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Iraq Index

Tracking Variables of Reconstruction & Security in Post-Saddam Iraq

www.brookings.edu/iraqindex

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TABLE OF CONTENTS

Security Indicators

Security Indicators F	Page
U.S. Troop Fatalities since May 1, 2003	3
Top Five Causes of U.S. Military Fatalities in Iraq since May 1, 2003	3
Locations of Frequent U.S. Military Fatalities Since May 1, 2003	
U.S. Troops Wounded in Action since May 1, 2003	
British Troop Fatalities since May 2003	
Non-U.S. & U.K. Coalition Troop Fatalities since May1, 2003	5
Non-U.S. & U.K. Coalition Troop Fatalities by Country since May 1, 2003	
Iraqi Police Killed	
Iraqi Interpreters Working for Coalition Forces Killed	6
Estimates of Iraqi Civilians Killed Since the Start of the War	7
Iraqi Civilian Killed as a Result of Acts of War since May 2003	7
Mass Casualty Bombings in Iraq	
Crime-Related Deaths in Baghdad	9
Total Iraqi Civilians Killed as a Result of Political and Criminal Violence	10
Non-Iraqi Civilian Casualties since May 2003	10
Foreign Nationals Kidnapped in Iraq Since May 2003	11
Suspected Insurgents Detained or Killed	11
Iraqi Prison Population	
Estimated Strength of Iraqi Resistance Nationwide	
Coalition Troop Strength in Iraq	
U.S. Troops Engaged in Operation Iraqi Freedom Stationed in the Vicinities of Iraq and at Sea	13
Top Ten Non-U.S. Coalition Contributors of Military Personnel in Iraq	14
Coalition Forces Activity	
"High-Value" Intelligence Reports	15
Insurgent Attacks on Coalition Forces	
Reward Offered by Insurgents for Attacking U.S. Troops	
Insurgent Attacks on Iraqi Security Forces and Iraqi Civilians	15
American Military Helicopters Downed by Enemy Fire	16
Attacks on Iraqi Oil and Gas Pipelines, Installations, & Personnel	
Baathist Leaders Still at Large	
Size of Iraqi Security Forces on Duty	
Major Property Crimes Reported to Baghdad Police Department	19

Economic & Quality of Life Indicators

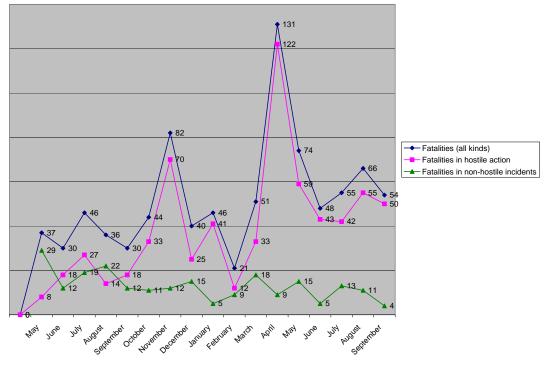
Iraqi National Debt: Creditors	
Pledges Made at the International Donor's Conference for Iraq in Madrid	
World Bank estimate of Iraq Reconstruction Needs22	
CPA-Estimated Needs for Iraq Reconstruction in Sectors not Covered by the UN/World Bank Assessment22	
Total Funds Available, Obligated, and Disbursed for Iraq Reconstruction, as of April, 2004	
Project Allocations and Disbursement by Category, as of May, 200423	
USAID Contracts	
Fuel	
Electricity	
Value of the New Iraqi Dinar25	
Port Cargo Capacity and Commercial Aircraft Departments	
Irrigation	
Telecommunications	
Local Governance Councils	
Hospitals Restored to Pre-War Level of Operations	
Nationwide Unemployment Rate27	

Polling

10 August-20 August, 2004: International Republican Institute Poll	28
24 July- 2August, 2004: International Republican Institute Poll	29
End of June, 2004: Iraq Center for Research and Strategic Studies Poll	
9-19 June, 2004: Coalition Provisional Authority Poll	
14-23 May, 2004: Coalition Provisional Authority Poll	
22 March-9 April, 2004: CNN/USA Today/Gallup Poll, Nationwide Poll of Iraq	
24 March – 2 April, 2004: Coalition Provisional Authority Poll	40
9-28 February, 2004: Oxford Research International Study of Iraqi Public Opinion	41
31 December -7 January, 2004: State Department Study of Iraqi Public Opinion	
Later Polling: State Department Study & Gallup Poll	43

SECURITY INDICATORS

U.S. TROOPS FATALITIES SINCE MAY, 2003¹



Totals as of September 20, 2004: Fatalities (all kinds): 891 Fatalities in hostile incidents: 670 Fatalities in non-hostile incidents: 221

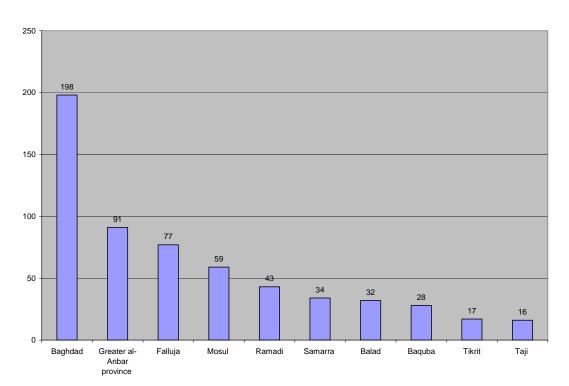
40.00% 37.00% 35.00% 30.00% 25.00% 23.00% 22.00% 20.00% 15.00% 10.00% 9.00% 5.00% 5.00% 4.00% 0.00% Improvised explosive device (IED) Rocket Propelled Grenade (RPG) Hostile fire Ambush Other Vehicle accident

TOP FIVE CAUSES OF U.S. MILITARY FATALITIES IN IRAQ SINCE MAY 1, 2003²

As of September 16, 2004

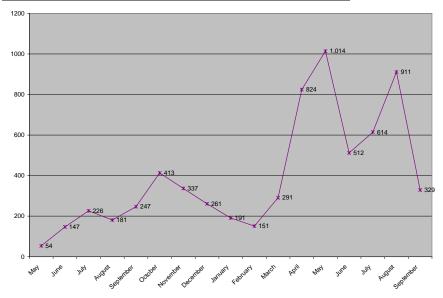
NOTE ON U.S. TROOP FATALITIES SINCE MAY TABLE: From the start of the war on March 19 until the end of major combat operations on April 30, 2003, Operation Iraqi Freedom caused 138 American troop fatalities. Of those, 109 were the result of hostile action, and 29 the result of non-hostile action. 65 U.S. troops were killed in March 2003. There were a total of 73 American fatalities in April 2003, 22 of which were killed after April 9. Of those 22, 10 were the result of hostile action and 12 the result of non-hostile action.

LOCATIONS OF FREQUENT U.S. MILITARY FATALITIES SINCE MAY 1, 2003³



As of September 17, 2004

U.S. TROOPS WOUNDED IN ACTION SINCE MAY, 2003⁴

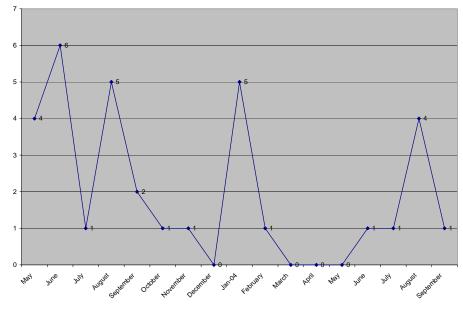


Totals as of September 15, 2004: 6,703

NOTE ON LOCATIONS OF FREQUENT U.S. MILITARY FATALITIES SINCE MAY 1, 2003 TABLE: These ten locations, where the greatest number of American fatalities have occurred, account for at least 595 of the 886 American military fatalities suffered in Iraq since May 1, 2003 and up until September 17, 2003.

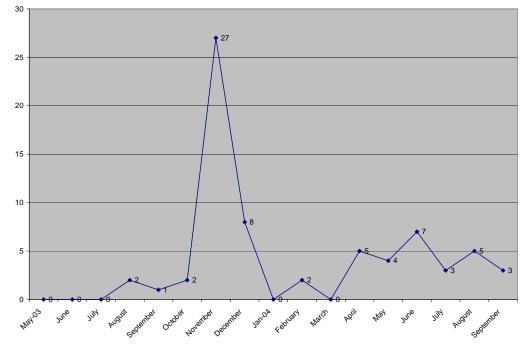
NOTE ON U.S TROOPS WOUNDED IN ACTION SINCE MAY 1, 2003 TABLE: The number of troops wounded in action is updated in the Iraqi Index every Wednesday. 541 American troops were wounded in action between March 19 and April 30, 2003.

BRITISH TROOP FATALITIES SINCE MAY, 2003⁵



Total as of September 20: 33

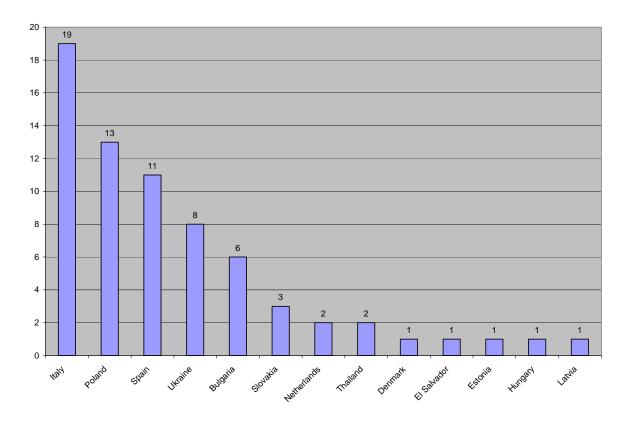
NON-U.S. & U.K. COALITION TROOP FATALITIES SINCE MAY, 20036



Total as of September 20, 2004: 69

NOTE ON BRITISH TROOP FATALITIES SINCE MAY 1 TABLE: Up until May 1, 2003, Operation Iraqi Freedom caused 33 British troop fatalities. Of those 33 fatalities, 6 occurred during the month of April. Of the 6 fatalities that occurred in April, 2 occurred after April 9. **NOTE ON NON-U.S. & U.K. COALITION TROOP FATALITIES SINCE MAY 1 TABLE:** Excluding American and British troop fatalities, there were no coalition fatalities from the start of the war up until May 1. All such fatalities occurred after that date.

NON-U.S. & U.K. COALITION TROOP FATALITIES BY COUNTRY SINCE MAY, 20037



As of September 20, 2004

IRAQI POLICE KILLED

Total number of Iraqi police killed since May, 2003 as of August 4, 2004 710⁸

IRAQI INTERPRETERS WORKING FOR COALITION FORCES KILLED

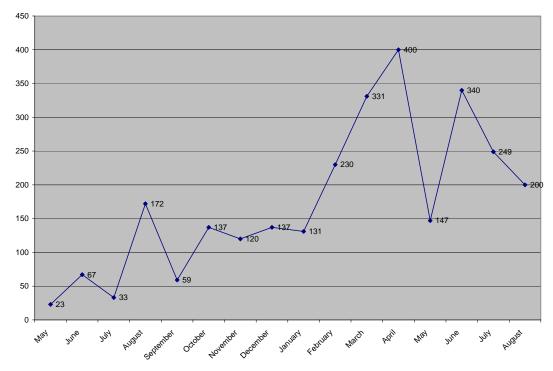
Total number of Iraqi police killed since January, 2004 as of September 18, 2004 52⁹

NOTE ON IRAQI POLICE KILLED: According to Lieutenant Qassem of the Iraqi Facilities Protection Services, the rate of Iraqi police killed by insurgents dropped by almost 50% in April, 2004 to roughly a dozen fatalities. Scott Peterson, "More Iraqis Accept Their U.S.-Trained Forces," *Christian Science Monitor*, May 12, 2004.

ESTIMATES OF IRAQI CIVILIANS KILLED SINCE THE START OF THE WAR

Iraq Body Count	13,000-15,000 as of September 10, 2004 ¹⁰
British Foreign Secretary Jack Straw	>10,000 as of February 2004 ¹¹
Shaik Omar Clinic, Baghdad	10,363 as of September 8, 2004 ¹²
	(in Baghdad and surrounding towns alone)
Amnesty International (London)	>10,000 as of September 8, 2004 ¹³
Human Rights Organization, Iraq	>30,000 ¹⁴

IRAQI CIVILIANS KILLED AS A RESULT OF ACTS OF WAR SINCE MAY 2003¹⁵

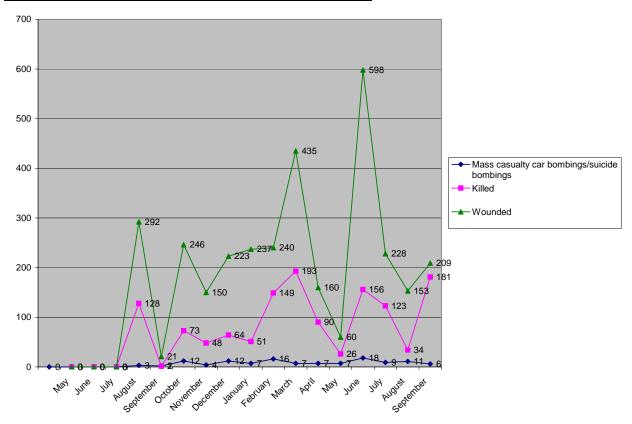


Total as of August 30: 2,776

NOTE ON IRAQI CIVILIANS KILLED AS A RESULT OF ACTS OF WAR TABLE: Iraq Body Count estimate that 7,350 Iraqi civilians were killed the during major combat operations until May 1, 2003. (www.iraqbodycount.net[September 14, 2004]).

NOTE ON IRAQI CIVILIANS KILLED AS A RESULT OF ACTS OF WAR TABLE: Because reports of Iraqi civilian fatalities are not necessarily reported in the order they occur, the estimated number of civilians killed up until a certain date may change as more cases are reported.

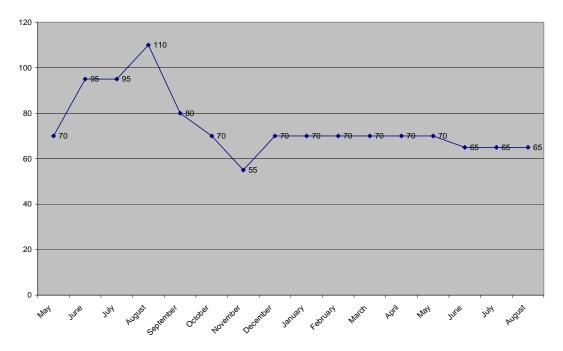
NOTE ON IRAQI CIVILIANS KILLED AS A RESULT OF ACTS OF WAR TABLE: This is our best estimate of a monthly breakdown of how many Iraqi civilians have been killed as a result of acts of war, both by insurgents and U.S. military. We recognize that our estimate is <u>most</u> <u>definitely lower than the actual number</u> as a result of the fact that many separate incidents go unreported or unnoticed. The table includes Iraqis killed as a result of mass casualty bombings. We are doing our utmost not to include suspected Iraqi insurgents killed deliberately by U.S. forces. In our tally.. There may be some double counting of the people that are reported as dead by the Iraqi morgue due to crime, although measures to minimize any such double counting have been taken by focusing on reports of separate incidents only. The Associated Press reported that there had been 5,558 violent deaths in Iraq since May 1, 2003 and up until April 30. They point out that "there is no precise count for Iraq as a whole on how many people have been killed, nor is there a breakdown of deaths caused by the different sorts of attacks. The U.S. military, the occupation authority and Iraqi government agencies say that they don't have the ability to track civilian deaths." The Associated Press estimate that 3,240 Iraqi civilians died between March 20 to April 20, 2003, but conclude that "the real number of civilian deaths was sure to be much higher." Daniel Cooney, Omar Sinan, "AP Enterprise: More Than 5,000 Iraqi Civilians killed Since Occupation Began According to Morgue Records," *Associated Press*, May 18, 2004.



MASS CASUALTY BOMBINGS IN IRAQ SINCE MAY, 2003¹⁶

Totals as of September 20: Mass casualty bombings: 121 Killed: 1,317 Wounded: 3,252

NOTE: At least 81 of the 121 mass casualty bombings reported so far were suicide bombings. The casualties listed above do not include the suicide bombers. The tallies for the number of killed and wounded are approximate. Attacks that kill or injure more than 2 people are considered mass-casualty bombings. Roadside bombs are not included in the tally of mass casualty bombing.



Annualized murder rate per 100,000 citizens (For comparison Washington DC rate 43)

NOTE: We used to have an upper and lower bound of the estimated murder rate, but have dropped this methodology since we want to ensure that this table reflect the level of crime-related killings as accurately as possible. Estimates for each month are typically based on the number of bodies brought to the Baghdad morgue with mortal gunshot wounds. We recognize that our estimates could be too high as a result of some of the gunshot victims could be insurgents killed intentionally by U.S. military, but also that they could be too low since many murder victims are never are taken to the morgue, but buried quickly and privately and never recorded in official tallies. The homicide rate is calculated based on an estimated population of 5.6 million people in Baghdad.

NOTE: Despite a generally poor security situation in Baghdad, there are indicators suggesting that the situation is improving somewhat. According to a report made by Brig. Gen. Mark Hurtling, assistant commander, 1st Armored Davison, Baghdad, "we continue to see a decrease in crime (especially as we put more Iraqi Police and ICDC [Iraqi Civil Defense Corps] on the streets.)¹⁸. Nevertheless, according to one senior Iraqi police chief on January 22, although "murders [in Baghdad] are decreasing," the level of other crimes such as robberies and carjackings has not. "The police are weak", he continues. "We don't have enough supplies. The public is still afraid to cooperate with us. They fear tribalism and retribution.¹⁹" The Pentagon has yet to make any statistics on Iraqi crime or murder rates available as of March 12. This table will be updated as soon as more information becomes available.

NOTE: ...Interpol lists the following nationwide numbers per 100,000 citizens for countries in the region; Libya 2.08, Jordan 6.33, Lebanon 3.38, Saudi Arabia, 0.71. However, Interpol notes that these [nationwide] statistics cannot be used as a basis for comparison between different countries. This is partly because "police statistics reflect reported crimes, but this only represents a fraction of the real level. The volume of crimes not reported to the police may depend on the actions, policies and perceptions of the police. These can vary with time, as well as from country to country." Because of the inherent difficulty in interpreting and comparing international murder rates, all such statistics - including those stated in the table above - should be interpreted guardedly.

TOTAL IRAQI CIVILIANS KILLED AS A RESULT OF VIOLENCE FROM WAR AND VIOLENCE FROM CRIME²⁰

Number of Iraqi civilians killed as a result of	
violence from war and violence from crime	10,300-27,400
between May, 2003 and August 30, 2004	

NON-IRAQI CIVILIAN CASUALTIES KILLED SINCE MAY, 2003²¹

Total as of September 70: 172

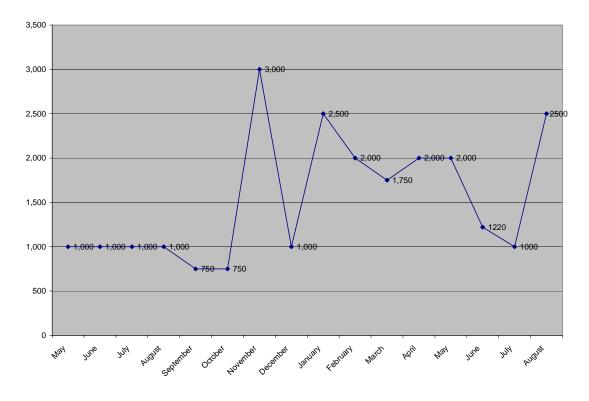
NOTE ON TOTAL IRAQI CIVILIANS CASUALTIES AS A RESULT OF POLITICAL AND CRIMINAL VIOLENCE BETWEEN MAY, 2003 AND JUNE, 2004 TABLE: Recognizing that the statistics for civilian casualties are not good, and that it is very hard to differentiate whether Iraqi civilian fatalities are due to violence from war or violence from crime, we have estimated how many people have died of both causes since May, 2003 and up until June 25, 2004. The total represented by this table is a rough but we believe reasonable estimate of how many Iraqi civilian casualties have been killed during this period.

NOTE ON NON-IRAQI CIVILIAN CASUALTIES TABLE: At least 45 Halliburton employees have been killed in Iraq since March 2003. and up until August 29, 2004. T Christian Miller, "In Iraq, 'Road Warriors' Deliver the Goods," *Los Angeles Times*, August 29, 2004. There are approximately 15,000 security contractors working in Iraq as of April 15, 2004, according to Peter Singer, National Security Fellow at the Brookings Institution.

FOREIGN NATIONALS KIDNAPPED IN IRAQ SINCE MAY 2003

Month	Number of foreigners	Status
	kidnapped	
May 2003 - October 2003	0	
November	122	1 released
December	0	
January 2004	0	
February	0	
March	0	
April	43 ²³	3 killed, 30 released, 2 still held, 1 escaped, 7
		status unknown
May	2^{24}	1 killed, 1 still held
June	3 ²⁵	1 escaped, 2 killed
July	26 ²⁶	3 killed, 13 released, I rescued, 1 escaped, 6 still
		held, 2 unknown
August	29 ²⁷	15 killed, 1 still held, 13 released
September	21 ²⁸	21 still held
Date of capture unknown	13 ²⁹	11 unknown, 2 killed
Total		26 killed, 57 released, 3 escaped, 1 rescued, 31
as of September 20, 2004	138	still held, 20 status unknown

SUSPECTED INSURGENTS DETAINED OR KILLED³⁰



NOTE ON SUSPECTED INSURGENTS DETAINED OR KILLED TABLE: The estimate of suspected insurgents killed or detained since May is a very rough one. The substantial increase in number of people detained or killed in November and onwards may not imply a huge increase in people detained or killed but rather that the data improved starting that month. The numbers for suspected insurgents killed or detained from November to March is not a monthly total, but the projected total given the daily pace of *detained* anti-coalition suspects.

IRAQI PRISON POPULATION 31

Peak prison population in 2003	10,000
Prison population in July, 2004	5,700 ³²
	(of which 90 are foreign nationals)
Prison population as of September 7, 2004	5,500
	(whereof 2 are women,
	65-70 are juveniles
	and 130-140 are foreign nationals)

ESTIMATED STRENGTH OF IRAQI RESISTANCE NATIONWIDE

Month	Estimated strength of Iraqi resistance nationwide
November	5,000 ³³
December	5,000 ³⁴
	3,000-5,000 ³⁵
January 2004	
February	N/A
March	N/A
April	5,000 ³⁶
May	N/A
June	N/A
July	20,000 ³⁷
August	20,000
September	20,000 ³⁸

NOTE ON IRAQI PRISON POPULATION TABLE: Military official now claims that the duration of processing those arresting and releasing those who are innocent have been decreased to an average of 60 days from having been between 120 – 140 days. Only 25 individuals of those released have been recaptured for being suspected of conducting attacks against American forces. Dexter Filkins, "General Says Less Coercion of Captives Yields Better Data," *New York Times*, September 7, 2004.

NOTE ON ESTIMATED STRENGTH OF IRAQI RESISTANCE NATIONWIDE TABLE: The Deputy Commander of Coalition forces in Iraq, British Major General Andrew Graham, estimates that there are 40,000 to 50,000 active insurgent fighters" in Iraq. Johanna McGeary, "Mission Still Not Accomplished," *Time Magazine*, September 2, 2004.

NOTE ON ESTIMATED STRENGTH OF IRAQI RESISTANCE NATIONWIDE TABLE: 200 insurgents are estimated to be loyal to Abu Musab Zarqawi as of July 7, 2004. U.S. officials estimate that foreign fighters in Iraq are in the low hundreds as of July 7, 2004. Robin Wright, "In Iraq, Daunting Tasks Await, *Washington Post*, July 7, 2004.

NOTE ON ESTIMATED STRENGTH OF IRAQI RESISTANCE NATIONWIDE TABLE: "Over 90 percent" of the enemy combatants are Bath Party loyalists, according to John E. McLaughlin, Deputy Director of Central Intelligence. Dana Priest, "The CIA's 'Anonymous' No. 2; Low-Profile Deputy Director Leads Agency's Analytical Side," *Washington Post*, January 9, 2004.

COALITION TROOP STRENGTH IN IRAO SINCE MAY

Month U.S. troops in Iraq				Total international troop	
	Active	Reserve	Total	(excluding U.S & Iraqi forces)	strength in Iraq
May	~142,000 ³⁹	~8,000 ⁴⁰	150,000 ⁴¹	23,000 ⁴²	173,000
June	~126,000 ⁴³	~24,000 ⁴⁴	150,000 ⁴⁵	21,000 ⁴⁶	171,000
July	~124,00047	~25,000 ⁴⁸	149,000 ⁴⁹	21,000 ⁵⁰	170,000
August	~114,000 ⁵¹	~25,000 ⁵²	139,000 ⁵³	22,000 ⁵⁴	161,000
September	~103,000 ⁵⁵	~29,000 ⁵⁶	132,000 ⁵⁷	24,000 ⁵⁸	156,000
October	~102,000 ⁵⁹	~29,000 ⁶⁰	131,000 ⁶¹	25,000 ⁶²	156,000
November	N/A	N/A	123,000 ⁶³	23,900 ⁶⁴	146,900
December	~85,400 ⁶⁵	~36,600 ⁶⁶	122,00067	24,500 ⁶⁸	146,500
January	N/A	N/A	122,000 ⁶⁹	25,600 ⁷⁰	147,600
February	N/A	N/A	115,000 ⁷¹	24,000 ⁷²	139,000
March	N/A	N/A	130,000 ⁷³	24,000 ⁷⁴	154,000
April	N/A	N/A	137, 000 ⁷⁵	25,000 ⁷⁶	162,000
May	N/A	N/A	138,000 ⁷⁷	24,000 ⁷⁸	162,000
June	89,700	48,300 ⁷⁹	138,000 ⁸⁰	23,000 ⁸¹	161,000
July	N/A	N/A	140,000 ⁸²	22,000 ⁸³	162,000
August	84,000	56,000 ⁸⁴	140,000 ⁸⁵	22,000	162,000
September	84,000	56,000 ⁸⁶	140,000 ⁸⁷	22,000	162,000

N/A= Not available

U.S. TROOPS ENGAGED IN OPERATION IRAQI FREEDOM STATIONED IN THE VICINITIES OF IRAQ AND AT SEA

6/18/2004

Month	Number of U.S. troops
September	51,000 ⁸⁸
December	45,000 ⁸⁹

NOTE ON COALITION TROOP STRENGTH IN IRAQ SINCE MAY TABLE: In late 2003 the Department of Defense announced that it planned to draw down the number of American troops in Iraq to 105, 000 by May 2004. The current planning as of June 2004 entails maintaining a force of approximately 138,000 troops until the end of 2005. "GAO-04-902R Rebuilding Iraq," June 2004, General Accounting Office.

NOTE ON COALITION TROOP STRENGTH IN IRAQ SINCE MAY TABLE: All numbers are end of month estimates or latest data available for the current month.

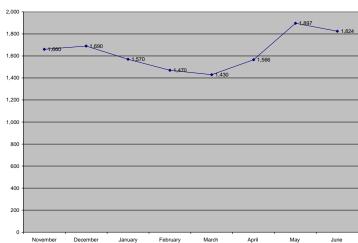
NOTE ON U.S. TROOPS ENGAGED IN OPERATION IRAQI FREEDOM STATIONED IN THE VICINITIES OF IRAQ AND AT SEA TABLE: 26,000 U.S. and Coalition personnel providing logistical support to Operation Iraqi Freedom were deployed in Kuwait, as of March 4, 2004. Commander USCENTCOM, John Abizaid, "Prepared Testimony before the Senate Committee on Armed Services Personnel Subcommittee", March 4, 2004, p. 8.

NOTE ON U.S. TROOPS ENGAGED IN OPERATION IRAQI FREEDOM STATIONED IN THE VICINITIES OF IRAQ AND AT SEA TABLE: Of the 51,000 troops involved in Operation Iraqi Freedom stationed outside of Iraq in September 2003, approximately 10,070 were Navy personnel (most at sea in the Persian Gulf). The majority of the remaining 40,090 troops are assumed to have been stationed in Kuwait. Since approximately 2,500 Marines were stationed in Kuwait, we assume that roughly 37,590 Army troops were stationed in Kuwait or in the vicinities.

TOP TEN NON-U.S. COALITION CONTRIBUTORS OF MILITARY PERSONNEL IN IRAQ

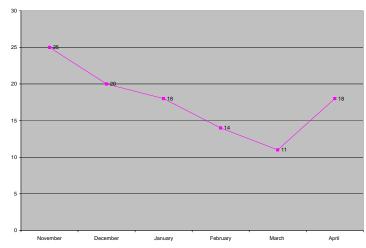
Coalition country	Military personnel in Iraq ⁹⁰	
United Kingdom	8,300	
South Korea	3,600 ⁹¹	
Poland	3,000 ⁹²	
Italy	2,800	
Ukraine	1,60093	
Netherlands	1,300	
Australia	850	
Romania	700	
Japan	500	
Bulgaria	450	

COALITION FORCES ACTIVITY⁹⁴



AVERAGE NUMBER OF PATROLS/24 HOURS

AVERAGE NUMBER OF RAIDS/24 HOURS



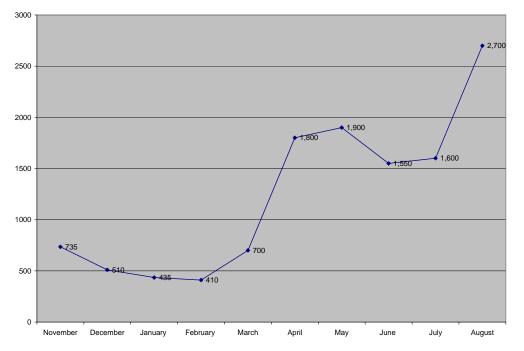
NOTE ON TOP TEN NON-U.S. COALITION CONTRIBUTORS OF MILITARY PERSONNEL IN IRAQ TABLE: Spain withdrew the last of its 1,300 troops from Iraq on May 21.

NOTE ON TOP TEN NON-U.S. COALITION CONTRIBUTORS OF MILITARY PERSONNEL IN IRAQ TABLE: The following countries have forces in Iraq: Albania, Australia, Azerbaijan, Bulgaria, Czech Republic, Denmark, El Salvador, Estonia, Georgia, Honduras, Hungary, Italy, Japan, Kazakhstan, Korea, Latvia, Lithuania, Macedonia, Moldova, Mongolia, Netherlands, New Zealand, Nicaragua, Norway, Poland, Portugal, Romania, Singapore, Slovakia, Thailand, , Ukraine and the United Kingdom.

"HIGH-VALUE" INTELLIGENCE REPORTS⁹⁵

Increase in number of "high-value"	
Intelligence reports drawn from interrogations	
on a monthly basis as of September 6, 2004 since January 2004	

INSURGENT ATTACKS ON COALITION FORCES96



REWARD OFFERED BY INSURGENTS FOR ATTACKING U.S. TROOPS

6/14/2004

Month	Reward for carrying out attacks on U.S. troops (\$)
	(attack/successful attack)
May	100/500 ⁹⁷
June	N/A
July	N/A
August	N/A
September	N/A
October	1,000-2,000/ 3,000-5,000 ⁹⁸
November	N/A
December	500/3,000 ⁹⁹

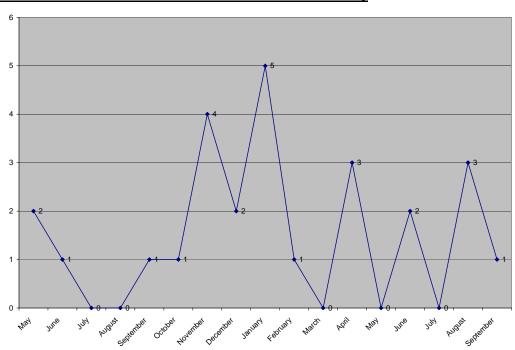
N/A= Not available

INSURGENT ATTACKS ON IRAQI SECURITY FORCES AND IRAQI CIVILIANS

4/2/2004

Month	Typical number of daily attacks on	Typical number of daily attacks on
	Iraqi security forces	Iraqi civilians
December	2 ¹⁰⁰	2^{101}
January	4 ¹⁰²	1 ¹⁰³
February	4 ¹⁰⁴	3 ¹⁰⁵
March	4 ¹⁰⁶	4 ¹⁰⁷
April	N/A	N/A
May	N/A	N/A

N/A= Not available

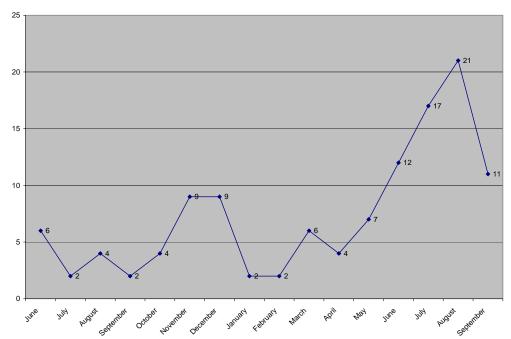


AMERICAN MILITARY HELICOPTERS DOWNED IN IRAQ¹⁰⁸

Total as of September 20: 26

NOTE ON AMERICAN MILITARY HELICOPTERS DOWNED IN IRAQ TABLE: Of the 26 helicopters downed in Iraq since May 2003, at least 16 were downed by enemy fire.

ATTACKS ON IRAQI OIL AND GAS PIPELINES, INSTALLATIONS & PERSONNEL¹⁰⁹



Total as of September 20: 118

BAATHIST LEADERS STILL AT LARGE SINCE APRIL

Month	Iraqi 55 most wanted: Individuals still at large ¹¹⁰
April	40
May	28
June	23
July	18
August	16
September	15
October	15
November	15
December	13 ¹¹¹
January	12 ¹¹²
February	10 ¹¹³
March	9 ¹¹⁴
April	9
May	9
June	9
July	9
August	9
September	8 ¹¹⁵

NOTE ON BAATHIST LEADERS STILL AT LARGE SINCE APRIL TABLE: Reports on September 6, 2004 said that a man believed to be Izzat Ibrahim had been captured. DNA tests are currently being taken to confirm that this is the case. The table assumes that the apprehended man indeed is Ibrahim. We will update this information as soon as more information is available.

Month	Iraqi security forces							
	Police	National Guard (Former Civil Defense Corps)	Army	Border patrol	Facilities protection services	Total Iraqi security forces		
May	7,000-9,000 ¹¹⁶	N/A	0	N/A	N/A	N/A		
June	N/A	N/A	0	N/A	N/A	N/A		
July	30,000 ¹¹⁷	N/A	0	N/A	11,000 ¹¹⁸	N/A		
August	34,000 ¹¹⁹	670 ¹²⁰	0	2,500 ¹²¹	N/A	N/A		
September	37,000 ¹²²	2,500 ¹²³	0	4,700 ¹²⁴	>12,000 ¹²⁵	56,200		
October	55,000 ¹²⁶	4,700 ¹²⁷	700 ¹²⁸	6,400 ¹²⁹	18,700 ¹³⁰	85,500		
November	68,800 ¹³¹	12,700 ¹³²	900 ¹³³	12,400 ¹³⁴	52,700 ¹³⁵	147,500		
December	71,600 ¹³⁶	15,200 ¹³⁷	400 ¹³⁸	12,900139	65,200¹⁴⁰	165,300		
January	66,900 ¹⁴¹	19,800 ¹⁴²	1,100 ¹⁴³	21,000 ¹⁴⁴	97,800 ¹⁴⁵	206,600		
February	77,100 ¹⁴⁶	27,900 ¹⁴⁷	2,000 ¹⁴⁸	18,000 ¹⁴⁹	73,900 ¹⁵⁰	198,900		
March	75,000 ¹⁵¹	33,560 ¹⁵²	3,005 ¹⁵³	23,426 ¹⁵⁴	73,992 ¹⁵⁵	213,085		
	22% partially or fully trained	100% partially or fully trained	100% partially or fully trained	39% partially or fully trained	100% partially or fully trained	64% partially or fully trained		
April	80,016 ¹⁵⁶ 22% partially or fully trained	23,123 ¹⁵⁷ 100% partially or fully trained	2,367 ¹⁵⁸ 100% partially or fully trained	18,747 ¹⁵⁹ 49% partially or fully trained	73,992 ¹⁶⁰ 100% partially or fully trained	198,245 64% partially or fully trained		
May	90,803 ¹⁶¹ 28% partially or fully trained	24,873 ¹⁶² 100% partially or fully trained	3,939 ¹⁶³ 100% partially or fully trained	16,097 ¹⁶⁴ 57% partially or fully trained	73,992 ¹⁶⁵ 100% partially or fully trained	209,704 ¹⁶⁶ 66% partially or fully trained		
June	83,789 ¹⁶⁷ 32% partially or fully trained	36,229 ¹⁶⁸ 100% partially or fully trained	7,116 ¹⁶⁹ 100% partially or fully trained	18,183 ¹⁷⁰ 100% partially or fully trained	73,992 ¹⁷¹ 100% partially or fully trained	219,309 74% partially or fully trained		
July	31,300 ¹⁷² partially or fully trained	36,229 ¹⁷³ partially or fully trained	7,700 ¹⁷⁴ partially or fully trained	19,859 ¹⁷⁵ partially or fully trained	73,992 ¹⁷⁶ partially or fully trained	169, 080 partially or fully trained		
August	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	206,000 ¹⁷⁷ 53% partially or fully trained		
September	32,000 on duty, none fully trained ¹⁷⁸	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	95,000 ¹⁷⁹ partially or fully trained		
Stated goal	89,369 ¹⁸⁰	41,088 ¹⁸¹	35,000 ¹⁸²	20,420 ¹⁸³	73,992 ¹⁸⁴	259,869		

SIZE OF IRAQI SECURITY FORCES ON DUTY

N/A= Not available

NOTE: According to Donald Rumsfeld, Iraqi Security forces number around 206,000 in August, 2004. 96,000 of those forces have not been fully trained and equipped. Thom Shanker, "Terrorists Will Fall In Attempt to Disturb Voting For President In Afghanistan, Rumsfeld Says," *New York Times*, August 11, 2004.

NOTE: As of June 22, the Iraqi police had 70% of the weapons needed to fully equip the force. "Draft Working Papers: Iraq Status," *Department of Defense*, June, 22, 2004. Unclassified. Provided to the author by contacts at DoD.

NOTE: The decline in the Iraqi Army and Police on duty since early April is due to the fact that "some were sent to retraining, some were killed in the line of duty and others were removed for actions supporting the insurgency." Draft Working Papers: Iraq Status", *Department of Defense*, May 3, 2004. Unclassified. Provided to the author by contacts at the DoD.

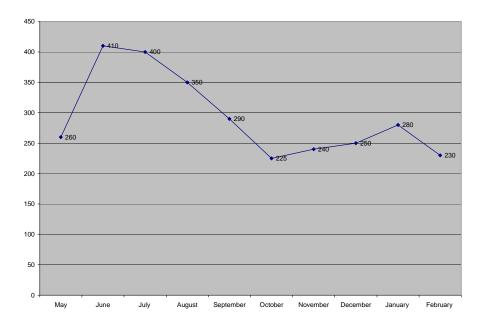
NOTE: 10% of Iraqi security forces fought against coalition forces during the upsurge in insurgent violence in April, according to the commander of the 1st Armored Division, Major General Martin Dempsey. Another 40% "walked off the job because they were intimidated," Major Dempsey said. Connie Cass, "10 Percent of Iraqi Forces Turned on U.S. During Attacks," USA Today, April 22, 2004. **NOTE:** All numbers are end of month estimates, or latest data available for the current month.

NOTE: There are 10,000 police on duty in Baghdad as of March 18. The goal set by the CPA is to have 19,000 police on duty. Major General Martin Dempsey, Commander, 1st Armored Division, *Coalition Provisional Authority Briefing*,

(www.defenselink.mil/transcripts/2004/tr20040318-0549.html [March 19, 2004]).

NOTE: The army under Saddam was 400,000 troops strong. Dexter Filkins, "Bremer Pushes Iraq on Difficult Path to Self-Rule," *New York Times*, March 21, 2004.

MAJOR PROPERTY CRIMES REPORTED TO BAGHDAD POLICE DEPARTMENT¹⁸⁵



NOTE: The contents of this table should be treated cautiously since many major property crimes are not reported to Baghdad police.

ECONOMIC & QUALITY OF LIFE INDICATORS

IRAQI NATIONAL DEBT: CREDITORS

Creditor country/ creditor by country of

Outstanding amounts due by Iraq (millions of dollars) 499.3¹⁸⁶ 813.1¹⁸⁷

11/6/2003

origin	
and interest	
Australia	499.3 ¹⁸⁶
Austria	813.1 ¹⁸⁷
Belgium	184.5 ¹⁸⁸
Brazil	192.9 ¹⁸⁹
Canada	564.2 ¹⁹⁰
Denmark	30.8 ¹⁹¹
Finland	152.2 ¹⁹²
France	2,993.7 ¹⁹³
Germany	2,403.9 ¹⁹⁴
Italy	1,726 ¹⁹⁵
Japan	4,108.6 ¹⁹⁶
Netherlands	96.7 ¹⁹⁷
Republic of Korea	54.7 ¹⁹⁸
Russian Federation	3,450 ¹⁹⁹
Spain	321.2^{200}
Sweden	185.8^{201}
Switzerland	117.5^{202}
United Kingdom	930.8 ²⁰³
United States	$2,192^{204}$
Egypt and others	N/A
Poland	500 ²⁰⁵
Kuwait	17,000 ²⁰⁶
Bulgaria	1.000^{207}
Hungary	16.5^{208}
Gulf States	30,000²⁰⁹
Могоссо	31.8 ²¹⁰
Jordan	295 ²¹¹
Turkey	800 ²¹²
Interest (as of 2002)	47,000 ²¹³
Total	~117,660

N/A = Not available.

NOTE: Debt towards Paris Club countries, Russia and the Republic of Korea (cursive) excludes interest rates and is defined as; "from the debtor side, the amounts due by the public sector. From the creditors' point of view, the figures include credits and loans granted, or guaranteed by, the Governments or their appropriate institutions. Basically, private claims (debt owed to private creditors) as well as private debt (owed by private Iraqi Institutions without public guarantee) is excluded from this recollection....Russian claims: this figure represents the amounts due to Russia after a simulation of the adjustment on Soviet era claims consistent with Paris Club methodology."

NOTE: "Estimates of Iraq's foreign debt vary widely, from \$62-130 billion. The disparities in estimates are due in part to a disagreement between Iraq and its neighboring states over the nature of approximately \$30 billion in assistance given to Iraq by several Gulf States during the Iran-Iraq War. Iraq considers these payments to have been grants; the creditor states consider them to have been loans. Figures also vary depending on whether they include interests which some estimates put at \$47 billion and rising. The World Bank/Bank for International Settlements' 2001 estimate for Iraqi debt totaled \$127.7 billion, including \$47 billion in accrued interest. The U.S Department of Energy's 2001 estimate was 62.2 billion."

NOTE: "There are known to be creditors in Egypt, although the exact amount of this debt is not known. There are also assumed to be other unknown or undisclosed creditors in these and other countries."

PLEDGES MADE AT THE INTERNATIONAL DONOR'S CONFERENCE FOR IRAQ IN MADRID, OCTOBER 23-24, 2003²¹⁴.

Donor	2004	2005-2007	Unspecified	Total
	(millions)	(millions)	by year (millions)	(millions)
Australia	\$45.59	\$0	\$0	\$45.59
Austria	\$1.94	\$3.53	\$0	\$5.48
Belgium	\$5.89	\$0	\$0	\$5.89
Bulgaria	\$0.64	\$0	\$0	\$0.64
Canada	\$0	\$0	\$187.47	\$187.47
China	\$0	\$0	\$25	\$25
Cyprus	\$0	\$0	\$0.12	\$0.12
Czech Republic	\$7.33	\$7.33	\$0.00	\$14.66
Denmark	\$26.95	\$0	\$0	\$26.95
Estonia	\$0.08	\$0	\$0	\$0.08
Finland	\$5.89	\$0	\$0	\$5.89
Greece	\$0	\$0	\$3.53	\$3.53
Hungary	\$1.24	\$0	\$0	\$1.24
India	\$10	\$0	\$0	\$10
Iran	\$5	\$0	\$0	\$5
Ireland	\$3.53	\$0	\$0	\$3.53
Iceland	\$1.50	\$1	\$0	\$2.50
Italy	\$0	\$0	\$235.62	\$235.62
Japan	\$0	\$0	\$4,914.00	\$4,914.00
Korea	\$0	\$0	\$200	\$200
Kuwait	\$0	\$0	\$500	\$500
Luxembourg	\$1.18	\$1.18	\$0	\$2.36
Malta	\$0.00	\$0	\$0.27	\$0.27
Netherlands	\$9.42	\$0	\$0	\$9.42
New Zealand	\$3.35	\$0	\$0	\$3.35
Norway	\$4.29	\$8.58	\$0	\$12.87
Oman	\$0	\$0	\$3	\$3
Pakistan	\$0	\$0	\$2.50	\$2.50
Qatar	\$0	\$0	\$100	\$100
Saudi Arabia	\$120	\$380	\$0	\$500
Slovenia	\$0.27	\$0.15	\$0	\$0.42
Spain	\$80	\$140	\$0	\$220
Sweden	\$0	\$0	\$33	\$33
Turkey	\$0	\$0	\$50	\$50
United Arab Emirates	\$0	\$0	\$215	\$215
United Kingdom	\$235.48	\$216.85	\$0	\$452.33
United States	\$0	\$0	\$18,649	\$18,649
International Monetary Fund	\$850	\$1,700-3,400	\$0	\$2,550-4,250
World Bank	\$500	\$2,500-4,500	\$0	\$3,000-5,000
European Commission , European Union member states and acceding countries	\$614.83	\$394.04	\$272.54	\$1,256.41
European Community	\$235.62	\$0	\$0	\$235.62
Total	\$2,155.21	\$4,958.62	\$25,118.50	\$32,232.33-
		- 8,658.62		35,932.33 (whereof \$22,271.71 in grants & \$9,625-13,325 in loans ²¹⁵)

NOTE: The World Bank defines a pledge as "an indication of intent to mobilize funds for which an approximate sum of contribution is specified. "The amounts in this table excludes identified humanitarian assistance (\$115.17 million) and export credits and guarantees. Most donors were not able to specify the type of grant assistance at the time of the conference.

NOTE: It has been estimated that close to 25% of the \$18 billion of U.S. aid to Iraq will be needed to cover security costs. David Barstow et. al. "Security Companies: Shadow Soldiers in Iraq," *New York Times*, April 19, 2004.

WORLD BANK ESTIMATE OF IRAQ RECONSTRUCTION NEEDS²¹⁶

Category	Millions of dollars			
	2004	2005-2007	Total	
Government Institutions, Civil Society, Rule of Law & Media	99	288	387	
Health, Education, Employment Creation	1,880	5,310	7,190	
Infrastructure	5,836	18,368	24,204	
Agriculture and Water Resources	1,230	1,797	3,027	
Private Sector Development	176	601	777	
Mine Action	80	154	234	
Total	9,301	26,518	35,819	

CPA-ESTIMATED NEEDS IN SECTORS NOT COVERED BY THE UN/WORLD BANK ASSESSMENT²¹⁷

Category	Millions of dollars			
	2004	2005-2007	Total	
Security and Police	5,000	-	5,000	
Oil	2,000	6,000	8,000	
Culture	140	800	940	
Environment	500	3,000	3,500	
Human rights	200	600	800	
Foreign Affairs	100	100	200	
Religious Affairs	100	200	300	
Science and Technology	100	300	400	
Youth and Sport	100	200	300	
Total of CPA estimates	8,240	11,200	19,440	

TOTAL FUNDS AVAILABLE, OBLIGATED, AND DISBURSED FOR IRAQ RECONSTRUCTION, AS OF APRIL, 2004²¹⁸

	U.S. appropriations in 2003 and 2004 (billions)	Development fund for Iraq (billions)	Vested and seized assets (billions)	International (non-U.S.) pledges (billions)
Total Funding	\$24	\$18	\$2.65	\$13.6
Obligations	\$8.2	\$13	\$2.5	N/A
Disbursement	\$3	\$8.3	\$2.4	\$1.2 ²¹⁹

N/A: Not available

NOTE ON TOTAL FUNDS AVAILABLE, OBLIGATED, AND DISBURSED FOR IRAQ RECONSTRUCTION, AS OF APRIL 2004 TABLE: U.S. appropriations include appropriations granted in both 2003 and 2004. In 2003, \$4.5 billion dollars was appropriated towards Iraqi reconstruction, and in 2004 \$18.4 billion was appropriated towards Iraqi reconstruction. An additional amount of roughly \$1 billion was appropriated towards CPA operating costs. \$3 billion of that total sum, \$24 billion, had been spent as of April 2004, most from 2003 funds. As of 22 June, 2003, only \$366 million of the funds appropriated in 2004 had been disbursed. 11 billion of the 2004 appropriations had been apportioned as of June 30, 2004. "An apportion is defined as a plan, approved by the Office of Management and Budget, to spend resources provided by law. A disbursement is defined as an actual payment (check goes out the door) for goods /services received." *GAO-04-902 R: Rebuilding Iraq*, General Accounting Office, June 2004; *Quarterly Update to Congress: 2207 Report*, July 2004.

PROJECT ALLOCATIONS AND DISBURSEMENT BY CATEGORY, AS OF MAY, 2004²²⁰

Purpose	Allocations (millions)	Disbursements (millions)
Ministry operations and expenses	\$7,541	\$6,106
Program Review Board relief and reconstruction projects	:	
Humanitarian and human services	\$2,202	\$1,292
Essential services	\$1,439	\$316
Security	\$895	\$21
Economic reconstruction	\$224	\$182
Governance	\$34	\$21
Public buildings and other reconstruction	\$27	\$8
Regional programs	\$618	\$333
Total	\$12,980	\$8,279

USAID CONTRACTS²²¹

Date	Contract	Awardee	Funding disbursed as of January 2004
1/6/2004	Iraq infrastructure reconstruction –phase 11	Bechtel	\$1.8 billion (awarded contract)
10/21/2003	Agriculture reconstruction and Development for Iraq	Development Alternatives, Inc.	\$9 million
7/25/2003	Economic recovery, Reform, and Sustained growth	BearingPoint, Inc.	\$39 million
6/25/2003	Monitoring and Evaluation	Management System International	\$5.5 million
5/5/2003	Airport Administration	SkyLink Air and Logistics Support, Inc.	17.5million
4/30/2003	Public Health	Abt Associates, Inc.	\$21 million
4/17/2003	Capital Construction	Bechtel	\$1 billion
4/11/2003	Primary and Secondary education	Creative Associates International, Inc.	\$37.9 million
4/11/2003	Local Government	Research Triangle Institute	\$104.6 million
3/24/2003	Seaport Administration	Stevedoring Services of America	\$41.3million
2/17/2003	Theater Logistical Support	Air Force Contract Augmentation Program	\$91.5 million
2/7/2003	Personnel Support	International Resources Group	\$18.3 million
	Tota	\$1.387 billion	
		disbursed	
			\$1.8 billion pending

PROJECT ALLOCATIONS AND DISBURSEMENT BY CATEGORY, AS OF MAY 2004 TABLE: In addition to U.S. appropriations, the amount dispersed includes funds from the Development Fund for Iraq and for vested and seized assets.

				Fuel supplies	available	
	(Million barrels/			(Millions of li	ters/day)	(Tons/day)
Time	Crude oil production	Crude export	Diesel (Prod. & Imp.)	Kerosene (Prod. & Imp.)	Gasoline/Benzene (Prod. & Imp)	Total LPG (Prod. & Imp.)
Estimated pre-war level	2.8-3.0 ²²²	1.7- 2.5 ²²³	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
May	0.3 ²²⁴	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
June	0.675 ²²⁵	0.2^{226}	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
July	0.925 ²²⁷	0.322 ²²⁸	6.5 ²²⁹	4.75 ²³⁰	13.5 ²³¹	1,880 ²³²
Aug.	1.445 ²³³	0.646 ²³⁴	10.25 ²³⁵	6.2 ²³⁶	14.0 ²³⁷	2,530 ²³⁸
Sept.	1.7225 ²³⁹	0.983 ²⁴⁰	14.25 ²⁴¹	6.9 ²⁴²	17.3 ²⁴³	3,030 ²⁴⁴
Oct.	2.055 ²⁴⁵	1.149 ²⁴⁶	14.75 ²⁴⁷	9.6 ²⁴⁸	16.35 ²⁴⁹	3,700 ²⁵⁰
November	2.1 ²⁵¹	1.524 ²⁵²	13.14 ²⁵³	13.3 ²⁵⁴	11.792 ²⁵⁵	3,610²⁵⁶
December	2.30 ²⁵⁷	1.541 ²⁵⁸	12.29 ²⁵⁹	9.4 ²⁶⁰	12.9 ²⁶¹	3,460 ²⁶²
January	2.440 ²⁶³	1.537 ²⁶⁴	13.91 ²⁶⁵	11.3 ²⁶⁶	13.32 ²⁶⁷	3,445 ²⁶⁸
February	2.276 ²⁶⁹	1.382 ²⁷⁰	15.21 ²⁷¹	13.05 ²⁷²	16.65 ²⁷³	4,670 ²⁷⁴
March	2.435 ²⁷⁵	1.825 ²⁷⁶	15.03 ²⁷⁷	17.28 ²⁷⁸	17.19 ²⁷⁹	5,010 ²⁸⁰
April	2.384 ²⁸¹	1.804 ²⁸²	22.75 ²⁸³	4.46 ²⁸⁴	19.3 ²⁸⁵	3,607 ²⁸⁶
May	1.887 ²⁸⁷	1.380 ²⁸⁸	22.92^{289}	4.005 ²⁹⁰	18.07 ²⁹¹	3,264 ²⁹²
June	2.295 ²⁹³	2.023 ²⁹⁴	16.47 ²⁹⁵	4.9 ²⁹⁶	22 ²⁹⁷	3,086 ²⁹⁸
July	N/A	N/A	15.3 ²⁹⁹	4.9 ³⁰⁰	22 ³⁰¹	3,120 ³⁰²
August	1.85 ³⁰³	1.8 ³⁰⁴	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Stated Goal:	2.8-3.0 ³⁰⁵ to be	N/A	18 ³⁰⁶ revised	5.0 ³⁰⁷ revised up in	22 ³⁰⁸ revised up in June from	4,000 ³⁰⁹ revised down in June
	reached by December 2004		down in June from 19.5	June from 4.5 in May	19 in May	from 4,800

N/A= Not available

NOTE: The June estimate of crude oil exports is from before the June 15 pipeline sabotage. The final June average of crude oil exports is therefore likely to be somewhat lower.

NOTE: The administration's post war estimate was that Iraq would accrue \$2-3 billion in oil revenues between June and December 2003. Revenue for 2003 was \$5,076.6 million. As of May 25, 2004, estimated crude oil export revenue was \$5.9 billion for 2004. "Draft Working Papers: Iraq Status", *Department of Defense*, May 25, 2004.

NOTE: Estimated domestic consumption of crude oil is 450,000 barrels per day.

NOTE: Kerosene imports began 5 October, 2003. All previous months cover only production

NOTE: LPG= Liquified Petroleum Gas

ELECTRICITY

	Average amount of electric	city generated (Megawatts)	Average hours of electricity among
Time	Nation-wide	Baghdad	18 governorates ³¹⁰
Estimated pre-war level	4,400 ³¹¹	2,500 ³¹²	N/A
May	N/A	300 ³¹³	N/A
June	3,193 ³¹⁴	707 ³¹⁵	N/A
July	3,236 ³¹⁶	1,082 317	N/A
Aug.	3,263 ³¹⁸	1,283 319	N/A
Sept.	3,543 ³²⁰	1,229 321	N/A
Oct.	3,948 ³²²	N/A	N/A
November	3,582 ³²³	N/A	N/A
December	3,427 ³²⁴	N/A	N/A
January	3,758 ³²⁵	N/A	N/A
February	4,125 ³²⁶	1,307 ³²⁷	13
March	4,040 ³²⁸	1,192 ³²⁹	15
April	3,823 ³³⁰	1,021 ³³¹	15
May	3,902 ³³²	1,053 ³³³	11
June	4,293 ³³⁴	1,198	10
July	5,000 ³³⁵	N/A	10
August	5,300 ³³⁶	N/A	10
Stated Goal:	6,000 to have been reached by July 1, 2004 ³³⁷	2,500 to have been reached by October 2003 ³³⁸	N/A

N/A = Not available

VALUE OF THE IRAQI DINAR

Month	\$1 =ID
October 15	2,000 ³³⁹
November	1,948 ³⁴⁰
December	1,675 ³⁴¹
January	1,360 ³⁴²
February	1,425 ³⁴³ 1,415 ³⁴⁴
March	1,415 ³⁴⁴
April	1,455 ³⁴⁵
May	1,460 ³⁴⁶
June	1,455 ³⁴⁷
July	1,460 ³⁴⁸
August	1,460 ³⁴⁹
September	1,460 ³⁵⁰

NOTE ON VALUE OF THE IRAQI DINAR TABLE: A nationwide currency exchange program was initiated on October 15, 2003 during which new Iraqi dinars were put in circulation and old currency was destroyed. The program was completed on January 20, 2004. The table above tracks the appreciation of the new currency since it was introduced.

NOTE ON AVERAGE HOURS OF ELECTRICITY PER DAY AMONG 18 GOVERNORATES TABLE : The table shows the average hours of electricity available per day to the population in Baghdad, Dahuk, Naynawa, Tamim, Salah Ad Din, Anbar, Diyala, Babil, Karbala, Najaf, Qadisiyah, Wasit, Muthanna, Dhi Qar, Maysan, Basrah, Arbil, and Sulaymaniyah. The average is a simple average, and not weighed according to how many people live in the respective governorates.

PORT CARGO CAPACITY AND COMMERCIAL AIRPORT DEPARTURES NATIONWIDE 5/25/2004

Time	Port cargo capacity (raw tonnage in millions) ³⁵¹	Commercial aircraft departures nationwide (per day) ³⁵²
Pre-war	7	2-3
January	6.3	40
April	N/A	20
May	N/A	29
Stated goal for July 2004	7-8	200-300

N/A= Not available

IRRIGATION

Month	Irrigation canals in need of clearing (km)	
May 20,000 ³⁵³		
September	5,000 ³⁵⁴	
October	3,500 ³⁵⁵	

TELECOMMUNICATIONS

Time	Number of phones	Number of Internet connections
Estimated pre-war level	833,000 ³⁵⁶	4,500 ³⁵⁷
September	850,000 ³⁵⁸	4,900 ³⁵⁹
December	600,000 ³⁶⁰	N/A
January 2004	600,000 ³⁶¹	N/A
February	900,000 ³⁶²	N/A
March	984,225 ³⁶³	N/A
April	1,095,000 ³⁶⁴	N/A
May	1,220,000 ³⁶⁵	N/A
June	1,200,000 ³⁶⁶	N/A
Previous goal (Jan. 2004)	1,100,000 ³⁶⁷	50,000 ³⁶⁸

LOCAL GOVERNANCE COUNCILS

Month	Number of local governance councils
November	255 ³⁶⁹
December	255
January	N/A
February	318 ³⁷⁰

HOSPITALS RESTORED TO PRE-WAR LEVEL OF OPERATIONS

Month	Hospitals restored to pre-war level of operations
March	90% ³⁷¹

NOTE ON LOCAL GOVERNANCE COUNCILS TABLE: The number of local governance councils includes city, district, sub-district and neighborhood councils.

12/01/2003

5/5/2004

2/18/2004

3/7/2004

NATIONWIDE UNEMPLOYMENT RATE SINCE MAY 1

Month	Unemployment rate nationwide
May	N/A
June	50 - 60% ³⁷²
July	N/A
August	50-60% ³⁷³
September	N/A
October	40 - 50% ³⁷⁴
November	N/A
December	45-55% ³⁷⁵
January	30 - 45% ³⁷⁶
February	30 - 45% ³⁷⁷
March	30- 45% ³⁷⁸
April	30 - 45% ³⁷⁹
May	30-45% ³⁸⁰
June	30-40% ³⁸¹
July	30-40% ³⁸²
August	30-40% ³⁸³

N/A= Not available

NOTE ON NATIONWIDE UNEMPLOYMENT TABLE: Estimates of Iraq's unemployment rate varies, but we estimate it to be between 30-40%. The CPA has referred to a 25% unemployment rate, the Iraqi Ministry of Planning mentioned a 30% unemployment rate, whereas the Iraqi Ministry of Social Affairs claims it to be 48%. "Reconstructing Iraq," International Crisis Group, Report, September 2, 2004, p. 16, footnote 157. As

NOTE ON NATIONWIDE UNEMPLOYMENT TABLE: The numbers referred to in the table is a very rough approximation of the employment situation in Iraq. As noted by Director of Employment, Fatin Al-Saeda, Iraqi Ministry of Labor and Social Affairs on October 22, 2003 "There are no employment statistics for Iraq." Department of Defense, "Assistant Secretary for Policy at the Department of Labor, Chris Spear briefs on Iraqi Minister Of Labor And Social Affairs," (http://www.defenselink.mil/transcripts/2003/tr20031022-0809.html {October 22, 2003]. Transcript. Estimates made by economists, however, generally range between 50-70%. There is an inherent difficulty in measuring the Iraqi rate of unemployment over time. Because recent estimates are likely to be more accurate than older ones, but also higher, this means that despite an improvement in the economic situation nationwide, the numbers give the impression that it is getting worse. Considering the increase in entrepreneurial activity after the end of the war, we have for the purposes of this database assumed that there has been an improvement in unemployment levels, and hence weighted information supporting such a conclusion heavier than contradictory data reports. Another factor contributing to a somewhat improved employment situation in Iraq is that some 435,000 jobs have been directly created by the Coalition Provisional Authority as of May 25, 2004. "Draft Working Papers: Iraq Status", *Department of Defense*, May 25, 2004.

POLLING

INTERNATIONAL REPUBLICAN INSTITUTE & INDEPENDENT INSTITUTE FOR ADMINSTRATIVE AND CIVIL SOCIETY STUDIES POLL: AUGUST 10-20, 2004³⁸⁴

	Better: 46.5%
Since the Fall of the Baath regime in April 2003, do you feel that	Worse: 31.3%
your life has gotten better, worse or stayed the same?	Same: 20.8%
	Don't know: 1.1%
Do you feel that there are enough opportunities for you or people	Yes: 40%
like you to play a role in improving the quality of life in your	No: 42%
community?	Don't know/No answer: 10%
	Very likely: 20.2%
To what degree do you feel that democracy in Iraq is likely or	Somewhat likely: 37.8%
unlikely to succeed?	Somewhat unlikely: 13.9%
	Very unlikely: 18.3%
	Don't know: 9.3%
Do you plan to vote in the upcoming election?	Yes: 88%
	No: 8%
	Don't know/No answer: 5%
How confident are you that when you cast your ballot, that your vote	Very confident: 29%
will be secret?	Somewhat confident: 33.2%
	Not very confident: 11.5%
	Not confident at all: 10.5%
To what extent do you feel that elections will reflect the will of the	Very likely: 38.3%
Iraqi people?	Somewhat likely: 37.3%
	Somewhat unlikely: 7.6%
	Very unlikely: 5.3%
To what extent do you feel that violence is likely leading up to, or	Very likely: 39%
during Iraq's elections scheduled to take place in January?	Somewhat likely: 37%
• •	Somewhat unlikely: 8%
	Very unlikely: 4%

REGIONAL VIEW OF QUALITY OF LIFE

Since the Fall of the Baath	Kurdish areas	South	Mid- Euphrates	Baghdad	Mosul & Kirkuk	Sunni areas
regime in April 2003, do you feel that your life has gotten better, worse or stayed the same?	Better: 85.6% Worse: 3.5%	Better: 52.8% Worse: 29.8%	Better: 52.7% Worse: 25.8%	Better: 36.4% Worse: 34.6%	Better: 26.5% Worse: 29.1%	Better: 11.9% Worse: 68.9%
Thinking about the future, do you think your life will be better, worse, or stay the same one year from now?	Better: 88.8% Worse: 1.6%	Better: 66.4% Worse: 14%	Better: 77% Worse: 11.7%	Better: 62.1% Worse: 9.3%	Better: 50% Worse: 14.3%	Better: 42.5% Worse: 29.2%

INTERNATIONAL REPUBLICAN INSTITUTE & INDEPENDENT INSTITUTE FOR ADMINSTRATIVE AND CIVIL SOCIETY STUDIES POLL: JULY 24 - AUGUST 2, 2004³⁸⁵

IRAQI PERCEPTION OF THE INTERIM GOVERNMENT AND PRIME MINISTER ALLAWI

To what degree do you feel that the Interim Government has been effective since the handover of authority on June 28?	Very effective: 19.8% Somewhat effective:42.3% Somewhat ineffective: 14.3% Very ineffective: 12.3% Don't know: 10.4%	
To what degree do you feel that Prime Minister Ayed Allawi has been effective since the handover of authority on June 28?	Very effective: 30.6% Somewhat effective: 35.6% Somewhat ineffective: 9.4% Very ineffective: 8.9% Don't know: 13.8%	
On what issues do you feel that Prime Minister Allawi has been	most effective? Improving security: 45.2% Don't know:16.4% Improving outside relationships:13.3% Improving economy: 2.8% Solving unemployment: 1.1% Solving housing crisis: 0.9%	least effective? Don't know: 26.2% Rebuilding infrastructure: 15.5% Improving security: 9.5% Improving economy: 7.5% Solving unemployment; 6.73% Removal of coalition forces from Iraq: 2.5%

IRAQI PERCEPTION OF CURRENT SITUATION

	June	July
Do you feel that Iraq is generally heading in the right or the wrong direction?	Right direction: 50.7% Wrong direction: 39.3% Don't know: 9.2%	Right direction: 51.3% Wrong direction: 31.4% Don't know: 16.05%
If you think Iraq is moving in the wrong direction, why is that?	Security situation: 62.45% Presence of occupation forces: 17.42% Unemployment: 5.1% Bias to certain groups of Iraqis: 3.66% Economic situation; 2.87% Neglect of infrastructure: 1.71%	
Thinking about the last two months, do you feel that the economy and security have gotten better, worse, or stayed the same?	Economy	Security
	Better: 47.36% Worse: 13.99% Same: 36.08%	Better: 56.77% Worse: 19.96% Same:21.63%

END OF JUNE, 2004: IRAQ CENTER FOR RESEARCH AND STRATEGIC STUDIES POLL³⁸⁶

Question	Findings
Do you strongly or somewhat" oppose	Yes: 67%
the presence of coalition forces?	
Should coalition forces leave either	
immediately or directly after the	Yes: 80%
election?	
Would you feel safer, less safe, or would	More safe: 41%
it make no difference if coalition forces	Less safe: 34%
left now?	No difference: 17%
Should coalition forces stay as long as is	Stay as long as is necessary for stability: 13%
necessary for stability or leave	Leave immediately: 30%
immediately?	
Do you feel very safe in your	End of June: 50%
neighborhood?	End of April: 25%
Have your family's economic situation	Yes: 50%
improved from before the war?	
Do you expect the economy to get better	End of June: ~60%
over the next six months?	End of April: 36%
Have conditions for creating peace	Yes: 49%
worsened over the past three months?	
Are the current difficulties a price worth	Yes: 54%
paying for toppling Saddam?	No: 37%

9-19 JUNE, 2004: COALITION PROVISIONAL AUTHORITY (CPA)POLL³⁸⁷

CONFIDENCE IN THE NEW INTERIM GOVERNMENT

Do you have confidence in the new leaders of the interim government?	Yes: 68%
Do you approve of Prime Minister Ayad Allawi?	Yes: 73%
Do you approve of President Ghazi Yawar?	Yes: 84%
Do you support the new Cabinet?	Yes: 67%
What effect do you believe the new government will have on the	Make things better: 80%
situation in Iraq after the handover on June 30 th ?	Things will remain the same: 10%
	Things will get worse: 7%
Have you heard or read a significant amount about the new	Yes: 70%
leaders of the interim government?	
Do you believe that the first democratic elections for a new	Yes: 67%
national assembly will be free and fair?	

CONFIDENCE IN IRAQI SECURITY FORCES

Do you support the new Iraqi Army?	Yes: 70%
Do you support the new Iraqi police?	Yes: 72%

14-23 MAY, 2004: COALITION PROVISIONAL AUTHORITY (CPA)POLL³⁸⁸

CONFIDENCE IN SELECTED INSTITUTIONS

Month	Iraqi	Iraqi	Iraqi	Iraqi Governing		Coalition
	Police	Army	ministries	Council		forces
November	84%	71%	63%	63%	47%	N/A
January	80%	63%	54%	51%	32%	28%
March	79%	61%	42%	41%	14%	13%
April	67%	62%	31%	23%	9%	7%
May	76%	62%	39%	28%	11%	10%

PERCEIVED IMPACT OF AN INTERIM GOVERNMENT

Question	Findings
How do you think having an interim government	Better: 63%
on June 30 will make things for Iraq?	Worse: 15%
	Same: 14%
	Don't know/No answer: 8%

HOW LONG SHOULD COALITION FORCES STAY IN IRAQ?

Question	Findings
How long should Coalition Forces stay in Iraq?	Leave after a permanent government is elected: 45%
	Leave immediately: 41%
	As long as Coalition Forces think it is necessary for stability: 6
	Two years: 4%
	Don't know/No answer: 4%

IMPACT OF COALITION FORCES LEAVING IMMEDIATELY

If coalition forces left Iraq immediately would you feel more safe?			
November: 11%			
January: 28%			
April: 55%			
May: 55%			

PRISONERS ABUSE AT ABU GHRAIB

Question	Findings
Were you surprised when you saw the abuse of	Yes: 71%
prisoner's at Abu Ghraib?	No: 22%
	Don't know/No answer: 7%
Do you believe that the abuse of prisoners at	All Americans are like this: 54%
Abu Ghraib represents fewer than 100 people	Fewer than 100 people: 38%
or that all Americans behave this way?	Don't know/No answer: 8%
Do you believe anyone will be punished for	No: 61%
what happened at Abu Ghraib?	Yes: 29%
	Don't know/No answer: 10%

ABILITY OF IRAQI POLICE AND ARMY TO MAINTAIN SECURITY IN IRAQ

Question	Findings
Do you think it is likely that the Iraqi police and	Very likely: 62%
Army will maintain security without the	Somewhat likely: 25%
presence of Coalition Forces?	Not very likely: 6%
	Don't know/No answer: 4%
	Not at all likely: 3%

MOST DANGEROUS KIND OF VIOLENCE TO IRAQ

What kind of violence do you think i Street crime	January: 8.9%		
Street crime	May: 8.3%		
Tana adda baada	Č.		
Large vehicle bombs	January: 16.5%		
	May: 16.1%		
Armed encounters between Coalition Forces	January: 3.3%		
and others	May: 11.4%		
Violence by Militias	January: 1.8 %		
	May: 2.2 %		
Killings of Baathists	January: 0.9 %		
	May: 1.3 %		
Private Revenge Killings	January: 1.8 %		
	May: 2.9 %		
Coalition soldiers killed for revenge	January: 0.7 %		
	May: 0.5 %		
Improvised Explosive Devices (IEDs) along	January: 10.6 %		
roads	May: 18.9 %		
Kidnappings	January: 2.0 %		
	May: 3.4 %		
War between sects	January: 29.2%		
	May: 15.6 %		
Ethnic war	January: 8.2 %		
	May: 9.1 %		
Military actions by Coalition Forces	January: 6.3 %		
5	May: 9.1%		
Threats from outside Iraq	January: 1.8 %		
a	May: 3.6 %		
Don't know/No answer	January: 2.2 %		
	May: 6.5 %		

MOST DANGEROUS KIND OF VIOLENCE TO IRAQI FAMILIES

Street crime	January: 45.9%		
	May: 40.4 %		
Large vehicle bombs	January: 8.4 %		
0	May: 15.2 %		
Armed encounters between Coalition Forces	January: 3.4 %		
and others	May: 10.8 %		
Violence by Militias	January: 0.9 %		
	May: 1.6 %		
Killings of Baathists	January: 0.7%		
	May: 0.3 %		
Private Revenge Killings	January: 2.1%		
	May: 1.0 %		
Coalition soldiers killed for revenge	January: 0.7 %		
	May: 0.1 %		
Improvised Explosive Devices (IEDs) along	January: 19.1 %		
roads	May: 16.7 %		
Kidnappings	January: 1.3 %		
	May: 1.7 %		
War between sects	January: 4.3 %		
	May: 1.6 %		
Ethnic war	January: 0.7 %		
	May: 0.3 %		
Military actions by Coalition Forces	January: 10.6 %		
-	May: 8.5 %		
Threats from outside Iraq	January: 0.2 %		
_	May: 0.1 %		
Don't know/No answer	January: 1.7 %		
	May: 1.1 %		

MOST URGENT ISSUES FACING IRAQ MID-MAY

Issue	Baghdad	Basrah	Mosul	Hillah	Diwaniyah	Baqubah	All
Security	58%	39%	60%	84%	72%	55%	59%
Economy	16%	16%	17%	8%	15%	20%	16%
Infrastructure	13%	38%	15%	7%	6%	2%	15%
All Others	13%	7%	8%	1%	7%	23%	10%

IRAQI OPINION OF MOQTADA AL-SADR IN LATE APRIL

Question	Findings
Compared to 3 months ago my opinion of	Much better: 40%
Moqtada al-Sadr is	Better: 41%
	Somewhat worse: 14%
	Much worse: 5%

IMPACT OF EVENTS ON UNIFYING OR DIVIDING IRAQ

Question	Findings
Have recent events, the fighting in Falluja and	More unified: 64%
the acts of Moqtada al-Sadr made Iraq more	More divided: 14%
unified or more divided?	Don't know/No answer: 22%

OPINION ON VIOLENT ATTACKS IN THE COUNTRY

How much do you agree with each of the following statements?		
The violent attacks around the country		
are an effort of outside groups to create	Somewhat agree: 25%	
instability in our country	Totally agree: 36%	
	Somewhat disagree: 10%	
	Totally disagree: 15%	
show Iraq is not ready to live in peace with the	Somewhat agree: 20%	
world	Totally agree: 26%	
	Somewhat disagree: 8%	
	Totally disagree: 31%	
emphasize the need for the continued presence	Somewhat agree: 20%	
of coalition forces	Totally agree: 22%	
	Somewhat disagree: 11%	
	Totally disagree: 33%	
are an effort to liberate Iraq from the United	Somewhat agree: 18%	
States and Coalition Forces	Totally agree: 29%	
	Somewhat disagree: 9%	
	Totally disagree: 33%	
are an effort to reinstate the old regime	Somewhat agree: 16%	
	Totally agree: 9%	
	Somewhat disagree: 14%	
	Totally disagree: 45%	
have increased because people have lost faith	Somewhat agree: 12%	
in Coalition Forces	Totally agree: 67%	
	Somewhat disagree: 3%	
	Totally disagree: 6%	

IRAQI PERCEPTION OF INSURGENTS

8	its apply to those who attack the Coalition Forces work with them
They believe that the Coalition is trying to steal	Totally true: 66%
Iraq's wealth	Partially true: 12%
hud b would	Not true: 7%
They believe all foreign forces must leave at once	Totally true: 59%
They selecte all foreign forees must heave at once	Partially true: 15%
	Not true: 11%
They believe national dignity requires the attacks	Totally true: 53%
	Partially true: 15%
	Not true: 13%
They want democracy, but do not believe the	Totally true: 41%
Coaltion will help democracy	Partially true: 22%
L v	Not true: 15%
They want to establish an Islamic state with no	Totally true: 31%
outside influence	Partially true:28%
	Not true: 21%
They are trying go undermine the transfer of	Totally true: 27%
responsibility to Iraqi forces	Partially true: 18%
	Not true: 36%
They are trying to help us create a better future	Totally true: 23%
	Partially true: 23%
	Not true: 32%
They do not want democracy in Iraq	Totally true: 17%
	Partially true: 21%
	Not true: 45%
They are angry because they lost the privileges	Totally true: 15%
they had under Saddam	Partially true: 17%
	Not true: 48%
They want to return to Saddam and the Baath	Totally true: 9%
party	Partially true: 11%
	Not true: 61%

SUPPORT OF OR OPPOSITION TO THE FOLLOWING INDIVIDUALS IN LATE APRIL

Individual	Somewhat support	Strongly support	Somewhat oppose	Strongly oppose
Massoud Barzani	14%	5%	25%	49%
Ayad Allawi	18%	5%	21%	40%
Mowaffek al-Rubaie	21%	8%	20%	41%
Adnan Pachachi	31%	10%	30%	20%
Jalal Talabani	10%	11%	24%	50%
Abdul Karem al-Muhamadawi	20%	11%	16%	29%
Muhssin Abdul Hamed	33%	12%	17%	18%
Sayyid Muhammed Bahr ul-Uloom	26%	18%	18%	31%
Hare'eth al-Dhari	25%	20%	14%	13%
Ahamad al-Qubaisi	31%	24%	16%	13%
Abdul Azziz al-Hakim	26%	25%	16%	28%
Moqtada al-Sadr	35%	32%	19%	10%
Ibrahim Jaferi	19%	39%	12%	26%
Ali Sistani	19%	51%	14%	6%

VOTING FOR AN IRAQI PRESIDENT

If you could vote for any living Iraqi for president,		
who would it be? Absolute number of respondents		
per candidate from 1093 respondents		
Sadoun Hammadi:	2	
Mushin A. Hameed:	3	
Ahmed al-Kubaisi:	3	
Mowaffek al-Rubaie:	4	
Ghazi Ajeel:	4	
Ahmad Chalabi:	6	
Mehdi al-Hafudh:	6	
Ali Sistani:	20	
Moqtada al-Sadr:	22	
Shareef Ali:	27	
Saddam Hussein:	37	
A. Azziz al-Hakeem:	38	
Any fair and efficient person:	42	
Adnan Pachachi:	45	
Other:	57	
Ibrahim Jaafari:	184	
None:	218	
Don't know/No answer:	375	

APPROPRIATE POWER OF THE INTERIM GOVERNMENT

What powers should the unelected, interim government have for its 7 months in office?		
Make laws or agreements that a future elected government	May: 12%	
could not change	April: 11%	
Make long-term agreements with other countries	May: 26%	
	April: 27%	
Replace current governors?	May: 61%	
	April: 62%	
Disarm and control the political party and religious militias	May: 64%	
	April: 63%	
Replace current ministries	May: 60%	
	April: 63%	
Increase or reduce taxes	May: 47%	
	April: 68%	
Order Coalition Forces to leave Iraq	May: 70%	
	April: 77%	
Take responsibility for prisoners held by Coalition Forces	May: N/A	
	April: 83%	
Adjusting prices, such as increasing the prices of subsidized		
petroleum products and other commodities	April: N/A	
Make economic changes, such as giving people money in	May: 19%	
place of their food rations	April: N/A	
Make economic changes, like adjusting prices	May: N/A	
	April: 84%	

IRAQIS INFORMED ABOUT U.N. RECOMMENDATIONS ON THE INTERIM GOVERNMENT

Question	Findings
How much have you heard or read about the	Don't know/No answer: 4%
recent United Nations recommendations about	A great deal: 8%
the June 30 interim government?	Not very much: 16%
	A fair amount: 20%
	Nothing: 52%

IRAQIS INFORMED ABOUT FORMATION OF COMMISSION SUPERVISING ELECTIONS

Question	Findings
How much have you heard or read about the	A great deal: 4%
formation of an independent commission	Not much: 14%
supervising the elections to be held in January	A fair amount: 17%
2005?	Nothing: 65%

WHO SHOULD HAVE A SAY IN SELECTING THE ELECTION COMMISSION?

	nstitutions have in selecting the members of the			
independent election commission?				
	Great deal: 59%			
Religious communities	A fair amount: 20%			
	Not much: 4%			
	None: 11%			
	Great deal: 42%			
International experts	A fair amount: 23%			
	Not much: 6%			
	None:21%			
	Great deal:]38%			
Community tribal leaders	A fair amount:26%			
	Not much: 9%			
	None:19%			
	Great deal: 36%			
United Nations	A fair amount: 20%			
	Not much: 10%			
	None: 27%			
	Great deal: 31%			
Community Political Leaders	A fair amount: 23%			
·	Not much: 13%			
	None: 23%			
	Great deal: 11%			
Governing Council	A fair amount: 15%			
5	Not much: 11%			
	None: 55%			
	Great deal: 8%			
Coalition Provisional Authority	A fair amount: 7%			
U U	Not much: 8%			
	None: 69%			

WHAT CONTRIBUTES TO YOUR SENSE OF SECURITY

Which of the following contributes to your sense of security?
Coalition Forces: 1%
Joint Coalition forces and Iraqi patrols: 1%
Mosque patrols: 2%
None/Other/Don't know/No answer: 3%
Local neighborhood patrols: 4%
Local police: 18%
Family: 26%
Neighbors and friends: 45%

INTEREST IN JOINING THE IRAQI SECURITY FORCES

Question	Findings
Are you and any member of your family more or	More interested: 51%
less interested in joining the Iraqi security forces	Less interested: 39%
than you were 3 months ago?	Don't know/No answer: 10%

IRAQI OPINION OF COALITION FORCES

Should Coalition Forces leave or stay in Iraq?					
(Results expressed as absolute numbers for each opinion for 1068 respondents)					
Leave: 866		Stay: 71			
Why should Coalition Forces leave?		Why should Coalition Forces stay?			
		They are the only power that can effectivel administer Iraq: 3			
They brought only death and destruction:	142				
		If they leave there will be a political			
Iraqis can administer Iraq better:	102	vacuum: 22			
They want Iraqi oil and resources:	76	Other/Don't know/No answer: 11			
They are facilitating Zionist domination of Iraq:	51	Their presence brings Iraq future benefit: 5			
They do not respect our religions and cultures:	38				
They abuse Iraqis:	23				
Other/Don't know/No answer:	16				

NOTE ON IRAQI OPINION OF COALITION FORCES: Although not represented by the original polling information, we assume that the 131 of the 1068 people whose opinions were not accounted for in the "leave" or "stay" categories either did not know or choose not to answer the question.

MARCH 22-APRIL 9: CNN/USA TODAY/ GALLUP POLL³⁸⁹

Question	Findings		
Has the coalition invasion in Iraq	More harm than good:	46%	
done more harm than good or	More good than harm:	40% 33%	
	The same:	33% 16%	
more good than harm?		1070	
	Don't know:	4%	
Is Iraq much better off,	Much better off:	11%	
somewhat better off, somewhat	Somewhat better off:	31%	
worse off, or much worse off	About the same:	17%	
than before the U.S. and British	Somewhat worse off:	24%	
invasion?	Much worse off:	15%	
	Don't know:	2%	
Are you and your family much	Much better off:	14%	
better off, somewhat better off,	Somewhat better off:	37%	
somewhat worse off, or much	About the same:	25%	
worse off than you were before	Somewhat worse off:	15%	
the U.S. and British invasion?	Much worse off:	10%	
	Don't know:	1%	
Would you prefer for the U.S.	Leave immediately (in the	next	
and British forces to leave	few months): 57°		
immediately (in the next few	Stay in Iraq for a longer p	eriod	
months), or do you think they	of time:	36%	
should stay in Iraq for a longer	Don't know:	7%	
period of time?			
Do you think of the Coalition	Mostly as occupiers:	71%	
forces mostly as occupiers, or	Mostly as liberators:	19%	
mostly as liberators?	Both equally:	8%	
·	Don't know:	2%	
At the time of the invasion last	Mostly as occupiers:	43%	
spring, did you think of the	Mostly as liberators:	43%	
Coalition forces mostly as	Both equally:	9%	
occupiers, or mostly as	Don't know:	4%	
liberators?			
Over the past three months, have	Improved:	25%	
conditions for creating peace and	Worsened:	54%	
stability in Iraq improved or	Staved the same:	19%	
worsened?	Don't know:	2%	
If the Coalition left Iraq today,	More safe:	28%	
would you feel more safe or less	Less safe:	53%	
safe?	No difference:	12%	
	Don't know:	8%	
Do you think your life or your	Yes, would be in danger:	69%	
family's life would be in danger	No, will not be in danger:	22%	
if you were seen to be	Don't know:	8%	
cooperating with the CPA?	Don t Mildur	0/0	
cooperating with the CLA:	l		

IRAQI STANDARD OF LIVING

Since the invasion, which of the following happened to you personally or to members of your household?	At all since the invasion	Within the past four weeks	Before the past four weeks/since the invasion	Since the invasion	Happened in the year before the invasion
Gone without electricity for long periods of time?	78%	3%	20%	44%	68%
Been without clean drinking water for long periods of time?	49%	4%	11%	28%	36%
Had to stand in line for long periods of time to buy gasoline?	74%	2%	29%	33%	7&
Been unable to obtain food because of shortages?	25%	1%	6%	14%	11%
Been afraid to go outside your home for safety reasons?	57%	2%	14%	32%	7%
Had home burglarized?	3%	N/A	1%	1%	3%
Been unable to obtain medical assistance or medicine?	25%	1%	4%	16%	15%
Had a car or property stolen?	3%	N/A	1%	1%	1%
Been physically attacked?	2%	N/A/	N/A	1%	3%
Feel freer to express any political views in public?	76%	1%	3%	60%	2%
Felt afraid of practicing religious beliefs?	8%	1%	1%	4%	54%
Been afraid to go outside your home at night for safety reasons?	74%	1%	6%	39%	10%
Lost my job?	7%	0%	N/A	5%	4%
Gone without public sewage system?	40%	N/A	1%	31%	37%

PERCEPTIONS OF U.S. FORCES' EFFORTS TO IMPROVE IRAQI LIVING CONDITIONS

How hard do you think U.S. forces are trying to	Try a lot	Try only a little	Does not try at all
accomplish each of the following			
– a lot, only a little, or not at all?			
Restoring basic services like electricity/clean drinking water	11%	41%	44%
to Iraqis?			
Trying to keep ordinary Iraqis from being killed/wounded	11%	18%	67%
during exchanges of gunfire?			
Working to repair Iraqi schools and classrooms?	17%	50%	26%
Working with local councils to try to improve neighborhood	7%	34%	49%
conditions/services?			
Maintaining roads and bridges?	8%	23%	60%
Improving local health centers?	13%	40%	40%

24 MARCH -2 APRIL: COALITION PROVISIONAL AUTHORITY POLL

IRAQI ATTITUDE TOWARDS INSTITUTIONS³⁹⁰

Do you have a positive or negative attitude towards the following institutions?	Attitude			
	Positive	Negative		
Iraqi police	79%	19%		
New Iraqi Army	61%	26%		
Local council	45%	36%		
Iraqi ministries	43%	41%		
Governing council	41%	52%		
Coalition Provisional Authority	14%	80%		
Coalition forces	13%	83%		

IMPORTANCE OF SECURITY TO RESIDENTS OF BAGHDAD³⁹¹

Month	Baghdad residents naming security as the most urgent issue
January	50%
February	60%
March	65%
April	70%

9 – 28 FEBRUARY: OXFORD RESEARCH INTERNATIONAL/BBC/ABC NEWS STUDY

IRAQI PERCEPTION OF OVERALL SITUATION

Month	How are things compared with a year ago? ³⁹²
February	Better: 56.5%
	Worse: 18.6%

31 DECEMBER – 7 JANUARY: STATE DEPARTMENT STUDY OF IRAQ PUBLIC OPINION³⁹³

GREATEST THREAT TO IRAQI CITIZENS

Type of threat	What is the greatest threat to yourself and your family? ³⁹⁴					
	Baghdad	Basrah	Mosul	Fallujah	Samarra	Karbala
Street crime	47%	63%	45%	42%	38%	22%
Street bombs	26%	20%	13%	11%	11%	19%
Large bombs such as those against Iraqi police stations and international organizations	9%	4%	6%	5%	3%	29%
Armed encounters between Iraqis and Coalition Forces and others	7%	4%	26%	26%	38%	9%
Armed encounters with religious or tribal militia	1%	1%			2%	2%
Revenge killings/Baath killings	3%	4%	3%	5%	1%	
Financial extortion	1%	1%	2%	2%		4%
Sectarian war	6%	3%	1%	7%	4%	4%
Ethnic war	1%		1%	1%	1%	

GREATEST THREAT TO IRAQ

Type of threat	What is the greatest threat to Iraq? ³⁹⁵					
	Baghdad	Basrah	Mosul	Fallujah	Samarra	Karbala
Street crime	8 %	11%	5%	13%	6%	15%
Street bombs	12%	16%	6%	7%	7%	10%
Large bombs such as those against Iraqi police stations and international organizations	25%	18%	6%	9%	2%	25%
Armed encounters between Iraqis and Coalition Forces and others	8%	9%	10%	17%	10%	15%
Armed encounters with religious or tribal militia	2%	2%	2%		3%	2%
Revenge killings/Baath killings	2%	3%	3%	1%	5%	1%
Financial extortion	1%	1%	2%	2%		4%
Sectarian war	31%	26%	36%	26%	45%	6%
Ethnic war	6%	2%	19%	11%	12%	2%
Outside threats	5%	13%	7%	11%	8%	6%

IRAQIS ON COALITION FORCES LEAVING

	If coalition forces left immediately, Iraqis would feel ³⁹⁶		
	More safe	Less safe	No difference
Baghdad	November: 12%	November: 71%	November: 13%
-	January: 19%	January: 65%	January: 15%
Basrah	November: 6%	November: 85%	November: 8%
	January: 17%	January: 67%	January: 12%
Mosul	January: 28%	January: 59%	January: 10%
Fallujah	January: 56%	January: 29%	January: 12%
Samarra	January: 54%	January: 41%	January: 2%
Karbala	January: 24%	January: 50%	January:13%
Kirkuk	November: 15%	November: 62%	November: 14%
Hilla	November: 7%	November: 83%	November: 5%
Diwaniya	November:13%	November: 83%	November: 1%

PRIMARY RESPONSIBILITY FOR PROTECTING IRAQIS

	In the next six month	In the next six months, primary responsibility for protecting Iraqis from major security threats should be ³⁹⁷		
	Iraqi Armed Forces	Coalition forces	Joint Iraq-Coalition efforts	
Baghdad	50%	7%	42%	
Basrah	38%	8%	51%	
Mosul	58%	12%	27%	
Fallujah	71%	4%	19%	
Samarra	64%	9%	23%	
Karbala	50%	14%	26%	

PRIMARY RESPONSIBILITY FOR MAINTAINING LAW AND ORDER

	In the next six months, j	In the next six months, primary responsibility for maintaining law and order on Iraqi streets should be ³⁹⁸		
	Iraqi Armed Forces	Coalition forces	Joint Iraq-Coalition efforts	
Baghdad	56%	6%	38%	
Basrah	53%	9%	35%	
Mosul	53%	10%	26%	
Fallujah	67%	4%	22%	
Samarra	71%	5%	20%	
Karbala	44%	2%	16%	

CONDITIONS FOR PEACE

	Over the last th	ree months conditions for peac	ce have ³⁹⁹
	Improved	Worsened	No difference
Baghdad	August: 22%	August: 53%	August: 24%
	January: 51%	January: 25%	January: 24%
Basrah	August: 24%	August: 58%	August: 18%
	January: 59%	January: 17%	January: 24%
Mosul	January: 38%	January: 39%	January: 22%
Fallujah	August: 25%	August: 63%	August: 10%
	January: 33%	January: 44%	January: 23%
Samarra	January: 34%	January: 43%	January: 22%
Karbala	January: 27%	January: 61%	January: 10%
Ramadi	August:16%	August: 66%	August: 17%
Najaf	August: 15%	August: 71%	August: 10%
Suleymania	August: 56%	August: 18%	August: 25%
Erbil	August: 58%	August: 9%	August: 23%

SAFETY IN IRAQI NEIGHBORHOODS

	How safe do you feel in your neighborhood? ⁴⁰⁰		
	Very safe	Not very safe	Not safe
Baghdad	August: 24%	August: 50%	August: 26%
	November: 31%	November: 56%	November: 12%
	January: 46%	January: 42%	January: 11%
Basrah	August: 24%	August: 58%	August: 17%
	November: 18%	November: 68%	November: 12%
	January: 31%	January: 57%	January: 11%
Fallujah	August: 37%	August: 57%	August: 4%
-	January: 61%	January: 27%	January:11%
Mosul	January: 63%	January: 28%	January: 9%
Samarra	January: 63%	January: 27%	January: 10%
Karbala	January: 51%	January: 29%	January: 15%
Kirkuk	November: 42%	November: 40%	November: 12%
Hilla	November: 65%	November: 30%	November: 4%
Diwaniya	November: 71%	November: 22%	November: 7%
Najaf	August: 35%	August: 52%	August: 12%
Ramadi	August: 41%	August: 44%	August: 14%
Suleymania	August: 61%	August: 33%	August: 1%
Erbil	August: 60%	August: 36%	August: 3%

IRAQI CONFIDENCE IN INSTITUTIONS

		Do you feel very or somewhat confident in the following institution? 401				
	Iraq police	New Iraqi	Iraqi	Governing	CPA	Coalition
		Army	ministries	Council		Forces
Baghdad	82%	72%	60%	62%	42%	38%
Basrah	89%	79%	64%	67%	41%	32%
Mosul	80%	54%	43%	33%	31%	27%
Fallujah	74%	52%	54%	27%	10%	10%
Samarra	72%	35%	36%	30%	14%	18%
Karbala	71%	55%	51%	57%	27%	20%

EFFECIENCY OF COALITION FORCES

	Do y	Do you feel Coalition Forces are very effective in the following activities? ⁴⁰²			
	Keeping law and order in the streets	Tracking down criminals	Protecting Iraqis from major threats	Working cooperatively with Iraqi security forces	Protecting their forces and compounds
Baghdad	21%	15%	32%	43%	63%
Basrah	17%	11%	22%	27%	68%
Mosul	21%	14%	33%	34%	60%
Fallujah	5%	5%	13%	12%	31%
Samarra	15%	12%	21%	27%	47%
Karbala	16%	11%	18%	27%	55%

LATER POLLING: STATE DEPARTMENT STUDY AND GALLUP POLLS

IRAQI PUBLIC OPINION NATIONWIDE AND BAGDHAD: NOVEMBER 19-28

1/12/2004

	Nationwide	Baghdad
Do you agree that in general, the local Iraqi police force is trusted by most members of the community? ⁴⁰³	Agree/somewhat agree: 77%	Agree/somewhat agree: 80%
Do you feel that the attacks emphasize the need for continued presence of Coalition Forces in Iraq? ⁴⁰⁴	Agree: 66%	Agree: 61%
If coalition forces left immediately, would you feel more safe, less safe, or no difference? ⁴⁰⁵	More safe:11%Less safe:71%No difference:10%	More safe:12%Less safe:75%No difference:13%

BAGDHAD PUBLIC OPINION: AUGUST 8 – SEPTEMBER 4

Question	Findings
Will Iraq be in a better condition	Better off: 67%
five years from now than it was before the U.Sled invasion? ⁴⁰⁶	Worse off: 8%
Is Iraq better off now than it was before the invasion? ⁴⁰⁷	Better off: 33%
	Worse off: 47%
Was ousting Saddam worth the	Yes: 62%
hardships endured since the	
invasion? ⁴⁰⁸	No: N/A
Would you like to see U.S. troops	Stay longer: 71%
stay longer than a few more months? ⁴⁰⁹	Not stay longer: 26%
Are there circumstances in	No: 64%
which attacks against U.S. troops can be justified? ⁴¹⁰	Sometimes justified: 36%
Have you been afraid at times to	Yes: 86%
go outside your home during the	
day within the past four weeks?	No: N/A
Is Baghdad a more dangerous	Yes: 94%
place now than before the	
invasion? 412	No: N/A

N/A= Not available

AMERICAN PUBLIC OPINION

Time period	Do you approve or disapprove of the way the George W. Bush is handling the situation with Iraq? ⁴¹³
April 14-16, 2003	Approve: 76% Disapprove: 21%
June 12-15, 2003	No opinion: 3% Approve: 63% Disapprove: 34%
July 7-9, 2003	No opinion: 3 Approve: 58% Disapprove: 39%
July 18-20, 2003	No opinion: 3% Approve: 57% Disapprove: 39%
July 25-27, 2003	No opinion: 4% Approve: 60 % Disapprove: 38%
August 25-26, 2003	No opinion: 2% Approve: 57% Disapprove: 41% No opinion: 2%
September 8-10, 2003	Approve: 51% Disapprove: 47% No opinion: 2%
October 6-8, 2003	Approve: 47% Disapprove: 50% No opinion: 3%
November 3-5, 2003	Approve: 45% Disapprove: 54% No opinion: 1%
December 5-7, 2003	Approve: 50% Disapprove: 47% No opinion: 3%
January 2-5, 2004	Approve: 61% Disapprove: 36% No opinion: 3%
January 29-Feb 1, 2004	Approve: 46% Disapprove: 53% No opinion: 3%
March 26-28, 2004	Approve: 51% Disapprove: 47% No opinion: 2%
April 16-18, 2004	Approve: 48% Disapprove: 49% No opinion: 3%
May 2-4, 2004	Approve: 42% Disapprove: 55% No opinion: 3%

¹ Monthly fatality figures from May 1, 2003- March 31, 2004 at "Operation Iraqi Freedom Casualty Summary by Month", *Directorate for Information Operations and Reports*, (web1.whs.osd.mil/mmid/casualty/castop.htm [April 12, 2004]). Fatality numbers from April 1 and onwards are reported as documented daily from "Operation Iraqi Freedom U.S. Casualty Status," *Department of Defense*.

² Calculations based on data made available at (icasualties.org/oif/).

³ Calculations based on data made available at (icasualties.org/oif/.

⁴ Monthly wounded figures from May 1, 2003 - December 31, 2003 at "Operation Iraqi Freedom Casualty Summary by Month", *Directorate for Information Operations and Reports*, (web1.whs.osd.mil/mmid/casualty/castop.htm [April 12, 2004]). Remaining months are documented daily from "Operation Iraqi Freedom U.S. Casualty Status," *Department of Defense, (www.defenselink.mil/news/)*.

⁵ "Details of British Casualties," British Ministry of Defense, (www.operations.mod.uk/telic/casualties.htm).

⁶ Calculations based on data made available at (icasualties.org/oif/).

⁷ Calculations based on data made available at (icasualties.org/oif/).

⁸ Todd Pitman, "Iraqi Cop: Once a Cushy Job, Now One of the Most Perilous," Associated Press, July 31, 2004.

⁹ Sabrina Tavernise, "Iraqis Working for Americans are in Insurgent's Cross Hairs," *New York Times*, September 18, 2004.

¹⁰ Iraq Body Count, (Iraqbodycount.net [September 17, 2004]).

¹¹ Mike Dorning, "We are Losing Our People," *Chicago Tribune*, September 14, 2004.

¹² Bassem Mroue, "AP Enterprise: More than 10,000 Iraqis Die Violently in Baghdad Region Alone," Associated Press,

¹³ Bassem Mroue, "AP Enterprise: More than 10,000 Iraqis Die Violently in Baghdad Region Alone," Associated Press,

¹⁴ Bassem Mroue, "AP Enterprise: More than 10,000 Iraqis Die Violently in Baghdad Region Alone," Associated Press,

¹⁵ The monthly breakdown of casualties to Iraqi civilians since May 2003 is based on reports of individual incidents as reported by Iraq Bodycount, (www.iraqbodycount.org). The numbers used for the table is the upper bound estimate only, since we assume that due to the fact that a lot of cases are not reported, our estimate is probably lower than the actual number. Three types of entries in the Iraq Bodycount data base where excluded from our monthly tallies. They are single reports of civilians killed over several months, reports of the number of corpses in Iraqi morgues, and fatalities as a result of mass casualty car-bombings/suicide bombings. We exclude the former two types of cases in order to avoid any potential double counting, and the latter since we are tracking those numbers ourselves and prefer to rely on those figures. We thus added our monthly estimates of fatalities due to mass casualty car-bombings/suicide bombings to the monthly estimates arrived at by relying on the data given by Iraq bodycount. The numbers for April were not arrived at using the reports in Iraq Body Count. This is since the number of civilians killed according to this data base were too low considering the heavy fighting in Najaf. The number for this month is therefore author's estimate based on several news reports during the month.

¹⁶ Rajiv Chandrasekaran, "Car Bomb Kills 11 in Baghdad," *Washington Post*, August 8, 2003. One attack in front of the Jordanian Embassy on August 7. Theola Labbe, "Some Fear Blast at University Heralds New Face of Violence," *Washington Post*, September 6, 2003. An attack on UN headquarters on August 19. Neil McFarquhar, "Thousands at Burial for Slain Cleric," *New York Times*, September 3.

Theola Labbe, "Some Fear Blast at University Heralds New Face of Violence," *Washington Post*, September 6, 2003. Attack on September 3. Ian Fisher, "Suicide Attacker Who Struck at U.N. Carried two Bombs," *New York Times*, September 23, 2003. Attack on September 22.

Karl Vick and Rajiv Chandrasekaran, "Iraq Has Deadliest Day in a Month," *Washington Post*, October 10, 2003. Ian Fisher, "Iraq Math: Visible Gains Minus Losses," *New York Times*, October 10, 2003. Attack on October 9. Ian Fisher, "Attacks North of Baghdad Kill 3 G.I.'s and Barely Miss Governor of an Iraqi Province," *New York Times*, October 14, 2003. Attack on October 10. Rajiv Chandrasekaran, "Suicide Bomber Kills 7 in Baghdad," *Washington Post*, October 13, 2003. Attack on October 12. Theola Labbe, "Car Bomb Explodes Outside Turkish Embassy in Baghdad," *Washington Post*, October 15, 2003. Attack on October 14. Dexter Filkins and Alex Berenson, "Suicide Bombers in Baghdad Kill at Least 34," *New York Times*, October 28, 2003. Five attacks on October 27, including the attack on the headquarters of the International Committee of the Red Cross. Rajiv Chadrasekaran and Anthony Shadid, "Truck Bomb Near Fallujah Police Station Kills Four," *Washington Post*, October 28, "Baghdad Official Killed," *New York Times*, October 29, 2003. Attack on October 28.

Anthony Shadid, "Blast at Italian Police Post in Iraq Kills 29," *Washington Post*, November 13, 2003. Attack on November 12. Daniel Williams, "Suicide Bomber Kills 5 in Kurdish Area of Iraq," *Washington Post*, November 21, 2003. Attack on November 20. Ian Fisher and Dexter Filkins, "Bombers Kill 14 in Iraq," *New York Times*, November 23, 2003. Two attacks on November 22.

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¹⁷ The ranges are author's estimate or based on numbers provided in the following articles; Neil MacFarquhar, "Open War Over, Iraqis Focus on Crime and a Hunt for Jobs," *New York Times*, September 16, 2003, Lara Marlowe "Unspeakable Savagery on the Streets of Baghdad, *Irish Times*, October 10, 2003, and Jeffrey Fleishman, "Back Into Baghdad's Streets," *Los Angeles Times*, January 22, 2004.

The MacFarquar article is the source for the May range, as well as the higher bounds for June, July, and August. The Marlowe article is the source for the numbers used in the September range and the lower June and July bounds. The lower bound for June and July is derived from reports that "almost all" of the 2,173 deaths by firearms in Baghdad in 2003 occurred between May and the end of September. Assuming that 2,100 deaths occurred between May and September. The lower bound in November and December is based on statistics provided in the Fleishman article. Based on our notion that the August range was of the highest quality data, we used those numbers to derive a lower to upper bound ratio, which we then applied to estimate a higher bound for November and December and November respectively. Having no recent data in January, February, March, and April we assume that the murder rate is the same as in December. Rate for June, July and August are based on author's estimate. We intend to update these entries as soon as more information becomes available. Washington DC rate from "Detroit murders drop to lowest number in 36 years," *Associated Press State and Local Wire*, January 3, 2004.

¹⁸ Mark Hurtling, et al. "On the Ground, Straight From the Top," Washington Post, December 7, 2003.

¹⁹Jeffrey Fleishman, "Back Into Baghdad's Streets," Los Angeles Times, January 22, 2004.

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