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# Iraq Index

Tracking Variables of Reconstruction & Security in Post-Saddam Iraq

www.brookings.edu/iraqindex

Updated March 17, 2004

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# **SECURITY INDICATORS**

# **U.S. TROOP FATALITIES SINCE MAY 1**

3/17/2004

Month	U.S. troop losses since May 1, 2003 <sup>1</sup>			
	Fatalities (all kinds)	Fatalities in hostile incidents	Fatalities in non-hostile incidents	
May	40	9	31	
June	29	15	14	
July	47	35	12	
August	36	14	22	
September	26	13	13	
October	43	33	10	
November	80	68	12	
December	39	25	14	
January	44	37	7	
February	25	14	11	
March	17	7	10	
Total as of March 17	426 <sup>2</sup>	270 <sup>3</sup>	156 <sup>4</sup>	

# **U.S TROOPS WOUNDED IN ACTION SINCE MAY 1**

3/17/2004

Period	Wounded in action
May 1 – August 30	574 <sup>5</sup>
September 1- December 31	1,2566
January	191 <sup>7</sup>
February	151 <sup>8</sup>
March	103
Total as of March 17	2,275

**NOTE:** From the start of the war on March 19 until the end of major combat operations on April 30, Operation Iraqi Freedom caused 138 American troop fatalities. Of those, 114 were the result of hostile action, and 24 the result of non-hostile action. 65 U.S. troops were killed in March. There were a total of 73 American fatalities in April, 22 of which were killed after April 9. Of those 22, 10 were the result of hostile action and 12 the result of non-hostile action.

**NOTE:** 550 American troops were wounded in action between March 19 and April 30. The total number of American troops wounded in action does not include troops wounded in non-hostile incidents.

Month	U.K. troop fatalities since May 1, 2003 <sup>9</sup>
May	4
June	6
July	1
August	5
September	2
October	1
November	1
December	0
January	5
February	1
March	0
Total as of March 17	26

# NON-U.S. & U.K. COALITION FATALITIES SINCE MAY 1

3/17/2004

Month	Fatalities
May	0
June	0
July	0
August	2
September	1
October	2
November	24
December	9
January	0
February	1
March	0
Total as of March 17	39

# **CASUALTIES TO IRAQI SECURITY FORCES**

3/15/2004

Total number of Iraqi security forces	Total number of Iraqi security forces wounded in
killed since May	action
as of March 13	as of November 4
325 <sup>10</sup>	18211

**NOTE:** Up until May 1, 2003, Operation Iraqi Freedom caused 33 British troop fatalities. Of those 33 fatalities, 6 occurred during the month of April. Of the 6 fatalities that occurred in April, 2 occurred after April 9.

**NOTE:** Excluding American and British troop fatalities, there were no coalition fatalities from the start of the war up until May 1. All such fatalities occurred after that date.

**NOTE:** The following is a detailed account of the non-U.S. & non-U.K. fatalities;

One Danish military fatality, August 19; one Spanish military fatality, August 20; Ukrainian military fatality, September 30.;Two Spanish military fatalities, October 9, and October 26( The former fatality was a Spanish military attaché.); One Polish military fatality, November 6; 16 Italian military fatalities, November 12; 7 Spanish military fatalities, November 29 (Since the Spanish fatalities were intelligence officers, they are being counted as military rather than civilian fatalities); One Polish military fatality, December 22; 6 Bulgarian military fatalities, December 27; 2 Thai military fatalities, December 27; One Estonian military fatality, February 29.

**NOTE:** The estimate of casualties to Iraqi security forces is a very rough one. The total number of Iraqi security forces killed as of February 1 is assumed to be a minimum as it only reflects Iraqi police killed since the fall of Baghdad according to Daniel Williams, "Explosions Across Iraq Kill 3 GIs, at Least 15 Others," *Washington Post*, February 1, 2004.. At least 37 police officers in Mosul have been killed by resistance fighters since this spring according to the same article.

Month	Non-Iraqi civilians killed by insurgents
May	0
June	0
July	0
August	25
September	2
October	3
November	9
December	0
January	6
February	1
March	8
Total as of March 17	54

### MASS CASUALTY BOMBINGS IN IRAQ SINCE MAY

3/17/2004

Month	Mass casualty car bombings/	Killed	Wounded
	Suicide bombings		
May	0	0	0
June	0	0	0
July	0	0	0
August	$3^{12}$	128	292
September	2 <sup>13</sup>	1	21
October	12 <sup>14</sup>	73	246
November	4 <sup>15</sup>	48	150
December	12 <sup>16</sup>	64	223
January	$7^{17}$	51	237
February	16 <sup>18</sup>	149	240
March	4 <sup>19</sup>	181	400
Total as of March 17	60	695	1809

**NOTE:** Of the 54 non-Iraqi civilians killed as of March 17, at least 16 were Americans. The various nationalities of the United Nations employees killed on August 19 are not available at present.

**NOTE:** One American civilian defense contractor was killed by a car bomb on August 6. 22 United Nations employees, one American scholar, and one Canadian aid worker died in the bombing on the United Nations headquarters in Baghdad on August 19. One American contractor and one British civilian were killed on September 3 and 4, respectively. One British and one American civilian were killed in an attack on October 25. One International Committee of the Red Cross employee died in the October 27 bombing. 2 Italian civilians were killed by a truck bomb at the Italian military police headquarters on November 12. During the same month, 2 American contractors, 2 Japanese diplomats, 1 Columbian civilian defense contractor and two South Korean electrical workers were killed. 3 American journalists were killed by a car bomb on January 1. Two French civilians were killed on January 6. A South African was killed on January 28. An American contractor was killed on February 15. Two American civilians were killed on March 9, 2004. Four American missionaries were fatally shot on March 15, 2004. One German and one Dutch engineer were killed on March 16.

**NOTE:** Due to the lack of detailed and comprehensive data on Iraqi civilians killed in attacks by insurgents we are unable to compile a similar table for this category at present.

**NOTE:** 55 of the 60 bombings as of March 17 were suicide bombings. Casualties do not include suicide bombers. The tallies for the number of killed and wounded are approximate.

# **COALITION TROOP STRENGTH IN IRAQ SINCE MAY**

Month	U.S. troops in Iraq			Other coalition troops in Iraq  Overlyding U.S. 8. Iraqii forese)	
	Active	Reserve	Total	(excluding U.S & Iraqi forces)	strength in Iraq
May	~142,000 <sup>20</sup>	~8,000 <sup>21</sup>	150,000 <sup>22</sup>	23,000 <sup>23</sup>	173,000
June	~126,000 <sup>24</sup>	~24,000 <sup>25</sup>	150,000 <sup>26</sup>	21,000 <sup>27</sup>	171,000
July	~124,000 <sup>28</sup>	~25,000 <sup>29</sup>	149,000 <sup>30</sup>	21,000 <sup>31</sup>	170,000
August	~114,000 <sup>32</sup>	~25,000 <sup>33</sup>	139,000 <sup>34</sup>	22,000 <sup>35</sup>	161,000
September	~103,000 <sup>36</sup>	~29,000 <sup>37</sup>	132,000 <sup>38</sup>	24,000 <sup>39</sup>	156,000
October	~102,000 <sup>40</sup>	~29,000 <sup>41</sup>	131,000 <sup>42</sup>	25,000 <sup>43</sup>	156,000
November	N/A	N/A	123,000 <sup>44</sup>	23,900 <sup>45</sup>	146,900
December	~85,400 <sup>46</sup>	~36,600 <sup>47</sup>	122,000 <sup>48</sup>	24,500 <sup>49</sup>	146,500
January	N/A	N/A	122,000 <sup>50</sup>	25,600 <sup>51</sup>	147,600
February	N/A	N/A	115,000 <sup>52</sup>	24,000 <sup>53</sup>	139,000
March	N/A	N/A	114,000 <sup>54</sup>	24,000 <sup>55</sup>	138,000

N/A= Not available

# U.S. TROOPS ENGAGED IN OPERATION IRAQI FREEDOM STATIONED IN THE VICINITIES OF IRAQ AND AT SEA

1/28/2004

Month	Number of U.S. troops
September	51,000 <sup>56</sup>

**NOTE:** 26,000 U.S. and Coalition personnel are providing logistical support to Operation Iraqi Freedom were deployed in Kuwait, as of March 4, 2004. Commander USCENTCOM, John Abizaid, "Prepared Testimony before the Senate Committee on Armed Services Personnel Subcommittee", March 4, 2004, p. 8.

**NOTE:** Of the 51,000 troops involved in Operation Iraqi Freedom that were stationed outside of Iraq in September, approximately 10,070 were Navy personnel (most at sea in the Persian Gulf). The majority of the remaining 40,090 troops are assumed to have been stationed in Kuwait. Since approximately 2,500 Marines were stationed in Kuwait, we assume that roughly 37,590 Army troops were stationed in Kuwait or in the vicinities. This table will be updated as soon as more recent data becomes available.

**NOTE:** All numbers are end of month estimates, or latest data available for the current month.

### TOP TEN NON-U.S. COALITION CONTRIBUTORS OF MILITARY PERSONNEL IN IRAO 3/15/2004

Coalition country	Military personnel in Iraq
United Kingdom	8,220 <sup>57</sup>
Italy	3,000 <sup>58</sup>
Poland	2,500 <sup>59</sup>
Ukraine	1,650 <sup>60</sup>
Spain	1,300 <sup>61</sup>
Netherlands	1,307 <sup>62</sup>
Australia	850 <sup>63</sup>
Romania	500 <sup>64</sup>
Denmark	500 <sup>65</sup>
Thailand	451 <sup>66</sup>
Remaining 25 coalition countries	3,722
Total	24,000 <sup>67</sup>

# <u>DAILY INSURGENT ATTACKS ON U.S. TROOPS &</u> REWARD OFFERED BY INSURGENTS FOR ATTACKING U.S. TROOPS SINCE MAY

3/12/2004

Month	Typical number of	Reward for carrying
	daily attacks on U.S.	out attacks on U.S.
	troops nationwide	troops (\$)
		(attack/successful attack)
May	N/A	100/500 <sup>68</sup>
June	$6^{69}$	N/A
July	N/A	N/A
August	15 <sup>70</sup>	N/A
September	50 <sup>71</sup>	N/A
October	30-35 <sup>72</sup>	1,000-2,000/
		$3,000-5,000^{73}$
November	$22^{74}$	N/A
December	15 <sup>75</sup>	500/3,000 <sup>76</sup>
January	18 <sup>77</sup>	N/A
February	$20^{78}$	N/A
March	19 <sup>79</sup>	N/A

N/A= Not available

NOTE: The functions of each coalition country's military personnel vary, and range from security forces to medics and engineers.

**NOTE:** The majority of the 35 country coalition forces are organized into two multi-national divisions (MND). The MND South East is under British command and includes forces from the United Kingdom, Italy, Denmark, Czech Republic, Portugal, South Korea, Netherlands, Romania, Norway, New Zealand, and Lithuania. The MND Central South is under Polish command and includes forces from Poland, Spain, Nicaragua, Dominican Republic, Romania, Latvia, Slovakia, Hungary, Ukraine, Bulgaria, Honduras, Mongolia, Lithuania, Kazakhstan, Thailand and the Philippines. In addition, Albania, Australia, Azerbaijan, El Salvador, Estonia, Georgia, Japan, Macedonia, Moldova and Singapore contribute military personnel in some capacity.

**NOTE:** Whereas the number of daily attacks on Iraqi police and civil defense has increased, the total number of attacks on Iraqi civilians, Iraqi security forces, and coalition forces has decreased according to Army Maj. Gen. Raymond T. Odierno, "4th Infantry Division Commanding General's Briefing from Iraq,"

(<a href="http://www.defenselink.mil/transcripts/2004/tr200401221185.html">http://www.defenselink.mil/transcripts/2004/tr200401221185.html</a>. [January 22, 2004]). Transcript. The total number of daily attacks on these forces is believed to be more than 20 but less than 30.

# DAILY INSURGENT ATTACKS ON IRAQI SECURITY FORCES SINCE DECEMBER

3/9/2004

Month	Typical number of daily attack on Iraqi security forces
December	$2^{80}$
January	$4^{81}$
February	$4^{82}$
March	483

# DAILY INSURGENT ATTACKS ON IRAQI CIVILIANS SINCE DECEMBER

3/9/2004

Month	Typical number of daily attack on Iraqi civilians
December	284
January	185
February	386
March	3 <sup>87</sup>

# U.S FORCES ABILITY TO DISCOVER HIDDEN EXPLOSIVE DEVICES BEFORE DETONATION SINCE LATE SPRING/EARLY SUMMER 12/9/2003

Time	Explosive devices that are discovered by U.S. troops before detonation
Late spring/ early summer	10-15 % <sup>88</sup>
December	75% <sup>89</sup>

# ACCURACY OF INTELLIGENCE LEADS PROVIDED TO U.S. FORCES SINCE LATE SPRING/EARLY SUMMER

12/9/2003

Month	Accuracy of intelligence leads
Late spring/ early summer	50% <sup>90</sup>
December	90% <sup>91</sup>

# AMERICAN MILITARY HELICOPTERS DOWNED BY ENEMY FIRE SINCE OCTOBER

3/17/2004

Month	Number of helicopters <sup>92</sup>
October	1
November	3
December	2
January	5
February	0
March	0
Total as of March 17	11

**NOTE**: The helicopters referred to above are believed to have crashed as a result of hostile fire, although three of the helicopter crashes included in the table (December 10, January 13 and January 23) are still under investigation.

**NOTE:** An attempt to assassinate an Iraqi distribution manager for the Oil Distribution Company on November 10 left the manager wounded and his son killed. An Iraqi police colonel in charge of oil installation security was shot and killed November 20. Both incidents took place in the city of Mosul

# ATTACKS ON IRAQI PIPELINES, OIL INSTALLATIONS & OIL PERSONNEL SINCE JUNE 3/17/2004

Month	Number of attacks <sup>93</sup>
June	6
July	2
August	3
September	2
October	4
November	9
December	9
January	2
February	2
March	0
Total as of March 17	39

# BAATHIST LEADERS STILL AT LARGE SINCE APRIL

3/17/2004

Month	Iraqi 55 most wanted: Individuals still at large <sup>94</sup>		
April	40		
May	28		
June	23		
July	18		
August	16		
September	15		
October	15		
November	15		
December	13 <sup>95</sup>		
January	1296		
February	1097		
March	10		

**NOTE:** Saddam Hussein was captured on December 13.

### ESTIMATED STRENGTH OF IRAOI RESISTANCE NATIONWIDE SINCE NOVEMBER

2/2/2003

Month	Estimated strength of Iraqi resistance		
	nationwide		
November	5,00098		
December	5,00099		
January	3, 000-5,000 <sup>100</sup>		

### SUSPECTED INSURGENTS DETAINED OR KILLED SINCE MAY

1/5/2003

Time	Estimated numbers of suspected insurgents detained or killed
May	1,000 <sup>101</sup>
June	$1,000^{102}$
July	$1,000^{103}$
August	$1,000^{104}$
September	750 <sup>105</sup>
October	$750^{106}$
November	750 <sup>107</sup>
December	$1,000^{108}$
January	$2,\!000^{109}$

**NOTE:** "Over 90 percent" of the enemy combatants are Bath Party loyalists, according to John E. McLaughlin, Deputy Director of Central Intelligence. Dana Priest, "The CIA's 'Anonymous' No. 2; Low-Profile Deputy Director Leads Agency's Analytical Side," *Washington Post*, January 9, 2004.

**NOTE:** As of January 5, 14 cells, each consisting of 20-100 enemy combatants are believed to be actively operating in Baghdad. Patrick J. McDonnell, "Information Is Flowing After Hussein's Arrest," *Los Angeles Times*, January 5, 2004. Data on success in the counterinsurgency campaign is somewhat encouraging, but no one can tell how quickly cells that are being depleted or destroyed are either regenerating or being replaced by the formation of new cells.

**NOTE:** The estimate of suspected insurgents killed or detained since May is a very rough one. The numbers for suspected insurgents killed or detained in January is not a monthly total, but the projected total given the current daily pace.

**NOTE:** As many as 70-80% of those detained may be innocent and military judges have recommended they be released. Jeffrey Gettleman, "U.S. Detains Iraqis, and Families Please for News," *New York Times*, March 7, 2004.

**NOTE:** About 9,000 people are in coalition custody as of 6 January, 506 of which are said to be released within the next couple of weeks. Edward Wong, "U.S. Officials Plan to Release Iraqis Who Pose Just 'Some Risk'," *New York Times*, January 6, 2004.

**NOTE:** Of the enemy combatants detained by U.S. forces as of December 19, 2003, only 200-300 are foreign nationals as of December according to Brig. Gen. Mark Kimmit. Coalition Provisional Authority (CPA) Briefing, (<a href="http://www.defenselink.mil/transcripts/2003/tr20031219-1041.html">http://www.defenselink.mil/transcripts/2003/tr20031219-1041.html</a> [December 19, 2003]).

# **IRAQI SECURITY FORCES ON DUTY SINCE MAY**

Month	Iraqi security forces on duty					
	Police	Civil Defense Corps	Army	Border patrol	Facilities protection services	Total Iraqi security forces
May	7,000- 9,000 <sup>110</sup>	N/A	0	N/A	N/A	N/A
June	N/A	N/A	0	N/A	N/A	N/A
July	30,000111	N/A	0	N/A	11,000 <sup>112</sup>	N/A
August	34,000 <sup>113</sup>	670 <sup>114</sup>	0	2,500 <sup>115</sup>	N/A	N/A
September	37,000 <sup>116</sup>	2,500 <sup>117</sup>	0	4,700 <sup>118</sup>	>12,000	56,200
October	55,000 <sup>120</sup>	4,700 <sup>121</sup>	700122	6,400 <sup>123</sup>	18,700 <sup>124</sup>	85,500
November	68,800 <sup>125</sup>	12,700 <sup>126</sup>	900 <sup>127</sup>	12,400 <sup>128</sup>	52,700 <sup>129</sup>	147,500
December	71,600 <sup>130</sup>	15,200 <sup>131</sup>	400 <sup>132</sup>	12,900 <sup>133</sup>	65,200 <sup>134</sup>	165,300
January	66,900 <sup>135</sup>	19,800 <sup>136</sup>	1,100 <sup>137</sup>	21,000 <sup>138</sup>	97,800 <sup>139</sup>	206,600
February	77,100 <sup>140</sup>	27,900 <sup>141</sup>	2,000 <sup>142</sup>	18,000 <sup>143</sup>	73,900 <sup>144</sup>	198,900
March	78,200 <sup>145</sup>	32,400 <sup>146</sup>	3,000 <sup>147</sup>	18,200 <sup>148</sup>	73,900 <sup>149</sup>	205,700
Stated goal	75,000 <sup>150</sup>	40,000 <sup>151</sup>	40,000 <sup>152</sup>	25,700 <sup>153</sup>	50,000 <sup>154</sup>	226,700

N/A= Not available

**NOTE:** 2,324 of the Iraqi police on duty have been fully trained. 3, 840 are receiving in-training. 12,422 of the Iraqi police on duty have been partially trained, and approximately 59,600 o the Iraqi police are on the payroll but have not received any training. "Draft Working Papers: Iraq Status", *Department of Defense*, March 15, 2004.

**NOTE:** All numbers are end of month estimates, or latest data available for the current month.

**NOTE:** There are 8,000 police on duty in Baghdad as of February 1. Thom Shanker, "G.I.'s to Pull Back in Baghdad, Leaving Its Policing to Iraqis, "New York Times, February 2. Analysts estimate that 19,000 police are needed in the capital.

**NOTE:** Approximately 480 of the 900 soldiers in the first army battalion trained since May 1 were resigning, largely due to allegations of insufficient pay. Ariana Eunjung Cha, "Iraqi Army Recruits Quit Over Low Pay, " *Washington Post*, December 14, 2003.

**NOTE:** The army under Saddam was 400,000 troops strong according to the CPA.

### CRIME-RELATED DEATHS IN BADGHAD SINCE MAY

Month	Estimated annualized murder rate per 100,000 citizens <sup>155</sup>			
	(For comparison Washington DC rate: 43 <sup>156</sup> )			
May	70-100			
June	95-130			
July	95-160			
August	110-190			
September	80-140			
October	70-120			
November	55-95			
December	70-120			
January	70-120			
February	70-120			

**NOTE:** Lower estimates for each month are typically based on the number of bodies brought to the Baghdad morgue with mortal gunshot wounds. Higher estimates reflect the fact that many victims are buried quickly and privately and never recorded in official tallies. To estimate these, when possible we use the total number of bodies of victims brought into the morgue in a given month as a very rough proxy for total murder victims in Baghdad (recognizing that many bodies at the morgue are not those of murder victims, but at the same time that many murder victims never are taken to the morgue.) The upper bounds also include victims of suicide and car bombings. The homicide rate is calculated based on an estimated population of 5.6 million people in Baghdad.

**NOTE:** Despite a generally poor security situation in Baghdad, there are indicators suggesting that the situation is improving somewhat. According to a report made by Brig. Gen. Mark Hurtling, assistant commander, 1<sup>st</sup> Armored Davison, Baghdad, "we continue to see a decrease in crime (especially as we put more Iraqi Police and ICDC [Iraqi Civil Defense Corps] on the streets.)<sup>157</sup>" Nevertheless, according to one senior Iraqi police chief on January 22, although "murders [in Baghdad] are decreasing," the level of other crimes such as robberies and carjackings has not. "The police are weak", he continues. "We don't have enough supplies. The public is still afraid to cooperate with us. They fear tribalism and retribution. <sup>158</sup>" The Pentagon has yet to make any statistics on Iraqi crime or murder rates available as of March 12. This table will be updated as soon as more information becomes available.

**NOTE:** Because Baghdad comprises roughly 1/5 of the entire Iraqi population, Iraq's national murder would according to our statistics be roughly 10-30 per 100,000 citizens per year—even if there were no murders outside of the capital at all...Interpol lists the following nationwide numbers per 100,000 citizens for countries in the region; Libya 2.08, Jordan 6.33, Lebanon 3.38, Saudi Arabia, 0.71. However, Interpol notes that these [nationwide] statistics cannot be used as a basis for comparison between different countries. This is partly because "police statistics reflect reported crimes, but this only represents a fraction of the real level. The volume of crimes not reported to the police may depend on the actions, policies and perceptions of the police. These can vary with time, as well as from country to country." Because of the inherent difficulty in interpreting and comparing international murder rates, all such statistics - including those stated in the table above - should be interpreted guardedly.

# **ECONOMIC & QUALITY OF LIFE INDICATORS**

# **IRAQI NATIONAL DEBT: CREDITORS**

11/6/2003

Creditor country/	Outstanding amounts due by Iraq			
creditor by country of	(millions of dollars)			
origin				
and interest	750			
Australia	499.3 <sup>159</sup>			
Austria	813.1 <sup>160</sup>			
Belgium	184.5 <sup>161</sup>			
Brazil	192.9 <sup>162</sup>			
Canada	564.2 <sup>163</sup>			
Denmark	30.8 <sup>164</sup>			
Finland	152.2 <sup>165</sup>			
France	$2,993.7^{166}$			
Germany	2,403.9 <sup>167</sup>			
Italy	$1,726^{168}$			
Japan	$4.108.6^{169}$			
Netherlands	96.7 <sup>170</sup>			
Republic of Korea	54.7 <sup>171</sup>			
Russian Federation	3,450 <sup>172</sup>			
Spain	321.2173			
Sweden	185.8 <sup>174</sup>			
Switzerland	117.5 <sup>175</sup>			
United Kingdom	930.8 <sup>176</sup>			
United States	2,192177			
Egypt and others	N/A			
Poland	$500^{178}$			
Kuwait	$17,\!000^{179}$			
Bulgaria	$1.000^{180}$			
Hungary	$16.5^{181}$			
Gulf States	$30^{182}$			
Morocco	31.8 <sup>183</sup>			
Jordan	295 <sup>184</sup>			
Turkey	800 <sup>185</sup>			
Interest (as of 2002)	$47,000^{186}$			
Total	~117,660			

N/A= Not available.

**NOTE:** Debt towards Paris Club countries, Russia and the Republic of Korea (cursive) excludes interest rates and is defined as; "from the debtor side, the amounts due by the public sector. From the creditors' point of view, the figures include credits and loans granted, or guaranteed by, the Governments or their appropriate institutions. Basically, private claims (debt owed to private creditors) as well as private debt (owed by private Iraqi Institutions without public guarantee) is excluded from this recollection...Russian claims: this figure represents the amounts due to Russia <u>after</u> a simulation of the adjustment on Soviet era claims consistent with Paris Club methodology."

**NOTE:** "Estimates of Iraq's foreign debt vary widely, from \$62-130 billion. The disparities in estimates are due in part to a disagreement between Iraq and its neighboring states over the nature of approximately \$30 billion in assistance given to Iraq by several Gulf States during the Iran-Iraq War. Iraq considers these payments to have been grants; the creditor states consider them to have been loans. Figures also vary depending on whether they include interests which some estimates put at \$47 billion and rising. The World Bank/Bank for International Settlements' 2001 estimate for Iraqi debt totaled \$127.7 billion, including \$47 billion in accrued interest. The U.S Department of Energy's 2001 estimate was 62.2 billion."

**NOTE:** "There are known to be creditors in Egypt, although the exact amount of this debt is not known. There are also assumed to be other unknown or undisclosed creditors in these and other countries."

# PLEDGES MADE TO THE COALITION & RECONSTRUCTION DEVELOPMENT FUND FACILITY 11/26/2003

		11/20/20
Country or Institution	Amount pledged in grants and/or loans (millions of \$)	Form of pledge (millions of \$)
Australia	85.8 <sup>187</sup>	Grants
Belgium	5-6 <sup>188</sup>	Grants
Canada	244.1 <sup>189</sup>	Grants
China	$\frac{24^{190}}{24^{190}}$	Grants
Czech Republic	19 <sup>191</sup>	Grants
Denmark	43 <sup>192</sup>	Grants
European Union	233 <sup>193</sup>	Grants
Finland	5.9 <sup>194</sup>	Grants
Germany	27.4 <sup>195</sup>	Grants
International Monetary Fund	2,500-4,250 <sup>196</sup>	Loans
Italy	200 <sup>197</sup>	Grants
Japan	5 000 <sup>198</sup>	1,500 grants & 3,500 loans <sup>199</sup>
Kuwait	500 <sup>200</sup>	Grants
Lithuania	.560 <sup>201</sup>	Grants
Netherlands	21 <sup>202</sup>	Grants
New Zealand	5 <sup>203</sup>	Grants
Norway	30 <sup>204</sup>	Grants
Oman	$\frac{30}{3^{205}}$	Grants
Pakistan	$\frac{3}{3.3^{206}}$	Grants
Philippines	$\frac{3.3}{1^{207}}$	Grants
Russia	8 <sup>208</sup>	Grants
Saudi Arabia	500 <sup>209</sup>	Loans
Singapore	1.7 <sup>210</sup>	Grants
Slovakia	0.29 <sup>211</sup>	Grants
South Korea	260 <sup>212</sup>	Grants
Spain	$\frac{200}{300^{213}}$	Grants
Sweden	$\frac{300}{30^{214}}$	Grants
Switzerland	15 <sup>215</sup>	Grants
Taiwan	4.3 <sup>216</sup>	Grants
Thailand	.283 <sup>217</sup>	Grants
Turkey	5 <sup>218</sup>	
United Arab Emirates	215 <sup>219</sup>	Grants
	847 <sup>220</sup>	Grants
United Kingdom	18,600 <sup>221</sup>	Grants
United States	3,000-5,000 <sup>222</sup>	Grants
World Bank	3,000-3,000	Loans
Total		~23,240 in grants
	~32,740 - 36,490	&
		9,500-13,250 in loans
Amount needed for the next 5 years according to the World Bank and the United Nations <sup>223</sup>	56,000 <sup>224</sup>	Not applicable

**NOTE:** The table includes countries that made a pledge to Iraqi reconstruction in the form of a grant or a loan. In addition, Iran offered cross-border electricity material, access to their terminals, and \$300 million in credit, Sri Lanka offered to contribute 100 tons of tea, Vietnam offered \$500,000 worth of rice, and Saudi Arabia \$500 million in export credits.

**NOTE:** The Bush Administration's supplementary spending bill received congressional approval on Nov 4, 2003. Although the amount devoted to Iraqi reconstruction that the House and Senate approved was \$1.4 billion less than requested, the entire amount will be given as a grant instead of as earlier discussed, a loan.

**NOTE:** Since not all pledges referred to are immediately available as funds, it is hard to assess how much money is presently available for Iraqi reconstruction purposes. Another reason for the delay in making money available is that loans to a non-sovereign government are not legal according to international law.

<u>FUEL</u> 3/15/2004

	Fuel supplies available						
	(Millions of barrels/day)			(Tons/day)			
Time	Crude oil production	Crude export	Diesel (Prod. & Imp.)	Kerosene (Prod. & Imp.)	Gasoline/Benzene (Prod. & Imp)	Total LPG (Prod. & Imp.)	
Estimated pre-war level	2.8-3.0 <sup>225</sup>	1.7- 2.5 <sup>226</sup>	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	
May	0.3 <sup>227</sup>	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	
June	0.675 <sup>228</sup>	0.2 <sup>229</sup>	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	
July	0.925 <sup>230</sup>	0.322 <sup>231</sup>	$6.5^{232}$	4.75 <sup>233</sup>	13.5 <sup>234</sup>	1,880 <sup>235</sup>	
Aug.	1.445 <sup>236</sup>	0.646 <sup>237</sup>	10.25 <sup>238</sup>	6.2 <sup>239</sup>	14.0 <sup>240</sup>	2,530 <sup>241</sup>	
Sept.	1.7225 <sup>242</sup>	0.983 <sup>243</sup>	14.25 <sup>244</sup>	6.9 <sup>245</sup>	17.3 <sup>246</sup>	$3,030^{247}$	
Oct.	2.055 <sup>248</sup>	1.149 <sup>249</sup>	14.75 <sup>250</sup>	9.6 <sup>251</sup>	16.35 <sup>252</sup>	$3,700^{253}$	
November	2.1 <sup>254</sup>	1.524 <sup>255</sup>	13.14 <sup>256</sup>	13.3 <sup>257</sup>	11.792 <sup>258</sup>	$3,610^{259}$	
December	2.30 <sup>260</sup>	1.541 <sup>261</sup>	12.29 <sup>262</sup>	9.4 <sup>263</sup>	12.9 <sup>264</sup>	$3,460^{265}$	
January	2.440 <sup>266</sup>	1.537 <sup>267</sup>	13.91 <sup>268</sup>	11.3 <sup>269</sup>	13.32 <sup>270</sup>	3,445 <sup>271</sup>	
February	2.276 <sup>272</sup>	1.382 <sup>273</sup>	15.21 <sup>274</sup>	13.05 <sup>275</sup>	16.65 <sup>276</sup>	$4,670^{277}$	
March	2.4815 <sup>278</sup>	1.521 <sup>279</sup>	14.22 <sup>280</sup>	16.02 <sup>281</sup>	16.02 <sup>282</sup>	5,340 <sup>283</sup>	
Stated Goal:	2.8-3.0 by December 2004 <sup>284</sup>	N/A	18 <sup>285</sup>	18 <sup>286</sup>	18 <sup>287</sup>	$6,000^{288}$	

N/A= Not available

**NOTE:** Estimated domestic consumption of crude oil is 450,000 barrels per day.

NOTE: Kerosene imports began 5 October, 2003. All previous months cover only production

**NOTE:** LPG= Liquified Petroleum Gas

**NOTE:** The administration's post war estimate was that Iraq would accrue \$2-3 billion in oil revenues between June and December 2003. As of February 23 total crude oil export revenues since June measures a total of \$1.6 billion according to reports by the CPA.

ELECTRICITY 3/15/2004

	Electricity (Mega Watts)			
Time	Nation-wide	Baghdad		
Estimated pre-war level	4,400 <sup>289</sup>	2,500 <sup>290</sup>		
May	N/A	300 <sup>291</sup>		
June	3,193 <sup>292</sup>	707 293		
July	3,236 <sup>294</sup>	1,082 295		
Aug.	$3,263^{296}$	1,283 297		
Sept.	3,543 <sup>298</sup>	1,229 299		
Oct.	$3,948^{300}$	N/A		
November	3,582 <sup>301</sup>	N/A		
December	3,408 <sup>302</sup>	N/A		
January	3,725 <sup>303</sup>	N/A		
February	4,125 <sup>304</sup>	N/A		
March	3,953 <sup>305</sup>	N/A		
Stated Goal:	6,000 by June 2004 <sup>306</sup>	2,500 by October 2003		

# **VALUE OF THE IRAQI DINAR (ID)**

2/24/2004

Month	\$1 =ID
October 15	$2,000^{307}$
November	1,948 <sup>308</sup>
December	1,675 <sup>309</sup>
January	$1,360^{310}$
February	1,425 <sup>311</sup>

# PORT CARGO CAPACITY AND COMMERCIAL AIRPORT DEPARTURES NATIONWIDE 1/23/2004

Time	Port cargo capacity	Commercial aircraft departures		
	(raw tonnage in millions) <sup>312</sup>	nationwide (per day) <sup>313</sup>		
Pre-war	7	2-3		
As of January 20	6.3	40		
Stated goal for July 2004	7-8	200-300		

**NOTE:** A nationwide currency exchange program was initiated on October 15, 2003 during which new Iraqi dinars were put in circulation and old currency was destroyed. The program was completed on January 20, 2004. The table above tracks the appreciation of the new currency since it was introduced.

### WATER SUPPLY AND SEWAGE CAPACITY SINCE MAY

12/01/2003

Time	Potable water availability (millions of liters)	Sewage capacity (millions of liters)
Estimated pre-war level	12.9 <sup>314</sup>	6.2 315
May	4.0316	N/A
June	13.4 <sup>317</sup>	5.3 <sup>318</sup>
November	21.3 <sup>319</sup>	N/A

N/A= Not available

<u>IRRIGATION</u> 12/01/2003

Month	Irrigation canals in need of clearing (km)
May	$20,\!000^{320}$
September	$5,000^{321}$
October	3,500 <sup>322</sup>

### **TELECOMMUNICATIONS**

12/01/2003

Time	Number of phones	Number of Internet connections
Estimated pre-war level	$1,100,000^{323}$	4,500 <sup>324</sup>
September	$850,000^{325}$	4,900 <sup>326</sup>
March	949,580 <sup>327</sup>	N/A
Goal for Jan 2004	$1,100,000^{328}$	50,000 <sup>329</sup>

# **LOCAL GOVERNANCE COUNCILS**

2/18/2004

Month	Number of local governance councils
November	$255^{330}$
December	255
January	N/A
February	318 <sup>331</sup>

# **HOSPITALS RESTORED TO PRE-WAR LEVEL OF OPERATIONS**

3/7/2004

Month	Hospitals restored to pre-war level of operations	
March	90% <sup>332</sup>	

**NOTE:** "Probably 75% of the sewage in [Iraq] is going to the rivers," according to John Kluesener, manager for water, wastewater and irrigations systems for Iraq reconstruction. Ariana Eunjung Cha," Iraqi Experts Tossed With The Water," *Washington Post*, February 27, 2004.

**NOTE:** As of December 30 it is estimated that 60% of the Iraqi population has access to limited supplies of potable water. CPA/DoD aims to provide 75% of Iraqis with potable water by April 2005, and 11% of Iraqis with sewage services by March 2005

 $\mbox{\bf NOTE:}$  The irrigation canal program was concluded with more than 16,500 km cleared.

NOTE: Number of local governance councils includes city, district, sub-district and neighborhood councils.

### NATIONWIDE UNEMPLOYMENT RATE SINCE MAY

3/3/2003

Month	Unemployment
	rate
	nationwide
May	N/A
June	60% <sup>333</sup>
July	N/A
August	>50% <sup>334</sup>
September	N/A
October	50% <sup>335</sup>
November	N/A
December	N/A
January	45% <sup>336</sup>
February	45% <sup>337</sup>

N/A= Not available

NOTE: The numbers referred to in the table is a very rough approximation of the employment situation in Iraq. As noted by Director of Employment, Fatin Al-Saeda, Iraqi Ministry of Labor and Social Affairs on October 22, 2003 "There are no employment statistics for Iraq." Department of Defense, "Assistant Secretary for Policy at the Department of Labor, Chris Spear briefs on Iraqi Minister Of Labor And Social Affairs," (<a href="http://www.defenselink.mil/transcripts/2003/tr20031022-0809.html">http://www.defenselink.mil/transcripts/2003/tr20031022-0809.html</a> {October 22, 2003]). Transcript. Estimates made by economists, however, generally range between 50-70%. There is an inherent difficulty in measuring the Iraqi rate of unemployment over time. Because recent estimates are likely to be more accurate than older ones, but also higher, this means that despite an improvement in the economic situation nationwide, the numbers give the impression that it is getting worse. Considering the increase in entrepreneurial activity after the end of the war, we have for the purposes of this database assumed that there has been an improvement in unemployment levels, and hence weighted information supporting such a conclusion heavier than contradictory data reports. Another factor contributing to a somewhat improved employment situation in Iraq is that some 378,300 jobs have been directly created by the Coalition Provisional Authority as of March 11, 2004. "Iraq Fact Sheet: Economics," Joint Staff and CPA, March 15, 2004. Provided to the author by contacts at the Defense Department.

# **POLLING**

# JANUARY: STATE DEPARTMENT STUDY OF IRAQ

# **GREATEST THREAT TO IRAQI CITIZENS**

	What is the greatest threat to yourself and your family? 338					
	Baghdad	Basrah	Mosul	Fallujah	Samarra	Karbala
Street crime	47%	63%	45%	42%	38%	22%
Street bombs	26%	20%	13%	11%	11%	19%
Large bombs such as those against Iraqi police stations and international organizations	9%	4%	6%	5%	3%	29%
Armed encounters between Iraqis and Coalition Forces and others	7%	4%	26%	26%	38%	9%
Armed encounters with religious or tribal militia	1%	1%			2%	2%
Revenge killings/Baath killings	3%	4%	3%	5%	1%	
Financial extortion	1%	1%	2%	2%	_	4%
Sectarian war	6%	3%	1%	7%	4%	4%
Ethnic war	1%		1%	1%	1%	

# **GREATEST THREAT TO IRAQ**

	What is the greatest threat to Iraq? <sup>339</sup>					
	Baghdad	Basrah	Mosul	Fallujah	Samarra	Karbala
Street crime	8 %	11%	5%	13%	6%	15%
Street bombs	12%	16%	6%	7%	7%	10%
Large bombs such as those against Iraqi police stations and international organizations	25%	18%	6%	9%	2%	25%
Armed encounters between Iraqis and Coalition Forces and others	8%	9%	10%	17%	10%	15%
Armed encounters with religious or tribal militia	2%	2%	2%		3%	2%
Revenge killings/Baath killings	2%	3%	3%	1%	5%	1%
Financial extortion	1%	1%	2%	2%		4%
Sectarian war	31%	26%	36%	26%	45%	6%
Ethnic war	6%	2%	19%	11%	12%	2%
Outside threats	5%	13%	7%	11%	8%	6%

# **IRAQIS ON COALITION FORCES LEAVING**

	If coalition forces left immediately, Iraqis would feel <sup>340</sup>			
	More safe	Less safe	No difference	
Baghdad	November: 12%	November: 71%	November: 13%	
	January: 19%	January: 65%	January: 15%	
Basrah	November: 6%	November: 85%	November: 8%	
	January: 17%	January: 67%	January: 12%	
Mosul	January: 28%	January: 59%	January: 10%	
Fallujah	January: 56%	January: 29%	January: 12%	
Samarra	January: 54%	January: 41%	January: 2%	
Karbala	January: 24%	January: 50%	January:13%	
Kirkuk	November: 15%	November: 62%	November: 14%	
Hilla	November: 7%	November: 83%	November: 5%	
Diwaniya	November:13%	November: 83%	November: 1%	

# PRIMARY RESPONSIBILITY FOR PROTECTING IRAQIS

	In the next six months, primary responsibility for protecting Iraqis from major security threats should be <sup>341</sup>			
	Iraqi Armed Forces	Coalition forces	Joint Iraq-Coalition efforts	
Baghdad	50%	7%	42%	
Basrah	38%	8%	51%	
Mosul	58%	12%	27%	
Fallujah	71%	4%	19%	
Samarra	64%	9%	23%	
Karbala	50%	14%	26%	

# PRIMARY RESPONSIBILITY FOR MAINTAINING LAW AND ORDER

	In the next six months,	In the next six months, primary responsibility for maintaining law and order on Iraqi streets should be 342				
	Iraqi Armed Forces	Coalition forces	Joint Iraq-Coalition efforts			
Baghdad	56%	6%	38%			
Basrah	53%	9%	35%			
Mosul	53%	10%	26%			
Fallujah	67%	4%	22%			
Samarra	71%	5%	20%			
Karbala	44%	2%	16%			

# **CONDITIONS FOR PEACE**

	Over the last three months conditions for peace have 343			
	Improved	Worsened	No difference	
Baghdad	August: 22%	August: 53%	August: 24%	
	January: 51%	January: 25%	January: 24%	
Basrah	August: 24%	August: 58%	August: 18%	
	January: 59%	January: 17%	January: 24%	
Mosul	January: 38%	January: 39%	January: 22%	
Fallujah	August: 25%	August: 63%	August: 10%	
	January: 33%	January: 44%	January: 23%	
Samarra	January: 34%	January: 43%	January: 22%	
Karbala	January: 27%	January: 61%	January: 10%	
Ramadi	August:16%	August: 66%	August: 17%	
Najaf	August: 15%	August: 71%	August: 10%	
Suleymania	August: 56%	August: 18%	August: 25%	
Erbil	August: 58%	August: 9%	August: 23%	

# **SAFETY IN IRAQI NEIGHBORHOODS**

	How safe do you feel in your neighborhood? <sup>344</sup>			
	Very safe	Not very safe	Not safe	
Baghdad	August: 24%	August: 50%	August: 26%	
_	November: 31%	November: 56%	November: 12%	
	January: 46%	January: 42%	January: 11%	
Basrah	August: 24%	August: 58%	August: 17%	
	November: 18%	November: 68%	November: 12%	
	January: 31%	January: 57%	January: 11%	
Fallujah	August: 37%	August: 57%	August: 4%	
, and the second	January: 61%	January: 27%	January:11%	
Mosul	January: 63%	January: 28%	January: 9%	
Samarra	January: 63%	January: 27%	January: 10%	
Karbala	January: 51%	January: 29%	January: 15%	
Kirkuk	November: 42%	November: 40%	November: 12%	
Hilla	November: 65%	November: 30%	November: 4%	
Diwaniya	November: 71%	November: 22%	November: 7%	
Najaf	August: 35%	August: 52%	August: 12%	
Ramadi	August: 41%	August: 44%	August: 14%	
Suleymania	August: 61%	August: 33%	August: 1%	
Erbil	August: 60%	August: 36%	August: 3%	

# **IRAQI CONFIDENCE IN INSTITUTIONS**

		Do you feel very or somewhat confident in the following institution? <sup>345</sup>				
	Iraq police	New Iraqi	Iraqi	Governing	CPA	Coalition
		Army	ministries	Council		Forces
Baghdad	82%	72%	60%	62%	42%	38%
Basrah	89%	79%	64%	67%	41%	32%
Mosul	80%	54%	43%	33%	31%	27%
Fallujah	74%	52%	54%	27%	10%	10%
Samarra	72%	35%	36%	30%	14%	18%
Karbala	71%	55%	51%	57%	27%	20%

# **EFFECIENCY OF COALITION FORCES**

	Do you feel Coalition Forces are very effective in the following activities? <sup>346</sup>					
	Keeping law and order in the streets	Tracking down criminals	Protecting Iraqis from major threats	Working cooperatively with Iraqi security forces	Protecting their forces and compounds	
Baghdad	21%	15%	32%	43%	63%	
Basrah	17%	11%	22%	27%	68%	
Mosul	21%	14%	33%	34%	60%	
Fallujah	5%	5%	13%	12%	31%	
Samarra	15%	12%	21%	27%	47%	
Karbala	16%	11%	18%	27%	55%	

# LATER POLLING: STATE DEPARTMENT STUDY AND GALLUP POLLS

# IRAQ PUBLIC OPINION NATIONWIDE AND BAGDHAD

1/12/2003

	Nationwid	e	Baghda	ıd
Do you agree that in general, the local Iraqi police force is trusted by most members of the community? <sup>347</sup>	Agree/somewhat agree: 77%		Agree/somewhat agree: 80%	
Do you feel that the attacks emphasize the need for continued presence of Coalition Forces in Iraq? <sup>348</sup>	Agree: 66%		Agree: 61%	
If coalition forces left immediately, would you feel more safe, less safe, or no difference? <sup>349</sup>	Less safe:	11% 71% 10%	More safe: Less safe: No difference:	12% 75% 13%

# **BAGDHAD PUBLIC OPINION: EARLY FALL**

12/08/2003

Question	Findings
Will Iraq be in a better condition	Better off: 67%
five years from now than it was	***
before the U.Sled invasion? 350	Worse off: 8%
Is Iraq better off now than it was before the invasion? <sup>351</sup>	Better off: 33%
	Worse off: 47%
Was ousting Saddam worth the	Yes: 62%
hardships endured since the	
invasion? <sup>352</sup>	No: N/A
Would you like to see U.S. troops	Stay longer: 71%
stay longer than a few more	
months? <sup>353</sup>	Not stay longer: 26%
Are there circumstances in	No: 64%
which attacks against U.S. troops	
can be justified? <sup>354</sup>	Sometimes justified: 36%
Have you been afraid at times to	Yes: 86%
go outside your home during the	
day within the past four weeks?	No: N/A
Is Baghdad a more dangerous	Yes: 94%
place now than before the	
invasion? 356	No: N/A

N/A= Not available

# **AMERICAN PUBLIC OPINION**

# 1/9/2004

Time period	Do you approve or disapprove of the way the George W. Bush is handling the situation with
	Iraq? <sup>357</sup>
April 14-16	Approve: 76%
•	Disapprove: 21%
	No opinion: 3%
June 12-15	Approve: 63%
	Disapprove: 34%
	No opinion: 3
July 7-9	Approve: 58%
-	Disapprove: 39%
	No opinion: 3%
July 18-20	Approve: 57%
-	Disapprove: 39%
	No opinion: 4%
July 25-27	Approve: 60 %
-	Disapprove: 38%
	No opinion: 2%
August 25-26	Approve: 57%
_	Disapprove: 41%
	No opinion: 2%
September 8-10	Approve: 51%
	Disapprove: 47%
	No opinion: 2%
October 6-8	Approve: 47%
	Disapprove: 50%
	No opinion: 3%
November 3-5	Approve: 45%
	Disapprove: 54%
	No opinion: 1%
December 5-7	Approve: 50%
	Disapprove: 47%
	No opinion: 3%
January 2-5	Approve: 61%
	Disapprove: 36%
	No opinion: 3%

14 Forces: U.S. & Coalition/Casualties" CNN Special Report: Iraq, (http://edition.cnn.com/SPECIALS/2003/iraq/forces/casualties/). Monthly estimates from May to October based on a totally tally of fatalities listed on website. Remaining months are documented daily from "Operation Iraqi Freedom U.S. Casualty Status," Department of Defense.

- <sup>2</sup> Ibid.
- <sup>3</sup> Ibid.
- <sup>4</sup> Ibid.
- <sup>5</sup> Vernon Loeb, "In Iraq, Pace of U.S. Casualties Has Accelerated," Washington Post, December 28, 2003.
- <sup>6</sup> Numbers derived at by author based on data found in Vernon Loeb, "In Iraq, Pace of U.S. Casualties Has Accelerated," Washington Post, December 28, 2003, and "Operation Iraqi Freedom U.S. Casualty Status," Department of Defense.
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- <sup>9</sup> "Details of British Casualties," *Ministry of Defense*, (http://www.operations.mod.uk/telic/casualties.htm).
- <sup>10</sup>John F Burns, "Iraqi Policemen Tied to Killings of 2 Americans," New York Times, March 13. 2004.
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- <sup>12</sup>Rajiv Chandrasekaran, "Car Bomb Kills 11 in Baghdad," *Washington Post*, August 8, 2003. Attack in front of the Jordanian Embassy August 7. Theola Labbe, "Some Fear Blast at University Heralds New Face of Violence," Washington Post, September 6, 2003. Attack on UN headquarters
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