The Challenge of MIPS: One System’s Story

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South Carolina Health Company: Partnership in South Carolina

LEGEND
- GHS & Palmetto Health Hospitals
- HCA Atlantic
- LifePoint Health
- Caremark HealthCare
- Community Health System
- Mission Health
- Tenet Health
- Mission Health
- McLeod Health
- Spartanburg Regional Health
- Bon Secours
- Cape Fear Health
- Medical University of SC
- Tidelands Health
- SC Unaffiliated Hospital
- Palmetto Health's primary service area
- Palmetto Health's secondary service area
- GHS primary service area
- GHS secondary service area

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Metric</th>
<th>Value</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Total Population Access(1)</td>
<td>2.6M</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Unique Patients (FY16)</td>
<td>1.2M</td>
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<tr>
<td>Employed Physicians</td>
<td>1,409</td>
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<tr>
<td>Independent CIN Physicians</td>
<td>1,484</td>
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<tr>
<td>Number of Employees</td>
<td>28,625</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total Inpatient Discharges</td>
<td>111K</td>
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<tr>
<td>FY 2016 Total Operating Revenue</td>
<td>$3.9B</td>
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</tbody>
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Note: \(1\) Total population of communities served is inclusive of the historical primary and secondary service areas for both organizations
Sources: Definitive Healthcare; Why Not The Best

32% of practices are in Rural areas
Ongoing Rural Challenges in MIPS

- EMR vendors require significant upgrade fees and rate increases in order to deliver a product that can track and report MIPS requirements.

- In quality outcome measures, an absence of risk adjustment does not address an older, sicker, poorer patient population.

- Small practice bonuses provided in MIPS do not level the playing field in the competition between rural and urban practices, as well as very few aAPMs are applicable to rural providers.

- A lack of connectivity and clinical integration with other rural providers results in additional challenges for Promoting Interoperability and Cost categories.

- Running lean for decades, rural practices don’t have available resources to hire additional staff to address MIPS complexities.

- MIPS implementation costs far exceed the potential for positive adjustments.
A Tale of Two Cities-MIPS Negative ROI

Once upon a time in a large and sophisticated clinically integrated network...

Patients experienced difficulty accessing care while physicians and clinical staff collectively spent countless hours being educated and learning new workflows solely for the purpose of documenting to meet MIPS requirements...

Dozens of additional full-time staff worked tens of thousands of hours to provide the education, support, information technology resources, and reporting expertise to meet MIPS requirements...

And, in the end, despite achieving a high enough MIPS score to be eligible for the “exceptional performance bonus”, the network physicians received a 1.59% positive payment adjustment which calculated out to be equal to 60% of all costs expended—nowhere near enough to cover the increased expenditure and staff time that could have been dedicated to providing better care instead of checking off MIPS boxes.
Once upon a time in a large and sophisticated clinically integrated network...

Patients still experienced difficulty accessing care while physicians and clinical staff collectively spent countless hours being educated and learning new workflows for the purpose of learning new competencies to be successful in a risk based environment ... 

Dozens of additional full-time staff worked tens of thousands of hours to provide the education, support, information technology resources, and reporting expertise to learn these new competencies through carefully selecting MIPS variables related to their future success in an Advanced APM ...

And, in the end, even if the MIPS bonus was minimal, the CIN was dedicated to becoming successful under a population based contract instead of focusing on checking off MIPS boxes. They eventually prevailed with successful shared savings and improved care in multiple multi-payer (public and private) Advanced APM contracts by adoption of these new competences.