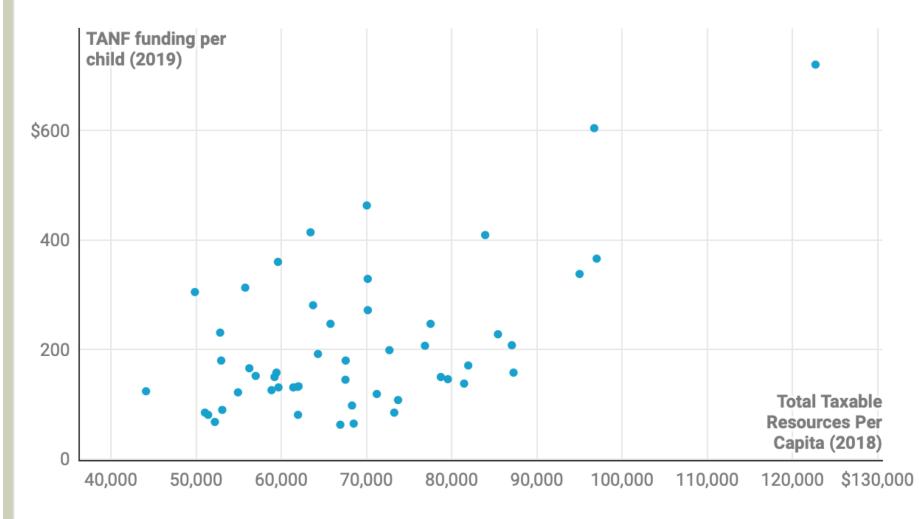


PROBLEM #1 Inadequate federal support



PROBLEM #2 Inequitable allocation

Federal TANF Funding and Fiscal Capacity



PROBLEM #2 Inequitable allocation

Get the data • Created with Datawrapper

TWO APPROACHES TO FISCAL FEDERALISM

United States

Canada

- Block grant for social assistance
 - Only covers families with children
 - Allocated to states based on spending in the mid-1990s
 - Not indexed for inflation
 - Declining reach and benefit levels

- Block grant for social assistance
 - Families with children and ABAWDs
 - Allocated to provinces on per capita basis
 - Legislated automatic 3% increase
 - Stable reach and benefit levels

SALT deduction

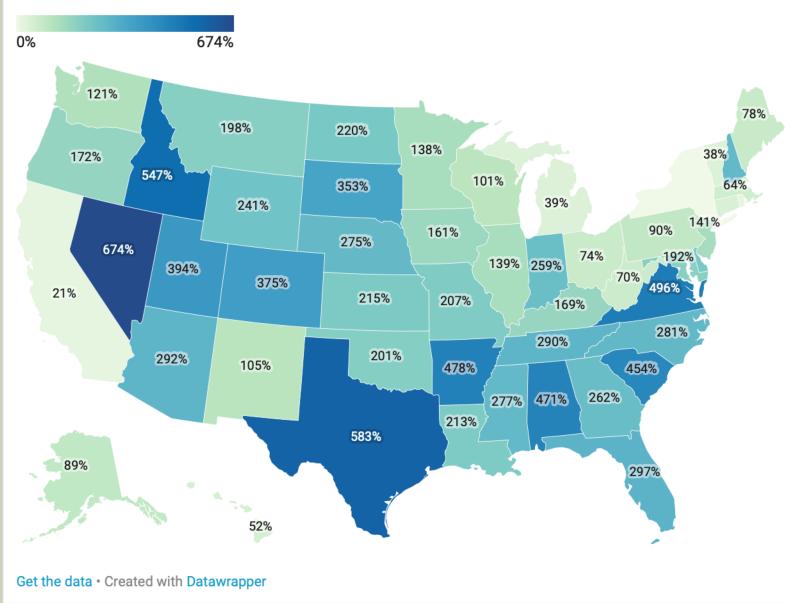
No SALT deduction

SOCIAL ASSISTANCE BLOCK GRANT PROPOSAL

- Eliminate the SALT deduction (\$21.1 billion) and use those revenues to increase total funding to states for social assistance programs (\$16.5 billion)
- **2.** Expand federal support to general assistance programs for ABAWDs
- Allocate ~\$36.2 billion in funding to states on an equal per capita basis and index those amounts for inflation

Increase in Total Federal Funding Under Proposal

Percent increase relative to current TANF allocation



ADEQUATE AND EQUITABLE

This amounts to \$131 per capita under 65 years old