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## *Iraq Index* *Tracking Variables of* *Reconstruction & Security in Post-Saddam Iraq*

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January 29, 2007

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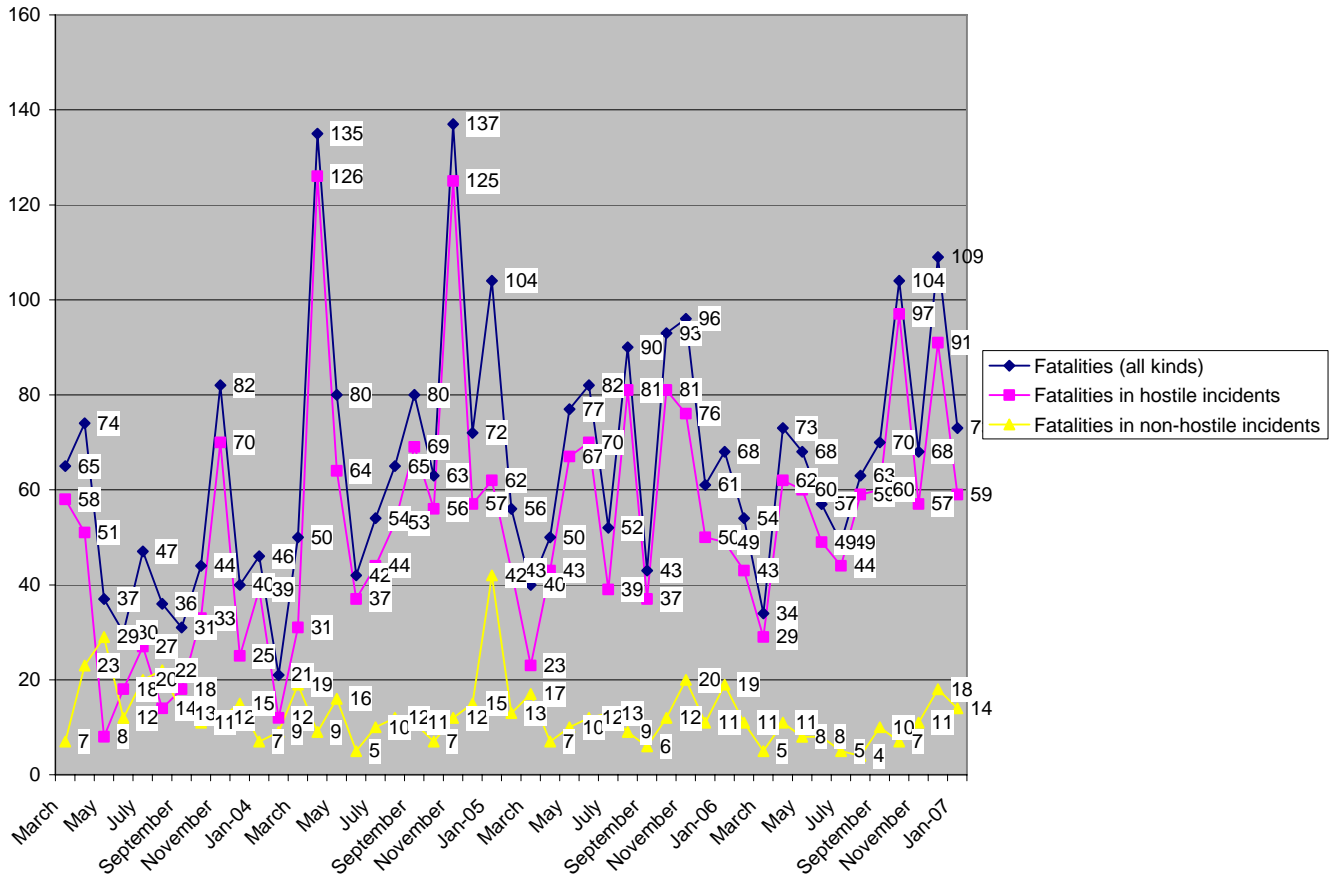
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**NOTE ON THE METHODOLOGY OF THE IRAQ INDEX:**

Although the footnotes to the Iraq Index document our sources in detail, it is worth noting here a few broad points. The majority of our information comes from the U.S. Government, though we must often analyze it and process it further to show trends over the full period since Saddam Hussein fell in 2003. Some information comes from foreign journalists on the ground and from nongovernmental organizations; a very modest amount to date comes from Iraqi sources. Most tables and charts are straightforward representations of data as we obtain it from the above primary sources, with only modest further analysis and processing required. However, a few graphics, such as those on crime and unemployment rates, require more methodological work (and more assumptions) on our part—and are as a result also perhaps somewhat less precise than most of the tables and charts.

**SECURITY INDICATORS**

**U.S. TROOP FATALITIES SINCE MARCH 19, 2003<sup>1</sup>**



**Total from March 19, 2003 (start of major combat operations) through January 28, 2007:**

Fatalities (all kinds): **3,065**  
Fatalities in hostile incidents: **2,466**  
Fatalities in non-hostile incidents: **599**

**NOTE ON U.S. TROOP FATALITIES SINCE MARCH 19, 2003 TABLE:**

The daily Department of Defense casualty reports that we use for our monthly estimates on U.S troops killed doesn't make entirely clear when in a 24 hour period casualties were incurred. Since the reports are published 10 AM daily, there is the possibility that our numbers for January 2005 and onwards are slightly off due to uncertainties about whether casualties occurred on the first and last day of each month. We have chosen to interpret the numbers in the casualty report as representing fatalities that occurred throughout the previous day. Total fatalities include seven civilians working for the Department of Defense.

**CAUSE OF DEATH FOR US TROOPS<sup>2</sup>**

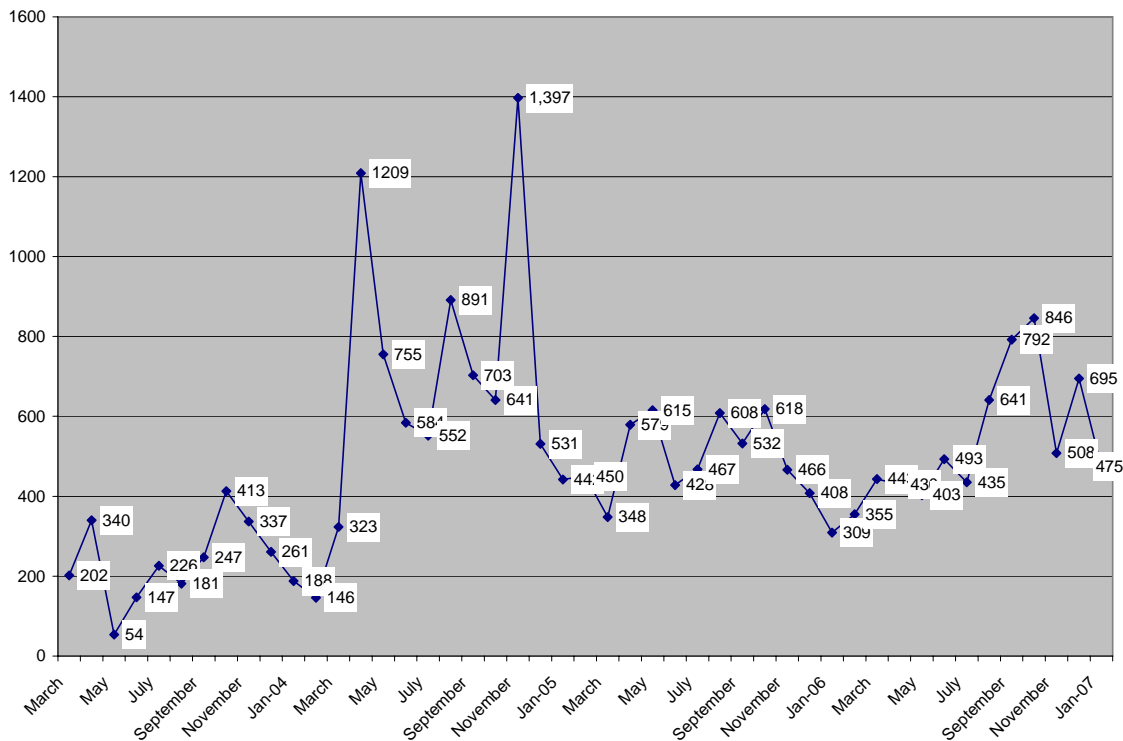
Month	Improvised Explosive Device	Car Bombs	Mortars And Rockets	Rocket Propelled Grenades	Helicopter Losses*	Other Hostile Fire	Non-Hostile Causes*	Total
March 03	0 (0%)	0 (0%)	0 (0%)	0 (0%)	8 (12.3%)	50 (76.9%)	7 (10.8%)	65
April	0 (0%)	0 (0%)	3 (4.1%)	4 (5.4%)	8 (10.8%)	41 (55.4%)	18(24.3%)	74
May	0 (0%)	0 (0%)	0 (0%)	0 (0%)	7 (18.9%)	6 (16.2%)	24 (64.9%)	37
June	0 (0%)	0 (0%)	0 (0%)	4 (13.3%)	0 (0%)	14 (46.6%)	12 (40.0%)	30
July	4 (8.3%)	0 (0%)	0 (0%)	9 (18.8%)	0 (0%)	15 (31.3%)	20 (41.7%)	48
August	7 (20%)	0 (0%)	0 (0%)	2 (5.7%)	0 (0%)	7 (20%)	19 (54.3%)	35
September	5 (16.1%)	0 (0%)	2 (6.5%)	2 (6.5%)	1 (3.2%)	9 (29%)	12 (38.7%)	31
October	13 (29.5%)	0 (0%)	4 (9.1%)	2 (4.5%)	0 (0%)	14 (31.8%)	11 (25%)	44
November	20 (24.4%)	0 (0%)	1 (1.2%)	1 (1.2%)	39 (47.6%)	8 (9.8%)	13 (15.8%)	82
December	18 (45%)	1 (2.5%)	2 (5%)	0 (0%)	0 (0%)	4 (10%)	15 (37.5%)	40
January 04	20 (42.6%)	3 (6.4%)	4 (8.5%)	1 (2.1%)	14 (29.8%)	4 (8.5%)	1 (2.1%)	47
February	9 (45%)	0 (0%)	2 (10%)	0 (0%)	2 (10%)	3 (15%)	4 (20%)	20
March	19 (36.5%)	0 (0%)	4 (7.7%)	0 (0%)	0 (0%)	12 (23.1%)	17 (32.7%)	52
April	16 (11.9%)	10 (7.4%)	7 (5.2%)	13 (9.6%)	2 (1.5%)	78 (57.8%)	9 (6.7%)	135
May	21 (26.3%)	2 (2.5%)	12 (15%)	2 (2.5%)	0 (0%)	25 (31.3%)	18 (22.5%)	80
June	12 (28.6%)	2 (4.8%)	7 (16.7%)	1 (2.4%)	0 (0%)	15 (35.7%)	5 (11.9%)	42
July	17 (31.5%)	2 (3.7%)	7 (13%)	2 (3.7%)	0 (0%)	16 (29.6%)	10 (18.5%)	54
August	16 (24.2%)	0 (0%)	2 (3%)	4 (6.1%)	2 (3%)	33 (50%)	9 (13.6%)	66
September	15 (18.8%)	11(13.8%)	4 (5%)	2 (2.5%)	0 (0%)	37 (46.3%)	11 (13.8%)	80
October	12 (19%)	19 (30.2%)	2 (3.2%)	4 (6.3%)	2 (3.2%)	19 (30.2%)	5 (7.9%)	63
November	18 (13.1%)	6 (4.4%)	4 (2.9%)	4 (2.9%)	0 (0%)	93 (67.9%)	12 (8.8%)	137
December	14 (19.4%)	2 (2.8%)	1 (1.4%)	0 (0%)	2 (2.8%)	41 (56.9%)	12 (16.7%)	72
January 05	29 (27.1%)	3 (2.8%)	3 (2.8%)	8 (7.5%)	33 (30.8%)	11 (10.3%)	20 (18.7%)	107
February	25 (43.1%)	1 (1.7%)	1 (1.7%)	0 (0%)	0 (0%)	15 (25.9%)	16 (27.6%)	58
March	13 (37.1%)	7 (20%)	1 (2.9%)	0 (0%)	0 (0%)	10 (28.6%)	4 (11.4%)	35
April	20 (38.5%)	7 (13.5%)	5 (9.6%)	2 (3.8%)	0 (0%)	12 (23.1%)	6 (11.5%)	52
May	33 (41.2%)	10 (12.5%)	6 (7.5%)	2 (2.5%)	2 (2.5%)	14 (17.5%)	13 (16.3%)	80
June	36 (46.2%)	8 (10.3%)	2 (2.6%)	3 (3.8%)	2 (2.6%)	18 (23.1%)	9 (11.5%)	78
July	36 (66.7%)	2 (3.7%)	3 (5.6%)	0 (0%)	0 (0%)	4 (7.4%)	9 (16.7%)	54
August	40 (47.1%)	7 (8.2%)	1 (1.2%)	0 (0%)	0 (0%)	27 (31.8%)	10 (11.8%)	85
September	37 (75.5%)	0 (0%)	2 (4.1%)	0 (0%)	0 (0%)	3 (6.1%)	7 (14.3%)	49
October	57 (59.4%)	2 (2.1%)	7 (7.3%)	0 (0%)	0 (0%)	11 (11.5%)	19 (19.8%)	96
November	40 (47.6%)	6 (7.1%)	0 (0%)	0 (0%)	2 (2.4%)	24 (28.6%)	12 (14.3%)	84
December	42 (61.8%)	3 (4.4%)	2 (2.9%)	1 (1.5%)	2 (2.9%)	9 (13.2%)	9 (13.2%)	68
January 06	24 (38.7%)	3 (4.8%)	0 (0%)	1 (1.6%)	13 (21%)	10 (16.1%)	11 (17.7%)	62
February	36 (65.5%)	2 (3.6%)	1 (1.8%)	0 (0%)	0 (0%)	7 (12.7%)	9 (16.4%)	55
March	12 (38.7%)	1 (3.2%)	3 (9.7%)	1 (3.2%)	0 (0%)	9 (29%)	5 (16.1%)	31
April	45 (59.2%)	1 (1.3%)	1 (1.3%)	1 (1.3%)	2 (2.6%)	15 (19.7%)	11 (14.5%)	76
May	36 (52.2%)	2 (2.9%)	0 (0%)	0 (0%)	4 (5.8%)	17 (24.6%)	10 (14.5%)	69
June	33 (54.1%)	0 (0%)	1 (1.6%)	0 (0%)	0 (0%)	23 (37.7%)	4 (6.6%)	61
July	21 (48.8%)	3 (6.9%)	0 (0%)	1 (2.3%)	0 (0%)	13 (30.2%)	5 (11.6%)	43
August	29 (44.6%)	0 (0%)	0 (0%)	0 (0%)	2 (3.1%)	29 (44.6%)	5 (7.7%)	65
September	29 (40.8%)	4 (5.6%)	1 (1.4%)	1 (1.4%)	0 (0%)	26 (36.6%)	10 (14.1%)	71
October	52 (49.5%)	0 (0%)	0 (0%)	1 (1%)	0 (0%)	46 (43.8%)	6 (5.7%)	105
November	38 (54.3%)	0 (0%)	0 (0%)	0 (0%)	2 (2.9%)	22 (31.4%)	8 (11.4%)	70
December	72 (62.6%)	0 (0%)	1 (0.9%)	1 (0.9%)	5 (4.3%)	26 (22.6%)	10 (8.7%)	115
January 07	35 (44.3%)	0 (0%)	1 (1.3%)	0 (0%)	14 (17.7%)	25 (31.6%)	4 (5.1%)	79
<b>Total</b>	<b>1,126 (36.5%)</b>	<b>130 (4.2%)</b>	<b>110 (3.6%)</b>	<b>80 (2.6%)</b>	<b>170 (5.5%)</b>	<b>970 (31.5%)</b>	<b>496 (16.1%)</b>	<b>3,084</b>

**NOTE ON CAUSE OF DEATH DETAIL TABLE: Through January 28, 2007** Helicopter losses include deaths caused by both non-hostile helicopter accidents and helicopters downed by hostile fire. Hostile losses were as follows: 3/03 (8 killed); 4/03 (2); 11/03 (39); 1/04 (10); 4/04 (2); 5/05 (2); 6/05 (2); 11/05 (2); 1/06 (4); 4/06 (2); 5/06 (2) total: 75. Non-hostile losses were as follows: 4/03 (6); 5/03 (7); 9/03 (1); 1/04 (4); 2/04 (2); 8/04 (2); 10/04 (2); 12/04 (2); 1/05 (33); 12/05 (2); 1/06 (9); 5/06 (2); 8/06 (2); 11/06 (2); 12/06 (5); 1/07 (14), total: 94. The "Non-Hostile Causes" data then does not include non-hostile helicopter losses.<sup>3</sup>

**AMERICAN MILITARY FATALITIES BY CATEGORY MARCH 19, 2003 – JANUARY 6, 2007<sup>4</sup>**

<b>Category</b>	<b>Total fatalities as of January 6, 2007: 2,998</b>
<b>Gender</b>	<b>Male: 2,936 Female: 62</b>
<b>Age</b>	<b>Younger than 22: 905 22-24: 709 25-30: 728 31-35: 307 Older than 35: 349</b>
<b>Component</b>	<b>Active: 2,348 Reserve: 256 National Guard: 394</b>
<b>Military service</b>	<b>Army: 2,040 Marines: 866 Navy: 63 Air Force: 28 Coast Guard: 1</b>
<b>Officers/Enlisted</b>	<b>Officer: 301 E5-E9: 951 E1-E4: 1,746</b>
<b>Race/Ethnicity</b>	<b>American Indian or Alaska Native: 33 Asian: 54 Black or African American: 290 Hispanic or Latino: 327 Multiple races, pending or unknown: 37 Native Hawaiian or Pacific Islander: 29 White: 2,228</b>

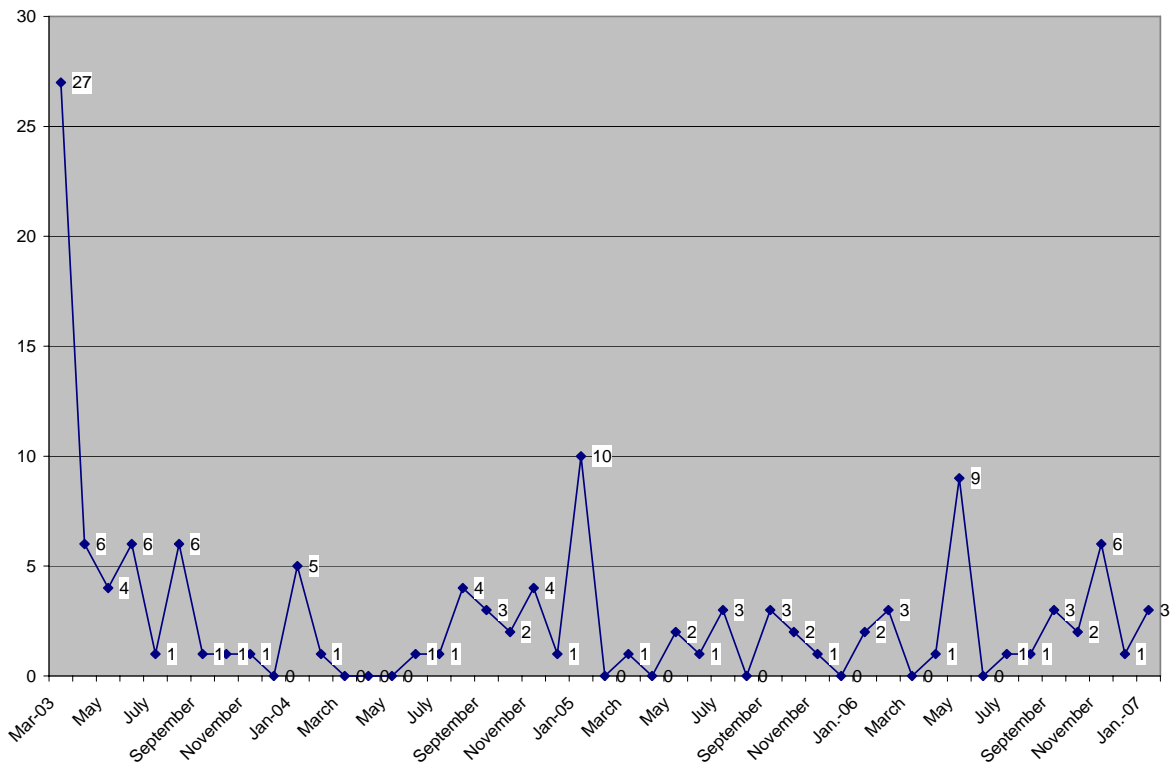
**U.S. TROOPS WOUNDED IN ACTION SINCE MARCH 2003<sup>5</sup>**



**Total from March 19, 2003 through January 28, 2007: 23,114**

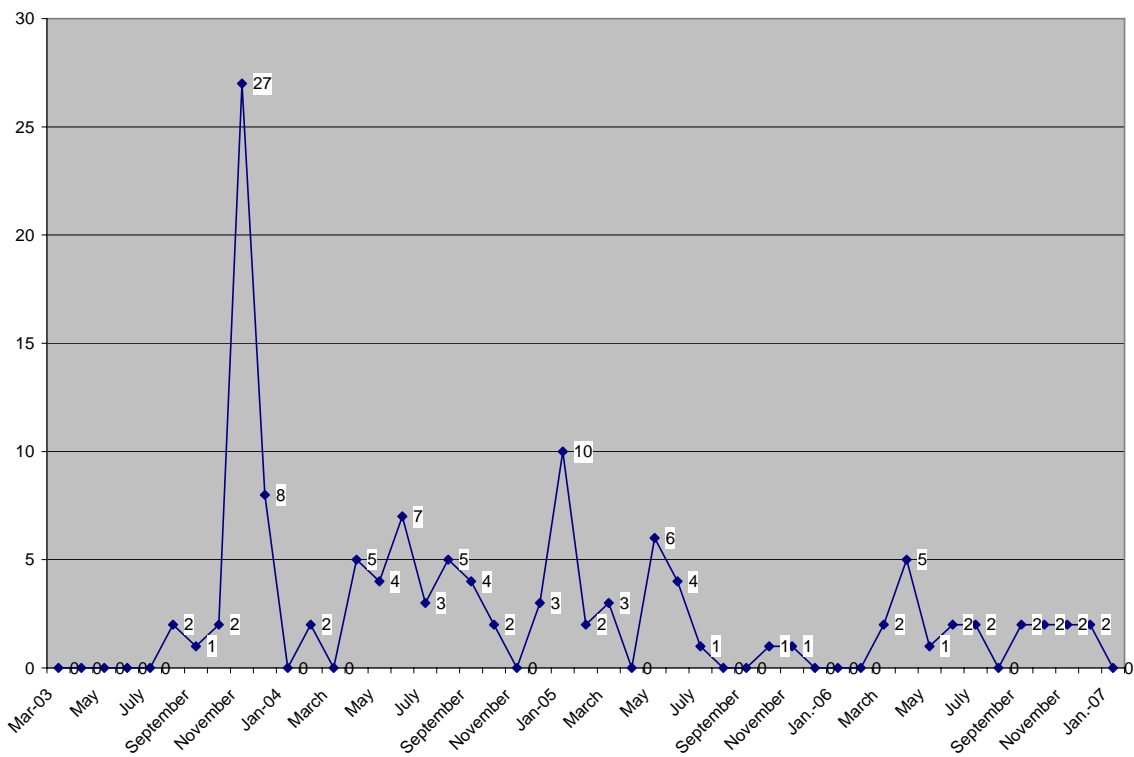
The daily Department of Defense casualty reports that we use for our monthly estimates on U.S troops wounded does not make it entirely clear when in a 24-hour period casualties were incurred. Since the reports are published at 10AM daily, there is possibility that our numbers for January 2005 and onwards are slightly off due to uncertainties about whether casualties occurred on the first or the last of each month.

**BRITISH MILITARY FATALITIES SINCE MARCH 19, 2003<sup>6</sup>**



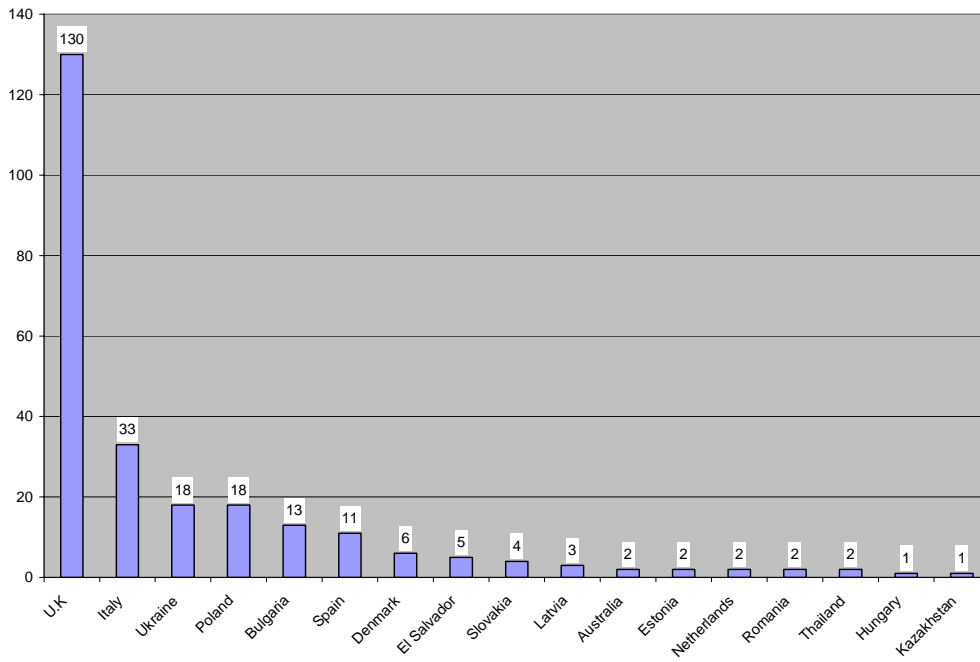
**Total through January 28, 2007: 130**

**NON-U.S. & U.K. COALITION MILITARY FATALITIES SINCE MARCH 19, 2003<sup>7</sup>**



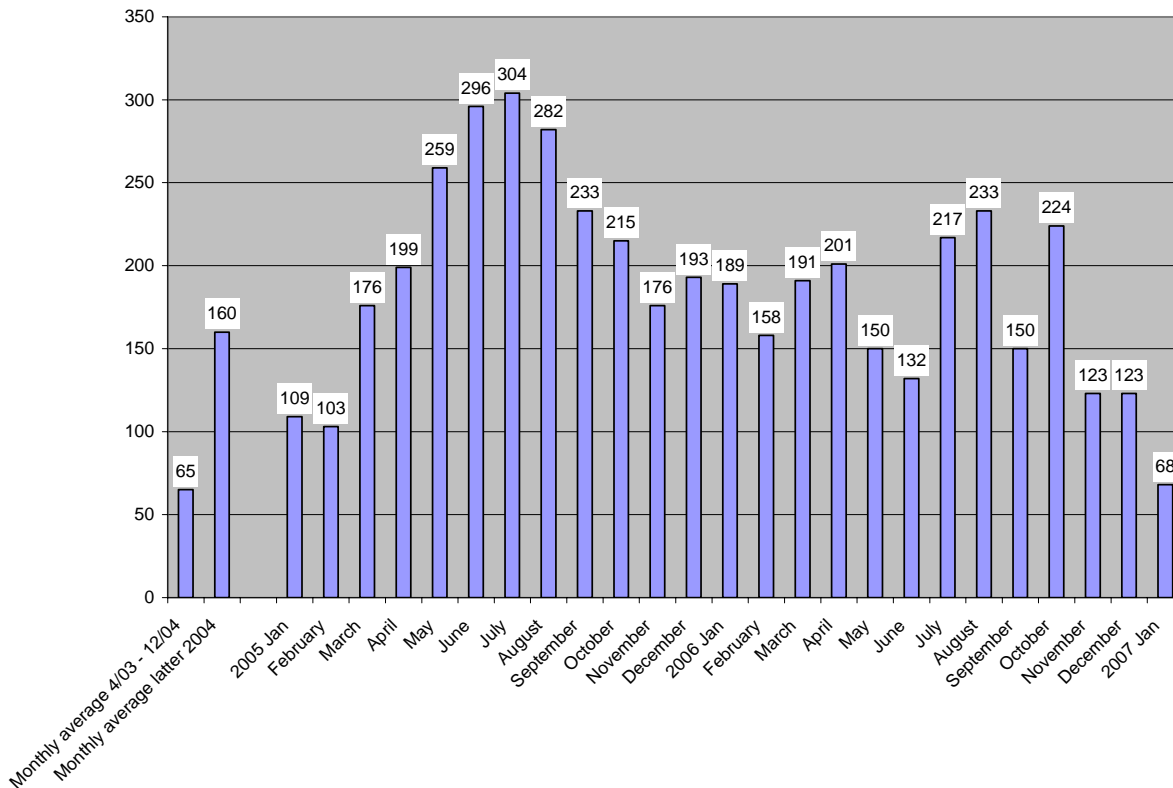
**Total through January 28, 2007: 123**

**NON-U.S. COALITION TROOP FATALITIES BY COUNTRY SINCE MARCH 19, 2003<sup>8</sup>**



**Total through January 28, 2007: 253**

**IRAQI MILITARY & POLICE KILLED MONTHLY<sup>9</sup>**

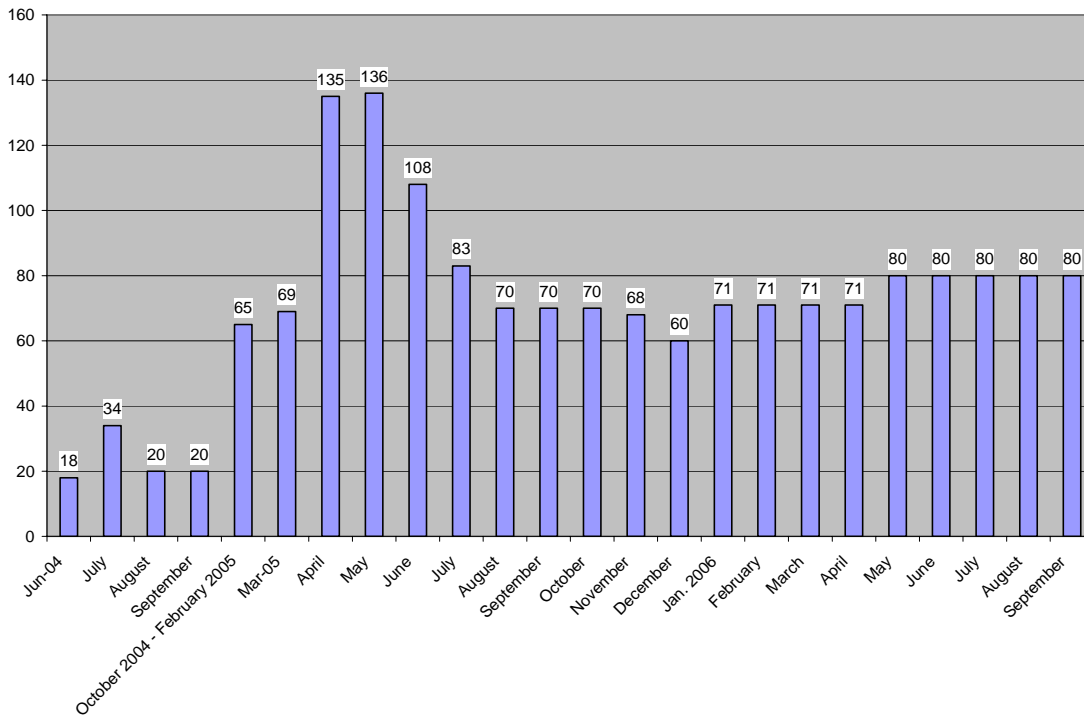


**Total June 2003 through January 28, 2007: 6,004**

**1,300 Iraqi military and police were killed between June 2003 and January 4, 2005** according to Iraqi Minister of Interior Falah Hasan Al-Naqib. "Iraqi Officers, Police Members Killed so Far Total 1,300," Kuwait News Agency (KUNA) January 4, 2005. Maj. Gen. Joseph Peterson, the top American police trainer in Iraq, noted through his spokesperson that 1,497 Iraqi police officers were killed and 3,256 wounded in 2005. Eric Schmitt, "2,000 More MPs Will Help Train the Iraqi Police," *New York Times*, January 16, 2006.



**CAR BOMBS IN IRAQ (LETHAL AND NON-LETHAL)<sup>10</sup>**



**NOTE ON CAR BOMBS IN IRAQ CHART:** Because we are no longer receiving useful data on the number of car bombs in Iraq, this table will be discontinued. Many of the existing numbers are estimates. Please see footnote for details.

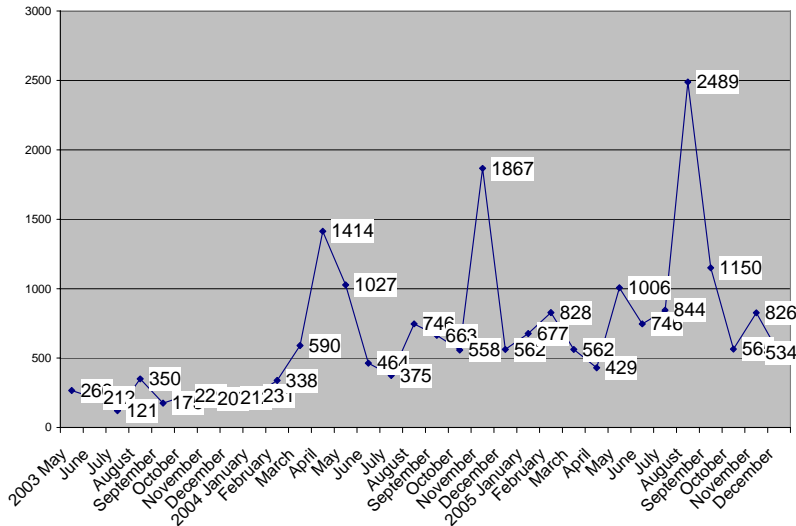
**IRAQI CIVILIANS KILLED BY US TROOPS<sup>11</sup>**

<b>2005</b>	<b>Average of 7 per week</b>
<b>January 2006</b>	<b>4 per week</b>
<b>August 2006</b>	<b>1 per week</b>

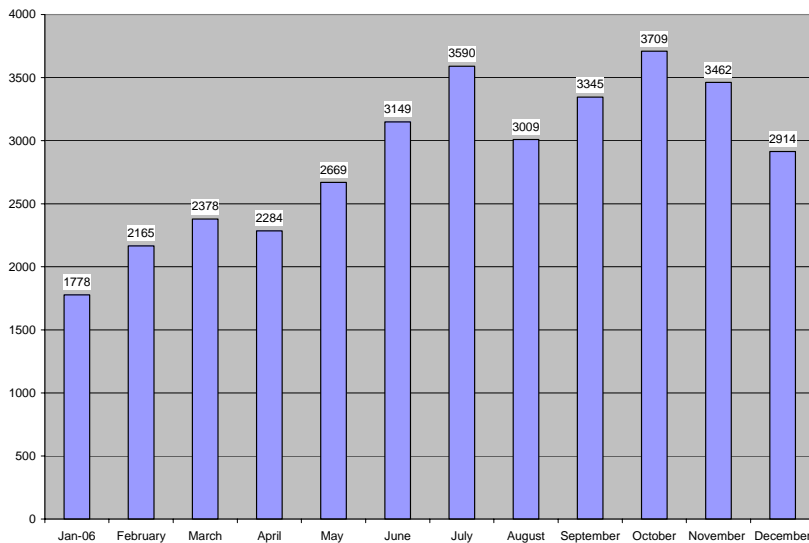
**NOTE ON IRAQI CIVILIANS KILLED BY US TROOPS:** The military has recently announced that an average of one Iraqi civilian per day was killed in “escalation of force” incidents alone in 2005. Josh White, Charles Lane and Julie Tate, “Homicide Charges Rare in Iraq War; Few Troops Tried for Killing Civilians,” *Washington Post*, August 28, 2006.

**IRAQI CIVILIANS KILLED BY VIOLENCE**

**MAY 2003–DECEMBER 2005 (Does Not Include Murders)**



**JANUARY 2006 – PRESENT (All Violent Causes)<sup>12</sup>**



**NOTE ON “IRAQI CIVILIANS KILLED” TABLES:**

Information for May 2003–December 2005 is based upon data from Iraq Body Count. We do not include entries recorded at the morgue (to avoid double-counting) or those which clearly involve the death of Iraqi police, police recruits, or Iraq Civil Defense Forces (in an attempt to index only civilians killed by acts of war. IBC itself removes military personnel.) The data shown in the chart are 1.75 times our IBC-based numbers, reflecting the fact that estimates for civilian casualties from the Iraqi Ministry of the Interior were 75 percent higher than those of our Iraq Body Count-based estimate over the aggregate May 2003 – December 2005 period.<sup>13</sup> During this time, we separately studied the crime rate in Iraq, and on that basis estimated 23,000 murders throughout the country.

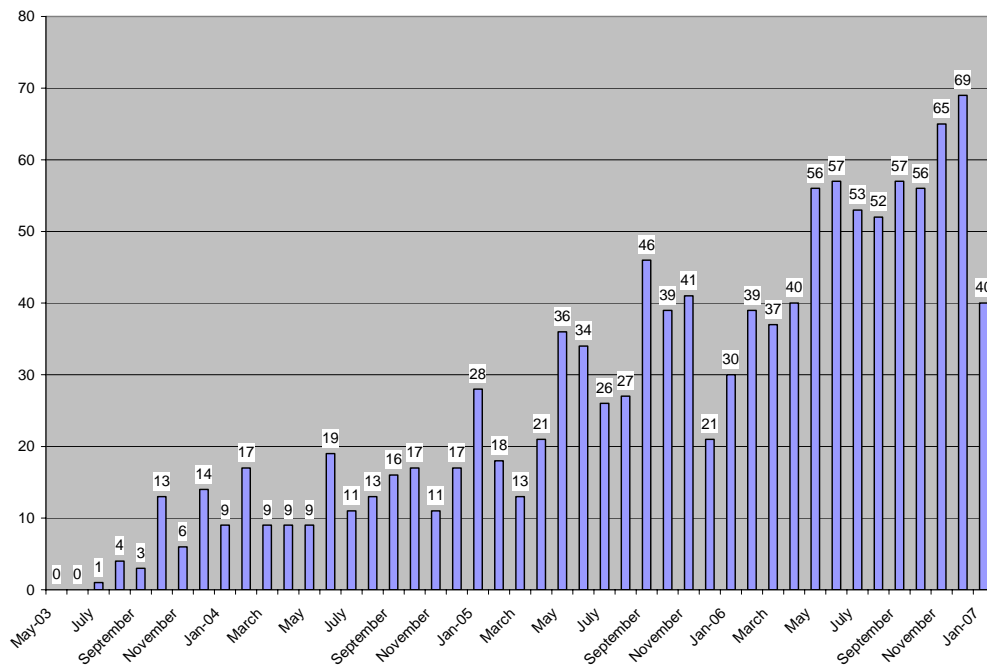
Starting in 2006, we have found it is no longer practical to differentiate between acts of war and crime. Our estimates since January 2006 are based upon the numbers published in the UN Assistance Mission for Iraq, “Human Rights Report: 1 May–30 June, 2006” and subsequent reports. This data combines the Iraq Ministry of Health’s tally of deaths counted at hospitals with the Baghdad Medico-Legal Institute’s tally of deaths counted at morgues. **As a point of comparison between the two charts, we have found that the numbers we present for 2006 based on the UN (which include crime) are approximately twice what the estimates would be using the our methodology for the IBC data (not including crime) for the same time period.**

**ESTIMATES OF IRAQI CIVILIANS KILLED BY VIOLENCE:**

These numbers do not include Iraqi civilians killed during major combat operations March 19, 2003–April 30, 2003.

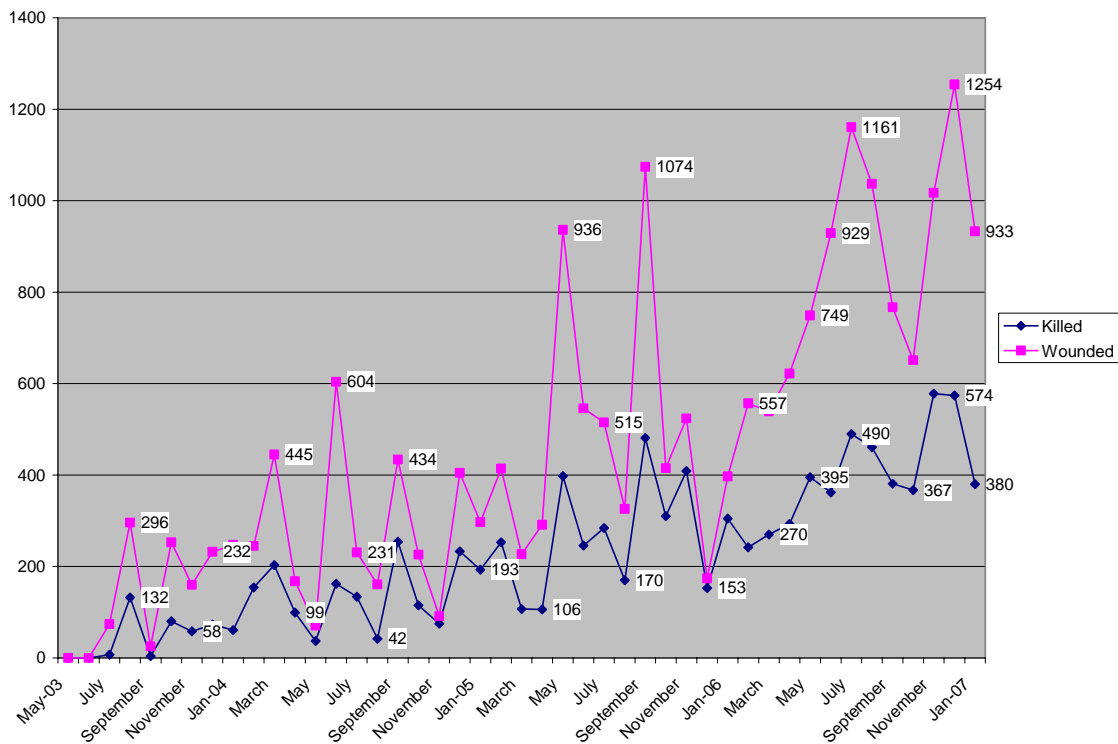
<b>Iraq Index Estimate using IBC Data – May 2003 – December 31, 2005, not including crime:</b>	<b>19,500</b>
<b>Iraq Index Estimate using IBC Data – May 2003 – December 31, 2005, including crime:</b>	<b>42,100</b>
<b>Iraq Index Estimate using UN Data – January 2006 – October 2006:</b>	<b>28,000</b>
<b>Iraq Index Cumulative Estimate using IBC and UN Data – May 2003 – October 31, 2006:</b>	<b>70,100</b>
<b>Iraq Body Count Cumulative Total Through 15 December 2006:</b>	<b>53,000 – 59,000</b>

**MULTIPLE FATALITY BOMBINGS<sup>14</sup>**



**Total as of January 28, 2007: 1,199 (of which at least 407 were suicide bombings)**

**KILLED AND WOUNDED IN MULTIPLE FATALITY BOMBINGS<sup>15</sup>**



**Total as of January 28, 2007:**

**Killed: 10,131**

**Wounded: 20,720**

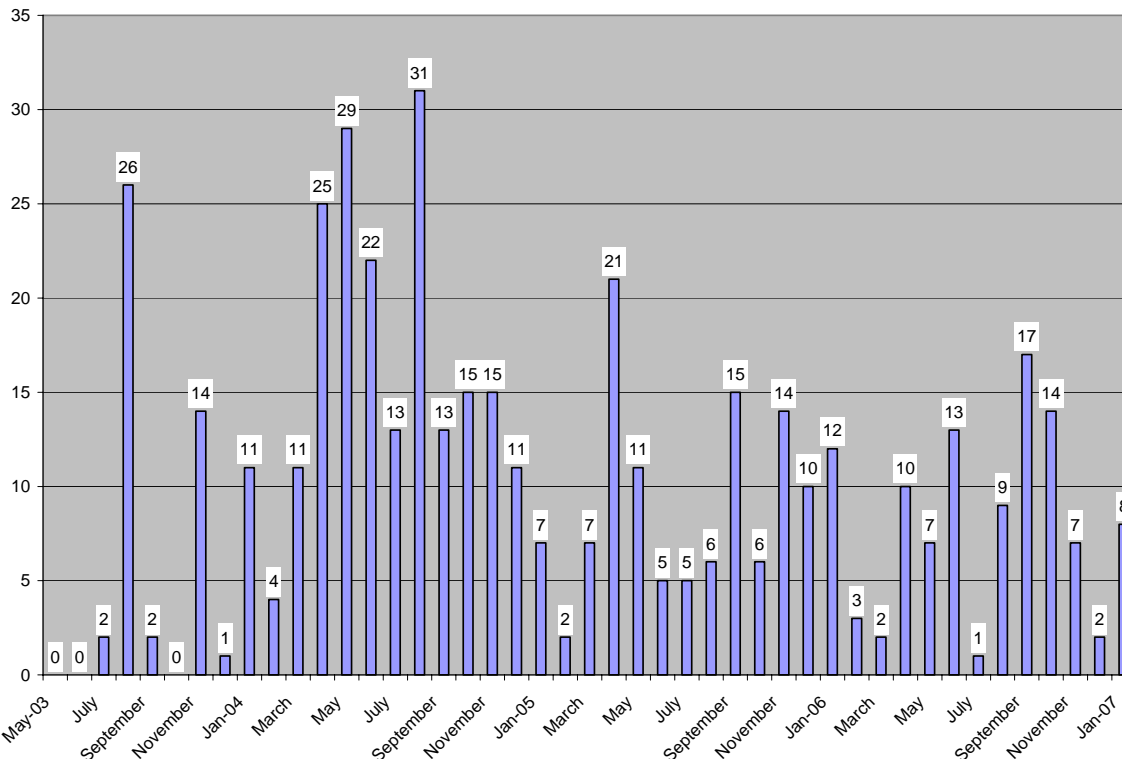
**NOTE ON MULTIPLE FATALITY BOMBINGS AND KILLED AND WOUNDED IN MULTIPLE FATALITY BOMBINGS TABLES:** Included as data for these graphs are any bombings (including IEDs / roadside bombs) that caused at least three fatalities. The data on multiple fatality IED / roadside bombs are estimates and may have a margin of error of +/- one bomb and approximately five fatalities and five wounded.

**POLICE AND CIVILIAN DEATHS BY REGION**

Region	Police Deaths	Civilian Deaths
Dahuk	1	6
Nineveh	259	1,572
Irbil	60	140
Tamim	187	1,005
Sulaimaniya	4	87
Salahuddin	239	1,452
Diyala	409	1,861
Baghdad	715	28,154
Babil	160	1,739
Anbar	235	2,514
Wasit	19	625
Karbala	31	1,031
Qadisiya	3	163
Misan	16	49
Najaf	26	877
Muthanna	2	123
Dhiqar	8	978
Basra	63	1,768
Unknown location	141	67
<b>Total</b>	<b>2,578</b>	<b>44,206</b>

**NOTE ON POLICE AND CIVILIAN DEATHS BY REGION CHART:** This chart includes deaths from the start of the war until October 15, 2006, as reported by Iraq Body Count, cited in "Iraq Body Count: War Dead Figures," *BBC News Online*, October 23, 2006. This data has NOT been filtered by the authors in the same way as the Iraq Body Count data discussed in *Iraqi Civilians Killed by Violence*.

**NON-IRAQI CIVILIANS KILLED SINCE MAY, 2003<sup>16</sup>**



**Total through January 28, 2007: 459**

**NOTE ON NON-IRAQI CIVILIANS KILLED IN IRAQ:** Total includes two contractors whose dates of death are unknown at this time and are thus not included on the above chart. This list is incomplete and does not include an additional 44 contractors that were killed up until December 31, 2004. Since we do not know during which month these deaths occurred they are not represented in the graph above.

As of March, 2005, there were more than 20,000 foreign (non-Iraqi) private military contractors in Iraq. 6,000 of these are in armed tactical roles. Peter W. Singer, "Outsourcing War," *Foreign Affairs*, March 2005.

### **JOURNALISTS KILLED IN IRAQ<sup>17</sup>**

<b>2003</b>	<b>14</b>
<b>2004</b>	<b>24</b>
<b>2005</b>	<b>22</b>
<b>2006</b>	<b>32</b>
<b>2007</b>	<b>1</b>
<b>Total</b>	<b>93</b>

### **NATIONALITIES OF JOURNALISTS KILLED IN IRAQ<sup>18</sup>**

<b>Iraqi</b>	<b>72</b>
<b>European</b>	<b>11</b>
<b>American</b>	<b>2</b>
<b>Other Arab Countries</b>	<b>3</b>
<b>All Others</b>	<b>5</b>
<b>Total</b>	<b>93</b>

### **CIRCUMSTANCES OF JOURNALIST DEATHS<sup>19</sup>**

<b>Murder</b>	<b>57</b>
<b>Crossfire or other acts of war</b>	<b>36</b>
<b>Total</b>	<b>93</b>

**NOTE ON JOURNALIST DEATHS:** A broader tally of journalist deaths that includes media workers such as drivers and interpreters, as well as non-hostile but war-related deaths, finds 168 total fatalities.<sup>20</sup>

### **IRAQIS KIDNAPPED<sup>21</sup>**

<b>January 2004</b>	<b>2 per day in Baghdad</b>
<b>December 2004</b>	<b>10 per day in Baghdad</b>
<b>December 2005</b>	<b>Up to 30 per day nationwide</b>
<b>March 2006</b>	<b>30-40 per day nationwide</b>

**NOTE ON IRAQIS KIDNAPPED TABLE:** The numbers on this table may be lower than the actual number of kidnappings as the Iraqi Police suggests wide underreporting. Ellen Knickmeyer and Jonathon Finer, "In Iraq, 425 Foreigners Estimated Kidnapped Since 2003," *Washington Post*, December 25, 2005. The Iraqi Interior Ministry estimates that 5,000 Iraqis were kidnapped nationwide between December 2003 and April 2005 (Haifa Zangana, "Blair Made a Pledge to Iraqis Once," *The Guardian*, April 22, 2005). According to Assad Abboud, "Iraq's Forgotten Kidnap Victims Suffer in Silence," *Agence France Presse*, March 25, 2006, the average ransom price for a kidnapped Iraqi is \$30,000. The American Embassy in Baghdad estimated that 5-30 Iraqis are abducted each day, but also acknowledged the uncertainty of such a figure (Kirk Semple, "Kidnapped in Iraq: Victim's Tale of Clockwork Death and Ransom," *New York Times*, May 7, 2006).

**FOREIGN NATIONALS KIDNAPPED IN IRAQ SINCE MAY 2003<sup>22</sup>**

<b>Month</b>	<b>Foreigners Kidnapped</b>	<b>Developments*</b>
<b>Date of capture unknown</b>	<b>14</b>	<b>3 killed</b>
<b>May 2003 – October 2003</b>	<b>0</b>	
<b>November</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>1 released</b>
<b>Dec. 2003 – March 2004</b>	<b>0</b>	
<b>April</b>	<b>43</b>	<b>3 killed, 30 released, 1 escaped</b>
<b>May</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>1 killed</b>
<b>June</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>2 killed, 1 escaped</b>
<b>July</b>	<b>26</b>	<b>3 killed, 13 released, 1 rescued, 1 escaped</b>
<b>August</b>	<b>30</b>	<b>15 killed, 15 released</b>
<b>September</b>	<b>31</b>	<b>4 killed, 4 released, 1 rescued</b>
<b>October</b>	<b>7</b>	<b>3 killed, 2 released</b>
<b>November</b>	<b>5</b>	<b>1 killed, 1 released</b>
<b>December</b>	<b>2</b>	
<b>January 2005</b>	<b>13</b>	<b>10 released</b>
<b>February</b>	<b>10</b>	<b>8 released</b>
<b>March</b>	<b>5</b>	<b>3 released</b>
<b>April</b>	<b>7</b>	<b>6 released</b>
<b>May</b>	<b>4</b>	<b>1 killed, 1 rescued</b>
<b>June</b>	<b>0</b>	
<b>July</b>	<b>6</b>	<b>3 killed</b>
<b>August</b>	<b>24</b>	<b>2 killed, 21 released</b>
<b>September</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>1 killed, 6 released</b>
<b>October</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>1 released</b>
<b>November</b>	<b>11</b>	<b>1 killed, 2 released</b>
<b>December</b>	<b>13</b>	<b>2 killed, 10 released</b>
<b>January 2006</b>	<b>5</b>	<b>2 released</b>
<b>February</b>	<b>12</b>	<b>6 released</b>
<b>March</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>1 killed, 1 released, 3 rescued</b>
<b>April</b>	<b>1</b>	
<b>May</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>4 released</b>
<b>June</b>	<b>5</b>	<b>6 killed</b>
<b>July</b>	<b>1</b>	
<b>August</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>1 released</b>
<b>September</b>	<b>0</b>	
<b>October</b>	<b>1</b>	
<b>November</b>	<b>5</b>	<b>1 escaped, 1 killed</b>
<b>December</b>	<b>4</b>	
<b>January 2007</b>	<b>3</b>	
<b>Total through January 10, 2007</b>	<b>300</b>	<b>54 killed, 147 released, 4 escaped, 6 rescued, 89 unknown</b>

**NOTE ON FOREIGN NATIONALS KIDNAPPED IN IRAQ TABLE:**\*Developments: This category shows activity in the status of hostages, but does not necessarily apply to hostages kidnapped during the same month. Please see footnote for more information. According to the Baghdad Hostage Working Group at the US Embassy in Baghdad as cited in Erik Rye and Joon Mo Kang, "Hostages of War," *New York Times*, May 17, 2006, 439 foreigners have been kidnapped in Baghdad since the start of the war. These include 165 private contractors, 63 (mostly truck) drivers, 39 journalists, 23 NGO workers, and 15 diplomats/gov't employees. An Associated Press tally shows that at least 13 Americans have been kidnapped. Four have been killed, four have escaped or been freed and five are considered taken, missing, or unknown. This list may be incomplete. "The Fate of Americans Taken Hostage in Iraq," *Associated Press*, January 20, 2006.

**IRAQI PRISON POPULATION<sup>23</sup>**

<b>Peak prison population in 2003</b>	<b>10,000</b>
<b>June 2004</b>	<b>5,435</b>
<b>July</b>	<b>5,700</b> <b>(of which 90 are foreign nationals)</b>
<b>September</b>	<b>5,500</b> <b>(whereof 2 are women, 65-70 are juveniles</b> <b>and 130-140 are foreign nationals)</b>
<b>October</b>	<b>4,300</b>
<b>November</b>	<b>8,300</b>
<b>January 2005</b>	<b>7,837</b>
<b>June</b>	<b>10,783</b>
<b>July</b>	<b>15,000</b>
<b>August</b>	<b>14,000</b>
<b>September</b>	<b>14,000</b>
<b>October</b>	<b>13,000</b>
<b>November</b>	<b>13,000 held by American troops plus an additional 12,000 held by Iraqi authorities</b>
<b>December</b>	<b>~ 14,000 in US / Allied custody</b>
<b>January 2006</b>	<b>14,000 in US custody</b>
<b>February</b>	<b>14,767 in US / Allied custody</b>
<b>March</b>	<b>~ 15,000 in US / Allied custody</b>
<b>April</b>	<b>~ 15,000 in US / Allied custody</b>
<b>May</b>	<b>~14,000 in US / Allied custody</b>
<b>June</b>	<b>~14,500 in US custody, ~13,300 held by Iraqi authorities</b>
<b>September</b>	<b>~13,000 in US custody</b>
<b>October</b>	<b>~13,000 in US custody</b>
<b>November</b>	<b>~ 13,000 in US custody</b>

**NOTE ON IRAQI PRISON POPULATION TABLE:**

David Cloud also writes that 2,800 detainees have been released since August 2005. David Cloud, "Prisoner is Released Despite Evidence of Role in Bombing," *New York Times*, November 25, 2005.

**ESTIMATED STRENGTH OF INSURGENCY NATIONWIDE<sup>24</sup>**

Month	Estimated strength of insurgency nationwide
November	5,000
December	5,000
January 2004	3,000-5,000
February	N/A
March	N/A
April	5,000
May	15,000
June	15,000
July	20,000
August	20,000
September	20,000
October	20,000
November	20,000
December	“more than 20,000”
January 2005	18,000
February	18,000
March	16,000
April	16,000
May	16,000
June	15,000-20,000
July	“no more than 20,000”
August	N/A
September	“neither gaining strength nor weakening appreciably” (some estimates indicate higher numbers, please see footnote)
October	15,000 – 20,000
November	15,000 – 20,000
December	15,000 – 20,000
January 2006	15,000 – 20,000
February	15,000 – 20,000
March	15,000 – 20,000
April	20,000+
May	20,000+
June	20,000+
July	20,000+
August	20,000+
September	20,000+
October	20,000-30,000, including militias

**NOTE ON STRENGTH OF INSURGENCY TABLE:** International Crisis Group estimates that there are approximately 5,000 to 15,000 insurgents in Iraq. *In Their Own Words: Reading the Iraqi Insurgency*, International Crisis Group, Middle East Report N. 50, February 15, 2006. The estimated strength of Al Qaida in Iraq is more than 1,000 nationwide, although the exact number is unknown. It is presumed this includes both Iraqis and foreign fighters. Country Reports on Terrorism, United States Department of State, Office for the Coordinator for Counterterrorism, April 2006.

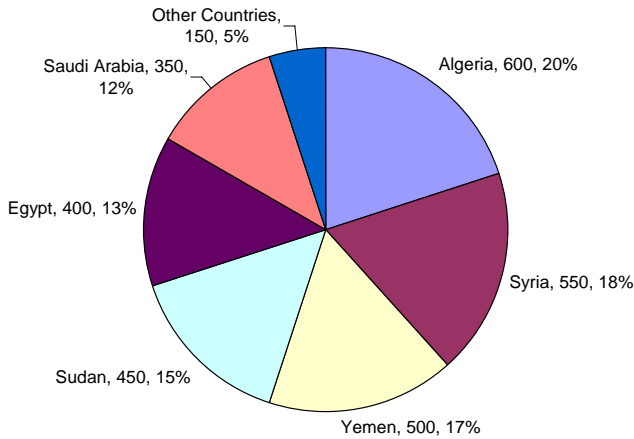


**ESTIMATED NUMBER OF FOREIGN FIGHTERS IN THE INSURGENCY<sup>25</sup>**

January 2004	300-500
July	“Low hundreds”
September	“Fewer than 1,000”
November	“Fewer than 1,000”
January 2005	“Fewer than 1,000”
February	“Fewer than 1,000”
May	1,000
June	750-1,000
July	750-1,000
August	750-1,000
September	700 – 2,000
October	700 – 2,000
November	700 – 2,000
December	700 – 2,000
January 2006	700 – 2,000
February	700 – 2,000
March	700 – 2,000
April	800 – 2,000
May	800 – 2,000
June	800 – 2,000
July	800 – 2,000
August	800 – 2,000
September	800 – 2,000
October	800 – 2,000
November	800 – 2,000

**NOTE ON ESTIMATED NUMBER OF FOREIGN FIGHTERS TABLE:** “[Foreign fighters] are very few in number, although as far as we can tell, they constitute about 100 percent of the suicide bombers.” DoD News Briefing with Col. Sean MacFarland, Commander of 1<sup>st</sup> Brigade Combat Team, 1<sup>st</sup> Armored Division, Stationed in Ramadi, July 14, 2006.

**NATIONALITIES OF FOREIGN MILITANTS IN IRAQ, SEPTEMBER 2005<sup>26</sup>**



**NOTE ON NATIONALITIES OF FOREIGN MILITANTS GRAPH:** Two other sources have cited the nationalities of non-Iraqi Jihadists (one specifying those captured, the other those killed) in Iraq, and the three reports suggest somewhat different trends. Reuven Paz cites Saudi Arabia as contributing the highest number of jihadists killed (94) from November to March, 2005, followed by Syria (16) and Kuwait (11). Reuven Paz, “Arab Volunteers Killed in Iraq: An Analysis,” Global Center for International Affairs Center (GLORIA), Occasional Papers, Volume 3 (2005), Number 1, March 2005.

**COALITION TROOP STRENGTH IN IRAQ SINCE MAY 2003<sup>27</sup>**

Month	U.S. troops in Iraq			Other coalition troops in Iraq (excluding U.S. & Iraqi forces)	Total international troop strength in Iraq
	Active	Reserve (includes National Guard)	Total		
May-03	~142,000	~8,000	150,000	23,000	173,000
June	~126,000	~24,000	150,000	21,000	171,000
July	~124,000	~25,000	149,000	21,000	170,000
August	~114,000	~25,000	139,000	22,000	161,000
September	~103,000	~29,000	132,000	24,000	156,000
October	~102,000	~29,000	131,000	25,000	156,000
November	N/A	N/A	123,000	23,900	146,900
December	~85,400	~36,600	122,000	24,500	146,500
January -04	N/A	N/A	122,000	25,600	147,600
February	N/A	N/A	115,000	24,000	139,000
March	N/A	N/A	130,000	24,000	154,000
April	N/A	N/A	137,000	25,000	162,000
May	N/A	N/A	138,000	24,000	162,000
June	89,700	48,300	138,000	23,000	161,000
July	N/A	N/A	140,000	22,000	162,000
August	84,000	56,000	140,000	23,700	163,700
September	82,800	55,200	138,000	24,600	162,600
October	82,800	55,200	138,000	24,000	162,000
November	82,800	55,200	138,000	24,000	162,000
December	82,800	55,200	148,000	25,000	173,000
January-05	90,000	60,000	150,000	25,300	175,300
February	N/A	N/A	155,000	25,000	180,000
March	N/A	N/A	150,000	22,000	172,000
April	N/A	N/A	142,000	22,000	164,000
May	N/A	N/A	138,000	23,000	161,000
June	N/A	N/A	135,000	23,000	158,000
July	N/A	N/A	138,000	23,000	161,000
August	N/A	N/A	138,000	23,000	161,000
September	N/A	N/A	138,000	22,000	160,000
October	N/A	N/A	152,000	22,000	174,000
November	N/A	N/A	160,000	23,000	183,000
December	N/A	N/A	160,000	23,000	183,000
January-06	N/A	N/A	136,000	21,000	157,000
February	N/A	N/A	133,000	20,000	153,000
March	N/A	N/A	133,000	20,000	153,000
April	N/A	N/A	132,000	20,000	152,000
May	N/A	N/A	132,000	20,000	152,000
June	N/A	N/A	126,900	19,000	146,900
July	N/A	N/A	130,000	19,000	149,000
August	N/A	N/A	138,000	19,000	157,000
September	N/A	N/A	144,000	18,000	162,000
October	N/A	N/A	144,000	17,200	161,200
November	N/A	N/A	140,000	18,000	158,000
December	N/A	N/A	140,000	15,200	155,200
January-07	N/A	N/A	132,000	14,650	146,650

**NOTE ON COALITION TROOP STRENGTH IN IRAQ SINCE MAY TABLE:** All numbers are end of month estimates or latest data available for the current month. N/A= Not available.

**DISTRIBUTION OF THE ARMY'S AUTHORIZED END STRENGTH, BY COMPONENT AND FUNCTION, FISCAL YEAR 2005<sup>28</sup>**

(Thousands of Soldiers)	Deployable Personnel			Non-deployable Personnel	Total
	Combat	Combat Support	Combat Service Support		
Active	151 (31%)	79 (16%)	92 (19%)	160 (33%)	482
Guard	169 (48%)	67 (19%)	89 (26%)	24 (7%)	350
Reserve	14 (7%)	40 (20%)	84 (41%)	67 (32%)	205
Total	334 (32%)	187 (18%)	265 (26%)	251 (24%)	1,037

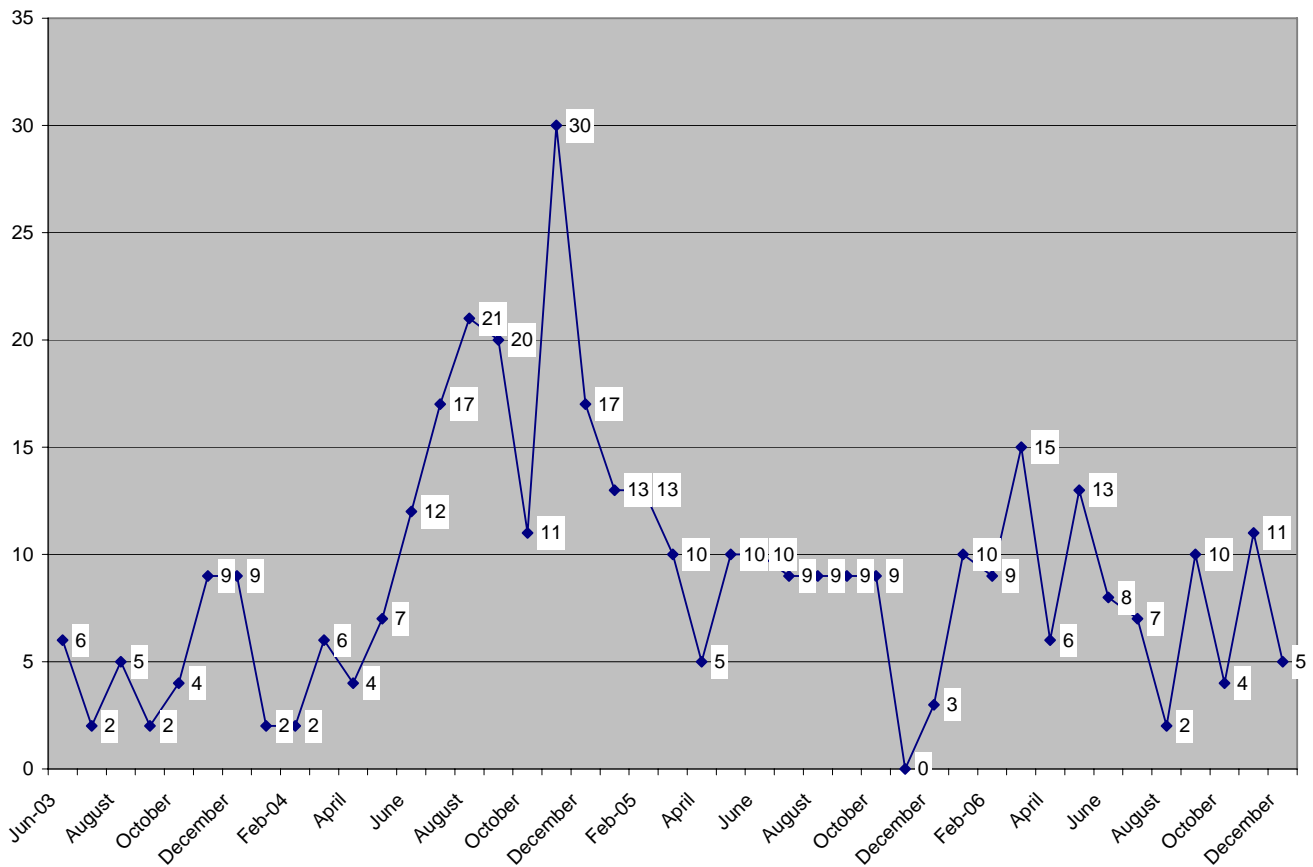
**NOTE ON DISTRIBUTION OF THE ARMY'S AUTHORIZED END STRENGTH TABLE:** Authorized end strength is the number of soldiers the Congress has authorized and funded for the end of the fiscal year.

**TOP NON-US COALITION CONTRIBUTORS OF MILITARY PERSONNEL IN IRAQ<sup>29</sup>**

Coalition Country	Military Personnel in Iraq	As of (date)
United Kingdom	7,100	January 12, 2007
South Korea	2,300	January 1, 2007
Italy	0	December 2, 2006
Poland	900	January 3, 2007
Australia	800	January 11, 2007
Georgia	800	December 16, 2006
Romania	600	November 17, 2006
Denmark	460	January 2, 2007
Total Coalition Troops	~14,650	January 24, 2007

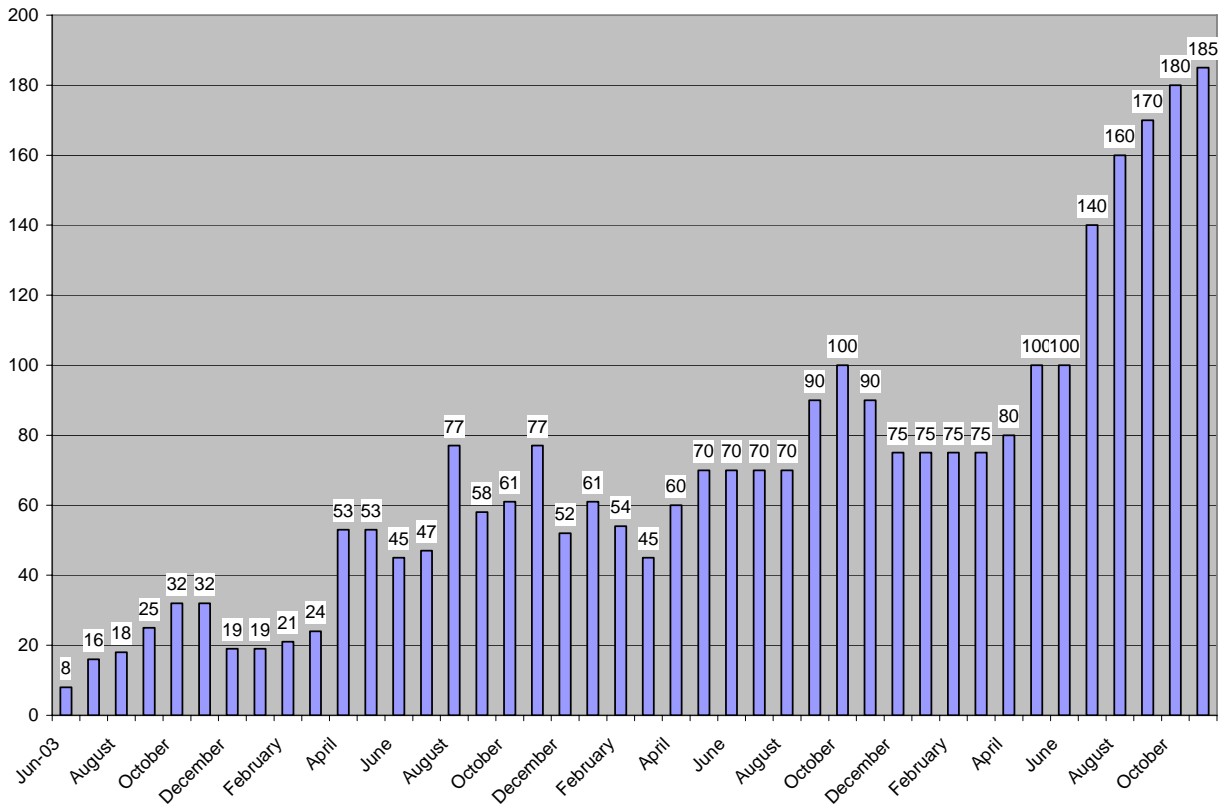
**NOTE ON TOP NON-U.S. COALITION CONTRIBUTORS OF MILITARY PERSONNEL IN IRAQ TABLE:** \*Number of Total Coalition Troops is from "Iraq Weekly Status Report," *Department of State*, January 10, 2007. In addition to the United States, 25 countries are contributors to Iraqi Stability Operations as of December 8, 2006: Albania, Armenia, Australia, Azerbaijan, Bosnia/Herzegovina, Bulgaria, Czech Republic, Denmark, El Salvador, Estonia, Georgia, Japan, Kazakhstan, Latvia, Lithuania, Macedonia, Moldova, Mongolia, Poland, Romania, Singapore, Slovakia, South Korea, Ukraine, and the United Kingdom. Fiji is participating as part of the UN mission in Iraq and Hungary, Iceland, Italy, Netherlands, Portugal, Slovenia and Turkey are NATO countries supporting Iraqi stability operations but are not part of MNF-I. "Iraq Weekly Status Report," *Department of State*, January 24, 2007.

**ATTACKS ON IRAQI OIL AND GAS PIPELINES, INSTALLATIONS & PERSONNEL<sup>30</sup>**



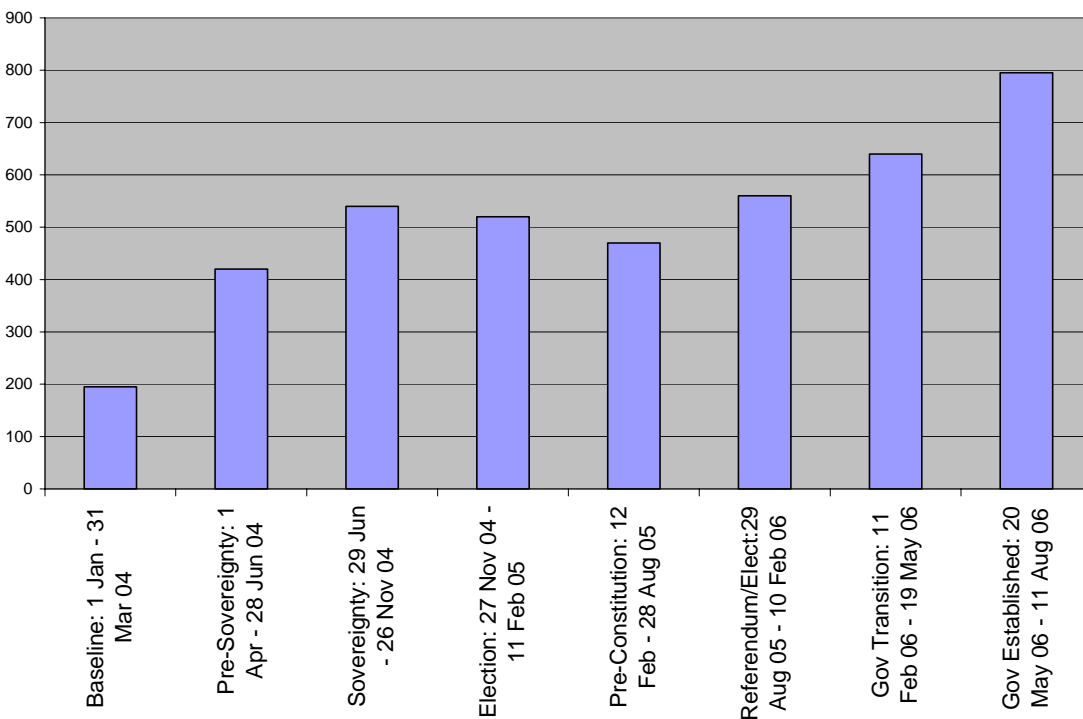
**Total through December 30, 2006: 386**

**NUMBER OF DAILY ATTACKS BY INSURGENTS AND MILITIAS<sup>31</sup>**

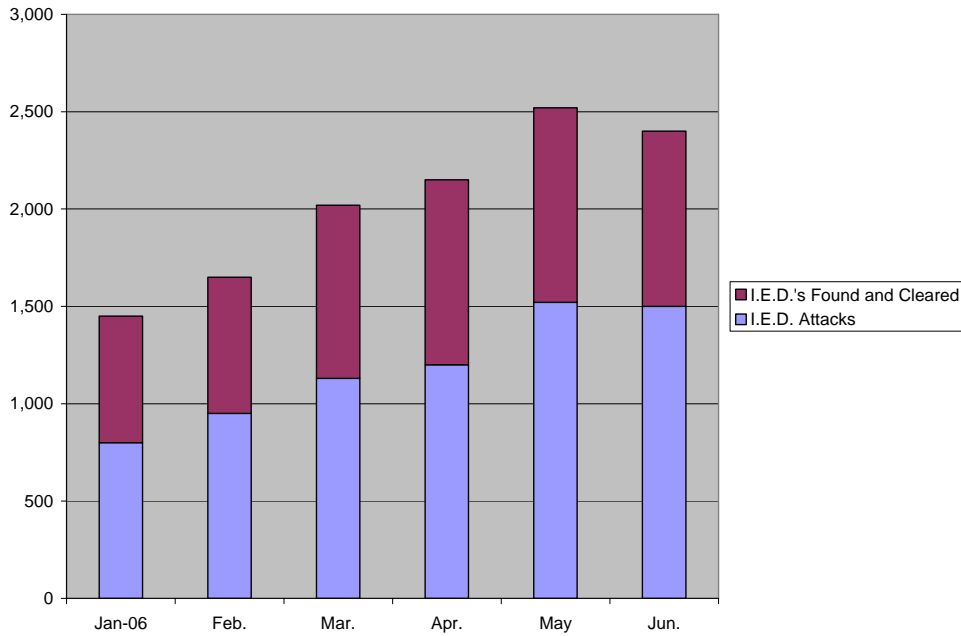


**NOTE ON DAILY ATTACKS CHART:** Numbers for June 2003 are incomplete. Major General Webster has noted that the number of successful attacks has dropped to about 10% from 25-30% a year ago. Ann Scott Tyson, "Departing US Commander Reports Progress in Baghdad," *Washington Post*, December 31, 2005.

**AVERAGE WEEKLY ATTACKS BY TIME PERIOD: 1 JANUARY 2004 – 11 AUGUST 2006<sup>32</sup>**



**IMPROVISED EXPLOSIVE DEVICES (IED'S) DETONATED AND DISARMED**  
**JANUARY – JUNE 2006**

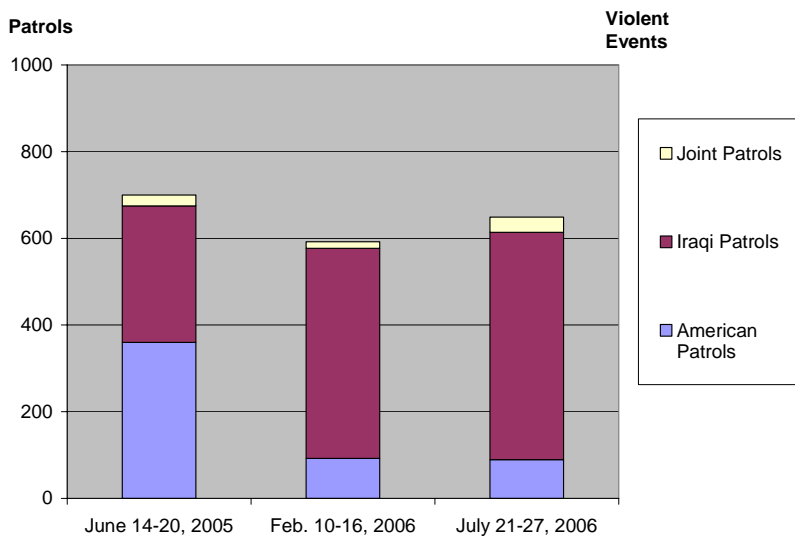


**NOTE ON IMPROVISED EXPLOSIVE DEVICES:** “In June, there were 1,481 I.E.D. attacks throughout Iraq, and 903 instances in which the bombs were found and neutralized, according to figures compiled by the American military in Baghdad. That is a sharp increase since January, when there were 834 such attacks and 620 cases in which the bombs were found before they exploded.” Michael Gordon, “A Platoon’s Mission: Seeking and Destroying Explosives in Disguise,” *The New York Times*, July 12, 2006. Numbers are author’s approximations based on data published in the *New York Times*.

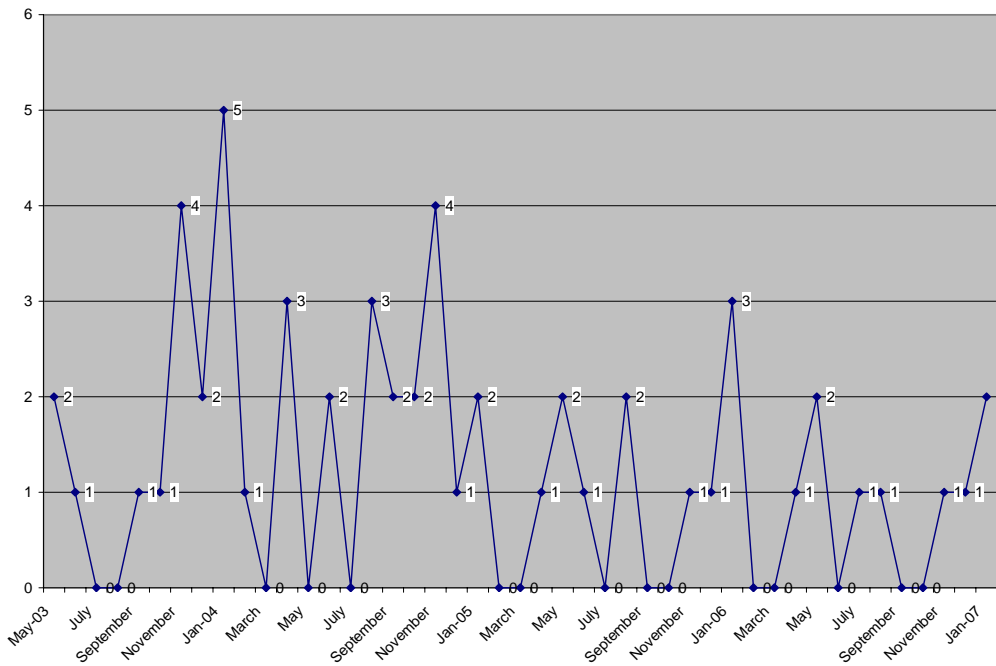
**COALITION FORCES ABILITY TO FIND AND DISARM IMPROVISED EXPLOSIVE DEVICES (IEDs)**<sup>33</sup>

Time	Percentage of IEDs found and disarmed
December 2003	40%
Nov. 04 – Feb. 05	38%
Feb. 05 – Aug. 05	37%
Aug. 05 – Feb. 06	38%
Feb. 06 – May 06	45%
July	37%

**AVERAGE NUMBER OF DAILY PATROLS AND VIOLENT EVENTS IN BAGHDAD**<sup>34</sup>



**AMERICAN MILITARY HELICOPTERS DOWNED IN IRAQ<sup>35</sup>**



**Total through January 28, 2007: 56**

**NOTE ON AMERICAN MILITARY HELICOPTERS DOWNED IN IRAQ TABLE:** Of the 53 helicopters downed in Iraq since May 2003, at least 27 were downed by enemy fire. Of the three January 2006 crashes, two are still being investigated. One was shot down by enemy fire and is included above. We have counted one of the others as being downed by enemy fire as well, given the available evidence. Hostile fire is suspected in the July 2006 crash, but it has not been confirmed and therefore not counted as such. November 2006 crash is still under investigation.

**INTERNALLY DISPLACED PERSONS IN IRAQ<sup>36</sup>**

Since April 2003

<b>2003</b>	<b>100,000</b>
<b>2004</b>	<b>200,000</b>
<b>2005</b>	<b>250,000</b>
<b>2006 (through November)</b>	<b>650,000</b>

NOTE: Numbers are cumulative, but DO NOT include those displaced prior to March 2003 (approximately 1 million).

**MIGRATION INDICATORS<sup>37</sup>**

May/June 2006

<b>New Passports Issued Since August 2005</b>	<b>More than 2 million</b>
<b>Letters Issued by Ministry of Education to Release Academic Records to Other Countries</b>	<b>39,554</b>
<b>Percent of professional class that has left since 2003</b>	<b>40%</b>

November 2006

<b>Iraqi Refugees living abroad</b>	<b>1.8 million</b>
<b>Iraqi Refugees in Syria</b>	<b>600,000 – 1 million</b>
<b>Iraqi Refugees in Jordan</b>	<b>700,000 – 750,000</b>
<b>Iraqi Refugees in Egypt, Lebanon, Iran</b>	<b>175,000 – 200,000</b>
<b>Refugees Seeking Asylum in Europe (first half of 2006)</b>	<b>8,100</b>

NOTE: Not all Iraqis refugees fled because of the current war.

**REFUGEES AND ASYLUM SEEKERS<sup>38</sup>**

<b>2003-2004</b>	<b>366,000</b>
<b>2005</b>	<b>523,000</b>
<b>Total</b>	<b>889,000</b>

**SIZE OF IRAQI SECURITY FORCES ON DUTY<sup>39</sup>**

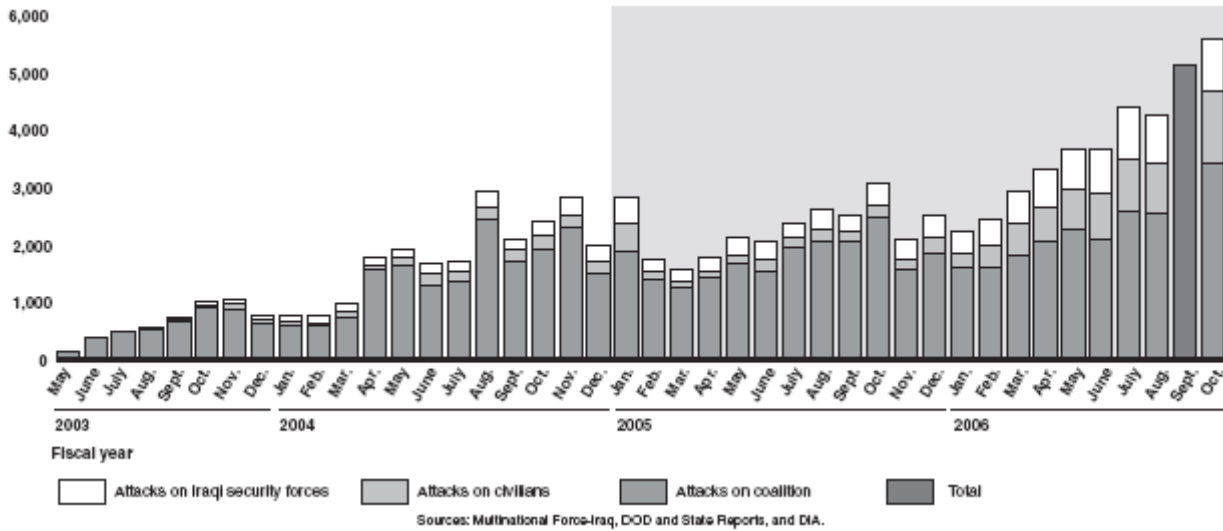
Month	General Police Capabilities	National Guard	Iraqi Armed Forces	Border Patrol	Total Iraqi Security Forces
May 2003	7,000 – 9,000	N/A	0	N/A	7,000 – 9,000
June	N/A	N/A	0	N/A	N/A
July	30,000	N/A	0	N/A	30,000
August	34,000	670	0	2,500	37,170
September	37,000	2,500	0	4,700	44,200
October	55,000	4,700	700	6,400	66,800
November	68,800	12,700	900	12,400	94,800
December	71,600	15,200	400	12,900	99,600
January 2004	66,900	19,800	1,100	21,000	108,800
February	77,100	27,900	2,000	18,000	125,000
March	75,000	33,560	3,005	23,426	134,991
April	80,016	23,123	2,367	18,747	124,253
May	90,803	24,873	3,939	16,097	135,712
June	83,789	36,229	7,116	18,183	145,317
July	31,300	36,229	7,700	19,859	95,088
August	32,942	37,925	6,288	14,313	91,468
September	40,152	36,496	7,747	14,313	98,708
October	44,728	41,261	6,861	18,148	110,998
November	49,455	43,445	6,013	14,593	113,506
December	53,571	40,115	14,500	14,267	118,009
January 2005	58,964	36,827	14,796	14,786	125,373
February	82,072 “trained and equipped”	59,689 “operational”		N/A	141,761 Trained and Effective: General Myers: 40,000 Senator Biden: 4,000 – 18,000
March	84,327	67,584		N/A	151,618 Trained and Effective: Lt. Gen Petraeus: 50,000 “off-the-cuff”
April	86,982	72,511		N/A	159,493
May	91,256	76,971		N/A	168,227
June	92,883	75,791		N/A	168,674
July	94,800	79,100		N/A	173,900 26,000 in Army in level I and II
August	101,000	81,900		N/A	182,900
September	104,300	87,800		N/A	192,100 ~ 30,000 in Army in level I and II <sup>40</sup>
October <sup>41</sup>	111,000	100,000		N/A	211,000 ~32,000 in level I and II <sup>42</sup>
November	112,000	102,000		N/A	214,000
December	118,000	105,700		N/A	223,700
January 2006	120,400	106,900		N/A	227,300
February	123,600	108,500		N/A	232,100 ~46,000 MOD forces and 8,000 MOI forces in Level I and II <sup>43</sup>
March	134,800	115,700		N/A	250,500
April	138,700	115,000		N/A	253,700
May	145,500	117,900		N/A	265,600
June	148,500	116,100		N/A	264,600
July	154,500	115,100		N/A	269,600
August	167,900	130,100		N/A	298,000 ~80,000 MOD and 24,000 MOI forces in Level I and II <sup>44</sup>
September	176,200	131,600		N/A	307,800
October	180,800	131,600		N/A	312,400
November	188,300	134,700		N/A	323,000
December	188,300	134,700		N/A	323,000
January 2007	188,300	134,700		N/A	323,000
Stated Goal	188,000 <sup>45</sup>	137,000 <sup>46</sup>			325,000 by December 2006 <sup>47</sup>

**NOTE ON IRAQI SECURITY FORCES ON DUTY TABLE:** Units in the top three levels are all operational – that is, capable of (and frequently engaged in) operations against the enemy. Units at level three are fighting alongside Coalition units. Level two units are “in the lead” – this level is the critical achievement that marks the point at which a unit can take over its own battle space. Units at level two can control their own areas of responsibility and, therefore, allow Coalition units to focus elsewhere.<sup>48</sup> Care should be taken when evaluating the quality of MOI forces as there have been various reports of Iraqi police units dominated by sectarian interests.

**NOTE ON ETHNICITY IN THE SECURITY FORCES:** 978 Sunni men, including 800 from Fallujah became the first all-Sunni class in the Iraqi army to graduate as privates from American-run basic training on May 1, 2006.<sup>49</sup> However, Sunnis make up less than 10 percent of the enlisted forces.<sup>50</sup>

**ENEMY-INITIATED ATTACKS AGAINST THE COALITION AND ITS PARTNERS<sup>51</sup>**

**Figure 1: Enemy-Initiated Attacks against the Coalition and Its Iraqi Partners Compared with Progress in Developing Iraqi Security Forces**



Notes: For the number of attacks in September 2006, an unclassified breakout of categories is not available.

**NOTE ON ENEMY-INITIATED ATTACKS TABLE:** The data for 2006 does not separate attacks against Iraqi government officials from attacks against Iraqi civilians.

**INDEX OF POLITICAL FREEDOM<sup>52</sup>**

Israel	8.20
Lebanon	6.55
Morocco	5.20
Iraq	5.05
Palestine	5.05
Kuwait	4.90
Tunisia	4.60
Jordan	4.45
Qatar	4.45
Egypt	4.30
Sudan	4.30
Yemen	4.30
Algeria	4.15
Oman	4.00
Bahrain	3.85
Iran	3.85
United Arab Emirates	3.70
Saudi Arabia	2.80
Syria	2.80
Libya	2.05

**NOTE ON INDEX OF POLITICAL FREEDOM TABLE:** Each country is scored on a 10-point scale, with 1 being the lowest score and 10 the highest. Indicators of freedom include election of head of government, election of parliament, fairness of electoral laws, right to organize political parties, power of elected representatives, presence of an opposition, transparency, minority participation, level of corruption, freedom of assembly, independence of the judiciary, press freedom, religious freedom, rule of law and property rights.



**INDEX OF PRESS FREEDOM<sup>53</sup>**

149	Gambia	54.0
-	Yemen	54.0
151	Belarus	57.0
152	Libya	62.5
153	Syria	63.0
154	Iraq	66.8
155	Vietnam	67.3
156	Laos	67.5
157	Pakistan	70.3
158	Uzbekistan	71.0
159	Nepal	73.5
160	Ethiopia	75.0
161	Saudi Arabia	76.0
162	Iran	90.9
163	China	94.0
164	Burma	94.8
165	Cuba	95.0
166	Eritrea	97.5
167	Turkmenistan	98.5
168	North Korea	109.0

**NOTE ON INDEX OF PRESS FREEDOM TABLE:** The Index rated 168 countries based on a questionnaire with 50 criteria for assessing the state of press freedom in each country. It includes every kind of violation directly affecting journalists (such as murders, imprisonment, physical attacks and threats) and news media (censorship, confiscation issues, searches and harassment). In addition to taking into account abuses attributable to the state, those carried out by armed militias, clandestine organizations or pressure groups are also considered.

The lower the score attained, the higher the degree of press freedom in that respective country. Although there is no specific information given regarding how the overall score was compiled, the top-rated countries (Finland, Iceland, Ireland and the Netherlands) received an overall score of 0.50, with the median (Liberia) receiving a score of 19.0. The overall average score for the Index was 27.2.

**POLITICAL PARTIES IN IRAQ<sup>54</sup>**

Registered for December 2005 elections	Over 300
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**COUNCIL SEATS BY COALITION IN NEW IRAQI LEGISLATURE<sup>55</sup>**

As of January 2006

Coalition	Total Seats	Designation	Parties	Leaders
United Iraqi Alliance	128	Shiite Religious Coalition	Includes SCIRI, Dawa	Includes Abdul Aziz Hakim, Ibrahim Jafari
Kurdistan Coalition	53	Kurdish Secular Coalition	Includes KDP, PUK	Includes Jalal Talabani
Iraqi Accordance Front	44	Sunni Religious Coalition	Includes General Conference of the People of Iraq, National Dialogue Council, Iraqi Islamic Party	Includes Adnan Dulaimi, Khalaf Elayan, Tariq Hashimi
National Iraqi List	25	Shiite / Sunni Secular Coalition	Various	Ayad Allawi
Other	25	Other	Iraqi National Dialogue Front (11), Islamic Union of Kurdistan (5), Liberation and Reconciliation Bloc (3), Message Carriers (2), Mithal Alousi List for the Iraqi Nation (1), Iraqi Turkoman Front (1), Yezidi Movement for Progress and Reform (1), Al Rafadeen List (1)	

# ECONOMIC & QUALITY OF LIFE INDICATORS

FUEL<sup>56</sup>

Time	Fuel supplies available						Overall fuel supplies as percentage of goal during that month (the goals have shifted)
	Millions of barrels/day		Millions of liters/day			Tons/day	
	Crude oil production	Crude oil export	Diesel (Prod. & Imp.)	Kerosene (Prod. & Imp.)	Gasoline/Benzene (Prod. & Imp)	Liquid Petroleum Gas (Prod. & Imp.)	
Estimated prewar level	2.5 (pre-war peak)	1.7-2.5	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	
May 2003	0.3	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	10 %
June	0.675	0.2	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	23%
July	0.925	0.322 <sup>57</sup>	6.5	4.75	13.5	1,880	44%
August	1.445	0.646 <sup>58</sup>	10.25	6.2	14.0	2,530	57%
September	1.7225	0.983 <sup>59</sup>	14.25	6.9	17.3	3,030	70%
October	2.055	1.149 <sup>60</sup>	14.75	9.6	16.35	3,700	78%
November	2.1	1.524 <sup>61</sup>	13.14	13.3	11.792	3,610	76%
December	2.30	1.541 <sup>62</sup>	12.29	9.4	12.9	3,460	72%
January 2004	2.440	1.537	13.91	11.3	13.32	3,445	78%
February	2.276	1.382 <sup>63</sup>	15.21	13.05	16.65	4,670	88%
March	2.435	1.825 <sup>64</sup>	15.03	17.28	17.19	5,010	92%
April	2.384	1.804 <sup>65</sup>	22.75	4.46	19.3	3,607	79%
May	1.887	1.380 <sup>66</sup>	22.92	4.005	18.07	3,264	73%
June	2.295	1.148 <sup>67</sup>	16.47	4.9	22	3,086	75%
July	2.2	1.406 <sup>68</sup>	17.95	5.75	22.3	3,820	80%
August	2.112	1.114 <sup>69</sup>	16	4.2	15.1	3,417	84%
September	2.514	1.703	16.35	6.35	14.6	2,707	72%
October	2.46	1.542	16.15	7.95	18.6	3,044	80%
November	1.95	1.320	16.5	7.7	17.9	3,324	77%
December	2.16	1.520	18.3	10.5	17.6	4,222	88%
January 2005	2.10	1.367	12.7	6.7	20.65	5,017	75%
February	2.10	1.431	15.9	8.55	21.2	5,003	84%
March	2.09	1.394	19.7	8.05	20.3	4,894	93%
April	2.14	1.398	18.3	7.6	23.7	5,219	97%
May	2.1	1.308	22.2	4.4	22.5	5,030	93%
June	2.17	1.377	18.9	6.25	18.3	5,137	97%
July	2.17	1.550	19.9	5.9	23.9	4,474	97%
August	2.16	1.504	19.3	5.2	23.8	5,072	96%
September <sup>70</sup>	2.11	1.60	17.3	4.4	20.9	4,888	87%
October	1.91	1.239	17.0	8.6	18.9	4,784	90%
November	1.98	1.168	17.3	8.2	19.9	5,526	88%
December	1.92	1.071	16.1	8.0	17.5	5,046	81%
January 2006	1.73	1.05	14.0	6.3	18.1	3,716	72%
February	1.83	1.47	10.1	5.0	12.2	2,263	55%
March	2.1	1.32	12.0	5.7	14.9	2,798	65%
April	2.14	1.60	13.5	4.5	16.9	2,855	67%
May	2.13	1.51	15.2	4.8	17.4	3,577	82%
June	2.30	1.67	15.7	4.3	16.1	3,217	80%
July	2.22	1.68	11.0	2.78	13.3	1,719	52%
August	2.24	1.68	12.4	4.47	16.5	3,242	71%
September	2.34	1.65	13.4	6.0	18.3	3,270	77%
October	2.26	1.55	10.8	4.7	15.4	3,102	57%
November	2.10	1.44	11.1	6.4	13.9	2,747	54%
December <sup>71</sup>	2.15	1.45	10.7	8.1	9.8	2,544	55%
January 2007	1.64	1.08	10.6	3.9	12.1	2,544	50%
Stated Interim Goal:	2.1 revised down from 2.5 in January 2007	N/A	21.0 revised down from 23.4 in Dec. 2006	16.8 revised up from 16.4 in Dec. 2006	22.5 revised down from 27.4 in December 2006	5,630 Revised up from 5,500 in December 2006	We assume that supplies for each category cannot exceed 100% of goal
MoO National Target (2010+)	5.5	4.6	N/A	N/A	N/A	5,300	N/A

NOTE ON FUEL TABLE: Above data as of January 21, 2007. The ratio of Iraq price to international price is 4.0 for LPG, 3.0 for regular and 6.9 for premium gasoline, 0.7 for kerosene and 1.5 for diesel.<sup>72</sup> Kerosene imports began 5 October, 2003. All previous months cover only production. Ministry of Oil (MoO) National Target numbers are courtesy of the US Department of Defense, January 23, 2006.

**OIL REVENUE FROM EXPORTS<sup>73</sup>**

<b>Time</b>	<b>Oil revenue (\$ billions)</b>
<b>June 2003</b>	<b>0.2</b>
<b>July</b>	<b>0.36</b>
<b>August</b>	<b>0.44</b>
<b>September</b>	<b>0.73</b>
<b>October</b>	<b>0.89</b>
<b>November</b>	<b>1.21</b>
<b>December</b>	<b>1.26</b>
<b>January 2004</b>	<b>1.26</b>
<b>February</b>	<b>1.10</b>
<b>March</b>	<b>1.61</b>
<b>April</b>	<b>1.50</b>
<b>May</b>	<b>1.36</b>
<b>June</b>	<b>1.28</b>
<b>July</b>	<b>1.40</b>
<b>August</b>	<b>1.24</b>
<b>September</b>	<b>1.75</b>
<b>October</b>	<b>1.99</b>
<b>November</b>	<b>1.25</b>
<b>December</b>	<b>1.44</b>
<b>January 2005</b>	<b>1.49</b>
<b>February</b>	<b>1.34</b>
<b>March</b>	<b>1.99</b>
<b>April</b>	<b>1.83</b>
<b>May</b>	<b>1.57</b>
<b>June</b>	<b>2.03</b>
<b>July</b>	<b>2.47</b>
<b>August</b>	<b>2.63</b>
<b>September</b>	<b>2.74</b>
<b>October</b>	<b>1.90</b>
<b>November</b>	<b>1.67</b>
<b>December</b>	<b>1.60</b>
<b>January 2006</b>	<b>1.84</b>
<b>February</b>	<b>2.16</b>
<b>March</b>	<b>2.25</b>
<b>April</b>	<b>3.02</b>
<b>May</b>	<b>2.92</b>
<b>June</b>	<b>3.03</b>
<b>July</b>	<b>3.41</b>
<b>August</b>	<b>3.44</b>
<b>September</b>	<b>2.73</b>
<b>October</b>	<b>2.45</b>
<b>November</b>	<b>2.19</b>
<b>December</b>	<b>2.46</b>
<b>January 2007</b>	<b>0.95</b>
<b>Total as of January 10, 2007</b>	<b>\$78.6</b>

**ELECTRICITY<sup>74</sup>**

Time	Average amount of electricity generated (Megawatts)		Average hours of electricity/day		Average of megawatt hours (MWH)
	Nation-wide	Baghdad	Nation-wide	Baghdad	
Estimated prewar level	3,958	2,500	4-8	16-24	95,000
May 2003	500	300	4-8	4-8	N/A
June	3,193	707	N/A	N/A	N/A
July	3,236	1,082	N/A	N/A	N/A
August	3,263	1,283	N/A	N/A	72,435
September	3,543	1,229	N/A	N/A	75,000
October	3,948	N/A	N/A	N/A	79,000
November	3,582	N/A	N/A	N/A	70,000
December	3,427	N/A	N/A	N/A	72,000
January 2004	3,758	N/A	N/A	N/A	79,000
February	4,125	1,307	13	13.4	90,000
March	4,040	1,192	16	16.4	86,000
April	3,823	1,021	15	14.8	78,000
May	3,902	1,053	11	12.2	80,000
June	4,293	1,198	10	11	93,500
July	4,584	N/A	10	12	100,300
August	4,707	1,440	13	15	109,900
September	4,467	1,485	13	14	107,200
October	4,074	1,280	13	16	99,306
November	3,199	845	13	N/A	76,550
December	3,380	N/A	N/A	N/A	81,114
January 2005	3,289	985	9	9.0	78,925
February	3,611	1,180	8.5	10.3	86,675
March	3,627	994	11.8	11.0	87,051
April	3,390	854	9	11.5	81,350
May	3,712	N/A	8.4	9.5	89,088
June	4,153	N/A	9.4	10.4	102,525
July	4,446	N/A	12.6	10.9	106,713
August	4,049	N/A	12.0	8.4	97,165
September	4,159	N/A	13.5	10.4	101,916
October	3,685	N/A	14.3	8.9	88,442
November*	3,742	N/A	13.3	8.8	89,800
December**	3,800	N/A	12.0	6.1	91,400
January 2006	3,640	N/A	9.8	4.0	87,400
February	3,700	N/A	10.3	5.9	88,600
March	4,000	N/A	13.1	7.8	96,300
April	3,700	N/A	10.9	4.5	88,500
May	3,900	N/A	9.9	3.9	92,700
June	4,400	N/A	11.9	8.0	106,100
July	4,400	N/A	11.4	7.0	106,700
August	4,430	N/A	10.9	6.2	106,400
September	4,000	N/A	10.8	5.3	95,600
October	4,000	N/A	12.3	6.7	96,600
November	3,700	N/A	10.9	6.9	88,000
December	3,500	N/A	9.2	6.7	85,968
January 2007	3,570	N/A	7.8	4.4	85,600
Stated Goal:	6,000 to have been reached by July 1, 2004	2,500 to have been reached by October 2003	US Interim Target: 10-12 hours National Target: 24 hours	US Interim Target: 10-12 hours National Target: 24 hours	120,000

**NOTE ON ELECTRICITY TABLE:** The demand for electricity ranges from 8,500 to 9,000 MW nationwide.<sup>75</sup> There are also about 1000 MW of connected private generators in and around Baghdad.<sup>76</sup>

\* Please see footnote. \*\* The data for December 2005 and thereafter for the average amount of electricity generated and average MW hours is estimated based on the graph relating to electricity in the Iraq Weekly Status Report, *Department of State*.

National Target numbers are courtesy of the US Department of Defense, January 23, 2006.

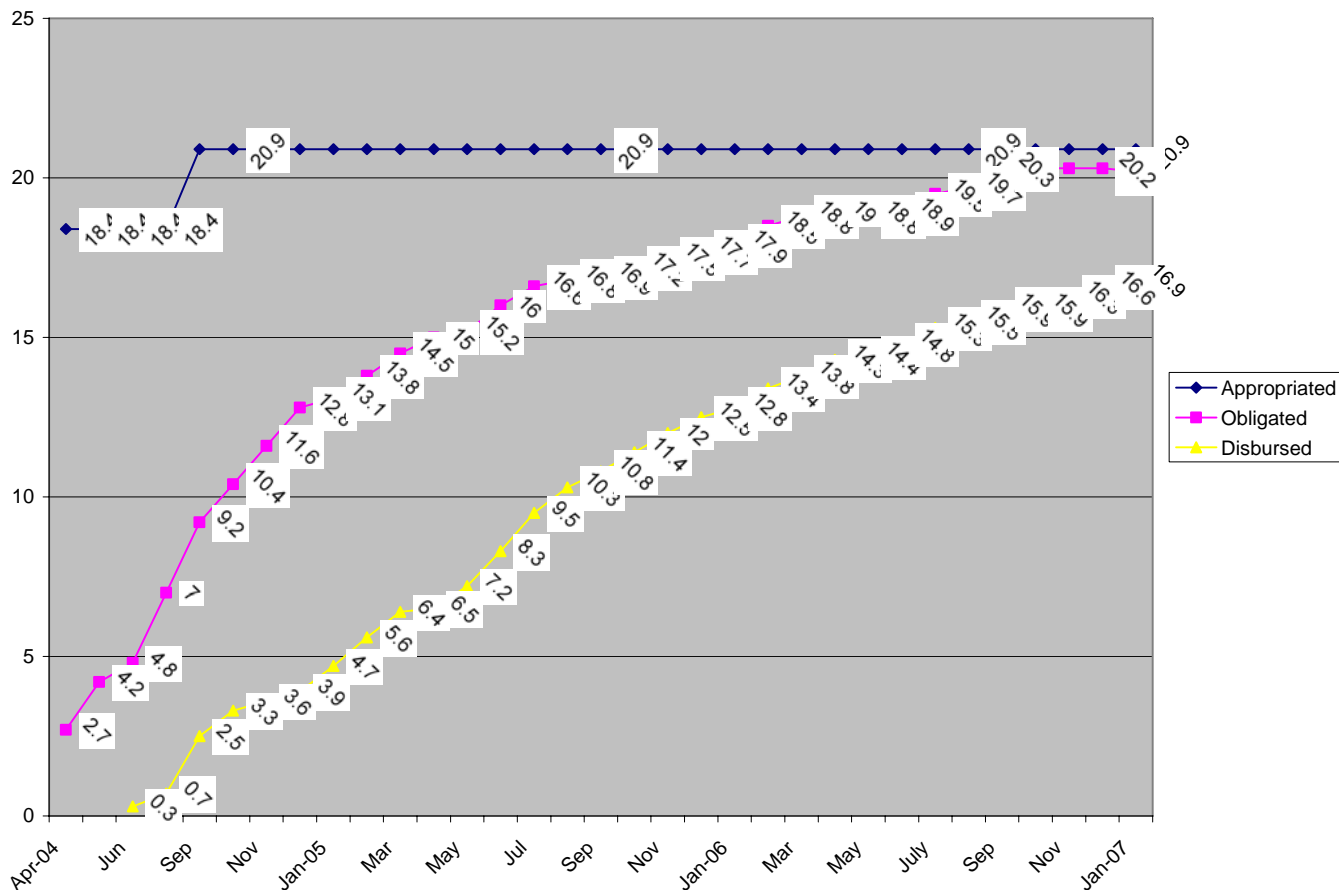
Above data as of January 24, 2007.

**NATIONWIDE UNEMPLOYMENT RATE SINCE MAY, 2003**

Month	Unemployment Rate Nation-wide
May 2003	N/A
June	50 – 60%
July	N/A
August	50-60%
September	N/A
October	40 – 50%
November	N/A
December	45-55%
January 2004	30 – 45%
February	30 – 45%
March	30- 45%
April	30 – 45%
May	30-45%
June	30-40%
July	30-40%
August	30-40%
September	30-40%
October	30-40%
November	30-40%
December	28-40%
January 2005	27-40%
February	27-40%
March	27-40%
April	27-40%
May	27-40%
June	27-40%
July	27-40%
August	27-40%
September	27-40%
October	27-40%
November	25-40%
December	25-40%
January 2006	25-40%
February	25-40%
March	25-40%
April	25-40%
May	25-40%
June	25-40%
July	25-40%
August	25-40%
September	25-40%
October	25-40%
November	25-40%
December	25-40%

**NOTE ON NATIONWIDE UNEMPLOYMENT TABLE:** Estimates of Iraq’s unemployment rate varies, but we estimate it to be between 25-40%. The CPA has referred to a 25% unemployment rate, the Iraqi Ministry of Planning mentioned a 30% unemployment rate, whereas the Iraqi Ministry of Social Affairs claims it to be 48%. “Reconstructing Iraq,” *International Crisis Group*, Report, September 2, 2004, p. 16, footnote 157. There is an inherent difficulty in measuring the Iraqi rate of unemployment over time. Because recent estimates are likely to be more accurate than older ones, but also higher, this means that despite an improvement in the economic situation nationwide, the numbers give the impression that it is getting worse. Considering the increase in entrepreneurial activity after the end of the war, we have for the purposes of this database assumed that there has been an improvement in unemployment levels, and hence weighted information supporting such a conclusion heavier than contradictory data reports. N/A= Not available

**AMERICAN AID APPROPRIATED, OBLIGATED AND DISBURSED TOWARDS THE IRAQ RELIEF AND RECONSTRUCTION FUND (IRRF I & II)<sup>71</sup>**



**NOTE: As of January 23, 2007.** An ‘appropriation’ is defined as a plan, approved by the Office of Management and Budget, to spend resources provided by law. *Quarterly Update to Congress: 2207 Report*, October 2004. An ‘obligation’ can be defined as “a definite commitment which creates a legal liability of the Government for the payment of appropriated funds for goods and services ordered or received.”

GAO/OGC-91-5: *Principles of Federal Appropriations Law*, Office of the General Council, July 1991. A ‘disbursement’ is an actual payment (check goes out the door) for goods/services received. *GAO-04-902 R: Rebuilding Iraq*, General Accounting Office, June 2004.

**PLEDGES OF RECONSTRUCTION AID TO IRAQ BY COUNTRY, AS OF SEPTEMBER 30, 2006<sup>78</sup>**

Australia	126,633,195
Austria	5,478,165
Belgium	5,890,500
Bulgaria	640,000
Canada	187,466,454
China	25,000,000
Cyprus	117,810
Czech Republic	14,659,023
Denmark	66,952,384
Democratic Governance Thematic Trust Fund	100,000
Estonia	82,467
Finland	5,890,500
France	32,288
Germany	10,000,000
Greece	3,534,300
Hungary	1,237,005
Iceland	2,500,000
India	10,000,000
Iran	10,000,000
Ireland	3,534,300
Italy	235,620,020
Japan	4,964,000,000
Jordan	75,000
South Korea	200,000,000
Kuwait	565,000,000
Lithuania	30,000
Luxembourg	2,356,200
Malta	27,000
Netherlands	9,424,801
New Zealand	4,341,975
Norway	12,867,617
Oman	3,000,000
Pakistan	2,500,000
Qatar	100,000,000
Saudi Arabia	500,000,000
Slovenia	419,382
Spain	222,380,000
Sri Lanka	75,500
Sweden	33,000,000
Turkey	50,000,000
United Arab Emirates	215,000,000
United Kingdom	452,326,416
Vietnam	700,000
<i>Subtotal</i>	<i>8,062,892,302</i>
European Commission	905,300,000
<i>Subtotal</i>	<i>8,968,192,302</i>
<b>INTERNATIONAL FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS</b>	
IMF (low range)	2,550,000,000
World Bank (low range)	3,000,000,000
Islamic Development Bank	500,000,000
<i>Subtotal</i>	<i>6,050,000,000</i>
<b>TOTAL (Without the United States)</b>	<b>\$15,018,192,302</b>

NOTES ON PLEDGES OF RECONSTRUCTION AID TABLE: The World Bank, United Nations and CPA estimated Iraq will need \$56 billion for reconstruction and stabilization efforts from 2004 to 2007, but that estimate is probably too low.<sup>79</sup> UPDATE ON 2003 MADRID CONFERENCE PLEDGES: Of the \$13.5 billion pledged by donors other than the United States, \$3.2 billion has been disbursed as of December 2005. Measuring Stability and Security in Iraq February 2006, Report to Congress in Accordance with the Department of Defense Appropriations Act 2006 (Section 9010), page 14.

**GDP ESTIMATES AND PROJECTIONS, 2002-2005<sup>80</sup>**

	2002	2003	2004	2005 p
Population	25.5	26.3	27.1	27.9
Nominal GDP (in USD billion)	20.5	13.6	25.5	29.3
Of which non-oil GDP (%)	32	32	33	37
Real GDP Growth Rate (%)	-7.8	-41.4	46.5	3.7
Per Capita GDP (USD)	802	518	942	1,051
Consumer Price Inflation (annual average)	19	34	32	20

**ANNUAL IRAQ BUDGET AND ACTUAL EXPENDITURES THROUGH AUGUST 2006<sup>81</sup>**

Ministry	2006 Annual Budget			Expenditures thru August 2006		
	Capital Goods	Capital Projects	Total Budget	Capital Goods	Capital Projects	Total Budget
Finance	\$10	\$33	<b>\$16,506</b>	\$1	\$74	<b>\$8,895</b>
Planning	4	27	<b>55</b>	0.4	3	<b>9</b>
Interior	233	27	<b>1,919</b>	25	0.2	<b>958</b>
Defense	864	33	<b>3,443</b>	12	0	<b>831</b>
Oil	2	3,533	<b>3,590</b>	0.4	4	<b>40</b>
Electricity	4	767	<b>840</b>	0.3	267	<b>279</b>
Water	0.2	200	<b>259</b>	0	49	<b>78</b>
Justice	3	10	<b>74</b>	2	0.2	<b>34</b>
Others	272	1,552	<b>7,290</b>	77	480	<b>3,501</b>
<b>Total</b>	<b>\$1,392</b>	<b>\$6,181</b>	<b>\$33,975</b>	<b>\$117</b>	<b>\$87</b>	<b>\$14,623</b>
				<b>8.4%</b>	<b>14.2%</b>	<b>43.0%</b>

**NOTE ON THIS TABLE:** The issue the GAO report is attempting to shed light on is the lack of clear budget and procurement rules in Iraq and the affect this has on various Ministries' ability to spend their capital budgets.



**ESTIMATED APPROPRIATIONS PROVIDED FOR OPERATIONS IN IRAQ AND THE WAR ON TERRORISM, 2001 TO 2007<sup>82</sup>**

	By Fiscal Year, in Billions of Dollars							Total
	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007 <sup>a</sup>	
<b>Military Operations and Other Defense Activities</b>								
Iraq <sup>b</sup>	0	0	46	68	53	87	52	306
Other <sup>c</sup>	14	18	34	21	18	24	14	142
Subtotal	14	18	80	88	70	111	67	448
<b>Indigenous Security Forces<sup>d</sup></b>								
Iraq	0	0	0	5	6	3	2	16
Afghanistan	0	0	0	0	1	2	2	5
Subtotal	0	0	0	5	7	5	3	20
<b>Diplomatic Operations and Foreign Aid</b>								
Iraq	0	0	3	15	1	3	0	22
Other	*	2	5	2	2	1	0	12
Subtotal	*	2	8	17	3	4	0	34
<b>Total</b>	<b>14</b>	<b>19</b>	<b>88</b>	<b>111</b>	<b>81</b>	<b>120</b>	<b>70</b>	<b>503</b>

Notes: Details may not add up to totals because of rounding.

\* = between zero and \$500 million.

a. At the current rate of military operations, the funding provided to date in 2007 will not be sufficient to pay for all costs that will be incurred this fiscal year. Consequently, additional appropriations will probably be provided in 2007.

b. The Congressional Budget Office estimated funding provided for Operation Iraqi Freedom by allocating funds on the basis of obligations reported by the Department of Defense (DoD). For more information about funding for Operation Iraqi Freedom, see Congressional Budget Office, *Estimated Costs of U.S. Operations in Iraq Under Two Specified Scenarios* (July 13, 2006).

c. Includes Operation Enduring Freedom (involving operations in and around Afghanistan), Operation Noble Eagle (for homeland security missions, such as combat air patrols, in the United States), the restructuring of Army and Marine Corps units, classified activities other than those funded by appropriations for the Iraq Freedom Fund, and other operations. (For fiscal years 2005 through 2007, funding for Operation Noble Eagle has been intermingled with regular appropriations for the Department of Defense; that funding is not included in this table because it cannot be identified separately.)

d. Funding for indigenous security forces, which was appropriated in accounts for diplomatic operations and foreign aid (budget function 150) in 2004 and in accounts for defense (budget function 050) since 2005, is used to train and equip local military and police units in Iraq and Afghanistan.

**INFLATION<sup>83</sup>**

Time	Inflation
2003	36%
2004	32%
2005	20%
2006	70%

**NOTE ON INFLATION:** The substantial increase in inflation for 2006 was credited to soaring fuel prices. A liter of petrol jumped from 50 dinars per liter to 400 dinars from the end of 2005 to early 2007. When volatile energy prices were taken out, inflation came to between 30-35%.

### **OTHER ECONOMIC INDICATORS**

Foreign banks granted licenses that have started operations in Iraq <sup>84</sup>	0
Percent of Iraq's export earnings from oil <sup>85</sup>	98% (~ \$21 billion)
Oil Export Peak <sup>86</sup>	April 2004, 1.8 million barrels per day (2005 average is 1.4 million bpd)
Cost of Imported Gasoline <sup>87</sup>	30-35 cents per liter
Domestic Price of Gasoline	1.5 cents per liter

### **TRAINED JUDGES<sup>88</sup>**

Time	Number of trained judges
May 2003	0
June 2004	175
May 2005	351
October	351
May 2006	<800
August	740

**NOTE ON TRAINED JUDGES CHART:** As of October 2005, all provincial courts are operational and there exist 99 trained judicial investigators. 135 of 869 judges were removed because of substantial evidence of corruption or Ba'ath Party affiliation.<sup>89</sup> The estimated need for is for 1,500 judges according to the US Department of Justice.<sup>90</sup>

### **TELEPHONE SUBSCRIBERS<sup>91</sup>**

Time	Telephone subscribers
Estimated prewar level	833,000
September	600,000
December	600,000
January 2004	600,000
February	900,000
March	984,225
April	1,095,000
May	1,220,000
June	1,200,000
July	N/A
August	1,463,148
September	1,579,457
October	1,753,000
November	2,135,000
December	2,152,000
January 2005	2,449,139
February	2,569,110
March	2,982,115
April	3,172,771
May	~3,450,000
June	3,801,822
July	~4,100,000
August	4,590,398
March 2006	6,836,854
April	~7,400,000
August	~8,100,000
Previous goal (Jan. 2004)	1,100,000

**NOTE ON TELEPHONE SUBSCRIBERS TABLE:** The estimated pre-war level represents only land telephone lines, as Iraq had no nationwide cellular network. Post-war data includes landlines and cellular subscribers.

**INTERNET SUBSCRIBERS<sup>92</sup>**

Time	Internet subscribers (does not include unregulated users of Internet cafes)
Estimated prewar level	4,500
September 2003	4,900
January-April 2004	N/A
May	54,000
June	59,000
July	73,000
August	87,000
September	95,000
October	102,978
November	110,000
January 2005	124,293
March	147,076
April 2006	207,000
August	197,310

**MEDIA<sup>93</sup>**

Time	Commercial TV stations	Commercial radio stations	Independent newspapers and magazines
Prewar	0	0	0
May 2003	0	0	8
June 2004	13	74	150
January 2005	10	51	100
March	N/A	N/A	200
April	24	80	170
May	23	80	170
July	29	N/A	170
September	44	72	Over 100
December	44	91	294
March 2006	54	114	268

**DOCTORS IN IRAQ<sup>94</sup>**

Iraqi Physicians Registered Before the 2003 Invasion	34,000
Iraqi Physicians Who Have Left Iraq Since the 2003 Invasion	12,000 (estimate)
Iraqi Physicians Murdered Since 2003 Invasion	2,000
Iraqi Physicians Kidnapped	250
Average Salary of an Iraqi Physician	7.5 million Iraqi dinars per year (or ~\$5,100 per year)
Annual Graduates from Iraqi Medical Schools	2,250
Percentage of Above That Will Work Outside of Iraq	20%

NOTE: Numbers are estimates.

**NUMBER OF REGISTERED CARS<sup>95</sup>**

Pre-War	1.5 million
October 2005	3.1 million

**CURRENT WATER PROJECTS OUTPUTS VS. CPA GOALS<sup>96</sup>**

<b>Output Metric</b>	<b>Pre-War Level (2003)</b>	<b>Stated Goal by CPA (2003)</b>	<b>Status as of 3/21/2006</b>	<b>Anticipated End-State</b>
<b>Water – People with Potable Water Availability</b>	12.9 Million	23.4 Million	9.7 Million 4.2 Million added*	13.9 Million 8.4 Million added
<b>Sewerage – People with Sewerage System Coverage</b>	6.2 Million	2.5 Million	5.6 Million 5.1 Million added*	5.8 Million 5.3 Million added
<b>Water Treatment Capacity</b>	3 Million m <sup>3</sup> /day	10 Million m <sup>3</sup> /day	1.3 Million m <sup>3</sup> /day	2.5 Million m <sup>3</sup> /day

**NOTES ON CURRENT WATER PROJECTS TABLE:** Outputs include total added since war and include IRRF and other funding streams.

**EDUCATION INDICATORS - ENROLLMENT<sup>97</sup>**

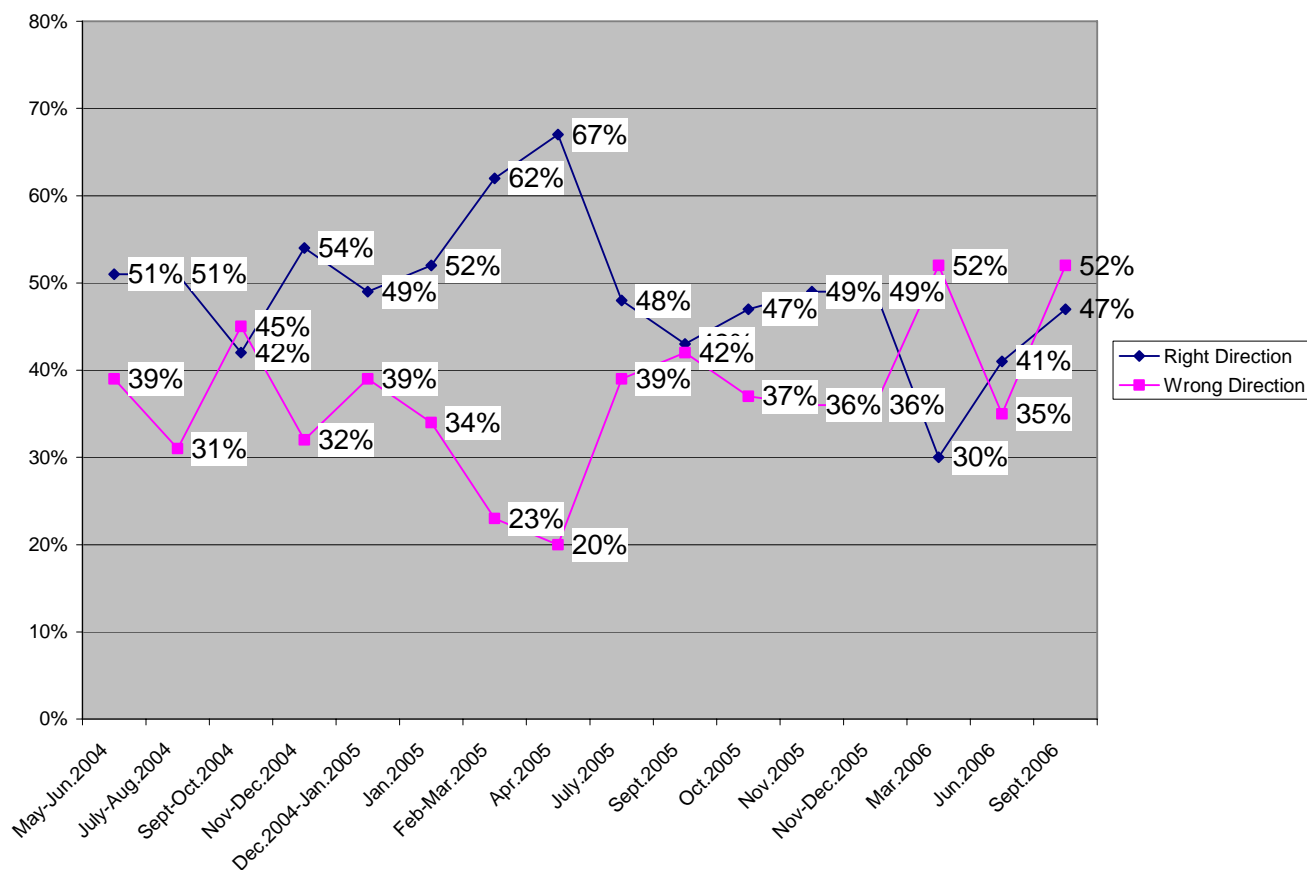
<b>Number of Children Enrolled in Primary Schools Nationwide</b>	<b>2002: 3.5 million</b>
	<b>2005: 3.7 million (5.7% increase)</b>
<b>Number of Children Enrolled in Middle Schools and High Schools Nationwide</b>	<b>2002: 1.1 million</b>
	<b>2005: 1.4 million (27% increase)</b>
<b>Percent of High School aged Iraqis Enrolled in School in 2003</b>	<b>33%</b>
<b>Percent of High School aged Iraqi BOYS enrolled in 2004</b>	<b>50%</b>
<b>Percent of High School aged Iraqi GIRLS enrolled in 2004</b>	<b>35%</b>

**NOTE ON EDUCATION INDICATORS:** Education numbers do not include the Kurdish regions, which are administratively separate. Iraq's population increased to 26 million (8% increase) from 2002 to 2005. Sabrina Tavernise, "Amid Iraqi Chaos, Schools Fill After Long Decline," *New York Times*, June 26, 2006.

# POLLING/POLITICS

**SEPTEMBER 27, 2006: WORLD PUBLIC OPINION.ORG  
PROGRAM ON INTERNATIONAL POLICY ATTITUDES (PIPA)  
THE IRAQI PUBLIC ON THE US PRESENCE AND THE FUTURE OF IRAQ<sup>98</sup>**

**TRENDS FOR QUESTION: DO YOU THINK IRAQ TODAY IS GENERALLY HEADING IN THE RIGHT OR WRONG DIRECTION? (MAY 2004 – SEPTEMBER 2006)**



**APPROVAL OF ATTACKS ON US-LED FORCES**

	January 2006	September 2006
<b>Overall</b>	<b>47%</b>	<b>61%</b>
<b>Shia</b>	<b>41%</b>	<b>62%</b>
<b>Sunni</b>	<b>88%</b>	<b>92%</b>
<b>Kurd</b>	<b>16%</b>	<b>15%</b>

**QUESTION TO IRAQIS: PLEASE TELL ME HOW MUCH CONFIDENCE YOU HAVE IN THOSE FORCES TO PROTECT YOUR SECURITY**

Force	Some / A Lot of Confidence	None / Little Confidence
<b>Police</b>	<b>71%</b>	<b>30%</b>
<b>Iraqi Army</b>	<b>64%</b>	<b>37%</b>
<b>Iraqi Interior Ministry</b>	<b>62%</b>	<b>38%</b>

**QUESTION TO IRAQIS: HOW LIKELY DO YOU THINK IT IS THAT 5 YEARS FROM NOW IRAQ WILL STILL BE A SINGLE STATE?**

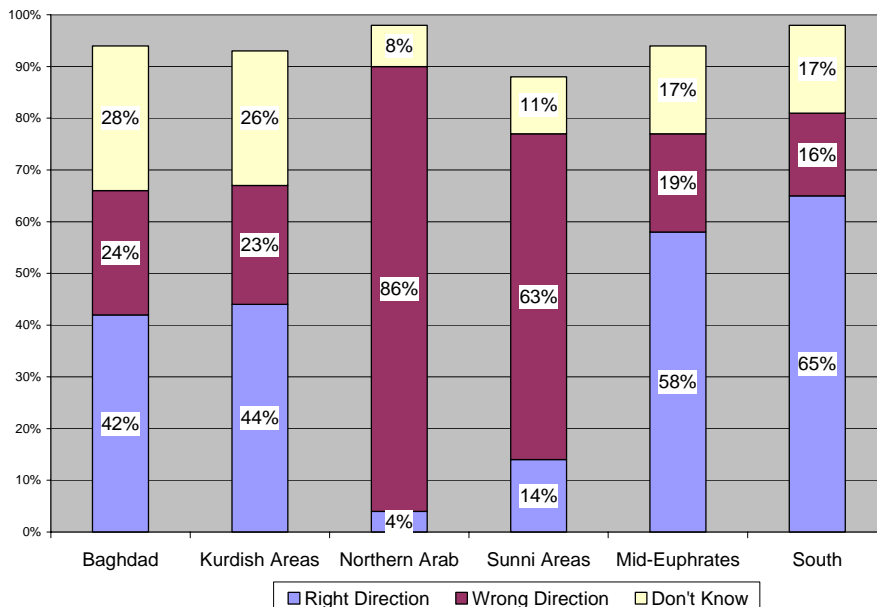
<b>Very / Somewhat Likely</b>	
<b>Overall</b>	<b>72%</b>
<b>Shia</b>	<b>80%</b>
<b>Sunni</b>	<b>56%</b>
<b>Kurd</b>	<b>65%</b>
<b>Not Very / Not At All Likely</b>	
<b>Overall</b>	<b>28%</b>
<b>Shia</b>	<b>19%</b>
<b>Sunni</b>	<b>45%</b>
<b>Kurd</b>	<b>25%</b>

**QUESTION TO IRAQIS: WOULD YOU PREFER TO HAVE A STRONG GOVERNMENT THAT WOULD GET RID OF ALL MILITIAS OR DO YOU THINK IT WOULD BE BETTER TO CONTINUE TO HAVE MILITIAS TO PROTECT YOUR SECURITY?**

<b>Strong Government That Would Get Rid of Militias</b>	
<b>Overall</b>	<b>77%</b>
<b>Shia</b>	<b>65%</b>
<b>Sunni</b>	<b>100%</b>
<b>Kurd</b>	<b>82%</b>
<b>Continue To Have Militias</b>	
<b>Overall</b>	<b>21%</b>
<b>Shia</b>	<b>33%</b>
<b>Sunni</b>	<b>*</b>
<b>Kurd</b>	<b>15%</b>

*JUNE 14-24, 2006: INTERNATIONAL REPUBLICAN INSTITUTE<sup>99</sup>*

**REGIONAL BREAKDOWN FOR QUESTION: DO YOU FEEL THAT IRAQ IS GENERALLY HEADING IN THE RIGHT DIRECTION OR THE WRONG DIRECTION?**



**QUESTION TO IRAQIS: WHY DO YOU FEEL THAT IRAQ IS GENERALLY HEADING IN THE RIGHT DIRECTION OR THE WRONG DIRECTION?**

**Right Direction**

Elected national government	31%
Freedom and democracy	21%
Getting rid of former regime	13%
Elections	12%
Having a constitution	7%

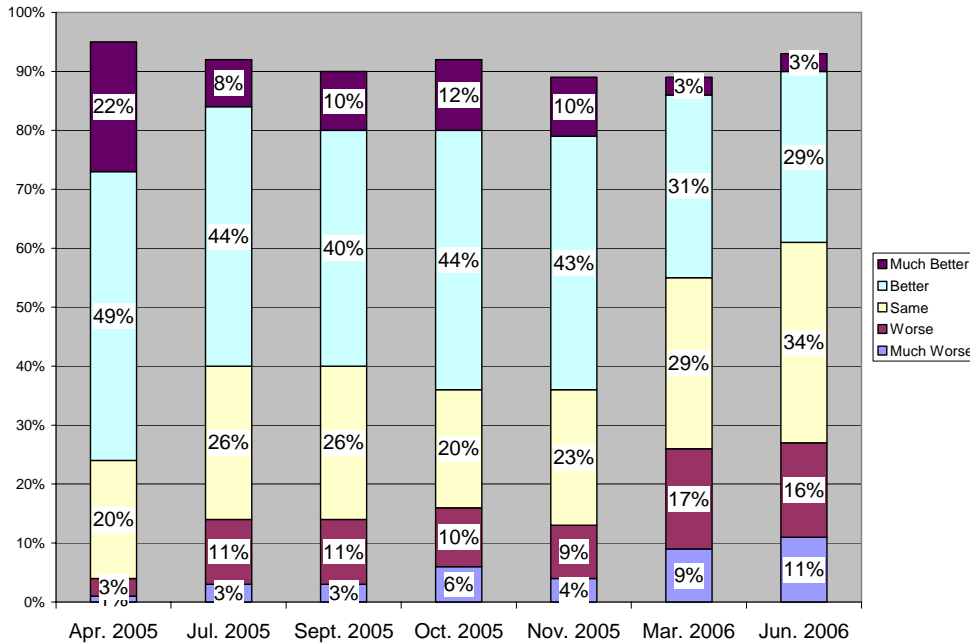
N = 1168

**Wrong Direction**

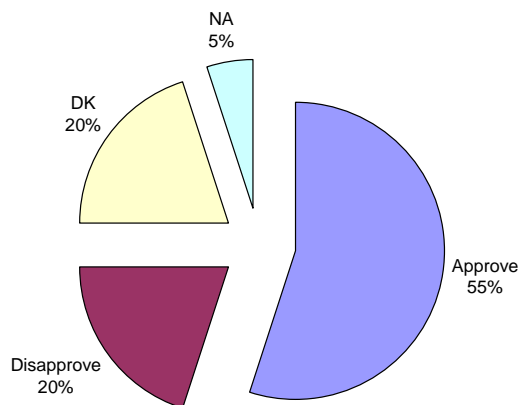
Bad security situation	34%
Presence of occupation	32%
Sectarian conflict	7%
Inactive government	7%
General instability	6%

N = 968

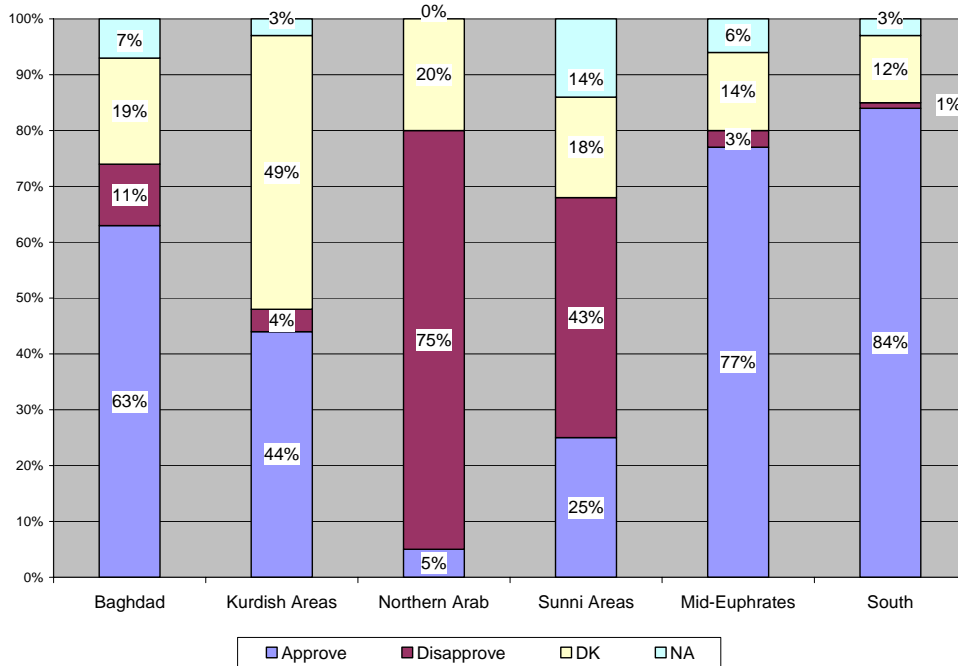
**TRENDS FOR QUESTION: THINKING ABOUT THE FUTURE, DO YOU FEEL THAT THINGS WILL BE BETTER, THE SAME OR WORSE IN SIX MONTHS?**



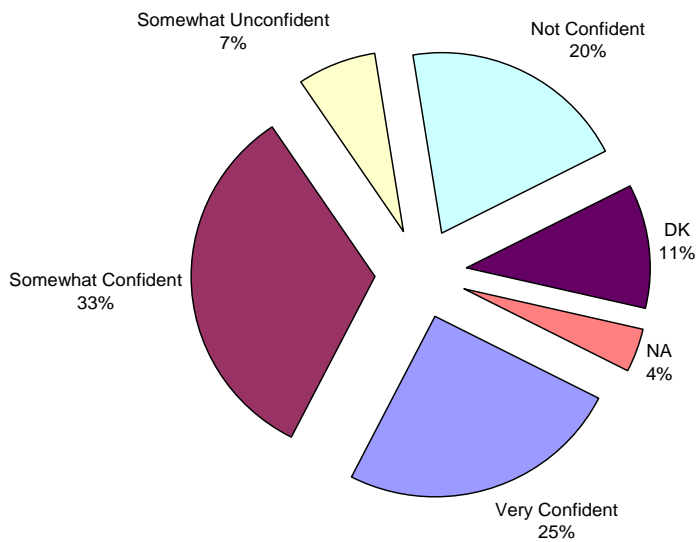
**QUESTION TO IRAQIS: DO YOU APPROVE OR DISAPPROVE OF THE WAY PRIME MINISTER NOURI AL-MALIKI IS HANDLING HIS JOB?**



**REGIONAL BREAKDOWN FOR QUESTION: DO YOU APPROVE OR DISAPPROVE OF THE WAY PRIME MINISTER NOURI AL-MALIKI IS HANDLING HIS JOB?**

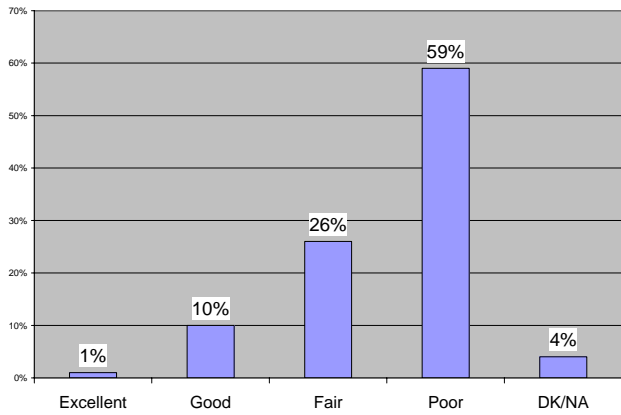


**QUESTION TO IRAQIS: WHAT LEVEL OF OVERALL CONFIDENCE DO YOU HAVE IN THE GOVERNMENT ANNOUNCED BY PRIME MINISTER NOURI AL-MALIKI**

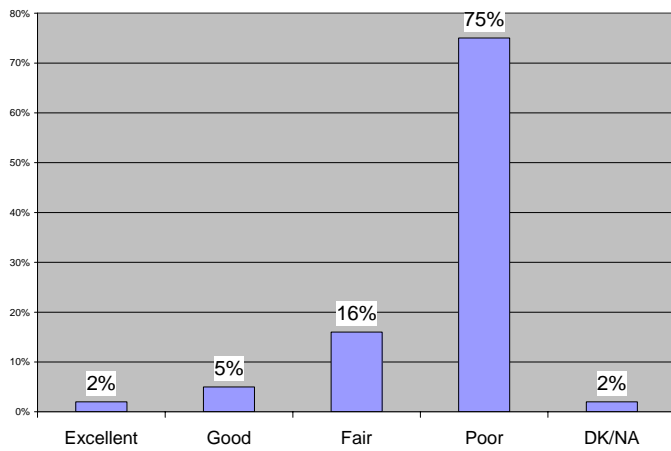




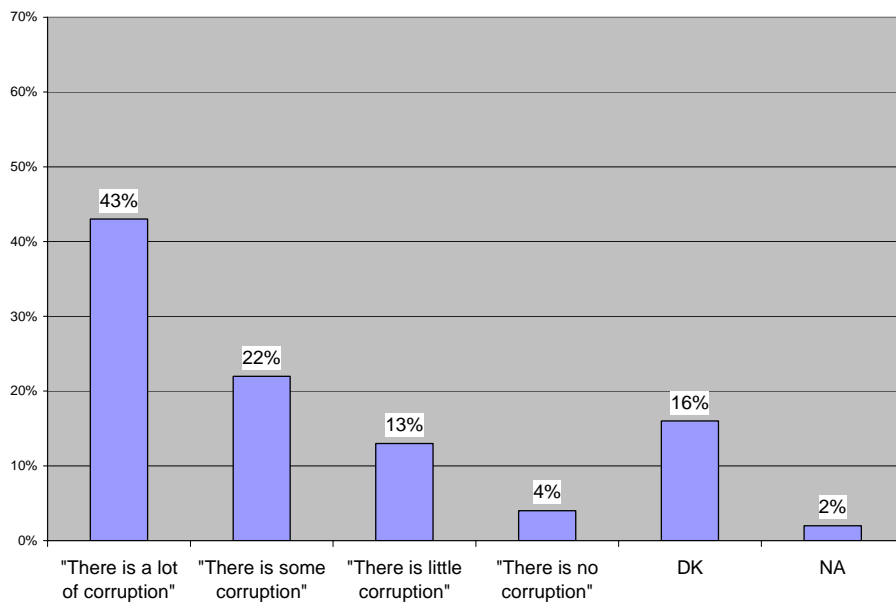
**QUESTION TO IRAQIS: HOW WOULD YOU RATE THE ECONOMIC CONDITIONS IN IRAQ TODAY?**



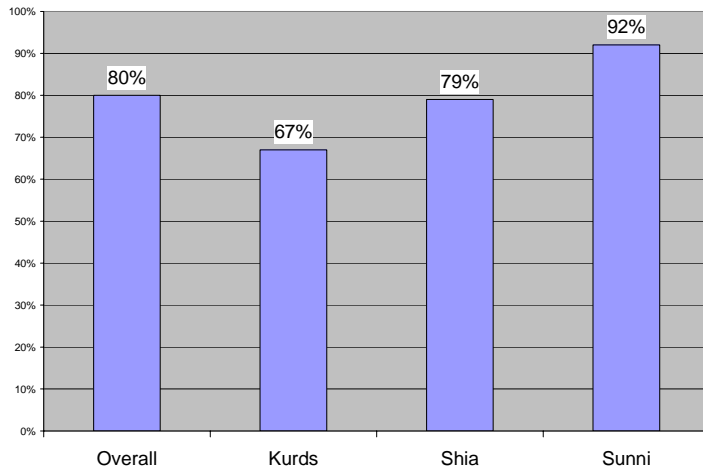
**QUESTION TO IRAQIS: HOW WOULD YOU RATE SECURITY CONDITIONS IN IRAQ TODAY?**



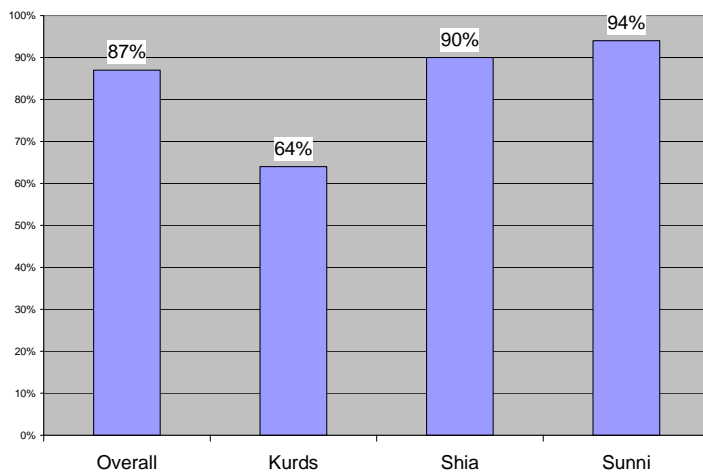
**QUESTION TO IRAQIS: IN YOUR OPINION, WHICH STATEMENT BEST DESCRIBES THE LEVEL OF CORRUPTION IN IRAQI POLITICS AND GOVERNMENT TODAY?**



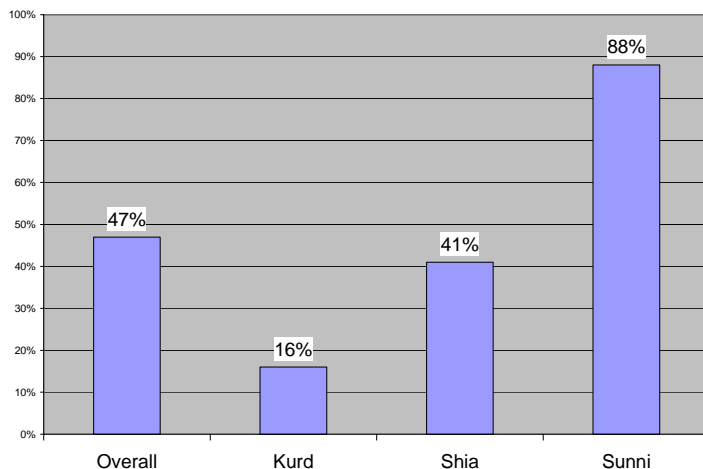
**QUESTION TO IRAQIS: DO YOU THINK THE US GOVERNMENT PLANS TO HAVE PERMANENT MILITARY BASES IN IRAQ OR TO REMOVE ALL ITS MILITARY ONCE IRAQ IS STABILIZED? (cht shows those who feel the US plans permanent bases).**



**QUESTION TO IRAQIS: DO YOU APPROVE THE GOVERNMENT ENDORSING A TIMELINE FOR US WITHDRAWAL? (chart shows those answering yes).**



**QUESTION TO IRAQIS: DO YOU APPROVE OR DISAPPROVE (STRONGLY OR SOMEWHAT) OF ATTACKS ON US-LED FORCES IN IRAQ? (chart shows those who approve).**



In order to streamline our endnotes, we have removed most references to information from before August 1, 2006. These footnotes may be found in archived editions of the Iraq Index. <http://www.brookings.edu/fp/saban/iraq/indexarchive.htm>.

<sup>1</sup> Fatality numbers from January 1, 2005 and onwards are reported as documented daily from “Operation Iraqi Freedom U.S. Casualty Status,” *Department of Defense*. ([www.defenselink.mil/news/casualty.pdf](http://www.defenselink.mil/news/casualty.pdf)).

<sup>2</sup> Iraq Coalition Casualty Count, ([icasualties.org/oif/stats.aspx](http://icasualties.org/oif/stats.aspx)).

<sup>3</sup> The total number of deaths as listed here may vary slightly from the Total Fatalities listed under “US Troop Fatalities Since March 19, 2003” because the two charts use data from different sources. Any discrepancy is likely to be a result of a difference in the cut-off time until which data was included each day and at the end of the month.

<sup>4</sup> Military Casualty Information, Statistical Information and Analysis Division, *Department of Defense*, (<http://siadapp.dior.whs.mil/personnel/CASUALTY/oif-deaths-total.pdf>).

<sup>5</sup> Casualties update daily from “Operation Iraqi Freedom U.S. Casualty Status,” *Department of Defense*, ([www.defenselink.mil/news/](http://www.defenselink.mil/news/)).

<sup>6</sup> “Details of British Casualties,” *British Ministry of Defense*, ([www.operations.mod.uk/telic/casualties.htm](http://www.operations.mod.uk/telic/casualties.htm)).

<sup>7</sup> Iraq Coalition Casualty Count, ([icasualties.org/oif/](http://icasualties.org/oif/)).

<sup>8</sup> *Ibid.*

<sup>9</sup> Monthly figures from January 2005 and onwards from Iraq Coalition Casualty Count, ([www.icasualties.org/oif/IraqiDeaths.aspx](http://www.icasualties.org/oif/IraqiDeaths.aspx)).

<sup>10</sup> Rick Jervis, “Pace of Troop Deaths Up in Iraq,” *USA Today*, July 1, 2005. 135 car bombs in April, 140 in May, 70 in June. Craig Smith, “US Contends Campaign Has Cut Suicide Attacks,” *New York Times*, August 5, 2005. 13 car bombs in week prior to August 5. Liz Sly, “Bombs Bad Enough But Guns Worse in Baghdad,” *Chicago Tribune*, August 11, 2005. 132 car bombs in May, 108 in June, 83 in July. The August 2005 number is an estimate based on Bradley Graham, “Zarqawi ‘Hijacked’ Insurgency; US General Says Foreign Fighters Now Seen as Main Threat,” *Washington Post*, September 28, 2005, which states that *suicide bombs* were reduced by 50% from May to August. September and October 2005 numbers are author’s estimates. The November 2005 number is from “Military: Offensive Thwarting Suicide Attacks,” *USA Today*, December 2, 2005, listed at 68. December 2005 number is an estimate. Numbers for January 2006 through April 2006 are based on Rick Jervis, “Car Bombings Down, Military Says,” *USA Today*, May 9, 2006, which states that from in that time period, there were a total of 284 car bombs. This averages to 71 per month during that period. May–September 2006 numbers are author’s estimates.

<sup>11</sup> Josh White, Charles Lane and Julie Tate, “Homicide Charges Rare in Iraq War; Few Troops Tried for Killing Civilians,” *Washington Post*, August 28, 2006.

<sup>12</sup> UN Assistance Mission for Iraq, “Human Rights Report: 1 May–30 June 2006,” July 18, 2006; International Federation of Red Cross and Red Crescent Societies, “Operations Update: Iraq, Humanitarian Emergency,” June 14, 2006. UN Assistance Mission for Iraq, “Human Rights Report: 1 July – 31 August 2006,” September 20, 2006. UN Assistance Mission for Iraq, “Human Rights Report: 1 September–31 October 2006”. UN Assistance Mission for Iraq, “Human Rights Report: 1 November–31 December 2006”, January 16, 2007.

<sup>13</sup> Ellen Knickmeyer, “Iraq Puts Civilian Toll at 12,000,” *Washington Post*, June 3, 2005.

<sup>14</sup> Edward Wong, “Car Bomb and Rockets Kill 43 in Baghdad’s Shiite Strongholds,” *New York Times*, September 1, 2006. 4 killed, 11 wounded by car bomb. Amit Paley, “Blasts Kill at Least 66 in Baghdad,” *Washington Post*, September 1, 2006. 7 killed, 18 wounded by car bomb. 3 killed, 7 wounded by car bomb. Rebecca Santana, “Attacks in Baghdad Kill 64, Injure 286,” *Associated Press Online*, September 1, 2006. There is much confusion as to what type of weapon killed how many Iraqis during this attack that killed 64, wounded 286. The car bomb listed in the previous article as killing 3 and wounding 7 was part of this attack. We have included another 1 bomb, 10 killed, and 30 wounded as being part of a multi-fatality bomb for the purposes of this chart. Elana Becatoros, “Iraqi Prime Minister Meets Influential Cleric; 13 Pilgrims from Pakistan, India Killed,” *Associated Press*, September 2, 2006. 3 killed, 14 wounded by car bomb. 3 killed by car bomb. “Two Car Bombs Kill Five Iraqi Soldiers,” *Agence France Presse*, September 3, 2006. 5 killed, 2 wounded by two car bombs ~ count as 3 killed by 1 (multi-fatality bomb). Elana Becatoros, “No. 2 al-Qaida Leader in Iraq Arrested,” *Associated Press Online*, September 3, 2006. 4 killed, 21 wounded by bomb. 3 killed by car bomb. 3 killed by roadside bomb. “Three US Soldiers Killed in Fallujah Bomb Attack,” *Agence France Presse*, September 5, 2006. 3 killed by bomb. Rebecca Santana, “Iraqi Parliament Extends State of Emergency For a Month,” *Associated Press*, September 5, 2006. 3 killed by bomb. Sabah Jerges, “Shiites Submit Law to Separate Iraq into Rival Regions,” *Agence France Presse*, September 6, 2006. 6 killed, 6 wounded by suicide car bomb. Qais al-Bashir, “Bombs in Northern Baghdad Kill 9,” *Associated Press Online*, September 6, 2006. 2 bombs kill 9, wound 39. Sabah Jerges, “At Least 44 Killed in Iraq Attacks,” *Agence France Presse*, September 7, 2006. 12 killed, 39 wounded in suicide bomb. 3 killed, 17 wounded in roadside bomb. 8 killed, 30 wounded in car bomb. “Three Shiite Pilgrims Among 17 Killed in Iraq,” *Agence France Presse*, September 8, 2006. 3 killed in roadside bomb. 3 killed, 3 wounded in roadside bomb. Qais al-Bashir, “Mortar Attack on Pilgrims, Baghdad Bomb Kills 5 Ahead of Religious Ceremony,” *Associated Press*, September 8, 2006. 4 killed by roadside bomb. Abdelamin Hanun, “Iraq Shiites Use Festival to Call for Regional Autonomy,” *Agence France Presse*, September 9, 2006. 3 killed, 14 wounded in bomb. “At Least Six Killed in Iraq as Police Find 16 More Tortured Corpses,” *Agence France Presse*, September 10, 2006. 3 killed, 16 wounded in roadside bomb. “Roadside Bomb in Baghdad Kills at Least 5, Wounds 17,” *Associated Press*, September 10, 2006. 5 killed, 17 wounded by roadside bomb. Sinan Salaheddin, “16 Killed in Bus Explosion Outside Baghdad Army Recruiting Center,” *Associated Press*, September 11, 2006. 16 killed, 7 wounded by bomb. 4 killed, 3 wounded by bomb. Solomon Moore, “Bid to Empower Iraqi Provinces Thwarted,” *Los Angeles Times*, September 11, 2006. 3 killed in bomb. “At Least 27 Killed in Iraq Violence,” *Agence France Presse*, September 12, 2006. 6 killed, 15 wounded in car bomb. 4 killed, 24 wounded in bomb. Jay Deshmukh, “More than 60 Corpses Found Scattered in Baghdad,” *Agence France Presse*, September 13, 2006. 20 killed, 51 wounded in car bomb. 8 killed, 19 wounded in car bomb. “At Least 13 Killed in Iraq Car Bombs and Shootings,” *Agence France Presse*, September 14, 2006. 9 killed, 26 wounded in car bomb. Patrick Quinn, “Violence Spikes in Some Baghdad Areas,” *Associated Press Online*, September 14, 2006. 6 killed by car bomb. Amit Paley and K.I. Ibrahim, “Nearly 100 Killed in Baghdad Over 24 Brutal Hours; Scores of Corpses Dumped in Streets,” *Washington Post*, September 14, 2006. 12 killed, 13 wounded by car bomb. Sameer Yacoub, “Iraqi Premier Calls on Iraqis to Embrace Reconciliation as Violence Kills at Least 19,” *Associated Press*, September 16, 2006. 3 killed, 19 wounded by suicide car bomb. 3 killed, 26 wounded by car bomb. 3 killed, 5 wounded by car bomb. 3 killed by suicide bomb. 4 killed by car bomb. “Bombs Rock Iraqi Oil City, Killing 25,” *Agence France Presse*, September 17, 2006. 18 killed, 65 wounded by suicide bomb. 3 killed, 6 wounded by suicide car bomb. “Suicide Bomber Kills 21 in Northern Iraq Town,” *Agence France Presse*, September 18, 2006. 21 killed, 17 wounded by suicide bomb. Solomon Moore, “At Least 38 Killed in a Day’s Violence,” *Los Angeles Times*, September 19, 2006. 13 killed, 10 wounded by car bomb. Sinan Salaheddin, “Bombs, Shootings Kill 8 Outside Baghdad,” *Associated Press Online*, September 18, 2006. 3 killed by roadside bomb. David Rising, “US General Says Attacks Against American Troops Have Increased,” *Associated Press*, September 20, 2006. 10 killed, 38 wounded by suicide car bomb. “Bombings Kill 28 in Baghdad, Mosul,” *Associated Press Online*, September 20, 2006. 21 killed, 50 wounded in 2 bombs: one car bomb, one suicide bomb. 7 killed, 6 wounded in suicide truck bomb. “32 Killed as Rebels Attack Iraqi Security Forces,” *Agence France Presse*, September 21, 2006. 3 killed by roadside bomb. 3 killed, 4 wounded by roadside bomb. Sudarsan Raghavan, “Since Threat, Attacks on US Troops Have Risen,” *Washington Post*, September 21, 2006. Additional 2 killed, and 12 wounded to bomb previously cited as 7 killed, 6 wounded. Qais al-Bashir, “Explosion Kills At Least 37 in Baghdad’s Sadr City Neighborhood,” *Associated Press Worldstream*, September 23, 2006. 37 killed, 40 wounded in bomb. David Rising, “Five Killed, 20 Injured in Scattered Violence Around Iraq,” *Associated Press Worldstream*, September 24, 2006. 5 killed, 17 wounded by car bomb. Qassim Abdul-Zahra, “Iraq Forms Panel on Constitution Changes,” *Associated Press Online*, September 25, 2006. 7 killed, 7 injured by suicide bomb. Sabah Jerges, “Motorcycle Bomber Targets Baghdad’s Communist Party,” *Agence France Presse*, September 26, 2006. 5 killed by suicide bomber. 2 bombs kill 5, wound 8. Count as 1 bomb, 3 killed, 4 wounded. Patrick Quinn, “Sunni Arab Lawmaker Resigns as Head of Committee Reviewing Federalism Legislation,” *Associated Press*, September 26, 2006. Bombs kill 7, wound 11. Count as 1 bomb, 3 killed, 6 wounded. 6 killed by bomb. David Rising, “Official Start to Ramadan

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<sup>15</sup> Ibid.

<sup>16</sup> Numbers for all months based on a [partial list](#) of contractors killed in Iraq according to ICasualties.org ([www.icasualties.org](http://www.icasualties.org)). Jason Straziuso, "Twelve Car Bombs in Iraq Cause Relatively Few Casualties; Sudanese Hostages Released," *Associated Press*, January 1, 2006. Palestinian killed. "Kidnappers Release Free 3 Iranian Women, Kill Iranian Man and Iraqi Driver North of Baghdad," *Associated Press Worldstream*, February 12, 2006. Iranian killed. Paul Garwood, "Iraq's Interior Ministry Launches Probe Into Claims Police Have Been Running Death Squads," *Associated Press Worldstream*, February 16, 2006. Jordanian killed. "US Hostage Found Dead as Bush Admits Iraq Dangers," *Agence France Presse*, March 11, 2001. American killed. Bushra Juhi, "Iraqi Soldiers Search for Weapons in Northern Baghdad After 2 Days of Clashes in Sunni Arab District," *Associated Press*, April 19, 2006. 5 foreigners killed. One is Egyptian. Additional 4 foreigners will be added pending further information that distinguishes them from those listed as contractors killed on the Iraq Coalition Casualties website. "US Reporter 'Serious' Wounds From Iraq Bomb," *Agence France Presse*, May 29, 2006. 2 Brits killed. "Russian Iraq Embassy Worker Killed, Four Staff Kidnapped," *Agence France Presse*, June 3, 2006. Russian killed. "Ten Sunni Students Seized, Dozens Killed as Iraq PM Talks Peace," *Agence France Presse*, June 26, 2006. 4 Russians killed. Elana Becatoros, "Iraqi Prime Minister Meets Influential Cleric; 13 Pilgrims from Pakistan, India Killed," *Associated Press*, September 2, 2006. "Turkish Hostage Killed in Iraq," *Agence France Presse*, November 13, 2006. Herve Bar, "Baghdad ambush kills US aid worker", *Agence France Presse*, January 17, 2007. American, Croatian and Hungarian killed. Kim Gamel, "Helicopter of U.S. Security Company Crashes in Baghdad; 5 killed", *Associated Press*, January 23, 2007. 5 security contractors killed.

<sup>17</sup> Rick Jervis, Peter Johnson and Jim Drinkard, "Iraq Bombing Highlights Dangers Journalists Face," *USA Today*, January 30, 2006 and Committee to Protect Journalists, <http://www.cpi.org>.

<sup>18</sup> Ibid.

<sup>19</sup> Ibid.

<sup>20</sup> International News Safety Institute, "Iraq War Casualties," accessed at <http://www.newssafety.com/casualties/iraqcasualties.doc>, on January 10, 2007.

<sup>21</sup> Robert E. Looney, "The Business of Insurgency: The Expansion of Iraq's Shadow Economy," *The National Interest*, Fall 2005, p. 70. Ellen Knickmeyer and Jonathon Finer, "In Iraq, 425 Foreigners Estimated Kidnapped Since 2003," *Washington Post*, December 25, 2005. Assad Abboud, "Iraq's Forgotten Kidnap Victims Suffer in Silence," *Agence France Presse*, March 25, 2006.

<sup>22</sup> The number killed in December 2005 includes the death of Ronald Schulz of the US. We have included him as killed because evidence, including a video of his alleged execution, suggests he was killed. The US government has not yet confirmed his death. "Kidnapped Turk released in Iraq," *Agence France Presse*, August 2, 2006. Turk released. Nicholas Paphitis, "Greek Woman Kidnapped in Baghdad Released Unharmed, Foreign Ministry Says," *Associated Press Worldstream*, November 3, 2006. Greek woman kidnapped (in October) and escaped (in November). "Turkish Hostage Killed in Iraq," *Agence France Presse*, November 13, 2006. Turk kidnapped (in July) and killed (November). Karim Jamil, "Five Westerners Still Held Hostage in Iraq," *Agence France Presse*, November 19, 2006. 4 Americans and 1 Austrian kidnapped. "South Africans Abducted In Iraq 'Alive and Well'," *Agence France Presse*, December 13, 2006. 4 South Africans kidnapped. "US embassy confirms kidnapping of US citizen in Iraq", *Agence France Presse*, January 6, 2007. 1 American kidnapped. "Russian businessman kidnapped in Iraq", *Agence France Presse*, January 17, 2007. 1 Russian kidnapped. Qassim Abdul-Zahra, "Egyptian embassy worker kidnapped in Baghdad, foreign ministry official says", *Associated Press*, January 23, 2007. 1 Egyptian national kidnapped.

<sup>23</sup> Doug Smith and Richard Boudreaux, "Bombs Kill at Least 15 in Baghdad," *Los Angeles Times*, January 20, 2006. Thom Shanker, "Abu Ghraib Called Incubator for Terrorists," *New York Times*, February 15, 2006. March and April 2006 numbers are author's estimates. Bushra Juhi, "Attack on Iraqi Interior Ministry Kills 2 Employees; Car Bomb in Hillah Kills at Least 5," *Associated Press Worldstream*, May 30, 2006. John F. Burns, "Iraq to Release Detainees in Bid to Ease Tensions," *New York Times*, June 7, 2006. Patrick Quinn, "US Wartime Prison Network Grows Into Legal Vacuum for 14,000," *Associated Press*, September 18, 2006. William Mann, "Former US Attorney General Says Hanging Saddam Would Cause Bloodbath in Iraq," *Associated Press*, October 5, 2006. Thomas Wagner and Sinan Salaheddin, "US Choppers Back Iraqi Raid of Baghdad," *Associated Press Online*, December 1, 2006.

<sup>24</sup> Kirk Semple and John F. Burns, "All-Day Suicide Bomb Blitz Claims 22 Lives in Baghdad," *New York Times*, July 16, 2005.

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<sup>25</sup> Author's estimate based on Richard O'Connell Jr., Eric Schmitt and Thom Shanker, "Baghdad Bombings Raise New Questions Over US Strategy in Iraq," *New York Times*, September 17, 2005 and Dan Murphy, "Iraq's Foreign Fighters: Few But Deadly," *Christian Science Monitor*, September 27, 2005. Late 2005 and early 2006 numbers are author's estimates. April 2006 number is from Country Reports on Terrorism, United States Department of State, Office for the Coordinator for Counterterrorism, April 2006. May–September 2006 numbers are author's estimates.

<sup>26</sup> Nawaf Obaid and Anthony Cordesman, "Saudi Militants in Iraq: Assessment and Kingdom's Response," Center for Strategic and International Studies, September 19, 2005. According to Dexter Filkins, "Foreign Fighters Captured in Iraq Come From 27, Mostly Arab, Lands," *New York Times*, October 21, 2005 and Edward Wong, "Iraqi Constitution Vote Split On Ethnic and Sect Lines; Election Panel Reports No Major Fraud," *New York Times*, October 23, 2005, Egypt has contributed the highest number foreign nationals captured (78) from April to October 2005. This report also cites Syria (66), Sudan (41), Saudi Arabia (32), Jordan (17), Iran (13), Palestinians (12), and Tunisia (10) as nations with 10 or more nationals found in Iraq. 18 countries have contributed less than 10 captured foreign nationals, for a total of 311 included jihadists.

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- <sup>42</sup> October 2005 numbers are according to Lt. Gen. David Petraeus, speech at the St. Regis Hotel, Washington, DC, November 7, 2005. The statistic of 32,000 in level I and II readiness is based upon Petraeus citation of 40 so prepared battalions and author’s assumption that one battalion equals approximately 750 to 800 troops. Petraeus also stated that the number of 211,000 total Iraqi Security Forces is headed towards 325,000. Iraqi Security Forces have 20,000 vehicles in all, although the number of well-armored vehicles is much lower (author’s estimate: about 300).
- <sup>43</sup> Measuring Stability and Security in Iraq February 2006, Report to Congress in Accordance with the Department of Defense Appropriations Act 2006 (Section 9010), page 37 and 38.
- <sup>44</sup> *Measuring Stability and Security in Iraq* August 2006, Report to Congress in Accordance with the Department of Defense Appropriations Act 2006 (Section 9010), page 42.
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- <sup>53</sup> Press Freedom Index 2006, compiled by "Reporters Without Borders", accessible at: [http://www.rsf.org/rubrique.php?id\\_rubrique=639](http://www.rsf.org/rubrique.php?id_rubrique=639)
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- <sup>56</sup> Iraq Weekly Status Report, *Department of State*. Accessed at: <http://www.state.gov/p/nea/rls/rpt/iraqstatus/>. The numbers for crude oil production, diesel, kerosene, gasoline/benzene, and liquid petroleum gas represent average data from the entire month, and are thus based on multiple Weekly Status Reports. The crude oil export reflects the total for the month. For all categories, data for a complete month is typically available in the Weekly Status Report for the first week of the next month.
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- <sup>70</sup> The statistics for September 2005 are based on incomplete data and represent averages for approximately half of the month.
- <sup>71</sup> U.S. State Department's "Iraq Weekly Status Report" did not provide production amounts of diesel, kerosene, gasoline or LPG for the week of December 18-25 so averages for these categories are only for the 24 days in December for which exact figures are known.
- <sup>72</sup> Country Report No. 05/294: Iraq: 2005 Article IV Consultation – Staff Report; Staff Supplement; Public Information Notice on the Executive Board Discussion; and Statement by the Executive Director for Iraq, International Monetary Fund, August 2005, p. 11.
- <sup>73</sup> Iraq Weekly Status Report, *Department of State*. Accessed at: <http://www.state.gov/p/nea/rls/rpt/iraqstatus/>. The number presented reflects the total oil revenue for the month. Data for a complete month is typically available in the Weekly Status Report for the first week of the next month.
- <sup>74</sup> Iraq Weekly Status Report, *Department of State*. Accessed at: <http://www.state.gov/p/nea/rls/rpt/iraqstatus/>. The average of megawatt hours and average hours of electricity per day reflect all the data available for the given month, and thus span multiple Weekly Status Reports. The average amount of electricity generated is derived from the average of megawatt hours. The statistics for September 2005 are based upon incomplete data and represent averages for approximately half of the month.
- \*The data for November for the average hours of electricity per day is updated in our source, representing the entire month. The numbers for average amount of electricity generated and average MW hours represents data through the 21<sup>st</sup> of November only.
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<sup>99</sup> International Republican Institute, "Survey of Iraqi Public Opinion, June 14 – 24, 2006," accessed at <http://www.iri.org/pdfs/7-18-06%20Iraq%20poll%20presentation.ppt> July 27, 2006. 2,849 interviews were conducted in person from June 14 – 24, 2006, among a random national sample of 3,120 Iraqis. Margin of error is +/- 3 percentage points and response rate is 91%. This poll was conducted by an Iraqi polling firm conducting interviews in all 18 governates.

<sup>100</sup> World Public Opinion.org, "What the Iraqi Public Wants," Conducted by the Program on International Policy Attitudes (PIPA), accessed at <http://www.worldpublicopinion.org/pipa/articles/brmiddleeastnafricara/165.php?nid=&id=&pnt=165&lb=brme> July 21, 2006. Face-to-face interviews conducted among a national random sample of 1,000 Iraqi adults 18 years and older. An over sample of 150 Iraqi Sunni Arabs from predominantly Sunni Arab provinces (Anbar, Diyala and Salah Al-Din) was carried out to provide additional precision with this group. The total sample thus was 1,150 Iraqi adults. The data were weighted to the following targets (Shia Arab, 55%, Sunni Arab 22%, Kurd 18%, other 5%) in order to properly represent the Iraqi ethnic/religious communities. The sample design was a multi-stage area probability sample conducted in all 18 Iraqi provinces including Baghdad. Urban and rural areas were proportionally represented. A 94% contact rate and 74% completion rate were achieved.