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Iraq Index

Tracking Variables of Reconstruction & Security in Post-Saddam Iraq

http://www.brookings.edu/iraqindex

October 13, 2009

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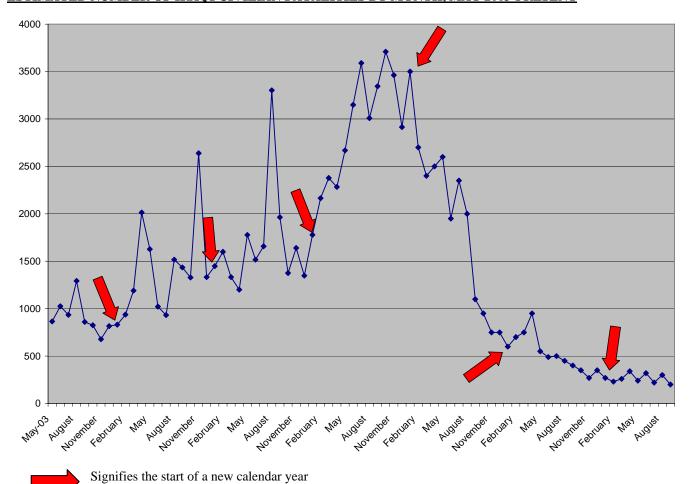
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NOTE ON THE METHODOLOGY OF THE IRAQ INDEX:

Although the footnotes to the Iraq Index document our sources in detail, it is worth noting here a few broad points. The majority of our information comes from the U.S. Government, though we must often analyze it and process it further to show trends over the full period since Saddam Hussein fell in 2003. Some information comes from foreign journalists on the ground and from nongovernmental organizations; a very modest amount to date comes from Iraqi sources. Most tables and charts are straightforward representations of data as we obtain it from the above primary sources, with only modest further analysis and processing required. However, a few graphics, such as those on crime and unemployment rates, require more methodological work (and more assumptions) on our part—and are as a result also perhaps somewhat less precise than most of the tables and charts.

TRACKING THE AFTERMATH OF THE SURGE

ESTIMATED NUMBER OF IRAOI CIVILIAN FATALITIES BY MONTH, MAY 2003-PRESENT



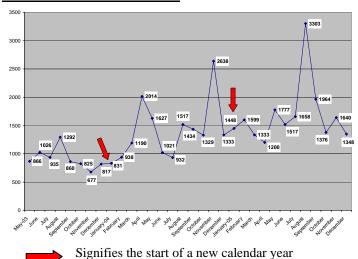
NOTE ON THIS GRAPH: See subset graphs on following page for exact monthly figures and explanations regarding sources and methodologies for various time periods.

NOTE ON OTHER CIVILIAN FATALITY ESTIMATE¹:

In its January 31, 2008 issue, *The New England Journal of Medicine* published a study carried out by the Iraq Family Health Survey Study Group in which they estimated the number of violent civilian deaths in Iraq from March 2003 through June 2006. Based on a survey of 1,086 household clusters throughout Iraq, they estimated that there were 151,000 such deaths during this period. Though monthly totals were not made available, the estimated number of deaths per day were broken into various time periods as follows: March 2003-April 2004, 128; May 2004-May 2005, 115; June 2005-June 2006, 126.

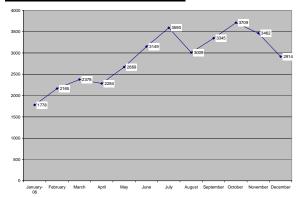
DETAILED EXPLANATION OF IRAQI CIVILIAN FATALITY ESTIMATES BY TIME PERIOD

MAY 2003-DECEMBER 2005²



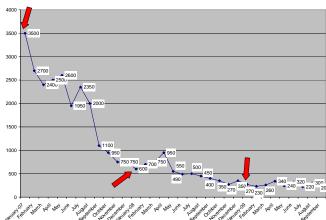
NOTE ON THIS GRAPH: In previous editions of the *Iraq Index*, attempts were made to distinguish between those civilian fatalities caused by acts of war and those caused by other violent means for this time period. These estimates have now been combined in order to provide a consistent comparison with subsequent years where it became evident that making such a distinction was not feasible. See endnote for more specific detail as to how these estimates were calculated.

JANUARY-DECEMBER 2006³



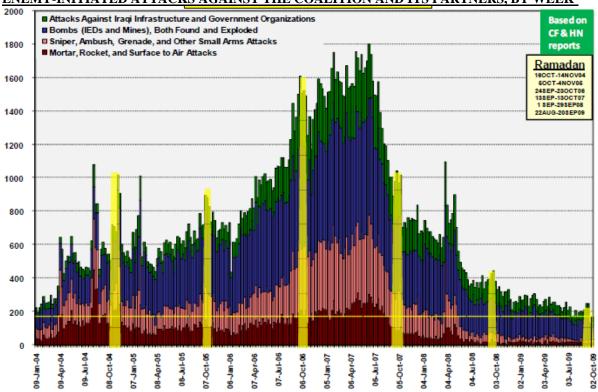
NOTE ON THIS GRAPH: Our estimates from January-December 2006 are based upon the numbers published in the UN Assistance Mission for Iraq, "Human Rights Report: 1 May–30 June, 2006" and subsequent reports. This data combines the Iraq Ministry of Health's tally of deaths counted at hospitals with the Baghdad Medico-Legal Institute's tally of deaths counted at morgues.

JANUARY 2007-PRESENT⁴

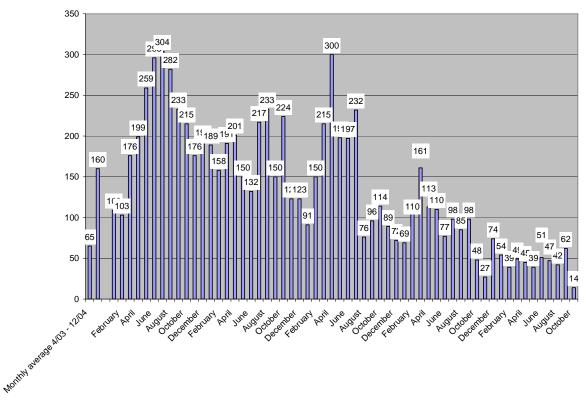


NOTE ON THIS GRAPH: Figures for January-August 2007 are approximations based on a graph presented by Gen. David Petraeus during Congressional testimony given on September 10-11, 2007 and reprinted in the U.S. Department of State's "Iraq Weekly Status Report" dated September 12, 2007. Updates for subsequent months have been provided by the U.S. Department of Defense.

ENEMY-INITIATED ATTACKS AGAINST THE COALITION AND ITS PARTNERS, BY WEEK⁵



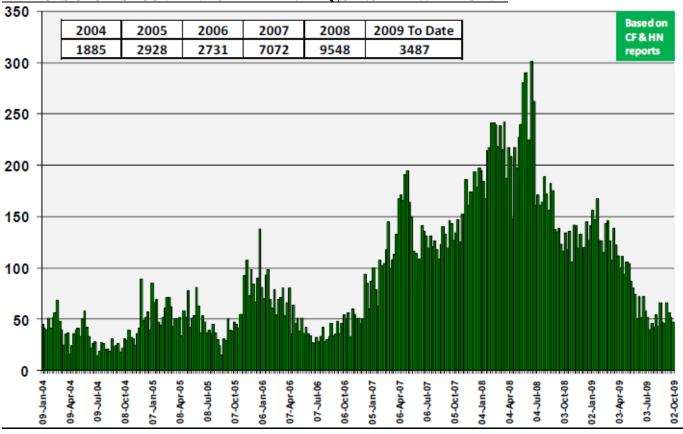
IRAQI MILITARY & POLICE KILLED MONTHLY⁶



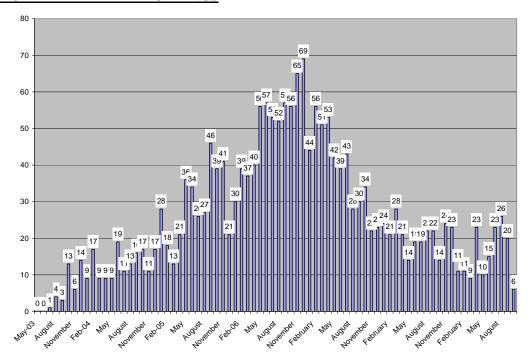
Total June 2003 through October 13, 2009: 9,278

1,300 Iraqi military and police were killed between June 2003 and January 4, 2005 according to Iraqi Minister of Interior Falah Hasan Al-Naqib. "Iraqi Officers, Police Members Killed so Far Total 1,300," Kuwait News Agency (KUNA) January 4, 2005. Maj. Gen. Joseph Peterson, the top American police trainer in Iraq, noted through his spokesperson that 1,497 Iraqi police officers were killed and 3,256 wounded in 2005. Eric Schmitt, "2,000 More MPs Will Help Train the Iraqi Police," *New York Times*, January 16, 2006.

WEAPONS CACHES FOUND AND CLEARED IN IRAQ, JANUARY 2004-PRESENT⁷

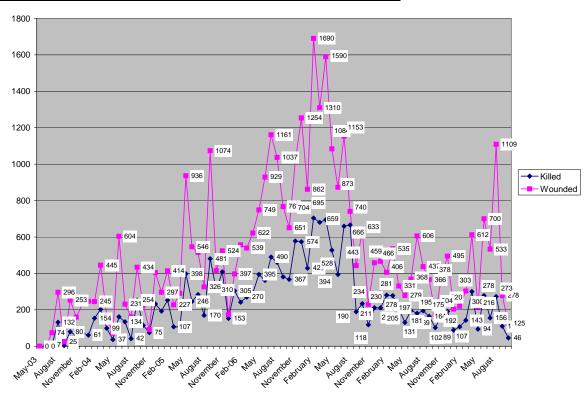


MULTIPLE FATALITY BOMBINGS⁸



Total as of October 12, 2009: 2,029 (of which at least 728 (35.9%) were suicide bombings)

KILLED AND WOUNDED IN MULTIPLE FATALITY BOMBINGS⁹



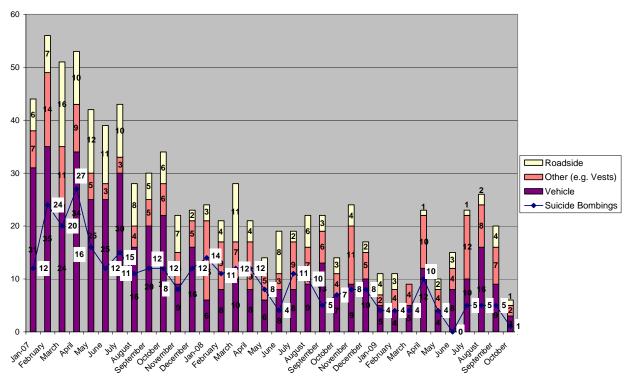
Total as of October 12, 2009:

Killed: 19,162 Wounded: 39,996

NOTE ON MULTIPLE FATALITY BOMBINGS AND KILLED AND WOUNDED IN MULTIPLE FATALITY

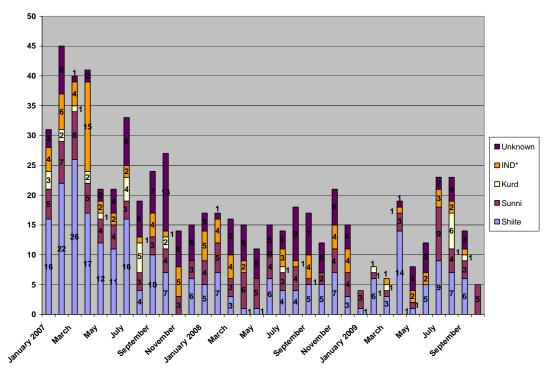
BOMBINGS TABLES: Included as data for these graphs are any bombings (including IEDs / roadside bombs) that caused at least three fatalities. The data on multiple fatality IED / roadside bombs are estimates and may have a margin of error of +/- one bomb and approximately five fatalities and five wounded.

MULTIPLE FATALITY BOMBINGS BY TYPE, SINCE JANUARY 2007¹⁰



Total from January 1, 2007 to October 12, 2009 NOTE ON THIS GRAPH: The count of suicide bombings refers to the ratio of the total represented by the bar graph, and should not be double-counted. In most cases, "Other" refers to suicide vest bombs but can also refer to bombs that do not fit into the other two categories, such as those left in trash cans, under market stalls, etc. By definition, "Roadside" bombs cannot be carried out by a suicide attacker.

$\frac{\text{NUMBER OF MULTIPLE FATALITY BOMBINGS TARGETING CIVILIANS, BY SECTARIAN GROUP AND }{\text{MONTH}}^{11}$



*IND: Indiscriminate

Total from January 1, 2007 to October 12, 2009 NOTE ON THIS GRAPH: Iraqi civilians were the primary target for each multiple fatality bombing illustrated. Those classified as "Shiite", "Sunni" or "Kurd" were bombings that either directly targeted that sectarian group or occurred in an area reported to be predominantly composed of that sectarian group. "Indiscriminate" bombings took place in areas of a mixed sectarian population and those classified as "Unknown" did not have the sectarian grouping or exact location reported.

$\frac{\textbf{DETAILED BREAKDOWN OF DEATHS ASSOCIATED WITH MULTIPLE FATALITY BOMBINGS IN IRAQ,}{\textbf{SINCE JANUARY 2007}^{12}}$

	Shiite	Sunni	Kurd	IND*	Unknown	Iraqi Security Forces	US/Coalition Forces	Iraqi Government	MONTHLY/ ANNUAL TOTALS
Jan 2007	285	23	28	33	10	40	10	0	429
Feb	459	70	11	46	36	76	10	0	708
March	493	78	30	26	4	6	34	0	671
April	413	80	24	107	10	32	28	0	694
May	180	53	22	54	16	97	32	74	528
June	180	28	0	23	16	102	28	17	394
July	326	47	134	32	31	75	5	0	650
Aug	61	64	411	6	46	43	17	8	656
Sept	70	19	0	34	36	21	10	0	190
Oct	40	21	15	6	75	66	0	8	231
Nov	0	16	0	24	26	35	7	10	118
Dec	68	50	0	0	36	56	1	0	211
2007 TOTAL	2,575	549	675	391	342	649	182	117	5,480
Jan 2008	32	38	0	88	16	25	12	0	211
Feb	113	68	0	83	3	7	7	0	281
March	75	11	0	111	15	51	15	0	278
April	3	79	0	45	44	34	0	0	205
May	9	39	0	0	48	30	5	0	131
June	86	45	0	0	18	23	10	15	197
July	38	20	25	34	13	44	0	7	181
Aug	38	50	0	25	36	45	1	0	195
Sept	60	4	0	32	24	38	0	6	164
Oct	39	15	0	0	22	10	0	16	102
Nov	44	22	0	46	27	16	0	14	169
Dec	29	22	0	78	19	41	0	3	192
2008 TOTAL	566	413	25	542	285	364	50	61	2,306
Jan 2009	38	30	0	0	0	21	0	0	89
Feb	72	3	16	0	0	9	5	0	105
March	41	8	27	33	0	34	0	0	143
April	231	18	0	5	8	33	5	0	300
May	34	7	0	27	14	6	6	0	94
June	188	0	0	52	25	6	0	7	278
July	66	36	0	39	9	6	0	0	156
August	66	18	57	87	25	20	0	0	273
September	29	11	22	3	14	28	3	0	110
October	0	43	0	0	0	3	0	0	46
2009 TOTAL	765	174	122	246	95	166	19	7	1,594
SUBSET TOTAL	3,906	1,136	822	1,179	722	1,179	251	185	9,380

NOTE ON THIS TABLE: Totals shown correlate directly with the reported deaths of the attacks illustrated in the above graph. This does not necessarily mean that each fatality was a member of that sectarian group, only that the bombing either targeted that group or occurred in an area in which that group was in the majority.

NUMBER AND CURRENT STATUS OF SONS OF IRAQ (SOI) IN IRAQ 13

BROAD FIGURES

CURRENT NUMBER OF SOI's			
Remaining in Program	83,575		
Transitioned Since October 2008	11,875		
Iraqi Security Forces	4,565		
Non-Security Employment	7,310		
Transitioned Before October 2008	11,141		
Iraqi Security Forces	8,777		
Non-Security Employment	2,364		
Pre-SOI Program Transitions	8,206		

AS OF: SEPTEMBER 2009

STATUS OF SOI HANDOVER TO IRAQI GOVERNMENT

LOCATION OF SOI GROUP(S)	DATE OF TRANSFER	NUMBER OF SOI's
Baghdad and immediate vicinity	October 1, 2008	~51,000
Diyala/Qadisiyah Provinces	January 1, 2009	~11,000
Anbar/Babil/Wasit Provinces	February 1, 2009	~12,000
Ninewa/Tamim/Salahuddin Provinces	April 1, 2009	~20,000

AS OF: APRIL 2009

NOTE ON THESE CHARTS: The majority of the estimated 25,000 volunteers that formed the Awakening Movement in Anbar province are NOT included in the above U.S. figures. The phrase "Sons of Iraq", refers to Iraqi civilians who have volunteered to ally with U.S. forces in providing security against insurgents and militias at the local level. Thus far the Iraqi central government has been reluctant to integrate SOI's into official security forces. As a result, the U.S. military is launching a new civilian job corps to transition some SOI's from security to civil projects.

STATUS OF THE SONS OF IRAQ BY LOCATION (WITH AVERAGE MONTHLY PAY)¹⁴

LOCATION	MEMBER TOTAL	AVERAGE MONTHLY PAY	GROWTH RATE (MAY-JULY 2008)
MND-Baghdad	30,630	\$236	-161
MND-North	30,692	\$368	3,121
MND-West	4,867	\$181	190
MND-Central	35,345	\$299	-86
MND-Central South	2,002	\$171	0
TOTALS	103,536	\$293*	3,064

NOTE: "MND" stands for Multi-National Division and refers to the areas of operation as set forth by U.S.-Coalition forces.

AS OF: JUNE 2008

^{*}Weighted average

 $\frac{PROGRESS\ OF\ POLITICAL\ BENCHMARKS\ AGREED\ UPON\ BETWEEN\ THE\ BUSH\ ADMINISTRATION\ AND}{THE\ IRAQI\ GOVERNMENT,\ AS\ WELL\ AS\ OTHER\ SIGNIFICANT\ POLITICAL\ DEVELOPMENTS^{15}}$

Political Benchmark	Current Status	Potential Hurdles
Folitical Belicilliark	Current Status	r oteritiai riurules
Oil Revenue Sharing	February 2007: Draft law passed in the Cabinet but not yet voted on in Parliament May 2007: During the week of May 21, officials from the Kurdish Regional Government will arrive in Baghdad to discuss differences with central-government authorities.	Iraq Federation of Oil Unions has come out against the draft, as has the Iraqi National slate, led by former PM Ilyad al-Allawi
Reversing de-Baathification	May 2007: Iraqi VP Tariq al-Hashemi announced that proposals for revising the law would be submitted to parliament during the week of May 21. November 2007: Increased participation in fostering security by Sunni groups commonly known as "Concerned Local Citizens" has resulted in some de facto accommodations January 2008: Iraqi Parliament passes a bill allowing for the reinstatement of low-level Baath Party members for certain government jobs. The legislation also allows for those former Baathists with high-level jobs to receive a pension.	November 2007: Members of parliament loyal to Moqtada al-Sadr vehemently objected to the latest proposed legislation approved by the Cabinet
New election laws	No progress thus far	
Schedule provincial elections	July 2007: PM Nouri al-Maliki stated publicly that provincial elections would be held by the end of calendar year 2007. September 2008: The Iraqi Parliament passed a provincial elections law that sets a deadline of January 31, 2009 for their completion. This covers all provinces except Tamim (Kirkuk) where the ethnosectarian composition of the council will be decided at a later date.	September 2008: The current provincial election law allows for 25% of all seats to go to women. However, the quotas for ethnic and religious minorities that were included in 2005 were not renewed.
Disbanding militias	No political progress thus far, although Coalition and Iraqi security forces have engaged and detained militia members	
Plan of national reconciliation	February 2008: The Iraqi parliament passed an amnesty bill that will benefit thousands of mostly Sunni prisoners currently in Iraqi custody. This must now be approved by the presidency council.	June 2008: The Amnesty Law began implementation March 2, 2008. As of May 1, nearly 17,000 detainees have been approved for release.
Amending the Constitution to address Sunni concerns	The parliament's constitutional reform committee voted on May 15, 2007, to submit a set of revisions to lawmakers the week of May 21. However, the controversial issues of the rights of provinces to form powerful regions (similar to that of the Kurds) and references to Iraq's Arab identity are yet to be debated.	

AS OF: November 5, 2008 The benchmarks listed above were taken from a letter from Secretary of State Condoleezza Rice to Senator Carl Levin sent in January 2007 as mentioned in *Newsweek*'s April 2, 2007 edition.

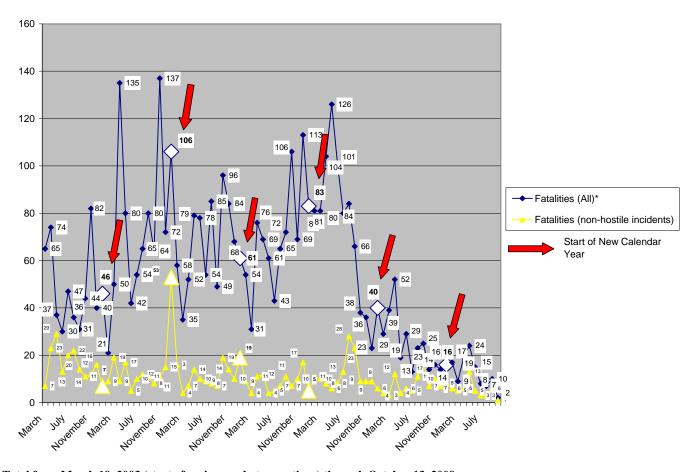
AUTHORS' POLITICAL BENCHMARK ASSESSMENT

BENCHMARK	SCORE
2009 Budget	1.0
Pension Law	1.0
Purging Extremists from Government	1.0
Provincial Powers Act	1.0
Provincial Election Legislation	1.0
Reformed De-Ba'athification Legislation	0.5
Amnesty Law	0.5
Distribution of Federal Funding to Provinces	0.5
Sons of Iraq Employment Program	0.0
Kirkuk Referendum/Resolution	0.0
Hydrocarbons Law	0.0
TOTAL	6.5/11

NOTE ON THIS TABLE: Each category may receive a score of 0, 0.5 or 1 with the best possible score being 11. We accord a 1 for the pensions law, and for the 2008 budget. We then estimate half points for six categories: passing of the reformed de-Baathification law (which may or may not work out as well as intended in the actual implementation), purging extremists from the government (which is going fairly well but largely at U.S. insistence and cajoling), hiring Sons of Iraq into the security forces (again, going well, but there is some interest from the Shia-led government in limiting the number of Sons of Iraq who can join security forces as opposed to gaining other types of government jobs), passing of the amnesty law (again, the law is promising, but implementation is key), central government sharing of money with the provinces (far better than before, but still needing to progress further), and passing of the provincial powers act (recently passed, but also recently vetoed, leaving it in some limbo). We accord the Iraqis 0 for resolving Kirkuk, for creating a permanent hydrocarbons law, and for passing a provincial election law.

SECURITY INDICATORS

U.S. TROOP FATALITIES SINCE MARCH 19, 2003¹⁶



Total from March 19, 2003 (start of major combat operations) through October 13, 2009:

Fatalities (all kinds): 4,352

Fatalities in hostile incidents: **3,474**Fatalities in non-hostile incidents: **878**

NOTE ON U.S. TROOP FATALITIES SINCE MARCH 19, 2003 TABLE:

The daily Department of Defense casualty reports that we use for our monthly estimates on U.S troops killed doesn't make entirely clear when in a 24 hour period casualties were incurred. Since the reports are published 10 AM daily, there is the possibility that our numbers for January 2005 and onwards are slightly off due to uncertainties about whether casualties occurred on the first and last day of each month. We have chosen to interpret the numbers in the casualty report as representing fatalities that occurred throughout the previous day. Total fatalities include seven civilians working for the Department of Defense.

^{*} In order to determine the monthly fatalities from hostile incidents, subtract the blue data point from the corresponding yellow data point.

CAUSE OF DEATH FOR US TROOPS¹⁷

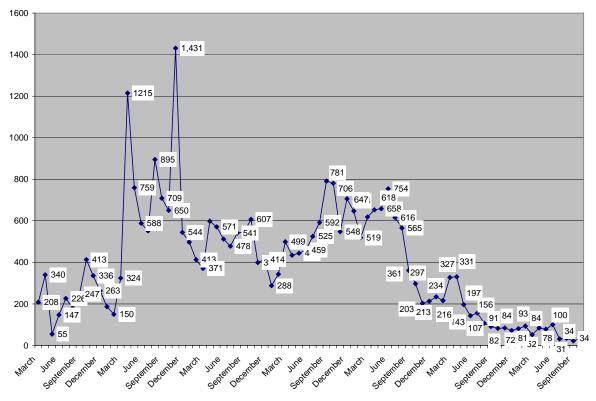
CAUSE	JE DEATH FC	OR US TROOP	<u>5</u>		Ualisantan	-		Total
Month	IED's	Car Bombs	Mortars/Rockets	RPG's	Helicopter Losses*	Other Hostile	Non-Hostile*	Total
March 03	0 (0%)	0 (0%)	0 (0%)	0 (0%)	8 (12.3%)	50 (76.9%)	7 (10.8%)	65
April	0 (0%)	0 (0%)	3 (4.1%)	4 (5.4%)	8 (10.8%)	41 (55.4%)	18(24.3%)	74
May	0 (0%)	0 (0%)	0 (0%)	0 (0%)	7 (18.9%)	6 (16.2%)	24 (64.9%)	37
June	0 (0%)	0 (0%)	0 (0%)	4 (13.3%)	0 (0%)	14 (46.6%)	12 (40.0%)	30
July	4 (8.3%)	0 (0%)	0 (0%)	9 (18.8%)	0 (0%)	15 (31.3%)	20 (41.7%)	48
August	7 (20%)	0 (0%)	0 (0%)	2 (5.7%)	0 (0%)	7 (20%)	19 (54.3%)	35
September	6 (19.4%)	0 (0%)	2 (6.5%)	2 (6.5%)	1 (3.2%)	8 (25.8%)	12 (38.7%)	31
October	13 (29.5%)	0 (0%)	4 (9.1%)	2 (4.5%)	0 (0%)	14 (31.8%)	11 (25%)	44
November	20 (24.4%)	0 (0%)	1 (1.2%)	1 (1.2%)	39 (47.6%)	8 (9.8%)	13 (15.8%)	82
December	18 (45%)	1 (2.5%)	2 (5%)	0 (0%)	0 (0%)	4 (10%)	15 (37.5%)	40
January 04	20 (42.6%)	3 (6.4%)	4 (8.5%)	1 (2.1%)	14 (29.8%)	4 (8.5%)	1 (2.1%)	47
February	9 (45%)	0 (0%)	2 (10%)	0 (0%)	2 (10%)	3 (15%)	4 (20%)	20
March	19 (36.5%)	0 (0%)	4 (7.7%)	0 (0%)	0 (0%)	12 (23.1%)	17 (32.7%)	52
April May	22 (16.2%) 21 (26.3%)	10 (7.4%) 2 (2.5%)	7 (5.1%) 12 (15%)	14 (10.3%) 2 (2.5%)	2 (1.5%)	71 (52.9%) 25 (31.3%)	9 (6.6%) 18 (22.5%)	135 80
June	12 (28.6%)	2 (2.5%)	7 (16.7%)	1 (2.4%)	0 (0%)	15 (35.7%)	5 (11.9%)	42
July	17 (31.5%)	2 (3.7%)	7 (13%)	2 (3.7%)	0 (0%)	16 (29.6%)	10 (18.5%)	54
August	16 (24.2%)	0 (0%)	2 (3%)	4 (6.1%)	2 (3%)	33 (50%)	9 (13.6%)	66
September	15 (18.8%)	11(13.8%)	4 (5%)	2 (2.5%)	0 (0%)	37 (46.3%)	11 (13.8%)	80
October	12 (18.8%)	19 (29.7%)	2 (3.1%)	4 (6.3%)	2 (3.1%)	19 (29.7%)	6 (9.4%)	64
November	18 (13.1%)	6 (4.4%)	4 (2.9%)	4 (2.9%)	0 (0%)	93 (67.9%)	12 (8.8%)	137
December	14 (19.4%)	2 (2.8%)	1 (1.4%)	0 (0%)	2 (2.8%)	41 (56.9%)	12 (16.7%)	72
January 05	29 (27.1%)	3 (2.8%)	3 (2.8%)	8 (7.5%)	33 (30.8%)	11 (10.3%)	20 (18.7%)	107
February March	25 (43.1%)	1 (1.7%) 7 (20%)	1 (1.7%) 1 (2.9%)	0 (0%)	0 (0%)	15 (25.9%)	16 (27.6%) 4 (11.4%)	58 35
April	13 (37.1%) 20 (38.5%)	7 (20%)	1 (2.9%) 5 (9.6%)	2 (3.8%)	0 (0%)	10 (28.6%) 12 (23.1%)	4 (11.4%) 6 (11.5%)	52
May	33 (41.2%)	10 (12.5%)	6 (7.5%)	2 (2.5%)	2 (2.5%)	14 (17.5%)	13 (16.3%)	80
June	36 (46.2%)	8 (10.3%)	2 (2.6%)	3 (3.8%)	2 (2.6%)	18 (23.1%)	9 (11.5%)	78
July	36 (66.7%)	2 (3.7%)	3 (5.6%)	0 (0%)	0 (0%)	4 (7.4%)	9 (16.7%)	54
August	40 (47.1%)	7 (8.2%)	1 (1.2%)	0 (0%)	0 (0%)	27 (31.8%)	10 (11.8%)	85
September	37 (75.5%)	0 (0%)	2 (4.1%)	0 (0%)	0 (0%)	3 (6.1%)	7 (14.3%)	49
October November	57 (59.4%) 40 (47.6%)	2 (2.1%) 6 (7.1%)	7 (7.3%) 0 (0%)	0 (0%)	0 (0%) 2 (2.4%)	11 (11.5%) 24 (28.6%)	19 (19.8%) 12 (14.3%)	96 84
December	42 (61.8%)	3 (4.4%)	2 (2.9%)	1 (1.5%)	2 (2.9%)	9 (13.2%)	9 (13.2%)	68
January 06	24 (38.7%)	3 (4.8%)	0 (0%)	1 (1.6%)	13 (21%)	10 (16.1%)	11 (17.7%)	62
February	36 (65.5%) 12 (38.7%)	2 (3.6%) 1 (3.2%)	1 (1.8%) 3 (9.7%)	0 (0%)	0 (0%)	7 (12.7%) 9 (29%)	9 (16.4%) 5 (16.1%)	55 31
March April	45 (59.2%)	1 (3.2%)	1 (1.3%)	1 (3.2%)	2 (2.6%)	15 (19.7%)	11 (14.5%)	76
May	36 (52.2%)	2 (2.9%)	0 (0%)	0 (0%)	4 (5.8%)	17 (24.6%)	10 (14.5%)	69
June	33 (54.1%)	0 (0%)	1 (1.6%)	0 (0%)	0 (0%)	23 (37.7%)	4 (6.6%)	61
July August	21 (48.8%) 29 (44.6%)	3 (6.9%) 0 (0%)	0 (0%)	1 (2.3%) 0 (0%)	0 (0%) 2 (3.1%)	13 (30.2%) 29 (44.6%)	5 (11.6%) 5 (7.7%)	43 65
September	29 (40.3%)	4 (5.6%)	1 (1.4%)	1 (1.4%)	0 (0%)	26 (36.1%)	11 (15.3%)	72
October	52 (49.1%)	0 (0%)	0 (0%)	1 (0.9%)	0 (0%)	46 (43.4%)	7 (6.6%)	106
November	38 (54.3%)	0 (0%)	0 (0%)	0 (0%)	2 (2.9%)	22 (31.4%)	8 (11.4%)	70
December January 07	68 (60.7%) 35 (42.2%)	0 (0%)	1 (0.9%) 2 (2.4%)	1 (0.9%) 0 (0%)	5 (4.5%) 14 (16.9%)	25 (22.3%) 27 (32.5%)	12 (10.7%) 5 (6.0%)	112 83
February	25 (30.9%)	2 (2.5%)	2 (2.5%)	0 (0%)	9 (11.1%)	33 (40.7%)	10 (12.3%)	81
March	50 (61.7%)	0 (0%)	2 (2.5%)	0 (0%)	0 (0%)	19 (23.5%)	10 (12.3%)	81
April	60 (57.7 %)	0 (0%)	1 (1.0%)	1 (1.0%)	0 (0%)	34 (32.7%)	8 (7.7%)	104
May	82 (65.1%)	0 (0%)	0 (0%)	0 (0%)	2 (1.6%)	36 (28.6%)	6 (4.8%)	126
June July	58 (57.4%) 44 (55.0%)	0 (0%)	0 (0%) 2 (2.5%)	4 (4.0%) 2 (2.5%)	0 (0%)	31 (30.7%) 19 (23.8 %)	8 (7.9%) 12 (15.0%)	101 80
August	32 (38.1%)	0 (0%)	0 (0%)	4 (4.8%)	19 (22.6%)	20 (22.6%)	9 (10.7%)	84
September	26 (39.4%)	1 (1.5%)	0 (0%)	3 (4.5%)	0 (0%)	13 (19.7%)	23 (34.8%)	66
October November	20 (52.6%) 26 (70.3%)	0 (0%)	2 (5.3%)	0 (0%)	0 (0%)	7 (18.4%) 6 (16.2%)	9 (23.7%) 5 (19.2%)	38 37
December	9 (39.1%)	0 (0%)	0 (0%)	0 (0%)	0 (0%)	5 (21.7%)	9 (39.1%)	23
January 08	23 (57.5%)	0 (0%)	0 (0%)	1 (2.5%)	0 (0%)	11 (27.5%)	5 (12.5%)	40
February	17 (58.6%)	0 (0%)	0 (0%)	1 (3.4%)	0 (0%)	7 (24.1%)	4 (13.8%)	29
March April	26 (66.7%) 29 (55.8%)	0 (0%)	3 (7.7%) 3 (5.8%)	1 (2.6%) 2 (3.8%)	1 (2.6%) 0 (0%)	6 (15.4%) 8 (15.4%)	2 (5.1%) 10 (19.2%)	39 52
May	12 (63.2%)	0 (0%)	0 (0%)	2 (3.8%)	0 (0%)	1 (5.3%)	4 (21.1%)	19
June	14 (48.3%)	0 (0%)	0 (0%)	0 (0%)	0 (0%)	9 (31.0%)	6 (20.7%)	29
July	3 (23.1%)	0 (0%)	0 (0%)	0 (0%)	0 (0%)	5 (50.0%)	5 (33.3%)	13
August	7 (30.4%) 4 (16.0%)	0 (0%) 0 (0%)	1 (4.3%) 0 (0%)	0 (0%)	0 (0%) 7 (28.0%)	4 (17.4%) 4 (16.0%)	11 (47.8%) 10 (40.0%)	23 25
September October	2 (14.3%)	0 (0%)	0 (0%)	0 (0%)	0(0%)	4 (16.0%) 5 (35.7%)	7 (50.0%)	14
November	2 (12.5%)	0 (0%)	0 (0%)	0 (0%)	2 (12.5%)	4 (25.0%)	8 (50.0%)	16
December	1 (7.1%)	2 (14.3%)	2 (14.3%)	0 (0%)	0 (0%)	2 (14.3%)	7 (50.0%)	14
January February	3 (18.8%) 6 (35.3%)	0 (0%)	0 (0%)	0 (0%)	4 (25.0%) 0 (0%)	1 (6.3%) 5 (29.4%)	8 (50.0%) 6 (35.3%)	16 17
March	1 (11.1%)	0 (0%)	0 (0%)	1 (11.1%)	0 (0%)	2 (22.2%)	5 (55.6%)	9
April	4 (21.1%)	5 (26.3%)	0 (0%)	0 (0%)	0 (0%)	5 (26.3%)	5 (26.3%)	19
May	8 (32.0%)	0 (0%)	0 (0%)	0 (0%)	0 (0%)	4 (16.0%)	13 (52.0%)	25
June July	4 (26.7%) 0 (0%)	0 (0%)	0 (0%)	0 (0%)	0 (0%)	6 (40.0%) 5 (60.0%)	5 (33.3%) 3 (40.0%)	15 8
August	3 (42.9%)	0 (0%)	0 (0%)	0 (0%)	0 (0%)	1 (14.3%)	3 (42.9%)	7
September	4 (40.0%)	0 (0%)	0 (0%)	0 (0%)	1 (10.0%)	0 (0%)	5 (50.0%)	10
October	0 (0%)	0 (0%)	1 (50.0%)	0 (0%)	0 (0%)	0 (0%)	1 (50.0%)	2
Total	1,734	140	130	103	216	1,281	744	4,348
	(39.9%)	(3.2%)	(3.0%)	(2.4%)	(5.0%)	(29.5%)	(17.1%)	

NOTE ON CAUSE OF DEATH DETAIL TABLE: Through October 13, 2009: Helicopter losses include deaths caused by both non-hostile helicopter accidents and helicopters downed by hostile fire. 18 The "Non-Hostile Causes" data then does not include non-hostile helicopter losses. 19

AMERICAN MILITARY FATALITIES BY CATEGORY MARCH 19, 2003 -OCTOBER 3, 2009²⁰

Category	Total fatalities as of October 3, 2009: 4,338
Gender	Male: 4,235
	Female: 103
Age	Younger than 22: 1,269
	22-24: 1,056
	25-30: 1,102
	31-35: 421
	Older than 35: 490
Component	Active: 3,533
	Reserve: 318
	National Guard: 487
Military service	Army: 3,166
	Marines: 1,020
	Navy: 100
	Air Force: 51
	Coast Guard: 1
Officers/Enlisted	Officer: 417
	E5-E9: 1,419
	E1-E4: 2,502
Race/Ethnicity	American Indian or Alaska Native: 42
	Asian: 81
	Black or African American: 416
	Hispanic or Latino: 458
	Multiple races, pending or unknown: 48
	Native Hawaiian or Pacific Islander: 50
	White: 3,243

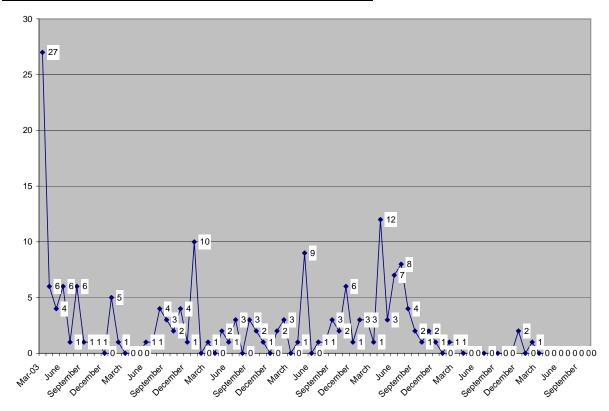
U.S. TROOPS WOUNDED IN ACTION SINCE MARCH 2003²¹



<u>Total from March 19, 2003 through October 13, 2009</u>: 31,529

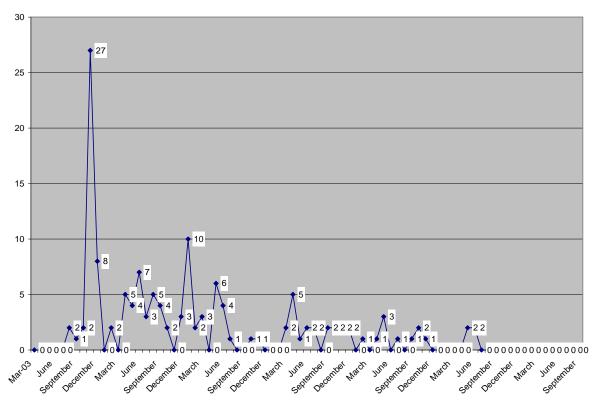
The daily Department of Defense casualty reports that we use for our monthly estimates on U.S troops wounded does not make it entirely clear when in a 24-hour period casualties were incurred. Since the reports are published at 10AM daily, there is possibility that our numbers for January 2005 and onwards are slightly off due to uncertainties about whether casualties occurred on the first or the last of each month.

BRITISH MILITARY FATALITIES SINCE MARCH 19, 2003²²



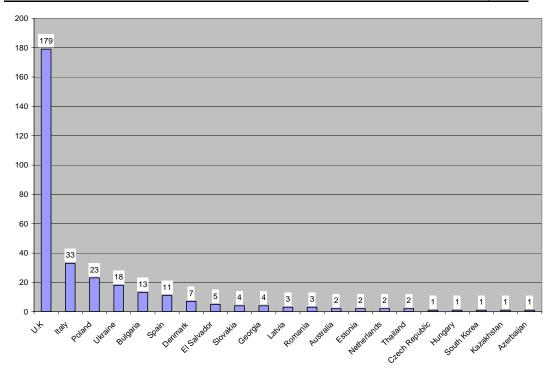
Total through October 13, 2009: 179

NON-U.S. & U.K. COALITION MILITARY FATALITIES SINCE MARCH 19, 2003²³



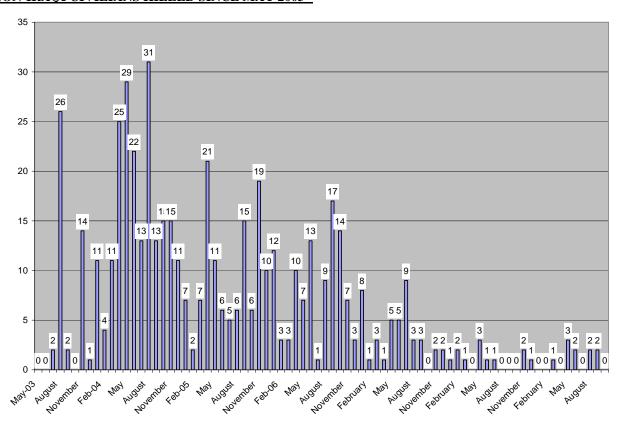
Total through October 13, 2009: 137

NON-U.S. COALITION TROOP FATALITIES BY COUNTRY SINCE MARCH 19, 2003²⁴



Total through October 13, 2009: 316

NON-IRAQI CIVILIANS KILLED SINCE MAY 2003²⁵



Total through October 13, 2009: 523

NOTE ON NON-IRAQI CIVILIANS KILLED IN IRAQ: Total includes two contractors whose dates of death are unknown at this time and are thus not included on the above chart. This list is incomplete and does not include an additional 44 contractors that were killed up until December 31, 2004. Since we do not know during which month these deaths occurred they are not represented in the graph above.

JOURNALISTS KILLED IN IRAQ²⁶

2003	14
2004	24
2005	23
2006	32
2007	32
2008	11
2009	3
Total	139

 $\underline{\textbf{NATIONALITIES OF JOURNALISTS KILLED IN IRAQ}^{27}}$

Iraqi	117
European	12
American	2
Other Arab Countries	3
All Others	5
Total	139

CIRCUMSTANCES OF JOURNALIST DEATHS²⁸

Murder	93
Crossfire or other	46
acts of war	
Total	139

NOTE ON JOURNALIST DEATHS: A broader tally of journalist deaths that includes media workers such as drivers and interpreters, as well as non-hostile but war-related deaths, finds 168 total fatalities.²⁹

FOREIGN NATIONALS KIDNAPPED IN IRAO SINCE MAY 2003³⁰

OREIGN NATIONALS KIDNAPPED IN IRAQ SINCE MAY 2003 ³⁰				
Month	Foreigners Kidnapped	Developments*		
Date of capture unknown	14	3 killed		
May 2003 – October 2003	0			
November	1	1 released		
Dec. 2003 -March 2004	0	21-20-1 20-1 1 1 1		
April Mari	43 2	3 killed, 30 released, 1 escaped 1 killed		
May June	3	2 killed, 1 escaped		
July	26	3 killed, 13 released, 1 rescued, 1 escaped		
August	30	15 killed, 15 released		
September	31	4 killed, 4 released, 1 rescued		
October	7	3 killed, 2 released		
November	5	1 killed, 1 released		
December	2	,		
January 2005	13	10 released		
February	10	8 released		
March	5	3 released		
April	7	6 released		
May	4	1 killed, 1 rescued		
June	0	2100		
July	6	3 killed		
August	24	2 killed, 21 released		
September	3	1 killed, 6 released		
October	3 11	1 released 1 killed, 2 released		
November		2 killed, 10 released		
December January 2006	13 5	2 killed, 10 released 2 released		
February	12	6 released		
March	0	1 killed, 1 released, 3 rescued		
April	1	1 kineu, 1 reieuseu, 5 reseucu		
May	2	4 released		
June	5	6 killed		
July	1	o milet		
August	0	1 released		
September	0	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1		
October	1			
November	5	1 escaped, 4 killed		
December	4	-		
January 2007	3	1 killed		
February	3	1 released		
March	0			
April	0			
May	5			
June	0			
July	0			
August	0			
September	0			
October	0			
November	0			
December	0			
January 2008	0			
February	1	1 released		
March	0			
April	0			
May	0			
June	0			
	_			
July	0			
August	0			
September	0			
October	0			
November	0			
December	0			
	0			
January 2009	_			
February-October	0			
Total through		57 killed, 147 released, 4 escaped,		
October 13, 2009	306	6 rescued, 89 unknown		
	C IZIDALA DDED IN IDA O TA DI			

NOTE ON FOREIGN NATIONALS KIDNAPPED IN IRAQ TABLE:*Developments: This category shows activity in the status of hostages, but does not necessarily apply to hostages kidnapped during the same month. Please see footnote for more information.

IRAOI PRISON POPUL ATION³¹

ak prison population in 2003	10,000		
June 2004	5,435		
July	5,700		
	(of which 90 are foreign nationals)		
September	5,500		
	(whereof 2 are women, 65-70 are juveniles		
	and 130-140 are fore	agn nationals)	
October	4,300		
November	8,300		
January 2005	7,837		
June	10,783		
July	15,000		
August -September	14,000		
October	13,000		
November	13,000 held by American troops plus an addi	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
December	~ 14,000 in US / Al	·	
January 2006	14,000 in US (·	
February	14,767 in US / All		
March-April	~ 15,000 in US / Al		
May	~14,000 in US / All		
June	~14,500 in US custody, ~13,300		
September-December	~13,000 in US	•	
January 2007	~ 14,000 in US		
February	~ 15,000 in US		
March	~ 17,000 in US custody	~20,000 in Iraqi custody	
April	~ 18,000 in US		
May	~ 19,500 in US		
June-July	~ 21,000 in US	·	
August	~ 23,000 in US custody	~ 37,000 in Iraqi custody	
September	~ 25,000 in US		
October	~ 26,000 in US	·	
November	~ 25,800 in US		
December	~ 26,000 in US custody	~ 24,000 in Iraqi custody	
January 2008	~ 25,000 in US	·	
February	~ 24,000 in US		
March	~ 23,000 in US	· ·	
April	~ 23,000 in US custody	~ 20,000 in Iraqi custody	
May	~ 22,000 in US custody	~ 27,000 in Iraqi custody	
June	21,680 in US custody (18,580 Camp		
July-August	~21,000 in U.S. custody (18,000 Cam	-	
September	~18,900 in U.S. custody	~26,000 in Iraqi custody	
October	~17,000 in U.S.	·	
November	~16,500 in U.S.	·	
December	~15,800 in U.S.	·	
January 2009	15,100 in U.S. custody	~35,000 in Iraqi custody	
February	14,500 in U.S. custody	~35,000 in Iraqi custody	
March	13,300 in U.S.		
April	~12,000 in U.S. custody		
May	~11,300 in U.S. custody		
June	~11,000 in U.S. custody		
July	~10,000 in U.S. custody		
August	~8,950 in U.S. custody		
September	~8,400 in U.S.	custody	

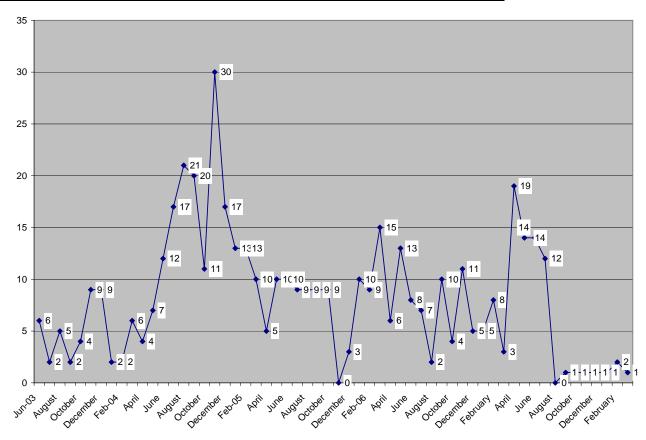
NOTE ON IRAQI PRISON POPULATION TABLE:

JANUARY 2009: According to U.S. military figures, a total of 8,952 prisoners were released in 2007. In 2008, a record 18,500 prisoners were released. As of August 30, 1,179 detainees have been transferred to Iraqi custody and 5,236 have been released outright in 2009.

ESTIMATED NUMBER OF FOREIGNERS ILLEGALLY CROSSING INTO IRAQ TO SUPPORT THE INSURGENCY, 2007^{33}

INSURGENCI, 2007	
JANUARY-MAY 2007	80-90 per month
JUNE-AUGUST	40-60 per month
SEPTEMBER 2007-APRIL 2008	40-50 per month
MAY-JUNE	20-40 per month
JULY	~20 per month
SEPTEMBER	10-20 per month
DECEMBER 2008-FEBRUARY 2009	<10 per month
MAY	~20 per month

ATTACKS ON IRAQI OIL AND GAS PIPELINES, INSTALLATIONS & PERSONNEL34

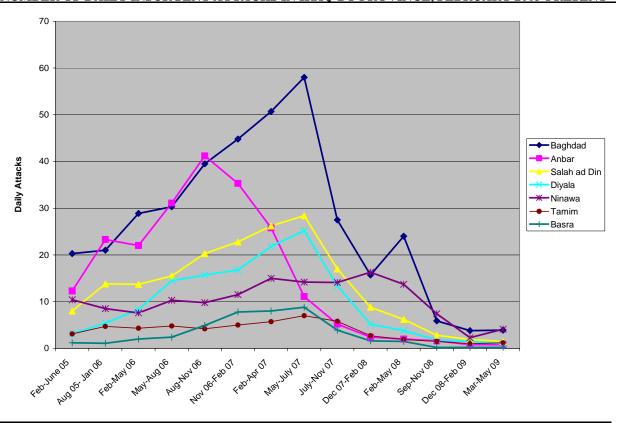


Total through March 27, 2008: 469

Month		U.S. troops in Iraq		Other coalition troops in Iraq	Total international troop
	Active	Reserve (includes	Total	(excluding U.S. & Iraqi forces)	strength in Iraq
M. 02	142 000	National Guard)	150,000	22.000	173,000
May-03 June	~142,000 ~126,000	~8,000 ~24,000	150,000 150,000	23,000 21,000	173,000
July	~124,000	~25,000	149,000	21,000	170,000
August	~114,000	~25,000	139,00	22,000	161,000
September	~103,000	~29,000	132,000	24,000	156,000
October	~102,000	~29,000	131,000	25,000	156,000
November	N/A	N/A	123,000	23,900	146,900
December	~85,400	~36,600	122,000	24,500	146,500
January -04	N/A	N/A	122,000	25,600	147,600
February	N/A	N/A	115,000	24,000	139,000
March	N/A	N/A	130,000	24,000	154,000
April	N/A	N/A	137,000	25,000	162,000
May	N/A	N/A	138,000	24,000	162,000
June	89,700	48,300	138,000	23,000	161,000
July	N/A	N/A	140,000	22,000	162,000
August	84,000	56,000	140,000	23,700	163,700
September	82,800	55,200	138,000	24,600	162,600
October	82,800	55,200	138,000	24,000	162,000
November	82,800	55,200	138,000	24,000	162,000
December	82,800	55,200	148,000	25,000	173,000
January-05	90,000	60,000	150,000	25,300	175,300
February	N/A	N/A	155,000	25,000	180,000
March	N/A	N/A	150,000	22,000	172,000
April	N/A	N/A	142,000	22,000	164,000
May	N/A	N/A	138,000	23,000	161,000
June	N/A	N/A	135,000	23,000	158,000
July	N/A	N/A	138,000	23,000	161,000
August	N/A	N/A	138,000	23,000	161,000
September	N/A	N/A	138,000	22,000	160,000
October	N/A	N/A	152,000	22,000	174,000
November	N/A	N/A	160,000	23,000	183,000
December	N/A	N/A	160,000	23,000	183,000
January-06	N/A	N/A	136,000	21,000	157,000
February	N/A	N/A	133,000	20,000	153,000
March	N/A	N/A	133,000	20,000	153,000
April	N/A	N/A	132,000	20,000	152,000
May	N/A	N/A	132,000	20,000	152,000
June	N/A	N/A	126,900	19,000	146,900
July	N/A	N/A	130,000	19,000	149,000
August	N/A	N/A	138,000	19,000	157,000
September	N/A	N/A	144,000	18,000	162,000
October	N/A	N/A	144,000	17,200	161,200
November	N/A	N/A	140,000	18,000	158,000
December	N/A	N/A	140,000	15,200	155,200
January-07	N/A	N/A	132,000	14,650	146,650
February	N/A	N/A	135,000	14,010	149,010
March	N/A	N/A	142,000	13,205	155,205
April	N/A	N/A	146,000	13,196	159,196
May	N/A	N/A	149,700	12,112	161,812
June	N/A	N/A	157,000	11,524	168,524
July	N/A	N/A	160,000	11,508	171,508
August	N/A	N/A	162,000	11,685	173,685
September	N/A	N/A	168,000	12,279	180,279
October	N/A	N/A	171,000	11,668	182,668
November	N/A	N/A	162,000	11,589	173,589
December	N/A	N/A	160,000	10,961	170,961
January-08	N/A	N/A	157,000	10,604	167,604
February	N/A	N/A	157,000	9,895	166,895
March	N/A	N/A	155,000	9,970	164,970
	N/A N/A	N/A N/A	153,000	9,970	162,907
April				9,907	
May	N/A	N/A	150,000	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	159,907
June	N/A	N/A	148,000	9,734	157,734
July	N/A	N/A	148,000	9,734	157,734
August	N/A	N/A	148,000	7,330	155,330
September	N/A	N/A	148,000	7,100	155,100
October	N/A	N/A	148,000	6,850	154,850
November	N/A	N/A	148,000	6,350	154,350
December	N/A	N/A	145,000	6,350	151,350
January-09	N/A	N/A	142,000	5,000	147,000
February	N/A	N/A	140,000	5,000	145,000
March	N/A	N/A	137,000	5,000	142,000
April	N/A	N/A	137,000	5,000	142,000
May	N/A	N/A	134,000	5,000	139,000
June	N/A	N/A	130,000	500	130,500
July	N/A	N/A	130,000	500	130,500
August	N/A	N/A	130,000	0	130,000
September	N/A	N/A	124,000	0	124,000

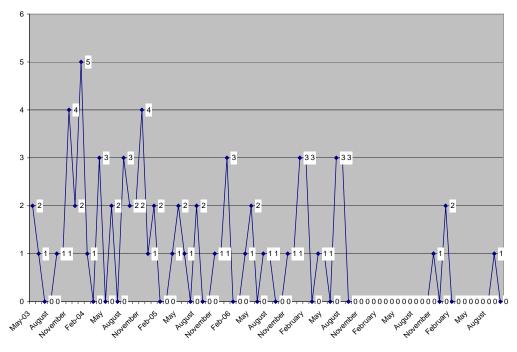
NOTE ON TABLE: All numbers are end of month estimates or latest data available for the current month. N/A= Not available.

NUMBER OF DAILY INSURGENT ATTACKS IN IRAQ BY PROVINCE, FEBRUARY 2005-PRESENT³⁶



NOTE ON CHART: The seven provinces depicted account for roughly 95% of the recorded attacks nationwide over the entire period. Data not available for June-August 2008.

AMERICAN MILITARY HELICOPTERS DOWNED IN IRAQ³⁷



Total through October 13, 2009: 72

NOTE ON AMERICAN MILITARY HELICOPTERS DOWNED IN IRAQ TABLE: Of the 67 helicopters downed in Iraq since May 2003, at least 36 were downed by enemy fire. Of the three January 2006 crashes, two are still being investigated. One was shot down by enemy fire and is included above. We have counted one of the others as being downed by enemy fire as well, given the available evidence. Hostile fire is suspected in the July 2006 crash, but it has not been confirmed and therefore not counted as such. November 2006 crash is still under investigation.

Total Number of U.S. Army Troops Deployed to Iraq		
Since 2003 513,000		
More than Once 197,000-		
Three or More Times	53,000	

Percentage of Non-Commissioned Officers Suffering from Symptoms of PTSD After		
First Deployment 12%		
Second Deployment	18.5%	
Third or Fourth Deployment	27%	

NOTE ON THESE TABLES: The study was based on 2,295 anonymous surveys and additional interviews from members of frontline units in combat brigades, and not those assigned primarily to safer operating bases.

PERCENTAGE OF U.S. ACTIVE-DUTY MILITARY PERSONNEL WHO HAVE SERVED IN IRAQ OR AFGHANISTAN, 2006 & 2008^{39}

	2006	2008
ALL PERSONNEL*	50%	57%
ARMY		
At least one tour	58%	68%
More than one tour	20%	31%
MARINES	50%	56%
NAVY	47%	54%
AIR FORCE	44%	52%

^{*}Includes Army, Marines, Navy, Air Force and Coast Guard

NOTE: Currently an additional 10% of all military personnel are training and will soon become eligible to deploy.

INTERNALLY DISPLACED PERSONS IN IRAQ⁴⁰

Since April 2003

2003	400,000
2004	800,000
2005	1,200,000
2006	2,000,000
2007	2,740,000
2008	2,770,000
2009*	2,650,000

^{*}As of January 2009

NOTE: Numbers are cumulative, but DO NOT include those displaced prior to March 2003 (approximately 1 million).

MIGRATION INDICATORS⁴¹

January 2009

Iraqi Refugees living abroad	~2.0 million
Iraqi Refugees in Syria	1.2 million
Iraqi Refugees in Jordan	450,000
Iraqi Refugees in Egypt, Lebanon, Iran, Turkey	155,000
Iraqi Refugees in the Gulf States	150,000

NOTE: Not all Iraqis refugees fled because of the current war.

$\frac{\text{VOLUNTARY RETURN OF IRAQI INTERNALLY DISPLACED PERSONS (IDPs) AND REFUGEES, SINCE}{\text{JANUARY }2009^{42}}$



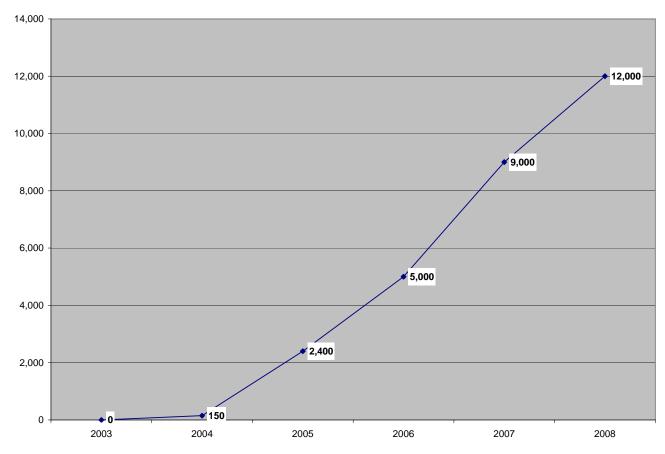
Through JULY 2009

IDPs	96,380
Refugees	25,440
TOTAL RETURNEES	121,820

NUMBER OF IRAQI ASYLUM APPLICATIONS BY COUNTRY, 2006 THRU 2008⁴³

COUNTRY	2006	2007	2008
SWEDEN	8,951	18,559	6,083
NETHERLANDS	2,766	2,004	5,027
GERMANY	2,065	4,171	6,697
GREECE	1,415	5,474	1,760
UNITED KINGDOM	1,305	2,075	1,530
NORWAY	1,002	1,227	3,137
SWITZERLAND	816	935	1,440
BELGIUM	695	825	1,070
DENMARK	507	1,069	486
AUSTRIA	380	463	494
FINLAND	227	407	976
IRELAND	215	285	203
SLOVAKIA	206	132	45
CANADA	190	293	310
AUSTRALIA	187	216	193
CYPRUS	132	200	137
UNITED STATES	544	734	835
FRANCE	116	144	627
TOTAL	21,719	39,213	31,050

ROBOTIC SYSTEMS UTILIZED BY THE U.S. MILITARY ON THE GROUND IN IRAQ, BY YEAR⁴⁴



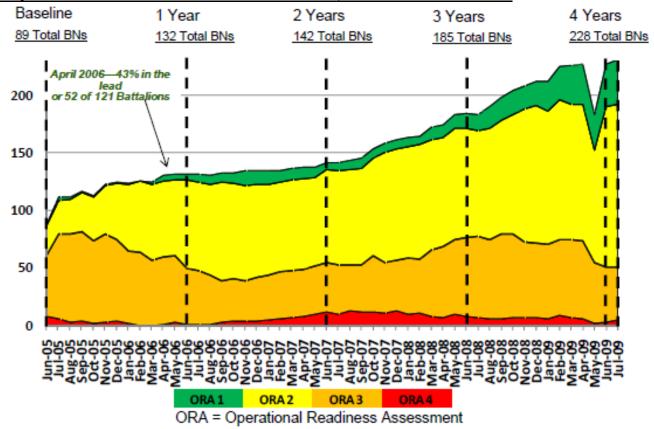
NOTE ON THIS GRAPH: Figures depicted are as of year end. The 2007 figure is an estimate made in consideration of the figures provided for 2006 and 2008.

SIZE OF IRAOI SECURITY FORCES ON DUTY⁴⁵

Month	General Police Capabilities	National Guard	Iraqi Armed Forces	Border Patrol	Total Iraqi Security Forces
May 2003	7,000 – 9,000	N/A	0	N/A	7,000 – 9,000
June	N/A	N/A	0	N/A	N/A
July	30,000	N/A	0	N/A	30,000
August	34,000	670	0	2,500	37,170
September	37,000	2,500	0	4,700	44,200
October	55,000 68,800	4,700 12,700	700 900	6,400 12,400	66,800 94,800
November December	71,600	15,200	400	12,400	94,800
January 2004	66,900	19,800	1,100	21,000	108,800
February	77,100	27,900	2,000	18,000	125,000
March	75,000	33,560	3,005	23,426	134,991
April	80,016	23,123	2,367	18,747	124,253
May	90,803	24,873	3,939	16,097	135,712
June	83,789	36,229	7,116	18,183	145,317
July	31,300	36,229	7,700	19,859	95,088
August	32,942	37,925	6,288	14,313	91,468
September	40,152	36,496	7,747	14,313	98,708
October	44,728	41,261	6,861	18,148	110,998
November	49,455	43,445	6,013	14,593	113,506
December	53,571	40,115	14,500	14,267	118,009
January 2005	58,964	36,827	14,796	14,786	125,373
	82,072	59,6		N/A	141,761
February	"trained and equipped"	"operat	ional"		Trained and Effective: General Myers: 40,000 Senator Biden:
	0.4.00			27/1	4,000 – 18,000
March	84,327	67,5	584	N/A	151,618
	05.002	72.4	***	27/4	Trained and Effective: Lt. Gen Petraeus: 50,000 "off-the-cuff"
April	86,982	72,5		N/A	159,493
May	91,256	76,9		N/A N/A	168,227 168,674
June	92,883 94,800	75,7 79,1		N/A N/A	173,900
July	94,800	79,1	100	IN/A	26,000 in Army in level I and II
August	101,000	81,9	200	N/A	182,900
	104,300	87,8		N/A	192,100
September	101,500	07,0	,00	1011	$\sim 30,000$ in Army in level I and II ⁴⁶
0 . 1 47	111,000	100,	000	N/A	211.000
October ⁴⁷	,			-	\sim 32,000 in level I and II ⁴⁸
November	112,000	102,	000	N/A	214,000
December	118,000	105,	700	N/A	223,700
January 2006	120,400	106,		N/A	227,300
February	123,600	108,	500	N/A	232,100
<u> </u>					~46,000 MOD forces and 8,000 MOI forces in Level I and II ⁴
March	134,800	115,		N/A	250,500
April	138,700	115,		N/A	253,700
May	145,500	117,		N/A	265,600
June	148,500	116,		N/A	264,600
July	154,500	115,		N/A	269,600
August	167,900	130,		N/A	298,000
September	176,200	131,		N/A	307,800
October	180,800	131,		N/A	312,400
November	188,300	134,		N/A	323,000
December	188,300	134,		N/A	323,000
January 2007	188,300	134,		N/A	323,000
February	188,260 193,300	134, 136,		N/A N/A	323,180 329,800
March April	193,300	136,		N/A N/A	329,800
May	194,200	154,		N/A N/A	348,700
June	194,200	154,		N/A N/A	353,100
July	194,200	158,		N/A	353,100
August	194,200	165,		N/A	359,700
September	194,200	165,		N/A	359,700
October	194,200	165,		N/A	359,700
November*	238,089	191,		N/A	429,630
December	210,529	194,		31,431	439,678
January 2008	212,630	194,		31,431	441,779
February	200,132	197,		27,959	425,345
March	213,902	202,		28,023	444,502
April	213,902	202,		28,023	444,502
Aprii	221,507	226,644		30,373	478,524
May		226,644		30,373	478,524
	221,507	220,	242,951		
May	221,507 238,378		951	32,177	513,506
May June				32,177 32,177	513,506 513,506
May June July	238,378	242,	951		
May June July August	238,378 238,378 249,163 249,163	242, 242, 258, 258,	951 487 487	32,177 34,475 34,475	513,506 531,000 542,125
May June July August September	238,378 238,378 249,163 249,163 256,786	242, 242, 258, 258, 265,	951 487 487 607	32,177 34,475 34,475 35,886	513,506 531,000 542,125 558,279
May June July August September October	238,378 238,378 249,163 249,163	242, 242, 258, 258,	951 487 487 607	32,177 34,475 34,475	513,506 531,000 542,125

NOTE ON IRAQI SECURITY FORCES ON DUTY TABLE: *As of November 2007, figures on Iraqi Security Forces are provided by Iraq's Ministries of Defense and Interior and not Coalition figures. Due to this, the figures now reflect the number of authorized and assigned personnel as opposed to those successfully trained by Coalition forces. Care should be taken when evaluating the quality of MOI forces as there have been various reports of Iraqi police units dominated by sectarian interests.





Definitions of Operational Readiness Assessment (ORA) Levels:

ORA LEVEL 1: capable of planning, executing, and sustaining counterinsurgency operations

ORA LEVEL 2: capable of planning, executing, and sustaining counterinsurgency operations with Iraqi security force or coalition force assistance

ORA LEVEL 3: partially capable of conducting counterinsurgency operations in conjunction with coalition units

ORA LEVEL 4: forming and/or incapable of conducting counterinsurgency operations

INDEX OF POLITICAL FREEDOM⁵¹

Israel 8.20 Lebanon 6.55 Morocco 5.20 Iraq 5.05 Palestine 5.05 Kuwait 4.90 Tunisia 4.60 Jordan 4.45 Egypt 4.30 Sudan 4.30 Yemen 4.30 Algeria 4.15 Oman 4.00 Bahrain 3.85 Iran 3.85 United Arab Emirates 3.70 Saudi Arabia 2.80 Syria 2.80	INDEA OF TOLITICAL FE	LEDONI
Morocco 5.20 Iraq 5.05 Palestine 5.05 Kuwait 4.90 Tunisia 4.60 Jordan 4.45 Qatar 4.45 Egypt 4.30 Sudan 4.30 Yemen 4.30 Algeria 4.15 Oman 4.00 Bahrain 3.85 Iran 3.85 United Arab Emirates 3.70 Saudi Arabia 2.80 Syria 2.80	Israel	8.20
Iraq 5.05 Palestine 5.05 Kuwait 4.90 Tunisia 4.60 Jordan 4.45 Qatar 4.45 Egypt 4.30 Sudan 4.30 Yemen 4.30 Algeria 4.15 Oman 4.00 Bahrain 3.85 Iran 3.85 United Arab Emirates 3.70 Saudi Arabia 2.80 Syria 2.80	Lebanon	6.55
Palestine 5.05 Kuwait 4.90 Tunisia 4.60 Jordan 4.45 Qatar 4.45 Egypt 4.30 Sudan 4.30 Yemen 4.30 Algeria 4.15 Oman 4.00 Bahrain 3.85 Iran 3.85 United Arab Emirates 3.70 Saudi Arabia 2.80 Syria 2.80	Morocco	5.20
Kuwait 4.90 Tunisia 4.60 Jordan 4.45 Qatar 4.45 Egypt 4.30 Sudan 4.30 Yemen 4.30 Algeria 4.15 Oman 4.00 Bahrain 3.85 Iran 3.85 United Arab Emirates 3.70 Saudi Arabia 2.80 Syria 2.80	Iraq	5.05
Tunisia 4.60 Jordan 4.45 Qatar 4.45 Egypt 4.30 Sudan 4.30 Yemen 4.30 Algeria 4.15 Oman 4.00 Bahrain 3.85 Iran 3.85 United Arab Emirates 3.70 Saudi Arabia 2.80 Syria 2.80	Palestine	5.05
Jordan 4.45 Qatar 4.45 Egypt 4.30 Sudan 4.30 Yemen 4.30 Algeria 4.15 Oman 4.00 Bahrain 3.85 Iran 3.85 United Arab Emirates 3.70 Saudi Arabia 2.80 Syria 2.80	Kuwait	4.90
Qatar 4.45 Egypt 4.30 Sudan 4.30 Yemen 4.30 Algeria 4.15 Oman 4.00 Bahrain 3.85 Iran 3.85 United Arab Emirates 3.70 Saudi Arabia 2.80 Syria 2.80	Tunisia	4.60
Egypt 4.30 Sudan 4.30 Yemen 4.30 Algeria 4.15 Oman 4.00 Bahrain 3.85 Iran 3.85 United Arab Emirates 3.70 Saudi Arabia 2.80 Syria 2.80	Jordan	4.45
Surant 4.30 Yemen 4.30 Algeria 4.15 Oman 4.00 Bahrain 3.85 Iran 3.85 United Arab Emirates 3.70 Saudi Arabia 2.80 Syria 2.80	Qatar	4.45
Yemen 4.30 Algeria 4.15 Oman 4.00 Bahrain 3.85 Iran 3.85 United Arab Emirates 3.70 Saudi Arabia 2.80 Syria 2.80	Egypt	4.30
Algeria 4.15 Oman 4.00 Bahrain 3.85 Iran 3.85 United Arab Emirates 3.70 Saudi Arabia 2.80 Syria 2.80	Sudan	4.30
Oman 4.00 Bahrain 3.85 Iran 3.85 United Arab Emirates 3.70 Saudi Arabia 2.80 Syria 2.80	Yemen	4.30
Bahrain3.85Iran3.85United Arab Emirates3.70Saudi Arabia2.80Syria2.80	Algeria	4.15
Iran3.85United Arab Emirates3.70Saudi Arabia2.80Syria2.80	Oman	4.00
United Arab Emirates 3.70 Saudi Arabia 2.80 Syria 2.80	Bahrain	3.85
Saudi Arabia 2.80 Syria 2.80	Iran	3.85
Syria 2.80	United Arab Emirates	3.70
	Saudi Arabia	2.80
	Syria	2.80
Libya 2.05	Libya	2.05

NOTE ON INDEX OF POLITICAL FREEDOM TABLE: Each country is scored on a 10-point scale, with 1 being the lowest score and 10 the highest. Indicators of freedom include election of head of government, election of parliament, fairness of electoral laws, right to organize political parties, power of elected representatives, presence of an opposition, transparency, minority participation, level of corruption, freedom of assembly, independence of the judiciary, press freedom, religious freedom, rule of law and property rights.

IRAQ'S RANK IN REPORERS WITHOUT BORDERS' ANNUAL INDEX OF PRESS FREEDOM, 2003-2008⁵²

YEAR	SCORE	RANK	NUMBER OF COUNTRES SURVEYED
2008	59.4	158	173
2007	67.8	157	169
2006	66.8	154	168
2005	67.0	157	167
2004	58.5	148	167
2003	37.5	124 (T)	166

NOTE ON INDEX OF PRESS FREEDOM TABLE: The ratings are based on a questionnaire with 50 criteria for assessing the state of press freedom in each country. It includes every kind of violation directly affecting journalists (such as murders, imprisonment, physical attacks and threats) and news media (censorship, confiscation issues, searches and harassment). In addition to taking into account abuses attributable to the state, those carried out by armed militias, clandestine organizations or pressure groups are also considered.

The lower the score attained, the higher the degree of press freedom in that respective country. Although there is no specific information given regarding how the overall score was compiled, the top-rated countries for 2007 received an overall score of 0.75, with the median receiving a score of 25.3. The overall average score for the Index was 31.5.

IRAQ'S RANK IN TRANSPARENCY INTERNATIONAL'S ANNUAL CORRUPTION PERCEPTIONS INDEX (CPI)⁵³

YEAR	RANK	NUMBER OF COUNTRIES SURVEYED
2008	178 (T)	180
2007	178	180
2006	160 (T)	163
2005	137 (T)	159
2004	129 (T)	146
2003	113 (T)	133

(T): Indicates years Iraq's score tied with one or more other country.

NOTE ON THIS CHART: The CPI is a composite index that draws on 14 expert opinion surveys. It scores countries on a scale from zero to ten, with zero indicating high levels of perceived corruption and ten indicating low levels of perceived corruption. Due to a lack of reliable data, Iraq was not included in the CPI survey for the years 2001 and 2002.

POLITICAL PARTIES IN IRAQ54

Registered for December 2005 elections | Over 300

COUNCIL SEATS BY COALITION/PARTY IN IRAQI COUNCIL OF REPRESENTATIVES⁵⁵

As of November 2007

Coalition	Total Seats	Designation	Parties	Leaders
United Iraqi Alliance	83	Shiite Religious	Includes SIIC,	Includes
		Coalition	Dawa	Abdul Aziz Hakim,
				Nouri al-Maliki
Kurdistan Coalition	53	Kurdish Secular	Includes KDP, PUK	Includes
		Coalition		Jalal Talabani
Iraqi Accordance Front	25	Sunni Religious	Includes Iraqi Islamic	Includes
		Coalition	Party	Adnan Dulaimi,
				Tariq Hashimi
Sadrist Movement	30			Moqtada al-Sadr
Virtue Party (Fadhila)	15			Muhammad Yaqubi
National Iraqi List	25	Shiite / Sunni	Various	Ayad Allawi
		Secular Coalition		
Other	44	Other	Iraqi National Dialogue	
			Front (11), Islamic Union of	
			Kurdistan (5), Liberation	
			and Reconciliation Bloc (3),	
			Message Carriers (2),	
			Mithal Alousi List for the	
			Iraqi Nation (1), Iraqi	
			Turkoman Front (1), Yezidi	
			Movement for Progress and	
			Reform (1), Al Rafadeen	
			List (1)	

IRAO NATIONAL UNITY GOVERNMENT CURRENT MEMBERSHIP & STATUS OF CABINET⁵⁶

		NAME	TITLE/MINISTRY	SECTARIAN GROUP	POLITICAL AFFILIATION
		Nuri al-Maliki	Prime Minister	Shiite	Dawa
_		Barham Salih	Deputy Prime Minister	Kurd	Patriotic Union of Kurdistan
LEADERSHIP					Tawafiq (Iraqi Accordance Front);
RS		Rafie al-Issawi	Deputy Prime Minister	Sunni	Party: Iraqi People's Conference
DE		Jalal Talibani	President	Kurd	Patriotic Union of Kurdistan
EA					Tawafiq (Iraqi Accordance Front);
i		Tariq al-Hashemi	Vice President	Sunni	Party: Iraqi Islamic Party
		Adel Abd al-Mahdi	Vice President	Shiite	SIIC
	1	Ali Baban	Planning	Sunni	Unaffiliated (left Tawafiq in order to avoid August 1, 2007 boycott)
	2	Mahir Dalli Ibrahim al-Hadithi	Culture	Sunni	Tawafiq (Iraqi Accordance Front); Party: Gen. Council for the People of
Newly Filled July 18,	3	Dr. Abd Dhiyab al-Ujayli	Higher Education	Sunni	Tawafiq (Iraqi Accordance Front); Party: Iraqi Islamic Party
2008	4	Dr. Nawal Majid Hamid al-Samarr	Minister of State for Women's Affairs	Sunni	Tawafiq (Iraqi Accordance Front); Party: Iraqi Islamic Party
	5	Dr. Muhammad Munajid Ifan al- Dulaymi	Minister of State for Foreign Affairs	Sunni	Tawafiq (Iraqi Accordance Front)
		Duiayiiii	Alialis	Juliii	
	7	Abd al-Falah al-Sudani ¹	Trade	Shiite	Islamic Dawa Party-Organization of Iraq Islamic Dawa Party-Organization of
	/	Khudayr al-Khuzai	Education Minister of State for National	Shiite	Iraq Islamic Dawa Party-Organization of
	8	Shirwan al-Waili	Security	Shiite	Iraq
ŀ	9	Husayn al-Shahristani	Oil	Shiite	Unaffiliated
ľ	10	Salih al-Hasnawi	Health	Shiite	Independent
	11	Ali al-Bahadli	Agriculture	Shiite	Independent
	12	Qahtan Abbas Numan al-Jiburi	Tourism & Antiquities	Shiite	United Iraqi Alliance
ewly Filled	13	Khulud Sammi Izzara al-Majun	Provincial Affairs	Shiite	United Iraqi Alliance
July 18, 2008	14	Amir Abd al-Jabar Ismail	Transportation	Shiite	United Iraqi Alliance
2000	15	Thamir jaraf al-Zubaydi	Civil Society	Shiite	United Iraqi Alliance
	16	EMPTY ²	Justice	N/A	<u> </u>
ŀ	17	Mahmud Muhammad Jawad al-Radi	Labor & Social Affairs	Shiite	Unaffiliated
ŀ	18	Riyadh Gharib	Municipalities & Public Works	Shiite	SIIC
	19	Bayan Jabr	Finance & Banking	Shiite	SIIC
		,	Minister of State for National		
	20	Akram al-Hakim	Dialogue	Shiite	SIIC
	21	Faruq Abdul Qadir Abdul Rahman	Communications	Sunni	Tawafiq (Iraqi Accordance Front)
	22	Abd al-Qadir Muhammad Jasim	Defense	Sunni	Unaffiliated
	23	Raid Fahmi Jahid	Science & Technology	Shiite	Iraqi Communist Party
ŀ	24	Wijdan Mikhail Salim	Human Rights Minister of State Without	Christian Kurd	Iraqi National Accord
	25	Muhammad Abbas al-Uraybi	Portfolio	Shiite	Iraq National List
	26	Jawad al-Bolani	Interior	Shiite	Unaffiliated
	27	Karim Wahid al-Hasan	Electricity	Shiite	Unaffiliated
	28	Latif Rashid	Water Resources	Kurd	Patriotic Union of Kurdistan
	29	Nermin Othman	Environment	Kurd	Patriotic Union of Kurdistan
	30	Bayan Dizayee	Housing & Construction	Kurd	Kurdistan Democratic Party
	31	Fawzi al-Hariri	Industry & Minerals	Christian Kurd	Kurdistan Democratic Party
	32	Hoshyar Mahmud Zebari	Foreign Affairs	Kurd	Kurdistan Democratic Party
	33	Abd al-Samad Sultan	Displacement & Migration	Shiite Kurd	Faili Kurd
	34	Jasim Muhammad Jafar	Youth & Sports Minister of State Without	Shiite	Turkoman Islamic Union
	35	Ali Muhammad Ahmad	Portfolio	Kurd	Kurdistan Islamic Union
				1	
	36	Hasan Radhi Kazim al-Sari	Minister of State Without Portfolio Minister of State,	Shiite	Hizbollah Movement in Iraq (also advises SIIC)

AS OF: MAY 27, 2009

 $^{^1}$ Abd al-Falah al-Sudani resigned from his post in May 2009 due to allegations of corruption 2 Safa al-Safi is currently serving as the acting Minister of Justice

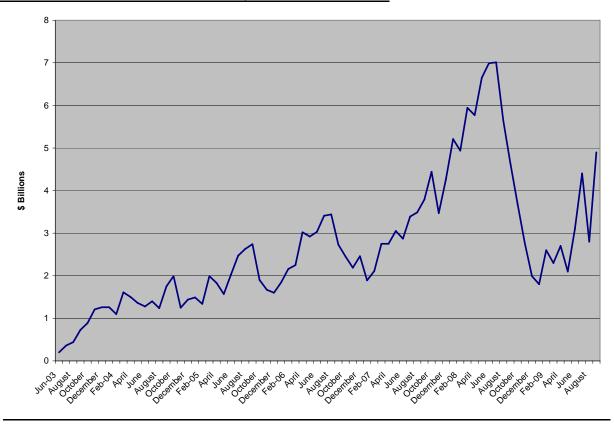
ECONOMIC & QUALITY OF LIFE INDICATORS

FUEL⁵⁷

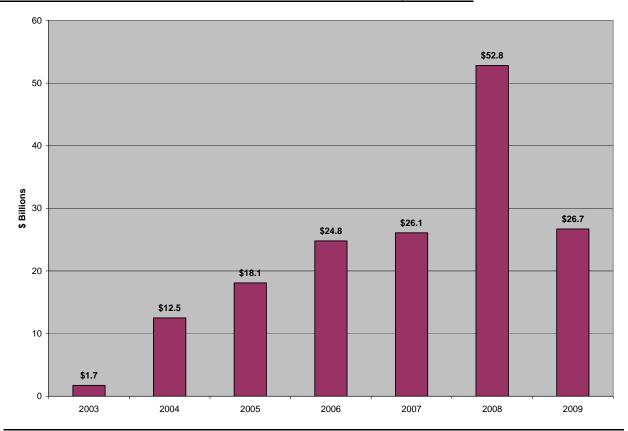
				Fuel supplie		Tons/day	
	Millions of barr	els/day		Millions of liters/day			Overall fuel supplies
Time	Crude oil production	Crude oil	Diesel (Prod. &	Kerosene (Prod. & Imp.)	Gasoline/Benzene (Prod. & Imp)	Liquid Petroleum Gas (Prod. & Imp.)	as percentage of goal during that
Estimated	2.5	1.7-2.5	Imp.) N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	month
prewar level May 2003	0.3	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	10 %
June	0.675	0.2	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	23%
July	0.925	0.322	6.5	4.75	13.5	1,880	44%
Angust Santambar	1 445 1 7225	0 646 0 083	10 25 14 25	62	14.0 17.3	2 530 3 030	57% 70%
October	2.055	1.149	14.75	9.6	16.35	3,700	78%
November	2.1	1.524	13.14	13.3	11.792	3,610	76%
December January 2004	2.30	1.541	12.29 13.91	9.4 11.3	12.9 13.32	3,460 3,445	72%
-	2440 2.276	1.537				*	78%
February March	2.435	1.382 1.825	15.21 15.03	13.05 17.28	16.65 17.19	4,670 5,010	88% 92%
April	2.384	1.804	22.8	4.46	19.3	3,607	79%
May	1.887	1.380	22.92	4.005	18.07	3,264	73%
June	2.295	1.148	16.47	4.9	22	3,086	75%
July	2.2	1.406	17.95	5.75	22.3	3,820	80%
August	2.112	1.114	16	4.2	15.1	3,417	84%
September October	2.514 2.46	1.703 1.542	16.35 16.15	6.35 7.95	14.6 18.6	2,707 3,044	72% 80%
November	1.95	1.342	16.5	7.7	17.9	3,324	77%
December	2.16	1.520	18.3	10.5	17.6	4,222	88%
January 2005	2.10	1.367	12.7	6.7	20.65	5,017	75%
February March	2.10 2.09	1.431 1.394	15.9 19.7	8.55 8.05	21.2 20.3	5,003 4,894	84% 93%
April	2.14	1.394	18.3	7.6	23.7	5,219	95%
May	2.1	1.308	22.2	4.4	22.5	5,030	93%
June	2.17	1.377	18.9	6.25	18.3	5,137	97%
July	2.17	1.550	19.9	5.9	23.9	4,474	97%
August September ⁵⁸	2.16 2.11	1.504 1.60	19.3 17.3	5.2 4.4	23.8	5,072 4,888	96% 87%
October	1.91	1.239	17.0	8.6	18.9	4,784	90%
November	1.98	1.168	17.3	8.2	19.9	5,526	88%
December	1.92	1.071	16.1	8.0	17.5	5,046	81%
January 2006 February	1.73 1.83	1.05 1.47	14.0 10.1	6.3 5.0	18.1 12.2	3,716 2,263	72% 55%
March	2.10	1.32	12.0	5.7	14.9	2,798	65%
April	2.14	1.60	13.5	4.5	16.9	2,855	67%
May	2.13	1.51	15.2	4.8	17.4	3,577	82%
June	2.30	1.67	15.7	4.3	16.1	3,217	80%
July August	2.22 2.24	1.68 1.68	11.0 12.4	2.78 4.47	13.3 16.5	1,719 3,242	52% 71%
September	2.34	1.65	13.4	6.0	18.3	3,270	77%
October	2.26	1.55	10.8	4.7	15.4	3,102	57%
November December ⁵⁹	2.10 2.15	1.44 1.45	11.1 10.7	6.4 8.1	13.9 9.8	2,747 2,544	54% 55%
January 2007	1.66	1.30	10.7	4.4	11.2	2,945	52%
February	2.08	1.50	11.3	5.7	13.0	3,101	61%
March	2.08	1.58	8.3	4.2	12.1	2,598	57%
April May	2.14	1.50	12.8 9.2	5.3 3.5	13.8	2,841 2,010	66% 56%
June	2.00	1.47	9.7	3.7	11.0	2,282	57%
July	2.07	1.71	11.0	2.6	11.2	2,650	57%
August September	1.91 2.30	1.69 1.90	8.9 13.4	3.4 8.3	9.6 15.2	1,918 3,472	47% 75%
October	2.34	1.90	13.4	8.5	15.2	3,472	69%
November	2.38	1.88	12.2	7.0	15.9	3,378	67%
December	2.42	1.93	12.5	6.4	14.5	3,875	68%
January 2008 February	2.24 2.39	1.93 1.93	9.9 12.0	5.5 6.8	11.3 13.5	3,019 3,865	56% 66%
March	2.39	1.93	14.5	7.5	13.8	3,822	69%
April	2.40	1.88	13.6	6.8	13.8	3,481	66%
May	2.50	1.96	15.3	5.0	10.1	3,582	64%
June July	2.52 2.54	1.96 1.85	19.7 19.1	8.6 9.3	13.4 11.7	3,350 2,877	74% 71%
August	2.50	1.70	18.7	8.1	14.8	3,381	73%
September	2.37	1.65	17.3	8.9	16.2	4,086	76%
October	2.37 2.40	1.69	17.3 17.0	10.4	15.6	4,171	78% 81%
November December	2.40	1.88	17.0	11.0 10.9	15.1 12.0	4,861 4,013	74%
January 2009	2.15	1.89	13.0	8.3	11.6	3,521	63%
February	2.32	1.69	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
March	2.38	1.93	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A N/A
April May	2.37 2.41	1.82 1.90	N/A N/A	N/A N/A	N/A N/A	N/A N/A	N/A N/A
June	2.43	1.91	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
July	2.48	2.03	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
August	2.48	2.00	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
September	2.50	1.95	N/A	N/A	N/A price is 4.0 for LPG 3.0 for	N/A	N/A

NOTE ON FUEL TABLE: Above data as of September 30, 2009. The ratio of Iraq price to international price is 4.0 for LPG, 3.0 for regular and 6.9 for premium gasoline, 0.7 for kerosene and 1.5 for diesel. 60 Kerosene imports began 5 October, 2003. All previous months cover only production.

MONTHLY OIL REVENUE FROM EXPORTS, JUNE 2003-PRESENT⁶¹



YEAR-TO-DATE COMPARISON OF OIL REVENUE FROM EXPORTS, 2003-2009⁶²



THRU: SEPTEMBER

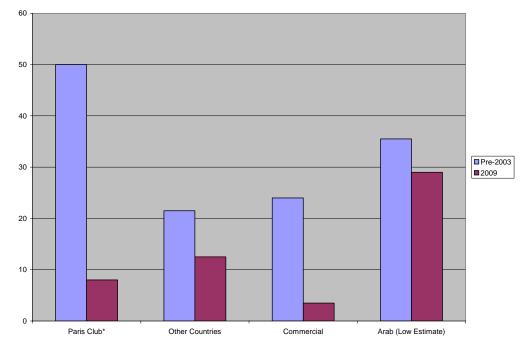
NOTE: Data for oil revenue collected by the post-Saddam Iraqi government begins in June 2003. Figures depict the total amount of revenue collected for each respective year thru the most current month in 2009.

ELECTRICITY⁶³

		electricity generated	Average hours	Average of mega watt hours (MWH)	
Time	Nation-wide	Baghdad	Nationwide		
Est. prewar level	3,958	2,500	4-8	Baghdad 16-24	95,000
May 2003	500	300	4-8	4-8	N/A
June	3,193	707	N/A	N/A	N/A
July	3,236	1,082	N/A	N/A	N/A
August	3,263	1,283	N/A	N/A	72,435
September	3,543	1,229	N/A	N/A	75,000
October	3,948	N/A	N/A	N/A	79,000
November	3,582	N/A	N/A	N/A	70,000
December	3,427	N/A	N/A	N/A	72,000
January 2004	3,758	N/A	N/A	N/A	79,000
February	4,125	1,307	13	13.4	90,000
March	4,040	1,192	16	16.4	86,000
April	3,823	1,021	15	14.8	78,000
May	3,902	1,053	11	12.2	80,000
June	4,293	1,198	10	11	93,500
July	4,584	N/A	10	12	100,300
August	4,707	1,440	13	15	109,900
September	4,467	1,485	13	14	107,200
October	4,074	1,280	13	16	99,306
November	3,199	845	13	N/A	76,550
December	3,380	N/A	N/A	N/A	81,114
January 2005	3,289	985	9	9.0	78,925
February	3,611	1,180	8.5	10.3	86,675
March	3,627	994	11.8	11.0	87,051
April	3,390	854	9	11.5	81,350
May	3,712	N/A	8.4	9.5	89,088
June	4,153	N/A	9.4	10.4	102,525
July	4,446	N/A	12.6	10.9	106,713
August	4,049	N/A	12.0	8.4	97,165
September	4,159	N/A	13.5	10.4	101,916
October	3,685	N/A	14.3	8.9	88,442
November*	3,742	N/A	13.3	8.8	89,800
December**	3,800	N/A	12.0	6.1	91,400
January 2006	3,640	N/A	9.8	4.0	87,400
February	3,700	N/A	10.3	5.9	88,600
March	4,000	N/A	13.1	7.8	96,300
April	3,700	N/A	10.9	4.5	88,500
May	3,900	N/A	9.9	3.9	92,700
June	4,400	N/A	11.9	8.0	106,100
July	4,400	N/A	11.4	7.0	106,700
August	4,430	N/A	10.9	6.2	106,400
September	4,000	N/A	10.8	5.3	95,600
October	4,000	N/A	12.3	6.7	96,600
November	3,700	N/A	10.9	6.9	88,000
December January 2007	3,500 3,590	N/A N/A	9.2 8.0	6.7	85,968 86,100
February	3,600	N/A N/A	9.3	6.0	86,500
March	3,600	N/A N/A	10.9	6.0	86,400
April	3,830	N/A N/A	11.7	5.8	91,930
May	3,720	N/A	10.1	5.6	89,245
June	4,200	N/A	10.6	5.9	100,728
July	4,220	N/A	10.4	5.9	101,270
August	4,380	N/A	10.2	6.3	105,050
September	4,860	N/A	11.8	7.4	116,560
October	4,725	N/A	12.9	9.0	113,390
November	4,140	N/A	12.3	9.0	99,400
December	4,270	N/A	11.6	8.9	102,415
January 2008	4,030	N/A	8.7	7.0	96,660
February	3,950	N/A	9.7	7.5	94,750
March	4,220	N/A	N/A	N/A	101,270
April	4,030	N/A	N/A	N/A	96,680
May	4,130	N/A	9.8	7.2	99,055
June	4,470	N/A	10.9	9.7	107,290
July	4,690	N/A	11.3	10.5	112,580
August	4,850	N/A	10.8	10.5	116,335
September October	4,805	N/A N/A	11.4 13.4	11.8 13.6	115,290 112,225
November	4,680 5,080	N/A N/A	13.4	13.6	112,225
December	5,080	N/A N/A	14.7	14.3	123,670
January 2009	6,055	N/A N/A	13.4	13.8	145,350
February	5,345	N/A N/A	14.5	15.1	128,260
March	5,275	N/A	15.4	16.7	126,615
April	5,055	N/A	N/A	N/A	121,350
May	6,020	N/A	N/A	N/A	144,400
June	5,365	N/A	N/A	N/A	128,710
July	5,940	N/A	N/A	N/A	142,555
August	6,515	N/A	N/A	N/A	156,350
September	6,440	N/A	15.2	15.6	154,490
Stated Goal:	6,000	2,500	US Interim Target:	US Interim Target: 10-12	120,000
	to have been reached	to have been reached	10-12 hours	hours	,
	by	by	National Target:	National Target:	
	LJ Y	D 1	ranonal large.	ranonal Laigut.	

NOTE ON ELECTRICITY TABLE: The demand for electricity ranges from 8,500 to 9,000 MW nationwide. It is estimated that between 30,000-50,000 private generators are currently providing an additional 2,000-4,500 MW of power outside of the national grid⁶⁴
Above data as of September 30, 2009

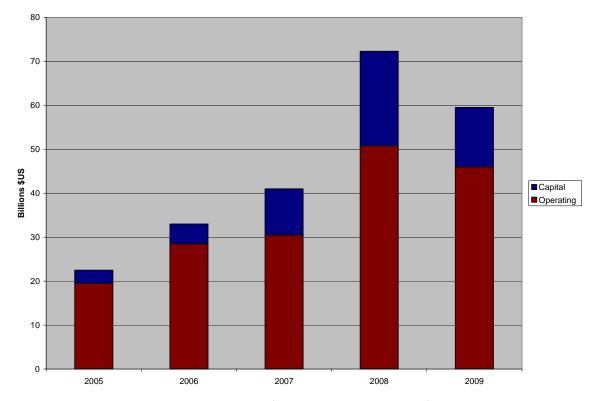
DEBT OWED BY THE IRAQI GOVERNMENT TO VARIOUS LENDERS, PRE-2003 VS. 2009⁶⁵



*Paris Club nations that took part in the reorganization of Iraq's debt included Australia, Austria, Belgium, Canada, Denmark, Finland, France, Germany, Italy, Japan, the Netherlands, the Republic of Korea, the Russian Federation, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland, the United Kingdom and the United States of America.

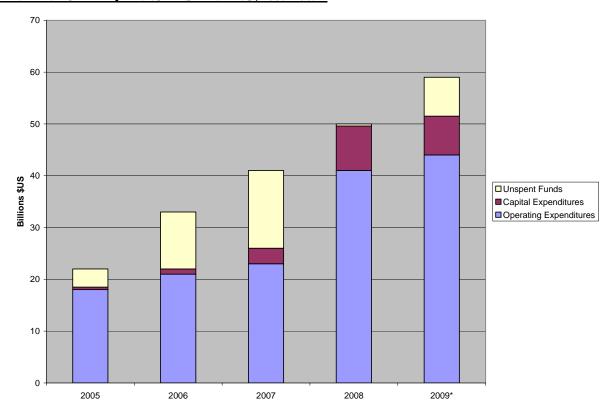
NOTE: "Arab-Low" estimates debt to Saudi Arabia at \$15.7 billion. Such estimates range as high as \$31 billion.

GOVERNMENT OF IRAQ ANNUAL BUDGET, 2005-2009⁶⁶



NOTE: Figures for 2008 include supplemental spending totaling \$14.3 billion for operations and \$8.0 billion for capital investment. The 2009 budget was passed on March 5, 2009.

GOVERNMENT OF IRAQ ANNUAL SPENDING, 2005-2009⁶⁷



NOTE: 2009 spending levels are based on estimates. Unspent funds from 2005, 2006 and 2007 were rolled over to subsequent years.

GDP ESTIMATES AND PROJECTIONS, 2002-2008⁶⁸

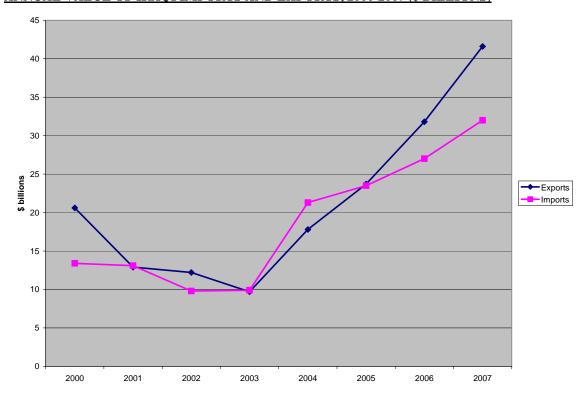
	2002	2003	2004	2005 e	2006	2007	2008 p
Nominal GDP (in USD billion)	20.5	13.6	25.7	34.5	48.5	55.4	60.9
Of which non-oil GDP (%)	32.0	32.0	30.4	30.6	33.1		
Per Capita GDP (USD)	802	518	949	1,237	1,687		
Real GDP (% change)	-7.8	-41.4	46.5	3.7	5.9	4.1	7.0
Overall Fiscal Balance (in % if GDP)	*	*	-40.6	9.8	-6.1		
Consumer Price Inflation (annual %)	19.0	34.0	32.0	32.0	50.0		

(e): IMF Estimates, (p): projections, *: Not Available
NOTE ON TABLE: 2007 and 2008 Real GDP Growth projections are provided by the authors and disagree with the figures released by the IMF and World Bank of 14.4% and 12.9% growth, respectively.

CONSUMER PRICE INDEX YEAR-OVER-YEAR PERCENTAGE CHANGE, 2004-2007⁶⁹

DATE	% CHANGE
Dec-04	31.7
Dec-05	31.6
Dec-06	64.8
Mar-07	36.6
Apr-07	40.9
May-07	38.6
Jun-07	46.0

ANNUAL VALUE OF IRAQI IMPORTS AND EXPORTS, 2000-2007 (\$ BILLIONS)⁷⁰



$\frac{APPROPRIATIONS\ PROVIDED\ FOR\ OPERATION\ IRAQI\ FREEDOM\ BY\ FUNDING\ SOURCE,\ FY2003\ THRU}{FY2009\ BRIDGE^{71}}$

	FY 2003	FY 2004	FY 2005	FY 2006	FY 2007	FY 2008	TOTAL thru FY08 Appropriations	FY 2009 BRIDGE	TOTAL FY2003-2009 BRIDGE^
Department of Defense	50.0	56.4	83.4	98.1	129.6	145.4	562.9	53.4	616.3
Foreign Aid and Diplomatic Ops	3.0	19.5	2.0	3.2	3.2	2.8	33.7	0.8	34.5
VA Medical	0	0	0.2	0.4	0.9	1.0	2.5	0.0	2.5
TOTAL	53.0	75.9	85.5	102.0	133.6	149.2	599.1	54.2	653.3

[^]Reflects H.R. 2642 as passed by the U.S. House of Representatives on June 30, 2008. Excludes \$1.4 billion in the regular State/USAID request for Iraq and Afghanistan.

ESTIMATED AVAILABILITY OF ESSENTIAL SERVICES, FEBRUARY 2008 & FEBRUARY 2009⁷²

SERVICE	FEBRUARY 2008	FEBRUARY 2009
Sewage (% population with access to sanitation)	8%	20%
Water (% population with access to potable water)	22%	45%
Electricity (% with access to 12+ hours of power per day)	25%	50%
Fire Departments (Equipped stations per 25 K population)	23%	42%
Fuel (Meet demand)	25%	48%
Public Health (Population with access to Health Services)	18%	30%
Housing (% population with adequate housing)	25%	50%
Trash (% population serviced)	18%	45%

ESTIMATED AMOUNT OF FOREIGN DIRECT INVESTMENT (FDI) ATTRACTED PER MONTH IN IRAQ

YEAR	FDI PER MONTH (MILLIONS U.S. \$)
2004	10
2005	10
2006	10
2007	10
2008	100
2009	100

TELEPHONE SUBSCRIBERS ⁷³			
Time	Telephone	subscribers	
Estimated prewar level	833	,000	
September	600	600,000	
December	600	,000	
January 2004	600	,000	
February	900	,000	
March	984	,225	
April	1,09	5,000	
May	1,22	0,000	
June	1,20	0,000	
July	N	/A	
August	1,46	3,148	
September	1,579	9,457	
October	1,75	3,000	
November	2,13	5,000	
December	2,15	2,000	
January 2005	2,44	9,139	
February	2,56	9,110	
March	2,98	2,982,115	
April	3,17	3,172,771	
May	~3,45	~3,450,000	
June	3,80	1,822	
July	~4,10	00,000	
August	4,59	0,398	
March 2006	6,83	6,854	
April	~7,40	00,000	
August	~8,10	00,000	
September	~8,20	00,000	
October	~8,20	00,000	
November	~8,50	00,000	
December	~9,80	00,000	
January 2007	~9,80	00,000	
April	~9,83	80,000	
April 2008	12,000,000 (cellular)	1,280,000 (landline)	
October	~13,000,000 (cellular)	1,300,000 (landline)	
January 2009	14,700,000 (cellular)	1,300,000 (landline)	
April	17,700,000 (cellular)	1,300,000 (landline)	
Previous goal (Jan. 2004)		0,000	
NOTE ON TELEPHONE SURSCRIBER	TADIE. The estimated and wor	larval mammacames ambriland talambe	

NOTE ON TELEPHONE SUBSCRIBERS TABLE: The estimated pre-war level represents only land telephone lines, as Iraq had no nationwide cellular network. Post-war data includes landlines and cellular subscribers. Since landline subscribers have held fairly steady at 800,000-1,000,000 since July 2004, cellular subscribers make up the overwhelming majority of post-war telephone subscribers.

TRAINED JUDGES⁷⁴

TIMIN (LD 0)	JD GEO
Time	Number of trained judges
May 2003	0
June 2004	175
May 2005	351
October	351
May 2006	<800
August	740
November	800
January 2007	870
August	1,100
November	1,200
March 2008	1,200
June	1,180
December	1,225

NOTE ON TRAINED JUDGES CHART: As of June 28, 2008, 40 Iraqi judges have been assassinated since 2003. As of October 2005, all provincial courts are operational and there exist 99 trained judicial investigators. 135 of 869 judges were removed because of substantial evidence of corruption or Ba'ath Party affiliation. The estimated need for is for 1,500 judges according to the US Department of Justice.

INTERNET SUBSCRIBERS⁷⁷

INTERNET SUBSCRIBERS	-
Time	Internet subscribers
	(does not include unregulated users of Internet cafes)
Estimated prewar level	4,500
September 2003	4,900
January-April 2004	N/A
May	54,000
June	59,000
July	73,000
August	87,000
September	95,000
October	102,978
November	110,000
January 2005	124,293
March	147,076
April 2006	208,000
August	197,310
November	194,420
January 2007	230,000
April	261,000
October	827,500
January 2009	688,410
April	820,000

DOCTORS IN IRAQ⁷⁸

DOCTORS IN TRAIQ	
Iraqi Physicians Registered Before the 2003 Invasion	34,000
Iraqi Physicians Who:	
Have Left Iraq Since the 2003 Invasion	20,000 (estimate)
Returned to Iraq in 2007	200
Returned to Iraq in 2008	1,000
Returned to Iraq in 2009 (thru April)	325
Number of Physicians in Iraq (December 2008)	16,000
Iraqi Physicians Murdered Since 2003 Invasion	2,000
Iraqi Physicians Kidnapped	250
Average Salary of an Iraqi Physician	7.5 million Iraqi dinars per year
	(or ~\$5,100 per year)
Annual Graduates from Iraqi Medical Schools	2,250
Percentage of Above That Will Work Outside of Iraq	20%

NOTE: Numbers are estimates.

EDUCATION INDICATORS⁷⁹

	YEAR	NUMBER/% OF STUDENTS
Number of Children Enrolled in Primary Schools Nationwide	2002	3.5 million
	2005	3.7 million (5.7% increase)
Number of Children Enrolled in Middle Schools and High Schools Nationwide	2002	1.1 million
	2005	1.4 million (27% increase)
Percent of High School aged Iraqis Enrolled in School in 2003	2003	33%
Percent of Iraq's 3.5 million students attending class	2007	30%
Number of government run schools in Iraq (not including Kurdish region)		17,300

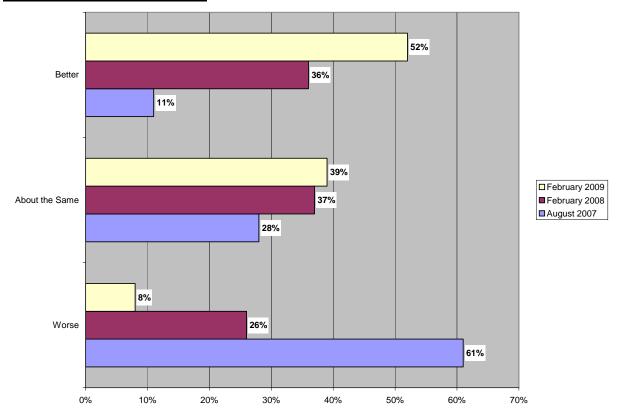
NOTE ON EDUCATION INDICATORS: Education numbers do not include the Kurdish regions, which are administratively separate. Iraq's population increased to 26 million (8% increase) from 2002 to 2005.

POLLING/POLITICS

IRAQ: WHERE THINGS STAND 2009⁸⁰ UPDATED MARCH 2009

Last of 4 Surveys Conducted by D3 Systems for the BBC, ABC News, ARD German TV and USA Today (2,228 Iraqi adults from throughout the country were interviewed)

<u>QUESTION: IN THE PAST SIX MONTHS, HAS THE SECURITY SITUATION IN IRAQ BECOME BETTER,</u> WORSE OR ABOUT THE SAME?

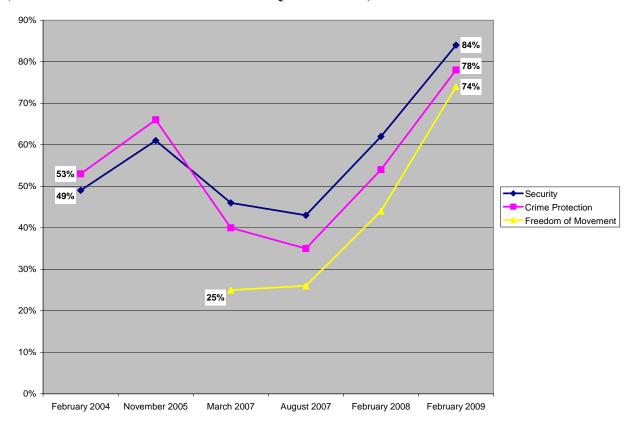


QUESTION: HOW WOULD YOU SAY THINGS ARE GOING IN IRAQ OVERALL THESE DAYS?

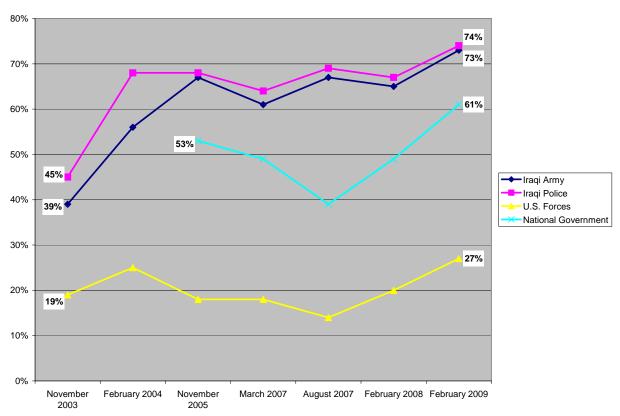
	ALL
FEBRUARY 2009	
Very/Quite Good	58%
Very/Quite Bad	41%
FEBRUARY 2008	
Very/Quite Good	43%
Very/Quite Bad	56%
SEPTEMBER 2007	
Very/Quite Good	22%
Very/Quite Bad	78%
FEBRUARY 2007	
Very/Quite Good	35%
Very/Quite Bad	65%

Shia	Sunni	Kurd
67%	46%	51%
32%	51%	48%
61%	16%	45%
39%	83%	53%
39%	2%	17%
62%	98%	83%
50%	5%	11%
50%	95%	43%

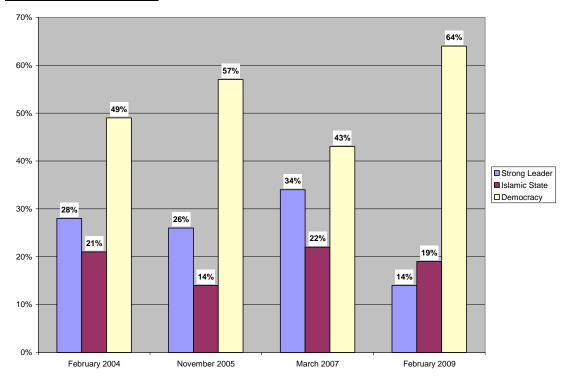
QUESTION: HOW WOULD YOU RATE THE FOLLOWING LOCAL CONDITIONS? (% WHO ANSWERED "VERY GOOD" OR "QUITE GOOD")



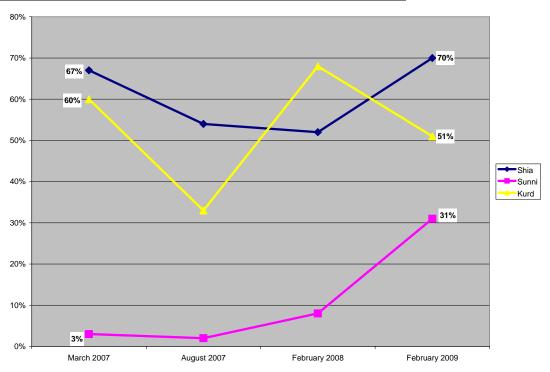
QUESTION: HOW CONFIDENT ARE YOU IN THE FOLLOWING INSTITUTIONS? (% WHO ANSWERED "GREAT DEAL" OR "QUITE A LOT" OF CONFIDENCE)



QUESTION: WHICH OF THE FOLLOWING POLITICAL STRUCTURES DO YOU THINK IRAQ SHOULD HAVE IN THE FUTURE?



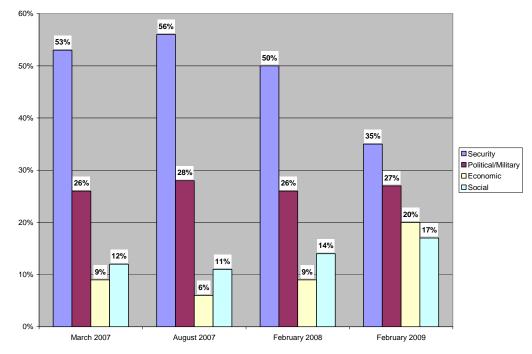
APPROVAL RATING FOR PRIME MINISTER NOURI AL-MALIKI



AGGREGATE RESULTS FOR ABOVE GRAPH

	APPROVAL RATING
FEBRUARY 2009	55%
FEBRUARY 2008	40%
AUGUST 2007	33%
MARCH 2007	43%

QUESTION:IN YOUR OPINION, WHAT IS THE SINGLE BIGGEST PROBLEM FACING IRAQ AS A WHOLE??



DETAIL OF RESPONSES FOR ABOVE GRAPH

	MARCH 2007		
	Shia	Sunni	Kurd
SECURITY	52%	55%	45%
POL/MIL	27%	26%	18%
ECONOMIC	7%	9%	18%
SOCIAL	13%	9%	19%

AUGUST 2007		
Shia	Sunni	Kurd
60%	57%	43%
27%	31%	22%
3%	3%	18%
9%	9%	16%

FEBRUARY 2008		
Shia	Sunni	Kurd
47%	55%	43%
30%	26%	16%
8%	8%	13%
14%	10%	28%

FEBRUARY 2009		
Shia	Sunni	Kurd
37%	36%	25%
22%	34%	28%
25%	16%	16%
16%	14%	26%

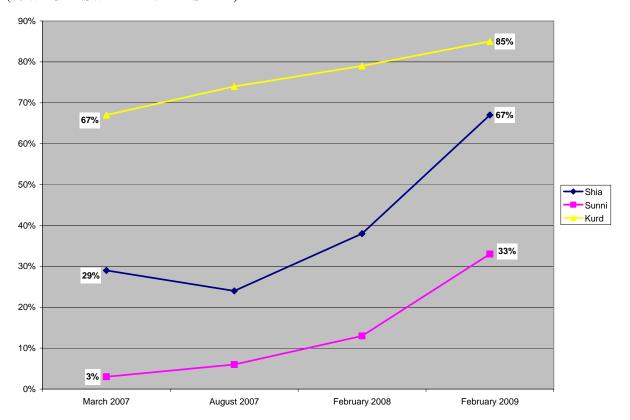
QUESTION: HOW WOULD YOU RATE THE AVAILABILITY OF THE FOLLOWING SERVICES IN YOUR LOCAL AREA?

 $(\%\ WHO\ RESONDED\ "VERY\ GOOD"\ OR\ "QUITE\ GOOD")$



^{*}Denotes the availability of fuel for cooking and driving

QUESTION: HOW SAFE DO YOU FEEL IN YOUR NEIGHBORHOOD? (% WHO ANSWERED "VERY SAFE")



AGGREGATE RESULTS FOR ABOVE GRAPH

	FEEL "VERY SAFE"
FEBRUARY 2009	59%
FEBRUARY 2008	37%
AUGUST 2007	26%
MARCH 2007	26%

⁵ Measuring Stability and Security in Iraq, U.S. Department of Defense Quarterly Report to Congress, March 2008, p. 18.

8 "Suicide bomber kills fice at Iraqi café: police", Agence France Presse, May 1, 2009. 5 killed and 6 injured by suicide bomb. "Three killed in roadside bombing", Agence France Presse, May 2, 2009. 3 killed and 2 wounded by roadside bomb. Robert H. Reid, "Car bombs kill 17 in Baghdad, Iraq police say", Associated Press, May 6, 2009. 15 killed and 20 injured by car bomb. "Six Iraqis killed in truck suicide attack in Kirkuk", Agence France Presse, May 12, 2009. 6 killed and 14 wounded by suicide truck bomb. Benjamin Morgan, "At Least 34 Dead in Huge Baghdad Blast", Agence France Presse, May 20, 2009. 34 killed and 72 injured by car bomb. Robert H. Reid, "3 US soldiers, dozens of Iraqis killed by bombings", Associated Press Worldstream, May 21, 2009. 25 killed and 52 wounded by 2 suicide bombs and one bomb. "Two Americans among three dead in attack on Iraq convoy", Agence France Presse, May 26, 2009. 3 killed and 2 injured by roadside bomb. 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