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# Iraq Index

Tracking Variables of Reconstruction & Security in Post-Saddam Iraq

http://www.brookings.edu/iraqindex

**September 25, 2008** 

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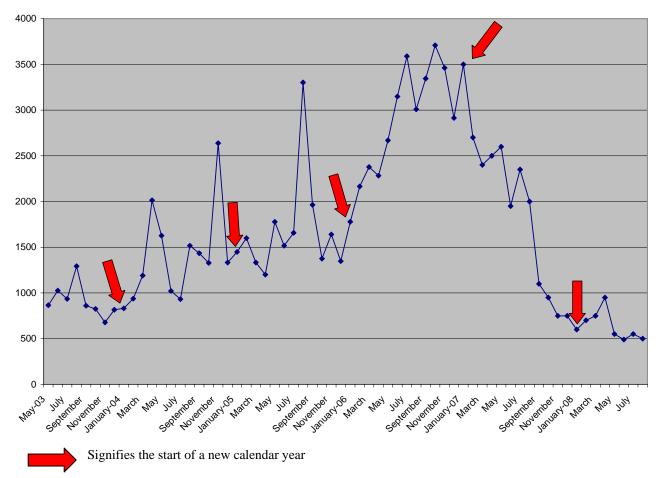
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# TRACKING THE SURGE

#### ESTIMATED NUMBER OF IRAQI CIVILIAN FATALITIES BY MONTH, MAY 2003-PRESENT



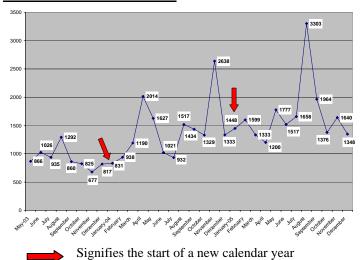
**NOTE ON THIS GRAPH:** See subset graphs on following page for exact monthly figures and explanations regarding sources and methodologies for various time periods.

# NOTE ON OTHER CIVILIAN FATALITY ESTIMATE<sup>1</sup>:

In its January 31, 2008 issue, *The New England Journal of Medicine* published a study carried out by the Iraq Family Health Survey Study Group in which they estimated the number of violent civilian deaths in Iraq from March 2003 through June 2006. Based on a survey of 1,086 household clusters throughout Iraq, they estimated that there were 151,000 such deaths during this period. Though monthly totals were not made available, the estimated number of deaths per day were broken into various time periods as follows: March 2003-April 2004, 128; May 2004-May 2005, 115; June 2005-June 2006, 126.

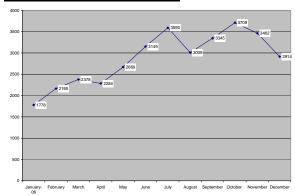
#### DETAILED EXPLANATION OF IRAQI CIVILIAN FATALITY ESTIMATES BY TIME PERIOD

### **MAY 2003-DECEMBER 2005<sup>2</sup>**



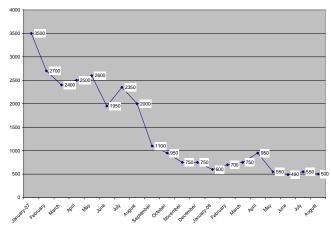
**NOTE ON THIS GRAPH:** In previous editions of the *Iraq Index*, attempts were made to distinguish between those civilian fatalities caused by acts of war and those caused by other violent means for this time period. These estimates have now been combined in order to provide a consistent comparison with subsequent years where it became evident that making such a distinction was not feasible. See endnote for more specific detail as to how these estimates were calculated.

# JANUARY-DECEMBER 2006<sup>3</sup>



**NOTE ON THIS GRAPH:** Our estimates from January-December 2006 are based upon the numbers published in the UN Assistance Mission for Iraq, "Human Rights Report: 1 May–30 June, 2006" and subsequent reports. This data combines the Iraq Ministry of Health's tally of deaths counted at hospitals with the Baghdad Medico-Legal Institute's tally of deaths counted at morgues.

# JANUARY 2007-PRESENT<sup>4</sup>



**NOTE ON THIS GRAPH:** Figures for January-August are approximations based on a graph presented by Gen. David Petraeus during Congressional testimony given on September 10-11, 2007 and reprinted in the U.S. Department of State's "Iraq Weekly Status Report" dated September 12, 2007. Updates for subsequent months have been provided by the U.S. Department of Defense.

# ENEMY-INITIATED ATTACKS AGAINST THE COALITION AND ITS PARTNERS, BY WEEK<sup>5</sup>

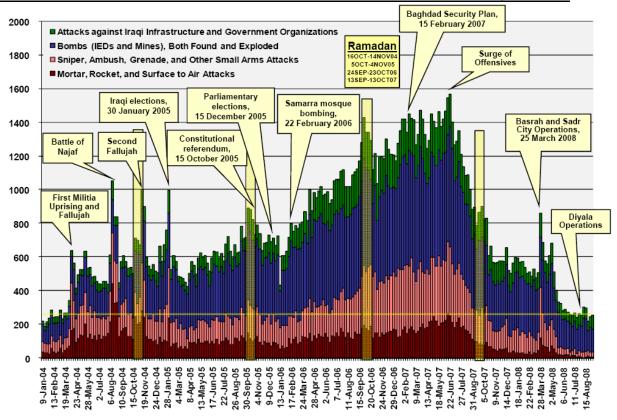
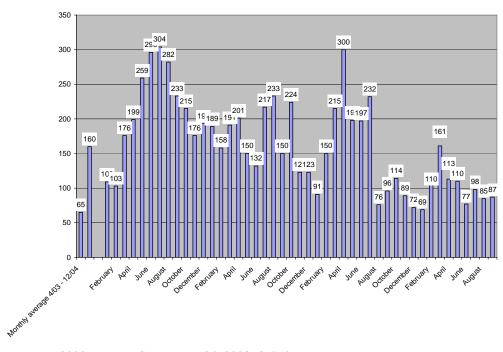


Chart includes potential attacks (IEDs/mines found and cleared) and executed attacks.

#### IRAQI MILITARY & POLICE KILLED MONTHLY<sup>6</sup>



#### Total June 2003 through September 24, 2008: 8,676

**1,300** Iraqi military and police were killed between June 2003 and January 4, 2005 according to Iraqi Minister of Interior Falah Hasan Al-Naqib. "Iraqi Officers, Police Members Killed so Far Total 1,300," Kuwait News Agency (KUNA) January 4, 2005. Maj. Gen. Joseph Peterson, the top American police trainer in Iraq, noted through his spokesperson that 1,497 Iraqi police officers were killed and 3,256 wounded in 2005. Eric Schmitt, "2,000 More MPs Will Help Train the Iraqi Police," *New York Times*, January 16, 2006.

# CURRENT DISPOSITION OF U.S./COALITION FORCES IN IRAQ, BY MULTI-NATIONAL DIVISION (MND)<sup>2</sup>

# MND-BAGHDAD

2 <sup>nd</sup> Brigade Combat Team, 101 <sup>st</sup> Airborne Division	1st BCT, 4th Infantry (Mechanized) Division
(Khadimiyah/Mansour)	(Bayaa/Dura)
4 <sup>th</sup> BCT, 10 <sup>th</sup> Mountain Division	2 <sup>nd</sup> Stryker BCT, 25 <sup>th</sup> Infantry Division
(Karradah/Jadeeda/part of Rusafa)	(North Baghdad Province)
3 <sup>rd</sup> BCT, 4 <sup>th</sup> Infantry (Mechanized) Division	
(Azamiyah/Sadr City/part of Rusafa)	

# MND-NORTH

3 <sup>rd</sup> Armored Cavalry Regiment (ACR)	1st BCT, 101st Airborne Division							
(Ninawa Province)	(Salahuddin Province)							
1 <sup>st</sup> BCT, 10 <sup>th</sup> Mountain Division	2 <sup>nd</sup> Stryker Cavalry Regiment (SCR)							
(Kirkuk Province)	(Diyala Province)							

# MND-CENTRAL

WILD CENTRUE	
3 <sup>rd</sup> BCT, 101 <sup>st</sup> Airborne Division	4 <sup>th</sup> BCT, 3 <sup>rd</sup> Infantry Division
(South Baghdad Province/North Babil Province)	(Babil and overwatch of mid-Euphrates)
2 <sup>nd</sup> BCT, 1 <sup>st</sup> Armored Division	4 <sup>th</sup> BCT, 1 <sup>st</sup> Cavalry Division
(South Baghdad Province/Northwest Wasit Province)	(Overwatch for Maysan/Dhi Qar/Muthanna Provinces)
Polish BCT	
(Qadisiyah Province)	

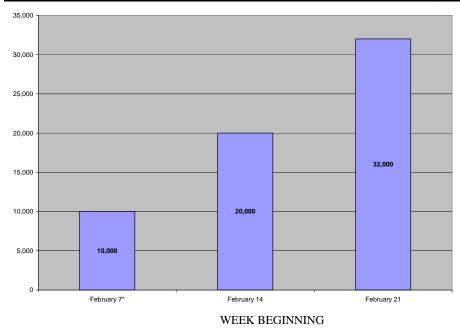
# MND-WEST

Regimental Combat Team 1, I Marine Expeditionary Force	RCT 5, I MEF
(East Anbar Province)	(West Anbar Province)

# MND-SOUTHEAST

WIND-SOCTILEAST	
7 <sup>th</sup> Armored Brigade (United Kingdom)	
(Basrah Province)	

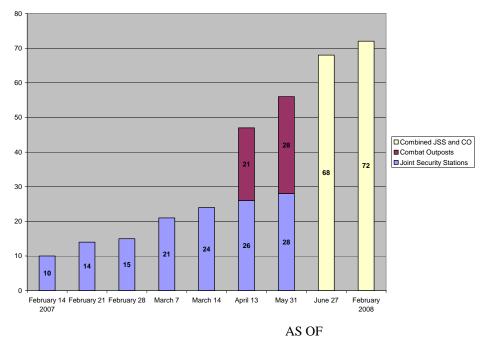
# NUMBER OF PATROLS CARRIED OUT BY U.S. AND IRAQI FORCES (PER WEEK)<sup>8</sup>



<sup>\*</sup>This is the week before the start of Operation Fardh al-Qanoon (Enforcing the Law)

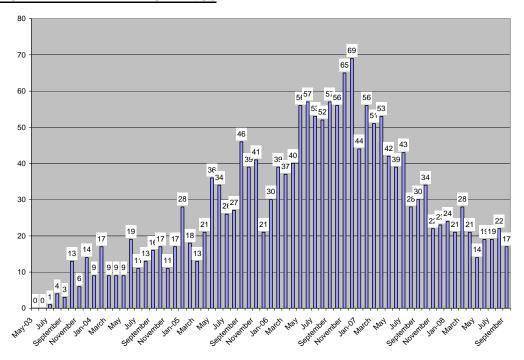
**NOTE ON THIS GRAPH:** According to Rear Adm. Mark Fox, "more than half" of the 32,000 patrols conducted the week beginning February 21 were conducted exclusively by Iraqi Security Forces and all were conducted "in and around" Baghdad.

# $\frac{\text{NUMBER OF JOINT SECURITY STATIONS (JSS'S) AND COMBAT OUTPOSTS (CO'S) ESTABLISHED BY U.S.}{\text{AND IRAQI FORCES IN BAGHDAD}^9}$



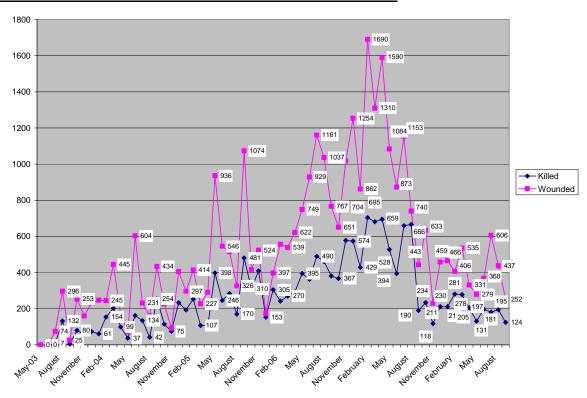
**NOTE ON THIS GRAPH:** Joint Security Stations (JSS's) and Combat Outposts (CO's) are security checkpoints to be set up in key strategic areas throughout Baghdad and manned 24 hours per day by elements of both U.S. and Iraqi security forces. As reported in the *New York Times* on March 16, 2007, the differences between them are that JSS's are manned with more forces (between 120 and 150) and are seen to be permanent, perhaps to be transformed into Iraqi police stations. As Operation Fardh al-Qanoon has progressed, official press briefings have increasingly reported the combined total number of JSS's and CO's.

# MULTIPLE FATALITY BOMBINGS<sup>10</sup>



Total as of September 24, 2008: 1,809 (of which at least 663 (36.7%) were suicide bombings)

# $\underline{\textbf{KILLED AND WOUNDED IN MULTIPLE FATALITY BOM}} \textbf{BINGS} \underline{^{11}}$



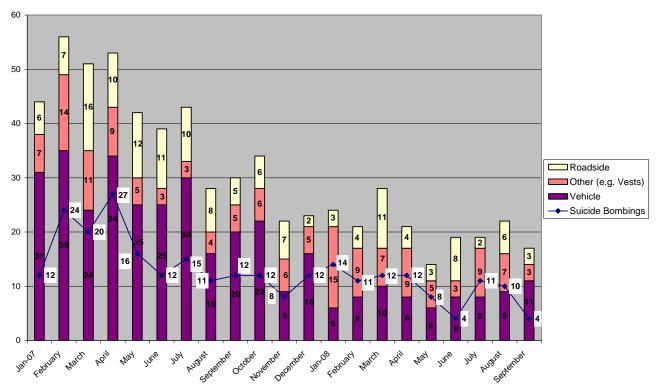
#### Total as of September 24, 2008:

Killed: 17,063 Wounded: 34,534

# NOTE ON MULTIPLE FATALITY BOMBINGS AND KILLED AND WOUNDED IN MULTIPLE FATALITY

**BOMBINGS TABLES:** Included as data for these graphs are any bombings (including IEDs / roadside bombs) that caused at least three fatalities. The data on multiple fatality IED / roadside bombs are estimates and may have a margin of error of +/- one bomb and approximately five fatalities and five wounded.

# MULTIPLE FATALITY BOMBINGS BY TYPE, SINCE JANUARY 2007<sup>12</sup>



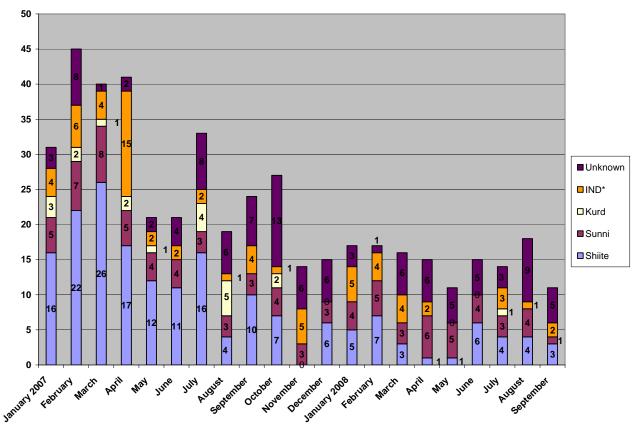
<u>Total from January 1, 2007 to September 24, 2008</u> NOTE ON THIS GRAPH: The count of suicide bombings refers to the ratio of the total represented by the bar graph, and should not be double-counted. In most cases, "Other" refers to suicide vest bombs but can also refer to bombs that do not fit into the other two categories, such as those left in trash cans, under market stalls, etc. By definition, "Roadside" bombs cannot be carried out by a suicide attacker.

# DETAILED BREAKDOWN OF DEATHS ASSOCIATED WITH MULTIPLE FATALITY BOMBINGS IN IRAQ,

SIN	ICE JA	<b>ANU</b> A	RY 2	2 <b>007</b> 13																	
	Jan 07	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sept	Oct	Nov	Dec	Jan 08	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sept
CIVILIANS																					
Shiite	285	459	493	413	180	180	326	61	70	40	0	68	32	113	75	3	9	86	38	38	48
Sunni	23	70	78	80	53	28	47	64	19	21	16	50	38	68	11	79	39	45	20	50	4
Kurd	28	11	30	24	22	0	134	411	0	15	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	25	0	0
Indiscriminate	33	46	26	107	54	23	32	6	34	6	24	0	88	83	111	45	0	0	34	25	11
Unknown	10	36	4	10	16	16	31	46	36	75	26	36	16	3	15	44	48	18	13	36	21
CIVILIAN SUBTOTAL	379	622	631	634	325	247	570	588	159	157	66	154	174	267	212	171	96	149	130	149	84
OFFICIALS																					
Iraqi Security	40	76	6	32	97	102	75	43	21	66	35	56	25	7	51	34	30	23	44	45	34
U.S./Coalition	10	10	34	28	32	28	5	17	10	0	7	1	12	7	15	0	5	10	0	1	0
Iraqi Government	0	0	0	0	74	17	0	8	0	8	10	0	0	0	0	0	0	15	7	0	6
OFFICIAL SUBTOTAL	50	86	40	60	203	147	80	68	31	74	52	57	37	14	66	34	35	48	48	46	40
TOTAL	429	708	671	694	528	394	650	656	190	231	118	211	211	281	278	205	131	197	181	195	124

**NOTE ON THIS TABLE:** Totals shown correlate directly with the reported deaths of the attacks illustrated in the above graph. This does not necessarily mean that each fatality was a member of that sectarian group, only that the bombing occurred in an area in which that group was in the majority. Although those multiple fatality bombings directly targeting U.S., Coalition and Iraqi security forces have been omitted, in few instances elements of these forces were included among those killed, although in each of the cases they were in the stark minority.

# $\frac{\text{NUMBER OF MULTIPLE FATALITY BOMBINGS TARGETING CIVILIANS, BY SECTARIAN GROUP AND}{\text{MONTH}}^{14}$



\*IND: Indiscriminate

Total from January 1, 2007 to September 24, 2008 NOTE ON THIS GRAPH: Iraqi civilians were the primary target for each multiple fatality bombing illustrated. Those classified as "Shiite", "Sunni" or "Kurd" were bombings that either directly targeted that sectarian group or occurred in an area reported to be predominantly composed of that sectarian group. "Indiscriminate" bombings took place in areas of a mixed sectarian population and those classified as "Unknown" did not have the sectarian grouping or exact location reported.

# NUMBER OF NEWLY DISPLACED PEOPLE PER MONTH IN IRAQ, INTERNALLY AND ABROAD, JANUARY 2007- PRESENT $^{15}$

ZUU/- PRESENT	DISPLACED
MONTH	PERSONS
January 2007	~90,000
February	~90,000
March	~90,000
April	~90,000
May	~80,000
June	~60,000
July	~60,000
August	~60,000
September	~50,000
October	~50,000
November	~40,000
December	~30,000
January 2008	~10,000
February	~10,000
March	~10,000

	DISPLACED
MONTH	PERSONS
April	~10,000
May	~10,000

# NUMBER AND CURRENT STATUS OF SONS OF IRAQ (SOI) IN IRAQ 16

#### **BROAD FIGURES**

CURRENT NUMBER OF SOI's	
Officially Registered with the U.S. Military	99,859
Integrated into the Iraqi Security Forces	~5,200
Vetted for possible Security Force positions	2,300
That have found other permanent employment	~15,000
That are Shiite	~18,000 (~20%)

**AS OF: AUGUST 2008** 

NOTE ON THIS CHART: The majority of the estimated 25,000 volunteers that formed the Awakening Movement in Anbar province are NOT included in the above U.S. figures. The phrase "Sons of Iraq", refers to Iraqi civilians who have volunteered to ally with U.S. forces in providing security against insurgents and militias at the local level. Thus far the Iraqi central government has been reluctant to integrate SOI's into official security forces. As a result, the U.S. military is launching a new civilian job corps to transition some SOI's from security to civil projects. This will start in January 2008 with 500 SOI's from Baghdad. The U.S. military hopes to expand the initial program and transfer its funding and management to the Iraqi government by the end of 2008.

STATUS OF THE SONS OF IRAQ BY LOCATION (WITH AVERAGE MONTHLY PAY)<sup>17</sup>

LOCATION	MEMBER TOTAL	AVERAGE MONTHLY PAY	GROWTH RATE (MAY-JULY 2008)
MND-Baghdad	30,630	\$236	-161
MND-North	30,692	\$368	3,121
MND-West	4,867	\$181	190
MND-Central	35,345	\$299	-86
MND-Central South	2,002	\$171	0
TOTALS	103,536	\$293*	3,064

NOTE: "MND" stands for Multi-National Division and refers to the areas of operation as set forth by U.S.-Coalition forces.

AS OF: JUNE 2008

# WEAPONS CACHES FOUND AND CLEARED IN IRAQ, BY YEAR 18

REGION	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008 TO DATE
ALL OF IRAQ	1,711	2,862	2,660	6,969	7,127
Baghdad Security District			213	1,071	
Northern Iraq			566	1,213	
Al Anbar	410	1,271	1,213	3,147	1,355

<sup>\*</sup>Weighted average

PROGRESS OF POLITICAL BENCHMARKS AGREED UPON BETWEEN THE BUSH ADMINISTRATION AND THE IRAOI GOVERNMENT AS WELL AS OTHER SIGNIFICANT POLITICAL DEVELOPMENTS<sup>19</sup>

THE IRAQI GOVERNMENT, AS WELL AS OTHER SIGNIFICANT POLITICAL DEVELOPMENTS <sup>19</sup>					
Political Benchmark	Current Status	Potential Hurdles			
Oil Revenue Sharing	February 2007: Draft law passed in the Cabinet but not yet voted on in Parliament  May 2007: During the week of May 21, officials from the Kurdish Regional Government will arrive in Baghdad to discuss differences with central-government authorities.	Iraq Federation of Oil Unions has come out against the draft, as has the Iraqi National slate, led by former PM Ilyad al-Allawi			
Reversing de-Baathification	May 2007: Iraqi VP Tariq al-Hashemi announced that proposals for revising the law would be submitted to parliament during the week of May 21.  November 2007: Increased participation in fostering security by Sunni groups commonly known as "Concerned Local Citizens" has resulted in some de facto accommodations  January 2008: Iraqi Parliament passes a bill allowing for the reinstatement of low-level Baath Party members for certain government jobs. The legislation also allows for those former Baathists with high-level jobs to receive a pension.	November 2007: Members of parliament loyal to Moqtada al-Sadr vehemently objected to the latest proposed legislation approved by the Cabinet			
New election laws	No progress thus far				
July 2007: PM Nouri al-Maliki stated publicly that provincial elections would be held by the end of calendar year 2007.  Schedule provincial elections  February 2008: Parliament passed legislation outlining provincial powers that calls for elections by October 1, 2008. After originally being vetoed by the presidency council, it was approved March 2008.		August 2008: The Iraqi Parliament entered its summer recess without a resolution outlining Provincial elections. Because of this, they will most likely be pushed back from the originally scheduled October 2008 into early 2009.			
Disbanding militias	No political progress thus far, although Coalition and Iraqi security forces have engaged and detained militia members				
Plan of national reconciliation	February 2008: The Iraqi parliament passed an amnesty bill that will benefit thousands of mostly Sunni prisoners currently in Iraqi custody. This must now be approved by the presidency council.	June 2008: The Amnesty Law began implementation March 2, 2008. As of May 1, nearly 17,000 detainees have been approved for release.			
Amending the Constitution to address Sunni concerns	The parliament's constitutional reform committee voted on May 15, 2007, to submit a set of revisions to lawmakers the week of May 21. However, the controversial issues of the rights of provinces to form powerful regions (similar to that of the Kurds) and references to Iraq's Arab identity are yet to be debated.				

AS OF: August 13, 2008 The benchmarks listed above were taken from a letter from Secretary of State Condoleezza Rice to Senator Carl Levin sent in January 2007 as mentioned in *Newsweek*'s April 2, 2007 edition.

#### **AUTHORS' POLITICAL BENCHMARK ASSESSMENT**

BENCHMARK	SCORE
2008 Budget	1.0
Pension Law	1.0
Purging Extremists from Government	1.0
Reformed De-Ba'athification Legislation	0.5
Sons of Iraq Employment Program	0.5
Amnesty Law	0.5
Distribution of Federal Funding to Provinces	0.5
Provincial Powers Act	0.5
Kirkuk Referendum/Resolution	0.0
Hydrocarbons Law	0.0
Provincial Election Legislation	0.0
TOTAL	5.5/11

NOTE ON THIS TABLE: Each category may receive a score of 0, 0.5 or 1 with the best possible score being 11. We accord a 1 for the pensions law, and for the 2008 budget. We then estimate half points for six categories: passing of the reformed de-Baathification law (which may or may not work out as well as intended in the actual implementation), purging extremists from the government (which is going fairly well but largely at U.S. insistence and cajoling), hiring Sons of Iraq into the security forces (again, going well, but there is some interest from the Shia-led government in limiting the number of Sons of Iraq who can join security forces as opposed to gaining other types of government jobs), passing of the amnesty law (again, the law is promising, but implementation is key), central government sharing of money with the provinces (far better than before, but still needing to progress further), and passing of the provincial powers act (recently passed, but also recently vetoed, leaving it in some limbo). We accord the Iraqis 0 for resolving Kirkuk, for creating a permanent hydrocarbons law, and for passing a provincial election law.

# OTHER NOTEWORTHY POLITICAL DEVELOPMENTS<sup>20</sup>

- \*April 15, 2007: Shiite cleric Moqtada al-Sadr withdrew his 6 ministers from the Iraqi cabinet. They represented the Ministries of Health, Transportation, Tourism & Antiquities, Agriculture, Civil Society and Provincial Affairs, respectively. There are 38 total cabinet posts in the current Iraqi government.
- \*June 22: The Iraqi Accordance Front, the largest Sunni bloc in the Iraqi parliament with 44 members, announced it was boycotting the 275-seat house to protest the ouster of Sunni speaker Mahmoud al-Mashhadani. They were joined by the smaller National Dialogue Front, which had 11 seats.
- \*June 29, 2007: The leading Sunni coalition, the Accordance Front, withdrew its six ministers from the Iraqi Cabinet in protest to the dismissal of Sunni Speaker Mahmoud al-Mashhadani and because of criminal accusations made against Sunni Culture Minister Asad Kamal al-Hashimi. As a result, 13 of 38 Cabinet positions are now unfilled.
- \*July 17, 2007: The Shiite political bloc loyal to Moqtada al-Sadr announced that they were ending their month-long boycott of the Iraqi parliament and would return to work immediately.
- \*July 18, 2007: The largest Sunni coalition, the Accordance Front, ended its boycott of parliament following the reinstatement of ousted speaker Mahmoud al-Mashhadani.
- \*August 5, 2007: 5 secular cabinet members allied with former PM Iyad Allawi announced that they were boycotting cabinet meetings, though they would continue the day-to-day administration of their respective ministries.
- \*September 8, 2007: The National Dialogue Front, a secular Sunni bloc, announced that its 11 legislators were ending their boycott of parliament

# EFFECTS OF OPERATION FARDH AL-QANOON ON IRAQI PROVINCES<sup>21</sup>

PROVINCE	DEVELOPMENT
	*Violent attacks in the Ramadi region have dropped from 25 per day in 2006 to 4 per day since the Surge (April 29, 2007)  *In May 2006, there were 811 attacks throughout the province. In May 2007, that figure was
Anbar	just over 400 (May 31, 2007)  →In the city of Ramadi, there were 234 attacks in May 2006 compared to 30 in May 2007
	*Since the beginning of 2007, 12,000 Iraqis have volunteered for the security forces. In all of 2006, 1,000 volunteered (May 31, 2007)
	*There has been roughly a 30% increase in offensive actions and attacks in Diyala province (March 9, 2007)
Divolo	*In 2006, Diyala province was the eighth-deadliest province (of Iraq's 18) for U.S. troops (April 22, 2007)
Diyala	→ Thus far in 2007, it ranks as the third-deadliest province behind Baghdad and Anbar
	* Over the past five months, attacks on U.S. and Iraqi troops have increased 70% (April 16, 2007)  → It was reported on April 15, 2007, that almost a full brigade of between 2,000 and 3,000 soldiers is being sent to reinforce the territory between Baghdad and Baqubah, the provincial capital
Baghdad	*In all of 2006, 266 weapons caches were found within all security districts. Thus far in 2007, 441 have been found (May 31, 2007)

# EFFECTS OF EXTERNAL ACTORS ON IRAQI SECURITY<sup>22</sup>

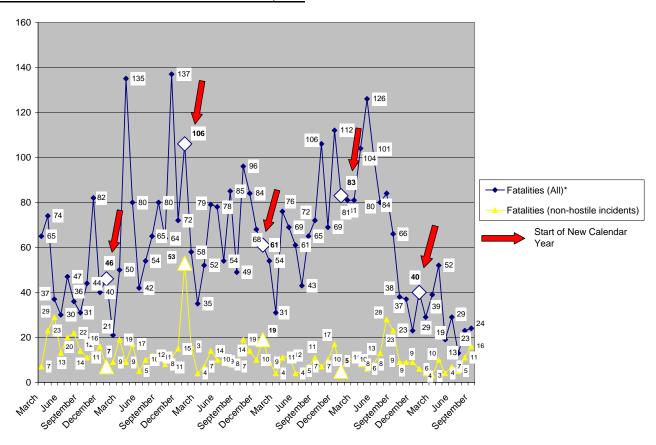
<sup>\*</sup>April 11, 2007- During a press briefing from Baghdad, Major Marty Weber reported that between 40 and 60 foreign fighters per month are crossing into Iraq via the Syrian border. During that same briefing, General William Caldwell stated that there was evidence that Iran has been giving assistance to Sunni insurgent groups, though to a much lesser degree than to Shiite extremists.

#### NOTE ON THE METHODOLOGY OF THE IRAQ INDEX:

Although the footnotes to the Iraq Index document our sources in detail, it is worth noting here a few broad points. The majority of our information comes from the U.S. Government, though we must often analyze it and process it further to show trends over the full period since Saddam Hussein fell in 2003. Some information comes from foreign journalists on the ground and from nongovernmental organizations; a very modest amount to date comes from Iraqi sources. Most tables and charts are straightforward representations of data as we obtain it from the above primary sources, with only modest further analysis and processing required. However, a few graphics, such as those on crime and unemployment rates, require more methodological work (and more assumptions) on our part—and are as a result also perhaps somewhat less precise than most of the tables and charts.

# **SECURITY INDICATORS**

#### U.S. TROOP FATALITIES SINCE MARCH 19, 2003<sup>23</sup>



#### Total from March 19, 2003 (start of major combat operations) through September 24, 2008:

Fatalities (all kinds): 4,174
Fatalities in hostile incidents: 3,379
Fatalities in non-hostile incidents: 795

#### NOTE ON U.S. TROOP FATALITIES SINCE MARCH 19, 2003 TABLE:

The daily Department of Defense casualty reports that we use for our monthly estimates on U.S troops killed doesn't make entirely clear when in a 24 hour period casualties were incurred. Since the reports are published 10 AM daily, there is the possibility that our numbers for January 2005 and onwards are slightly off due to uncertainties about whether casualties occurred on the first and last day of each month. We have chosen to interpret the numbers in the casualty report as representing fatalities that occurred throughout the previous day. Total fatalities include seven civilians working for the Department of Defense.

<sup>\*</sup> In order to determine the monthly fatalities from hostile incidents, subtract the blue data point from the corresponding yellow data point.

# CAUSE OF DEATH FOR US TROOPS<sup>24</sup>

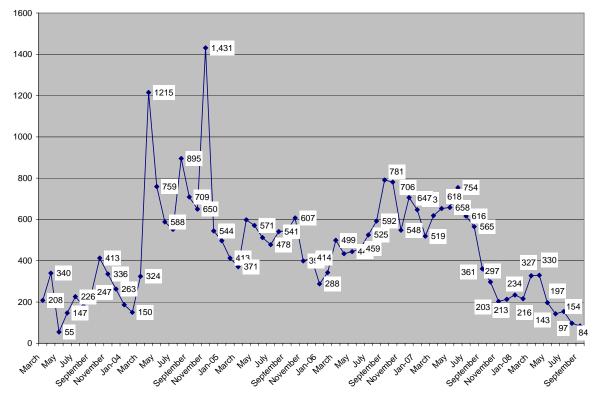
		OR US TROOPS			Helicopter	Other Hostile	I	Total
Month	IED's	Car Bombs	Mortars/Rockets	RPG's	Losses*	Other Hostile	Non-Hostile*	Total
March 03	0 (0%)	0 (0%)	0 (0%)	0 (0%)	8 (12.3%)	50 (76.9%)	7 (10.8%)	65
April	0 (0%)	0 (0%)	3 (4.1%)	4 (5.4%)	8 (10.8%)	41 (55.4%)	18(24.3%)	74
May	0 (0%)	0 (0%)	0 (0%)	0 (0%)	7 (18.9%)	6 (16.2%)	24 (64.9%)	37
June	0 (0%)	0 (0%)	0 (0%)	4 (13.3%)	0 (0%)	14 (46.6%)	12 (40.0%)	30
July	4 (8.3%)	0 (0%)	0 (0%)	9 (18.8%)	0 (0%)	15 (31.3%)	20 (41.7%)	48
August	7 (20%)	0 (0%)	0 (0%)	2 (5.7%)	0 (0%)	7 (20%)	19 (54.3%)	35
September	6 (19.4%)	0 (0%)	2 (6.5%)	2 (6.5%)	1 (3.2%)	8 (25.8%)	12 (38.7%)	31
October	13 (29.5%)	0 (0%)	4 (9.1%)	2 (4.5%)	0 (0%)	14 (31.8%)	11 (25%)	44
November December	20 (24.4%) 18 (45%)	0 (0%)	1 (1.2%)	1 (1.2%) 0 (0%)	39 (47.6%) 0 (0%)	8 (9.8%) 4 (10%)	13 (15.8%) 15 (37.5%)	82 40
January 04	20 (42.6%)	3 (6.4%)	4 (8.5%)	1 (2.1%)	14 (29.8%)	4 (8.5%)	13 (37.3%)	47
February	9 (45%)	0 (0%)	2 (10%)	0 (0%)	2 (10%)	3 (15%)	4 (20%)	20
March	19 (36.5%)	0 (0%)	4 (7.7%)	0 (0%)	0 (0%)	12 (23.1%)	17 (32.7%)	52
April	22 (16.2%)	10 (7.4%)	7 (5.1%)	14 (10.3%)	2 (1.5%)	71 (52.9%)	9 (6.6%)	135
May	21 (26.3%)	2 (2.5%)	12 (15%)	2 (2.5%)	0 (0%)	25 (31.3%)	18 (22.5%)	80
June	12 (28.6%)	2 (4.8%)	7 (16.7%)	1 (2.4%)	0 (0%)	15 (35.7%)	5 (11.9%)	42
July	17 (31.5%)	2 (3.7%)	7 (13%)	2 (3.7%)	0 (0%)	16 (29.6%)	10 (18.5%)	54
August	16 (24.2%)	0 (0%)	2 (3%)	4 (6.1%)	2 (3%)	33 (50%)	9 (13.6%)	66
September	15 (18.8%)	11(13.8%)	4 (5%)	2 (2.5%)	0 (0%)	37 (46.3%)	11 (13.8%)	80
October	12 (18.8%)	19 (29.7%)	2 (3.1%)	4 (6.3%)	2 (3.1%)	19 (29.7%)	6 (9.4%)	64
November	18 (13.1%)	6 (4.4%)	4 (2.9%)	4 (2.9%)	0 (0%)	93 (67.9%)	12 (8.8%)	137
December	14 (19.4%)	2 (2.8%)	1 (1.4%)	0 (0%)	2 (2.8%)	41 (56.9%)	12 (16.7%)	72
January 05	29 (27.1%)	3 (2.8%)	3 (2.8%)	8 (7.5%)	33 (30.8%)	11 (10.3%)	20 (18.7%)	107
February	25 (43.1%)	1 (1.7%)	1 (1.7%)	0 (0%)	0 (0%)	15 (25.9%)	16 (27.6%)	58
March	13 (37.1%)	7 (20%)	1 (2.9%)	0 (0%)	0 (0%)	10 (28.6%)	4 (11.4%)	35
April	20 (38.5%)	7 (13.5%)	5 (9.6%)	2 (3.8%)	0 (0%)	12 (23.1%)	6 (11.5%)	52
May	33 (41.2%)	10 (12.5%)	6 (7.5%)	2 (2.5%)	2 (2.5%)	14 (17.5%)	13 (16.3%)	80
June	36 (46.2%)	8 (10.3%)	2 (2.6%)	3 (3.8%)	2 (2.6%)	18 (23.1%)	9 (11.5%)	78
July August	36 (66.7%) 40 (47.1%)	2 (3.7%) 7 (8.2%)	3 (5.6%) 1 (1.2%)	0 (0%)	0 (0%)	4 (7.4%) 27 (31.8%)	9 (16.7%) 10 (11.8%)	54 85
September	37 (75.5%)	0 (0%)	2 (4.1%)	0 (0%)	0 (0%)	3 (6.1%)	7 (14.3%)	49
October	57 (59.4%)	2 (2.1%)	7 (7.3%)	0 (0%)	0 (0%)	11 (11.5%)	19 (19.8%)	96
November	40 (47.6%)	6 (7.1%)	0 (0%)	0 (0%)	2 (2.4%)	24 (28.6%)	12 (14.3%)	84
December	42 (61.8%)	3 (4.4%)	2 (2.9%)	1 (1.5%)	2 (2.9%)	9 (13.2%)	9 (13.2%)	68
January 06	24 (38.7%)	3 (4.8%)	0 (0%)	1 (1.6%)	13 (21%)	10 (16.1%)	11 (17.7%)	62
February	36 (65.5%)	2 (3.6%)	1 (1.8%)	0 (0%)	0 (0%)	7 (12.7%)	9 (16.4%)	55
March April	12 (38.7%) 45 (59.2%)	1 (3.2%) 1 (1.3%)	3 (9.7%) 1 (1.3%)	1 (3.2%) 1 (1.3%)	0 (0%)	9 (29%) 15 (19.7%)	5 (16.1%) 11 (14.5%)	31 76
May	36 (52.2%)	2 (2.9%)	0 (0%)	0 (0%)	4 (5.8%)	17 (24.6%)	10 (14.5%)	69
June	33 (54.1%)	0 (0%)	1 (1.6%)	0 (0%)	0 (0%)	23 (37.7%)	4 (6.6%)	61
July	21 (48.8%)	3 (6.9%)	0 (0%)	1 (2.3%)	0 (0%)	13 (30.2%)	5 (11.6%)	43
August	29 (44.6%)	0 (0%)	0 (0%)	0 (0%)	2 (3.1%)	29 (44.6%)	5 (7.7%)	65
September	29 (40.3%)	4 (5.6%)	1 (1.4%)	1 (1.4%)	0 (0%)	26 (36.1%)	11 (15.3%)	72
October	52 (49.1%)	0 (0%)	0 (0%)	1 (0.9%)	0 (0%)	46 (43.4%)	7 (6.6%)	106
November December	38 (54.3%) 68 (60.7%)	0 (0%)	0 (0%)	0 (0%) 1 (0.9%)	2 (2.9%) 5 (4.5%)	22 (31.4%) 25 (22.3%)	8 (11.4%) 12 (10.7%)	70 112
January 07	35 (42.2%)	0 (0%)	2 (2.4%)	0 (0%)	14 (16.9%)	27 (32.5%)	5 (6.0%)	83
February	25 (30.9%)	2 (2.5%)	2 (2.5%)	0 (0%)	9 (11.1%)	33 (40.7%)	10 (12.3%)	81
March	50 (61.7%)	0 (0%)	2 (2.5%)	0 (0%)	0 (0%)	19 (23.5%)	10 (12.3%)	81
April	60 (57.7 %)	0 (0%)	1 (1.0%)	1 (1.0%)	0 (0%)	34 (32.7%)	8 (7.7%)	104
May	82 (65.1%)	0 (0%)	0 (0%)	0 (0%)	2 (1.6%)	36 (28.6%)	6 (4.8%)	126
June	58 (57.4%)	0 (0%)	0 (0%)	4 (4.0%)	0 (0%)	31 (30.7%)	8 (7.9%)	101
July	44 (55.0%)	0 (0%)	2 (2.5%)	2 (2.5%)	1 (1.3%)	19 (23.8 %)	12 (15.0%)	80
August	32 (38.1%) 26 (39.4%)	0 (0%)	0 (0%)	4 (4.8%) 3 (4.5%)	19 (22.6%) 0 (0%)	20 (22.6%)	9 (10.7%) 23 (34.8%)	84 66
September October	26 (39.4%)	0 (0%)	2 (5.3%)	3 (4.5%) 0 (0%)	0 (0%)	13 (19.7%) 7 (18.4%)	23 (34.8%) 9 (23.7%)	38
November	26 (70.3%)	0 (0%)	0 (0%)	0 (0%)	0 (0%)	6 (16.2%)	5 (19.2%)	37
December	9 (39.1%)	0 (0%)	0 (0%)	0 (0%)	0 (0%)	5 (21.7%)	9 (39.1%)	23
January 08	23 (57.5%)	0 (0%)	0 (0%)	1 (2.5%)	0 (0%)	11 (27.5%)	5 (12.5%)	40
February	17 (58.6%)	0 (0%)	0 (0%)	1 (3.4%)	0 (0%)	7 (24.1%)	4 (13.8%)	29
March	26 (66.7%)	0 (0%)	3 (7.7%)	1 (2.6%)	1 (2.6%)	6 (15.4%)	2 (5.1%)	39
April	29 (55.8%)	0 (0%)	3 (5.8%)	2 (3.8%)	0 (0%)	8 (15.4%)	10 (19.2%)	52
May	12 (63.2%)	0 (0%)	0 (0%)	2 (10.5%)	0 (0%)	1 (5.3%)	4 (21.1%)	19
June	14 (48.3%)	0 (0%)	0 (0%)	0 (0%)	0 (0%)	9 (31.0%)	6 (20.7%)	29
July	3 (23.1%)	0 (0%)	0 (0%)	0 (0%)	0 (0%)	5 (50.0%)	5 (33.3%)	13
August	7 (30.4%)	0 (0%)	1 (4.3%)	0 (0%)	0 (0%)	4 (17.4%)	11 (47.8%)	23
September	3 (14.3%)	0 (0%)	0 (0%)	0 (0%)	7 (33.3%)	2 (9.5%)	9 (42.9%)	21
Total	1,695	133	127	102	209	1,240	666	4,172
	(40.6%)	(3.2%)	(3.0%)	(2.4%)	(5.0%)	(29.7%)	(16.0%)	

NOTE ON CAUSE OF DEATH DETAIL TABLE: Through September 24, 2008: Helicopter losses include deaths caused by both non-hostile helicopter accidents and helicopters downed by hostile fire. 25 The "Non-Hostile Causes" data then does not include non-hostile helicopter losses. 26

AMERICAN MILITARY FATALITIES BY CATEGORY MARCH 19, 2003 –SEPTEMBER 6, 2008<sup>27</sup>

Category	Total fatalities as of September 6, 2008: 4,147
Gender	Male: 4,047
	Female: 100
Age	Younger than 22: 1,223
	22-24: 1,009
	25-30: 1,052
	31-35: 407
	Older than 35: 456
Component	<b>Active: 3,385</b>
	Reserve: 302
	National Guard: 460
Military service	Army: 3,003
	<b>Marines: 1,001</b>
	<b>Navy: 95</b>
	Air Force: 47
	Coast Guard: 1
Officers/Enlisted	Officer: 386
	E5-E9: 1,358
	E1-E4: 2,043
Race/Ethnicity	American Indian or Alaska Native: 40
	Asian: 79
	Black or African American: 394
	Hispanic or Latino: 443
	Multiple races, pending or unknown: 46
	Native Hawaiian or Pacific Islander: 48
	White: 3,097

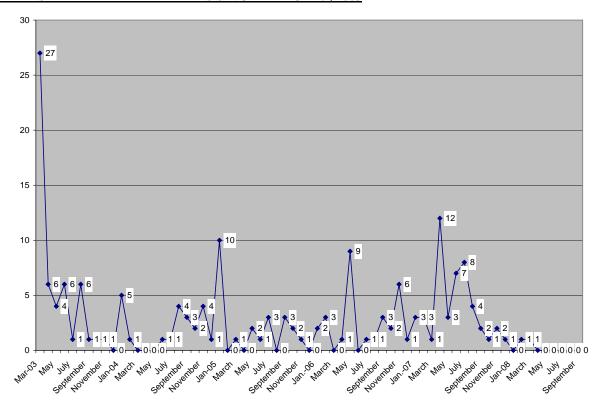
# U.S. TROOPS WOUNDED IN ACTION SINCE MARCH 2003<sup>28</sup>



#### Total from March 19, 2003 through September 24, 2008: 30,662

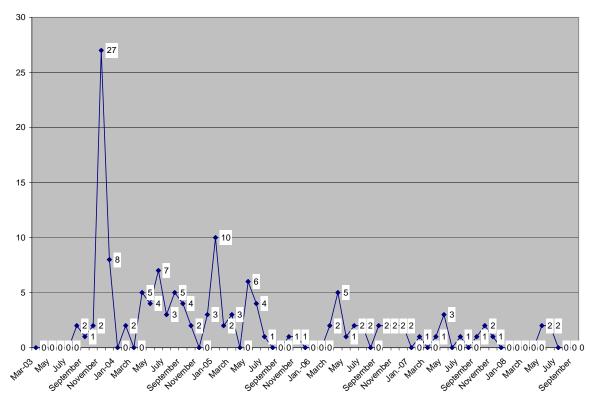
The daily Department of Defense casualty reports that we use for our monthly estimates on U.S troops wounded does not make it entirely clear when in a 24-hour period casualties were incurred. Since the reports are published at 10AM daily, there is possibility that our numbers for January 2005 and onwards are slightly off due to uncertainties about whether casualties occurred on the first or the last of each month.

# BRITISH MILITARY FATALITIES SINCE MARCH 19, 2003<sup>29</sup>



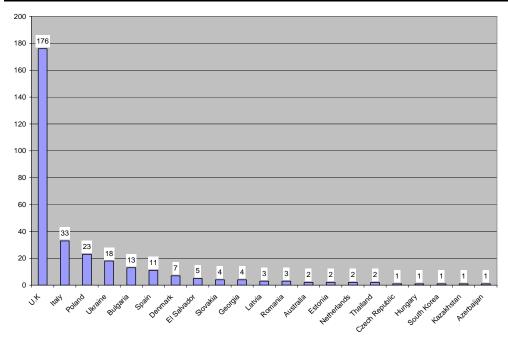
Total through September 24, 2008: 176

NON-U.S. & U.K. COALITION MILITARY FATALITIES SINCE MARCH 19, 2003 30



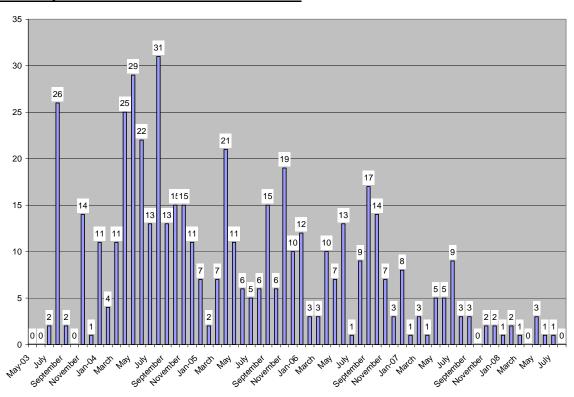
Total through September 24, 2008: 137

NON-U.S. COALITION TROOP FATALITIES BY COUNTRY SINCE MARCH 19, 200331



Total through September 24, 2008: 313

# NON-IRAQI CIVILIANS KILLED SINCE MAY 2003<sup>32</sup>



Total through September 24, 2008: 510

NOTE ON NON-IRAQI CIVILIANS KILLED IN IRAQ: Total includes two contractors whose dates of death are unknown at this time and are thus not included on the above chart. This list is incomplete and does not include an additional 44 contractors that were killed up until December 31, 2004. Since we do not know during which month these deaths occurred they are not represented in the graph above.

As of March, 2005, there were more than 20,000 foreign (non-Iraqi) private military contractors in Iraq. 6,000 of these are in armed tactical roles. Peter W. Singer, "Outsourcing War," *Foreign Affairs*, March 2005.

# JOURNALISTS KILLED IN IRAQ<sup>33</sup>

2003	14
2004	24
2005	23
2006	32
2007	32
2008	10
Total	135

# NATIONALITIES OF JOURNALISTS KILLED IN IRAQ34

THE THE ST STEELS IN THE STEELS IN THE			
Iraqi	113		
European	12		
American	2		
Other Arab Countries	3		
All Others	5		
Total	135		

#### CIRCUMSTANCES OF JOURNALIST DEATHS 35

Murder	91
Crossfire or other	44
acts of war	
Total	132

**NOTE ON JOURNALIST DEATHS:** A broader tally of journalist deaths that includes media workers such as drivers and interpreters, as well as non-hostile but war-related deaths, finds 168 total fatalities.<sup>36</sup>

### IRAQIS KIDNAPPED<sup>37</sup>

January 2004	2 per day in Baghdad
December 2004	10 per day in Baghdad
December 2005	Up to 30 per day nationwide
March 2006	30-40 per day nationwide

NOTE ON IRAQIS KIDNAPPED TABLE: The numbers on this table may be lower than the actual number of kidnappings as the Iraqi Police suggests wide underreporting. Ellen Knickmeyer and Jonathon Finer, "In Iraq, 425 Foreigners Estimated Kidnapped Since 2003," Washington Post, December 25, 2005. The Iraqi Interior Ministry estimates that 5,000 Iraqis were kidnapped nationwide between December 2003 and April 2005 (Haifa Zangana, "Blair Made a Pledge to Iraqis Once," The Guardian, April 22, 2005). According to Assad Abboud, "Iraq's Forgotten Kidnap Victims Suffer in Silence," Agence France Presse, March 25, 2006, the average ransom price for a kidnapped Iraqi is \$30,000. The American Embassy in Baghdad estimated that 5-30 Iraqis are abducted each day, but also acknowledged the uncertainty of such a figure (Kirk Semple, "Kidnapped in Iraq: Victim's Tale of Clockwork Death and Ransom," New York Times, May 7, 2006).

# IRAQI CIVILIANS KILLED BY US TROOPS<sup>38</sup>

2005	Average of 7 per week
January 2006	4 per week
August 2006	1 per week

**NOTE ON IRAQI CIVILIANS KILLED BY US TROOPS:** The military has recently announced that an average of one Iraqi civilian per day was killed in "escalation of force" incidents alone in 2005. Josh White, Charles Lane and Julie Tate, "Homicide Charges Rare in Iraq War; Few Troops Tried for Killing Civilians," *Washington Post*, August 28, 2006.

FOREIGN NATIONALS KIDNAPPED IN IRAO SINCE MAY 2003<sup>39</sup>

FOREIGN NATIONALS	KIDNAPPED IN IRAQ SI	NCE MAY 2003 <sup>39</sup>
Month	Foreigners Kidnapped	Developments*
Date of capture unknown	14	3 killed
May 2003 – October 2003	0	
November	1	1 released
Dec. 2003 –March 2004	0	
April	43	3 killed, 30 released, 1 escaped
May	2	1 killed
June	3	2 killed, 1 escaped
July	26	3 killed, 13 released, 1 rescued, 1 escaped
August	30	15 killed, 15 released
September	31	4 killed, 4 released, 1 rescued
October	7	3 killed, 2 released
November	5	1 killed, 1 released
December	2	
January 2005	13	10 released
February	10	8 released
March	5	3 released
April	7	6 released
May	4	1 killed, 1 rescued
June	0	·
July	6	3 killed
August	24	2 killed, 21 released
September	3	1 killed, 6 released
October	3	1 released
November	11	1 killed, 2 released
December	13	2 killed, 10 released
January 2006	5	2 released
February	12	6 released
March	0	1 killed, 1 released, 3 rescued
April	1	
May	2	4 released
June	5	6 killed
July	1	O Mileu
August	0	1 released
September	0	1 Teleuseu
October	1	
November	5	1 escaped, 4 killed
December	4	1 escupeu, 1 kiileu
January 2007	3	1 killed
February	3	1 released
March	0	Treteaseu
	0	
April May	5	
June	0	
July	0	
August	0	
September	0	
October	0	
November	0	
December	0	
January 2008	0	
February	1	1 released
March	0	1 TEICASCU
	0	
April	0	
May	0	
June	·	
July	0	
August	0	
September	0	57 killed 147 velegged 4 constant
Total through	306	57 killed, 147 released, 4 escaped, 6 rescued, 89 unknown
September 24, 2008		6 rescued, 89 unknown  F.*Developments: This category shows activity in the status of

NOTE ON FOREIGN NATIONALS KIDNAPPED IN IRAQ TABLE:\*Developments: This category shows activity in the status of hostages, but does not necessarily apply to hostages kidnapped during the same month. Please see footnote for more information.

### IRAOI PRISON POPULATION40

Peak prison population in 2003	10,000					
June 2004	5,435					
July	5,700					
	(of which 90 are fore	eign nationals)				
September	5,500					
	(whereof 2 are women, 6	55-70 are juveniles				
	and 130-140 are for	eign nationals)				
October	4,300					
November	8,300					
January 2005	7,837					
June	10,783					
July	15,000					
August -September	14,000					
October	13,000					
November	13,000 held by American troops plus an add					
December	~ 14,000 in US / A					
January 2006	14,000 in US					
February	14,767 in US / All	·				
March-April	~ 15,000 in US / Allied custody					
May	~14,000 in US / Allied custody					
June	~14,500 in US custody, ~13,300 held by Iraqi authorities					
September-December	~13,000 in US	custody				
January 2007	~ 14,000 in US					
February	~ 15,000 in US	custody				
March	~ 17,000 in US custody ~20,000 in Iraqi custody					
April	~ 18,000 in US custody					
May	~ 19,500 in US custody					
June-July	~ 21,000 in US	custody				
August	~ 23,000 in US custody	~ 37,000 in Iraqi custody				
September	~ 25,000 in US	custody				
October	~ 26,000 in US					
November	~ 25,800 in US	custody				
December	~ 26,000 in US custody	~ 24,000 in Iraqi custody				
January 2008	~ 25,000 in US	custody				
February	~ 24,000 in US	custody				
March	~ 23,000 in US	custody				
April	~ 23,000 in US custody	~ 20,000 in Iraqi custody				
May	~ 22,000 in US custody	~ 27,000 in Iraqi custody				
June	21,680 in US custody (18,580 Camp	Bucca/3,100 Camp Cropper)				
July-August	~21,000 in U.S. custody (18,000 Camp Bucca/3,000 Camp Crocker)					
September	~18,900 in U.S. custody	~26,000 in Iraqi custody				
NOTE ON IDAOI DDICON DODI	I AMION MADE D					

#### NOTE ON IRAQI PRISON POPULATION TABLE:

**SEPTEMBER 2008:** According to U.S. military figures, a total of 8,952 prisoners were released in 2007. Thus far in 2008, 11,000 Iraqi prisoners have been released. It was also reported that, as of August 11, for every 30 Iraqis being picked up on security offenses, 45 are released. JULY 2007: U.S. and Iraqi government officials report that an estimated 44,000 of 65,000 suspected Iraqi insurgents or sectarian killers detained in Iraq have been released since March 2003. Cited reasons include prison overcrowding, global politics and corruption in the Iraqi justice system.

# PERCENTAGE OF CURRENT IRAQI DETAINEES IN U.S. CUSTODY HELD SINCE A GIVEN YEAR, 2005-2008<sup>42</sup>

YEAR TAKEN INTO CUSTODY	% OF CURRENT DETAINEES
2005 AND PRIOR	10%
2006	20%
2007	50%
2008 (THRU AUGUST)	20%

**AS OF: AUGUST 2008** 

**NOTE:** Based on an estimated 21,000 detainees currently in U.S. custody. Since 2003, approximately 65,000 Iraqis have been officially detained by the U.S. An additional 65,000 have been detained for short periods and not sent to a major internment facility.

ESTIMATED NUMBER OF FOREIGN FIGHTERS IN THE INSURGENCY 43

BOTHING TOURS	ER OF FOREIGHT
January 2004	300-500
July	"Low hundreds"
September	"Fewer than 1,000"
November	"Fewer than 1,000"
January 2005	"Fewer than 1,000"
February	"Fewer than 1,000"
May	1,000
June	750-1,000
July	750-1,000
August	750-1,000
September	700 – 2,000
October	700 – 2,000
November	700 - 2,000
December	700 – 2,000
January 2006	700 – 2,000
February	700 – 2,000
March	700 – 2,000
April	800 – 2,000
May	800 - 2,000
June	800 – 2,000
July	800 – 2,000
August	800 – 2,000
September	800 – 2,000
October	800 – 2,000
November	800 – 2,000
	,

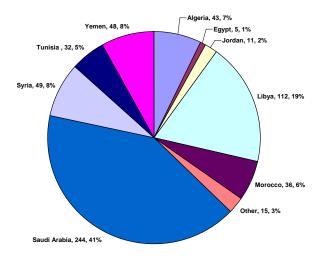
**NOTE ON ESTIMATED NUMBER OF FOREIGN FIGHTERS TABLE:** "[Foreign fighters] are very few in number, although as far as we can tell, they constitute about 100 percent of the suicide bombers." DoD News Briefing with Col. Sean MacFarland, Commander of 1<sup>st</sup> Brigade Combat Team, 1<sup>st</sup> Armored Division, Stationed in Ramadi, July 14, 2006.

# ESTIMATED NUMBER OF FOREIGNERS ILLEGALLY CROSSING INTO IRAQ TO SUPPORT THE

INSURGENCY, 200744

JANUARY-MAY	80-90 per month
JUNE-AUGUST	40-60 per month
SEPTEMBER-APRIL 2008	40-50 per month
MAY-JUNE	20-40 per month
JULY	~20 per month

# SNAPSHOT OF NATIONALITIES OF FOREIGN MILITANTS IN IRAQ BASED ON SINJAR RAID, OCTOBER $2007^{45}$



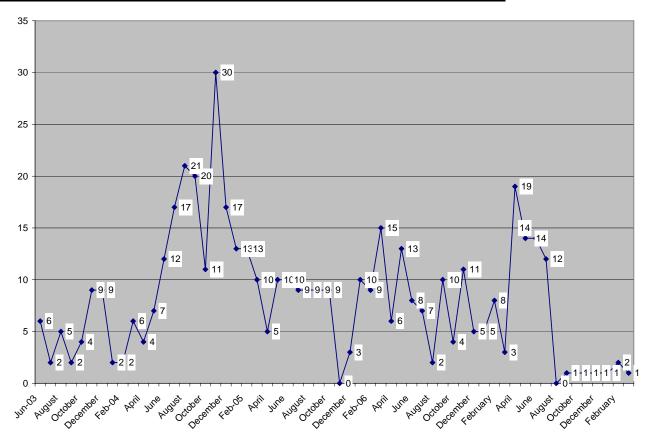
**NOTE ON THIS GRAPH:** Figures obtained from a computer confiscated in a raid by coalition forces in October 2007 in Sinjar, Iraq, on the border with Syria. Of the nearly 700 records of foreign fighters found, 595 included the nation of origin. All are believed to be affiliated with Al-Qaeda and to have entered Iraq through Syria between August 2006 and August 2007. Based on these findings, U.S. officials estimate that 90% of the suicide bombings carried out in Iraq are done so by foreign nationals. This is up from previous estimates of 75%. <sup>46</sup>

INTENDED WORK OF FOREIGN FIGHTERS WHOSE BIOGRAPHICAL DATA WAS OBTAINED IN THE SINJAR RAID, BY NATIONALITY  $^{47}$ 

COUNTRY	SUICIDE BOMBERS	FIGHTERS	OTHER	TOTAL
Saudi Arabia	76	73	2	151
Libya	52	8	1	61
Morocco	22	2	0	24
Syria	21	10	1	32
Algeria	5	30	1	36
Yemen	18	21	0	39
Tunisia	10	14	0	24
TOTAL	204	158	5	367

**NOTE ON THIS TABLE:** Figures obtained from a computer confiscated in a raid by coalition forces in October 2007 in Sinjar, Iraq, on the border with Syria. Of the nearly 700 records of foreign fighters found, 595 included the nation of origin. Of these, 367 also included the intended work of the insurgent.

# ATTACKS ON IRAQI OIL AND GAS PIPELINES, INSTALLATIONS & PERSONNEL 48



Total through March 27, 2008: 469

COALITION TROOP STRENGTH IN IRAO SINCE MAY 2003<sup>49</sup>

Month		U.S. troops in Iraq		Other coalition troops in Iraq	Total international troop
	Active	Reserve (includes	Total	(excluding U.S. & Iraqi forces)	strength in Iraq
May-03	~142,000	National Guard) ~8,000	150,000	23,000	173,000
May-03	~142,000	~8,000	150,000	25,000	173,000
June	~126,000	~24,000	150,000	21,000	171,000
July	~124,000	~25,000	149,000	21,000	170,000
August	~114,000	~25,000	139,00	22,000	161,000
September	~103,000	~29,000	132,000	24,000	156,000
October November	~102,000 N/A	~29,000 N/A	131,000 123,000	25,000 23,900	156,000 146,900
December	~85,400	~36,600	122,000	24,500	146,500
January -04		· ·		<u> </u>	,
Ů	N/A	N/A	122,000	25,600	147,600
February	N/A	N/A	115,000	24,000	139,000
March April	N/A	N/A	130,000 137,000	24,000 25,000	154,000 162,000
May	N/A N/A	N/A N/A	138,000	25,000	162,000
June	89,700	48,300	138,000	23,000	161,000
July	N/A	N/A	140,000	22,000	162,000
August	84,000	56,000	140,000	23,700	163,700
September	82,800	55,200	138,000	24,600	162,600
October	82,800	55,200	138,000	24,000	162,000
November	82,800	55,200	138,000	24,000	162,000
December	82,800	55,200	148,000	25,000	173,000
January-05	90,000	60,000	150,000	25,300	175,300
February	N/A	N/A	155,000	25,000	180,000
March	N/A	N/A	150,000	22,000	172,000
April	N/A	N/A	142,000	22,000	164,000
May	N/A	N/A	138,000	23,000	161,000
June	N/A	N/A	135,000	23,000	158,000
July	N/A	N/A	138,000	23,000	161,000
August	N/A	N/A	138,000	23,000	161,000
September	N/A N/A	N/A N/A	138,000 152,000	22,000 22,000	160,000
October November	N/A N/A	N/A N/A	160,000	23,000	174,000 183,000
December	N/A	N/A	160,000	23,000	183,000
January-06	N/A	N/A	136,000	21,000	157,000
February	N/A	N/A	133,000	20,000	153,000
March	N/A	N/A	133,000	20,000	153,000
April	N/A	N/A	132,000	20,000	152,000
May	N/A	N/A	132,000	20,000	152,000
June	N/A	N/A	126,900	19,000	146,900
July	N/A	N/A	130,000	19,000	149,000
August	N/A	N/A	138,000	19,000	157,000
September	N/A	N/A	144,000	18,000	162,000
October November	N/A N/A	N/A N/A	144,000 140,000	17,200 18,000	161,200 158,000
December	N/A	N/A	140,000	15,200	155,200
January-07	N/A	N/A	132,000	14,650	146,650
February	N/A	N/A	135,000	14,010	149,010
March	N/A	N/A	142,000	13,205	155,205
April	N/A	N/A	146,000	13,196	159,196
May	N/A	N/A	149,700	12,112	161,812
June	N/A	N/A	157,000	11,524	168,524
July	N/A N/A	N/A N/A	160,000 162,000	11,508	171,508 173,685
August September	N/A N/A	N/A N/A	162,000	11,685 12,279	173,685
October	N/A	N/A	171,000	11,668	182,668
November	N/A	N/A	162,000	11,589	173,589
December	N/A	N/A	160,000	10,961	170,961
January-08	N/A	N/A	157,000	10,604	167,604
February	N/A	N/A	157,000	9,895	166,895
March	N/A	N/A	155,000	9,970	164,970
April	N/A	N/A	153,000	9,907	162,907
May	N/A	N/A	150,000	9,907	159,907
June	N/A	N/A	146,000	9,734	155,734
July August	N/A N/A	N/A N/A	146,000 146,000	9,734 7,330	149,734 153,330
		IN/A	140 11111	/	177.330

September N/A N/A 146,000 7,100 153,100 NOTE ON TABLE: All numbers are end of month estimates or latest data available for the current month. N/A= Not available.

TOP NON-US COALITION CONTRIBUTORS OF MILITARY PERSONNEL IN IRAQ 50

Coalition Country	Military Personnel in Iraq	As of (date)
United Kingdom	4,000	March 20, 2008
South Korea	650	December 29, 2007
Italy	0	December 2, 2006
Poland	900	September 14, 2007
Australia	0	May 31, 2008
Georgia	0	August 11, 2008
Romania	600	February 22, 2007
Denmark	0	December 20, 2007
<b>Total Coalition Troops</b>	~7,100	<b>September 24, 2008</b>

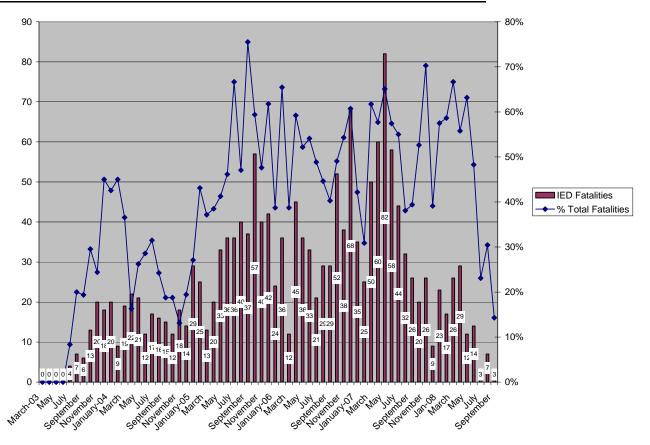
NOTE ON TOP NON-U.S. COALITION CONTRIBUTORS OF MILITARY PERSONNEL IN IRAQ TABLE: \*Number of Total Coalition Troops is from "Iraq Weekly Status Report," *Department of State*, September 24, 2008. In addition to the United States, 25 countries are contributors to Iraqi Stability Operations as of March 14, 2007: Albania, Armenia, Australia, Azerbaijan, Bosnia/Herzegovina, Bulgaria, Czech Republic, Denmark, El Salvador, Estonia, Georgia, Japan, Kazakhstan, Latvia, Lithuania, Macedonia, Moldova, Mongolia, Poland, Romania, Singapore, Slovakia, South Korea, Ukraine, and the United Kingdom. Fiji is participating as part of the UN mission in Iraq and Hungary, Iceland, Italy, Netherlands, Portugal, Slovenia and Turkey are NATO countries supporting Iraqi stability operations but are not part of MNF-I. "Iraq Weekly Status Report," *Department of State*, January 24, 2007.

NUMBER OF DAILY INSURGENT ATTACKS IN IRAO BY PROVINCE<sup>51</sup>

NUMBER O	Ditti	11 11 100	RGLI			umber of A			TTCL				
Province	Feb- June 05	Aug 05- Jan 06	Feb- May 06	May- Aug 06	Aug- Nov 06	Nov 06-Feb 07	Feb- Apr 07	May- July 07	July- Nov 07	Dec 07- Feb 08	Feb- May 08	Cumulative Average	% of Total
Baghdad	20.3	21.0	28.9	30.3	39.5	44.8	50.7	58.0	27.5	15.7	24.0	32.8	30.8%
Al Anbar	12.3	23.3	22.0	31.1	41.2	35.3	25.8	11.1	5.2	2.4	2.0	19.2	18.1%
Salah ad Din	8.0	13.8	13.7	15.5	20.3	22.8	26.2	28.4	17.0	8.8	6.2	16.4	15.4%
Diyala	3.1	5.4	8.3	14.5	15.7	16.8	21.8	25.2	13.4	5.2	3.8	12.1	11.4%
Ninawa	10.4	8.5	7.6	10.3	9.8	11.5	15.0	14.2	14.1	16.3	13.7	11.9	11.2%
Al Tamim	3.1	4.7	4.3	4.8	4.2	5.0	5.7	7.0	5.8	2.7	1.9	4.5	4.2%
Al Basrah	1.2	1.1	2.0	2.4	4.9	7.8	8.0	8.8	3.9	1.6	1.5	3.9	3.7%
Babil	1.5	1.8	1.2	1.9	2.8	2.0	3.5	3.7	2.1	0.7	0.8	2.0	1.9%
Maysan	0.6	0.5	0.8	0.6	1.4	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.4	0.3%
Al Qadisiyah	0.1	0.2	0.1	0.8	2.0	1.0	2.0	2.5	1.0	0.2	0.2	0.9	0.9%
Dhi Qar	0.2	0.2	0.5	0.4	1.5	0.5	0.3	0.7	0.4	0.3	0.3	0.5	0.5%
Wasit	0.2	0.2	0.0	0.4	1.8	1.2	0.6	2	0.4	0.3	0.5	0.7	0.6%
Karbala	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.1	1.5	0.2	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.2%
Al Muthanna	0.2	0.1	0.2	0.2	1.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.0	0.2	0.2%
An Najaf	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	1.2	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.1%
Arbil	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.2	0.0	0.2	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.1	0.1%
As Sulaymaniyah	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.2	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.1	0.1%
Dahuk	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.2	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.1%
TOTAL	61.8	81.1	89.9	113	152.9	148.9	159.8	161.6	91.0	54.7	55.0	106.4	

NOTE ON CHART: Exact dates of analysis for each column are as follows: February 12-June 24, 2005; August 29, 2005-January 20, 2006; February 11-May 12, 2006; May 20-August 4, 2006; August 12-November 10, 2006; November 11, 2006-February 9, 2007; February 13-May 4, 2007; May 5-July 20, 2007; July 21-November 10, 2007.

# U.S. MILITARY FATALITIES CAUSED BY IMPROVISED EXPLOSIVE DEVICES<sup>52</sup>



Total through September 24, 2008: 1,695 (40.6% of all fatalities)

#### ADDITIONAL STATISTICS CONCERNING IED'S<sup>53</sup>:

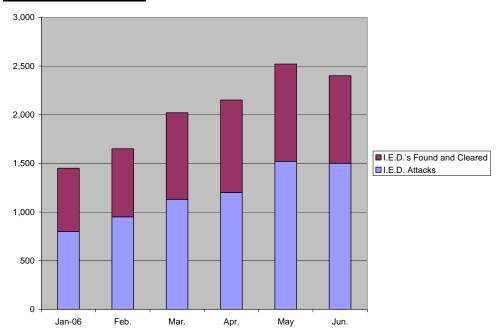
- \*The Army reports that IED's are responsible for 80% of all soldier casualties (deaths and injuries)
- \*Despite the enemy deploying twice as many IED's as a year ago, casualties have remained steady, with less then 10% causing casualties
- \*This is because U.S. troops are now detecting and successfully disarming approximately 50% of IED's
- \*The Pentagon is requesting an additional \$6.4 billion for its Joint Improvised Explosive Device Defeat Organization (JIEDDO)
- \*Explosively Formed Projectiles (EFP's), the most lethal type of IED, make up only 2% of all IED's found in Iraq but account for a "very large percentage" of U.S. soldiers killed by IED's, according to Col. Barry Shoop, chief scientist for the JIEDDO

# NUMBER OF EXPLOSIVELY FORMED PROJECTILE (EFP) ATTACKS AGAINST U.S. TROOPS BY MONTH<sup>54</sup>

MONTH	NUMBER OF EFP ATTACKS
December 2006	62
April 2007	65
May	~60
July	99
August	78
September	52
October	53
November	< 40
July 2008	< 20

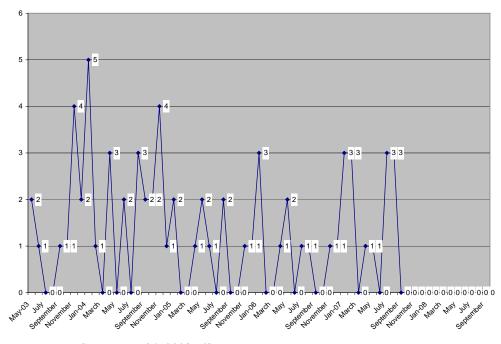
**NOTE ON THIS TABLE:** EFP's are technologically advanced IED's capable of penetrating armored vehicles. U.S. officials have asserted that because of the sophistication needed to correctly produce them, EFP's are manufactured in Iran and smuggled into Iraq.

# IMPROVISED EXPLOSIVE DEVICES (IED'S) DETONATED AND DISARMED JANUARY – JUNE 2006



**NOTE ON IMPROVISED EXPLOSIVE DEVICES:** "In June, there were 1,481 I.E.D. attacks throughout Iraq, and 903 instances in which the bombs were found and neutralized, according to figures compiled by the American military in Baghdad. That is a sharp increase since January, when there were 834 such attacks and 620 cases in which the bombs were found before they exploded." Michael Gordon, "A Platoon's Mission: Seeking and Destroying Explosives in Disguise," *The New York Times*, July 12, 2006. Numbers are author's approximations based on data published in the *New York Times*.

# AMERICAN MILITARY HELICOPTERS DOWNED IN IRAQ55



# Total through September 24, 2008: 68

NOTE ON AMERICAN MILITARY HELICOPTERS DOWNED IN IRAQ TABLE: Of the 67 helicopters downed in Iraq since May 2003, at least 36 were downed by enemy fire. Of the three January 2006 crashes, two are still being investigated. One was shot down by enemy fire and is included above. We have counted one of the others as being downed by enemy fire as well, given the available evidence. Hostile fire is suspected in the July 2006 crash, but it has not been confirmed and therefore not counted as such. November 2006 crash is still under investigation.

# U.S. ARMY TROOPS DEPLOYED TO IRAQ AND EFFECT OF MULTIPLE DEPLOYMENTS ON INSTANCES OF POST-TRAUMATIC STRESS DISORDER (PTSD) CASES WITHIN NON-COMMISSIONED OFFICER

Total Number of U.S. Army Troops Deployed to Iraq		
Since 2003	513,000	
More than Once	197,000+	
Three or More Times	53,000	

Percentage of Non-Commissioned Officers Suffering from Symptoms of PTSD After		
First Deployment	12%	
Second Deployment	18.5%	
Third or Fourth Deployment	27%	

NOTE ON THESE TABLES: The study was based on 2,295 anonymous surveys and additional interviews from members of frontline units in combat brigades, and not those assigned primarily to safer operating bases.

# 

2003	10,854
2004	8,996
2005	5,397
2006	8,672
2007	9,140

# PERCENTAGE OF U.S. ACTIVE-DUTY MILITARY PERSONNEL WHO HAVE SERVED IN IRAQ OR AFGHANISTAN, 2006 & $2008^{58}$

	2006	2008
ALL PERSONNEL*	50%	57%
ARMY		
At least one tour	58%	68%
More than one tour	20%	31%
MARINES	50%	56%
NAVY	47%	54%
AIR FORCE	44%	52%

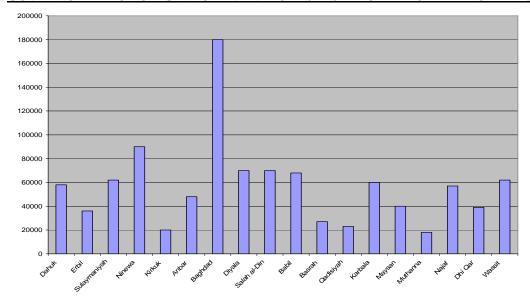
<sup>\*</sup>Includes Army, Marines, Navy, Air Force and Coast Guard

NOTE: Currently an additional 10% of all military personnel are training and will soon become eligible to deploy.

# TOTAL NUMBER OF INTERNALLY DISPLACED PERSONS (IDP'S) BY REGION OF CURRENT RESIDENCE AS OF APRIL $2007^{59}$

AS OF AFRIL 2007	1
PROVINCE	IDP'S IN RESIDENCE
SULAYMANIYAH	332,736
ERBIL	223,716
DAHUK	184,400
KARBALA	164,550
BAGHDAD	143,202
MAYSAN	142,146
BASRAH	120,468
DIYALA	80,250
NINEWA	76,062
ANBAR	71,376
NAJAF	66,864
SALAH AL-DIN	65,196
BABIL	62,850
WASIT	61,398
DHI QAR	57,264
QADISIYAH	25,524
MUTHANNA	15,438
KIRKUK	13,944
TOTAL	1,907,384

# GOVERNORATE OF ORIGIN FOR INDIVIDUALS DISPLACED FROM FEBRUARY 2006 TO JUNE 2007<sup>60</sup>



# INTERNALLY DISPLACED PERSONS IN IRAQ61

Since April 2003

2003	400,000
2004	800,000
2005	1,200,000
2006	2,000,000
2007	2,740,000
2008	2,770,000

NOTE: Numbers are cumulative, but DO NOT include those displaced prior to March 2003 (approximately 1 million).

# MIGRATION INDICATORS 62

August 2008

Iraqi Refugees living abroad	2.2-2.4 million
Iraqi Refugees in Syria	1.4-1.5 million
Iraqi Refugees in Jordan	450,000 - 500,000
Iraqi Refugees in Egypt, Lebanon, Iran	130,000 - 150,000
Iraqi Refugees in the Gulf States	200,000

NOTE: Not all Iraqis refugees fled because of the current war.

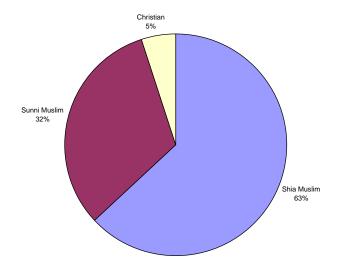
# REFUGEES AND ASYLUM SEEKERS 63

2003-2004	366,000
2005	889,000
2006	1,800,000
2007	2,400,000

**NOTE:** Figures in the above table are cumulative.

NOTE ON ALL DISPLACED IRAQIS: According to the International Organization of Migration only about 78,180 of the estimated 5.1 million Iraqis uprooted from their homes- less than 1%- had returned by March 31, 2008.<sup>64</sup>

# RELIGION OF IDP'S DISPLACED BETWEEN FEBRUARY 2006 AND NOVEMBER 200765



NOTE ON THIS GRAPH: Approximately 0.1% is classified as "Yazidi", "Sabean Mandean" or "Unknown".

 $\underline{\textbf{NUMBER OF IRAQI ASYLUM APPLICATIONS BY COUNTRY, 2006 AND JANUARY TO JUNE~2007}^{\underline{66}}$ 

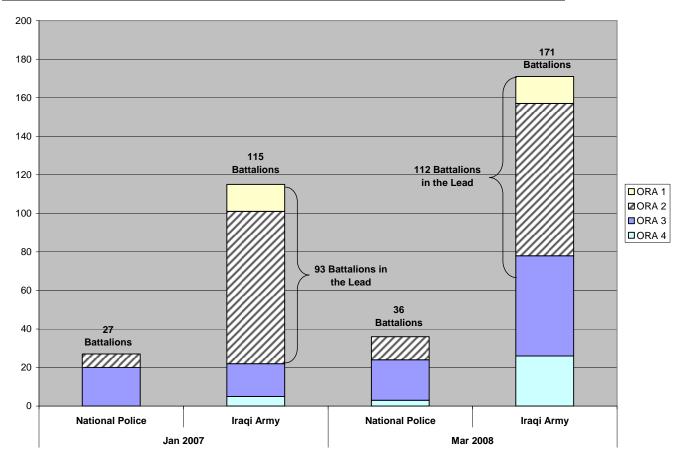
COUNTRY	2006	JANUARY-JUNE 2007
SWEDEN	8,950	9,329
NETHERLANDS	2,765	562
GERMANY	2,065	817
GREECE	1,415	3,485
UNITED KINGDOM	1,305	665
NORWAY	1,000	485
SWITZERLAND	815	513
BELGIUM	695	372
DENMARK	505	459
AUSTRIA	380	188
FINLAND	225	106
IRELAND	215	141
SLOVAKIA	205	76
CANADA	190	129
AUSTRALIA	185	86
CYPRUS	130	90
UNITED STATES	535	385
FRANCE	115	69
TOTAL	21,695	17,957

SIZE OF IRAOI SECURITY FORCES ON DUTY 67

	RAQI SECURITY F			T	
Month	General Police Capabilities	National Guard	Iraqi Armed Forces	Border Patrol	Total Iraqi Security Forces
May 2003	7,000 – 9,000	N/A	0	N/A	7,000 – 9,000
June	N/A	N/A	0	N/A	N/A
July	30,000	N/A	0	N/A	30,000
August	34,000	670	0	2,500	37,170
September	37,000	2,500	0	4,700	44,200
October	55,000	4,700	700	6,400	66,800
November	68,800	12,700	900	12,400	94,800
December	71,600	15,200	400	12,900	99,600
January 2004	66,900	19,800	1,100	21,000	108,800
February	77,100	27,900	2,000	18,000	125,000
March	75,000	33,560	3,005	23,426	134,991
April	80,016	23,123	2,367	18,747	124,253
May	90,803	24,873	3,939	16,097	135,712
June	83,789	36,229	7,116	18,183	145,317
July	31,300	36,229	7,700	19,859	95,088
August	32,942	37,925	6,288	14,313	91,468
September	40,152	36,496	7,747	14,313	98,708
October	44,728	41,261	6,861	18,148	110,998
November	49,455	43,445	6,013	14,593	113,506
December	53,571	40,115	14,500	14,267	118,009
January 2005	58,964	36,827	14,796	14,786	125,373
February 2005	82,072	59,6		N/A	123,373
rebruary	"trained and equipped"	"operat		N/A	Trained and Effective: General Myers: 40,000 Senator Biden: 4,000 – 18,000
March	84,327	67,5	584	N/A	151,618 Trained and Effective: Lt. Gen Petraeus: 50,000 "off-the-cuff"
April	86,982	72,5	K11	N/A	159,493
	91,256	76,9		N/A N/A	159,493
May	92,883			N/A N/A	168,674
June		75,791			173,900
July	94,800	79,100		N/A	26,000 in Army in level I and II
A4	101,000	21,000		N/A	182,900
August	,	81,900			192,100
September	104,300	87,800		N/A	~ 30,000 in Army in level I and II <sup>68</sup>
October <sup>69</sup>	111,000	100,	000	N/A	211,000
					~32,000 in level I and II <sup>70</sup>
November	112,000	102,		N/A	214,000
December	118,000	105,700		N/A	223,700
January 2006	120,400	106,	900	N/A	227,300
February	123,600	108,500		N/A	232,100 ~46,000 MOD forces and 8,000 MOI forces in Level I and II <sup>71</sup>
March	134,800	115,	700	N/A	250,500
April	138,700	115,	000	N/A	253,700
May	145,500	117,	117,900		265,600
June	148,500	116,		N/A N/A	264,600
July	154,500	115,		N/A	269,600
August	167,900	130,		N/A	298,000
September	176,200	131,		N/A	307,800
October	180,800			N/A N/A	312,400
	188,300		131,600		323,000
November	188,300	134,700		N/A	323,000
December January 2007		134,700		N/A	
January 2007	188,300	134,700		N/A	323,000
February	188,260	134,920		N/A	323,180
March	193,300	136,500		N/A	329,800
April	193,300	139,800		N/A	333,100
May	194,200	154,500		N/A	348,700
June	194,200	158,900		N/A	353,100
July	194,200	158,900		N/A	353,100
August	194,200	165,500		N/A	359,700
September	194,200	165,500		N/A	359,700
October	194,200	165,500		N/A	359,700
November*	238,089	191,541		N/A	429,630
December	210,529	194,233		31,431	439,678
January 2008	212,630	194,233		31,431	441,779
February	200,132	197,254		27,959	425,345
March	213,902	202,		28,023	444,502
April	213,902	202,		28,023	444,502
May	221,507	202,377		30,373	478,524
June	221,507	226,644 226,644		30,373	478,524
July	238,378	242,		32,177	513,506
August	238,378			32,177	513,506
September	242,212	242,951 254,418		34,370	531,000
		DUTY TABLE #A			351,000

NOTE ON IRAQI SECURITY FORCES ON DUTY TABLE: \*As of November 2007, figures on Iraqi Security Forces are provided by Iraq's Ministries of Defense and Interior and not Coalition figures. Due to this, the figures now reflect the number of authorized and assigned personnel as opposed to those successfully trained by Coalition forces. Care should be taken when evaluating the quality of MOI forces as there have been various reports of Iraqi police units dominated by sectarian interests.

# IRAQI SECURITY FORCE OPERATIONAL READINESS, JANUARY 2007 AND MARCH 2008<sup>72</sup>



#### **Definitions of Operational Readiness Assessment (ORA) Levels:**

ORA LEVEL 1: capable of planning, executing, and sustaining counterinsurgency operations

**ORA LEVEL 2:** capable of planning, executing, and sustaining counterinsurgency operations with Iraqi security force or coalition force assistance

ORA LEVEL 3: partially capable of conducting counterinsurgency operations in conjunction with coalition units

ORA LEVEL 4: forming and/or incapable of conducting counterinsurgency operations

#### INDEX OF POLITICAL FREEDOM<sup>73</sup>

I DEA OF FORTHCHE TREEDOM		
Israel	8.20	
Lebanon	6.55	
Morocco	5.20	
Iraq	5.05	
Palestine	5.05	
Kuwait	4.90	
Tunisia	4.60	
Jordan	4.45	
Qatar	4.45	
Egypt	4.30	
Sudan	4.30	
Yemen	4.30	
Algeria	4.15	
Oman	4.00	
Bahrain	3.85	
Iran	3.85	
United Arab Emirates	3.70	
Saudi Arabia	2.80	
Syria	2.80	
Libya	2.05	

**NOTE ON INDEX OF POLITICAL FREEDOM TABLE:** Each country is scored on a 10-point scale, with 1 being the lowest score and 10 the highest. Indicators of freedom include election of head of government, election of parliament, fairness of electoral laws, right to organize political parties, power of elected representatives, presence of an opposition, transparency, minority participation, level of corruption, freedom of assembly, independence of the judiciary, press freedom, religious freedom, rule of law and property rights.

### INDEX OF PRESS FREEDOM, 2007<sup>74</sup>

Ethiopia	63.0
Belarus	63.6
Pakistan	64.8
Equatorial Guinea	65.3
Syria	66.0
Libya	66.5
Sri Lanka	67.5
Iraq	67.8
Palestinian Territories	69.8
Somalia	71.5
Uzbekistan	74.9
Laos	75.0
Vietnam	79.3
China	89.0
Burma	93.8
Cuba	96.2
Iran	96.5
Turkmenistan	103.8
North Korea	108.8
Eritrea	114.8
	Belarus Pakistan Equatorial Guinea Syria Libya Sri Lanka Iraq Palestinian Territories Somalia Uzbekistan Laos Vietnam China Burma Cuba Iran Turkmenistan North Korea

**NOTE ON INDEX OF PRESS FREEDOM TABLE:** The Index rated 169 countries based on a questionnaire with 50 criteria for assessing the state of press freedom in each country. It includes every kind of violation directly affecting journalists (such as murders, imprisonment, physical attacks and threats) and news media (censorship, confiscation issues, searches and harassment). In addition to taking into account abuses attributable to the state, those carried out by armed militias, clandestine organizations or pressure groups are also considered.

The lower the score attained, the higher the degree of press freedom in that respective country. Although there is no specific information given regarding how the overall score was compiled, the top-rated countries (Finland, Iceland, Ireland and the Netherlands) received an overall score of 0.75, with the median (Cambodia and Liberia) receiving a score of 25.3. The overall average score for the Index was 31.5.

# $\frac{\text{IRAQ'S RANK IN TRANSPARENCY INTERNATIONAL'S ANNUAL CORRUPTION PERCEPTIONS INDEX}{(\text{CPI})^{\frac{75}{2}}}$

YEAR	RANK	NUMBER OF COUNTRIES SURVEYED
2007	178	180
2006	160 (T)	163
2005	137 (T)	159
2004	129 (T)	146
2003	113 (T)	133

<sup>(</sup>T): Indicates years Iraq's score tied with one or more other country.

**NOTE ON THIS CHART:** The CPI is a composite index that draws on 14 expert opinion surveys. It scores countries on a scale from zero to ten, with zero indicating high levels of perceived corruption and ten indicating low levels of perceived corruption. Due to a lack of reliable data, Iraq was not included in the CPI survey for the years 2001 and 2002.

#### POLITICAL PARTIES IN IRAQ<sup>76</sup>

Registered for December 2005 elections Over 300

#### COUNCIL SEATS BY COALITION/PARTY IN IRAQI COUNCIL OF REPRESENTATIVES 77

#### As of November 2007

Coalition	<b>Total Seats</b>	Designation	Parties	Leaders
United Iraqi Alliance	83	Shiite Religious	Includes SIIC,	Includes
		Coalition	Dawa	Abdul Aziz Hakim,
				Ibrahim Jafari
Kurdistan Coalition	53	Kurdish Secular	Includes KDP, PUK	Includes
		Coalition		Jalal Talabani
Iraqi Accordance Front	44	Sunni Religious	Includes General	Includes
		Coalition	Conference of the People of	Adnan Dulaimi,
			Iraq, National Dialogue	Khalaf Elayan, Tariq
			Council, Iraqi Islamic	Hashimi
			Party	
Sadrist Movement	30			Moqtada al-Sadr
Virtue Party (Fadhila)	15			Muhammad Yaqubi
National Iraqi List	25	Shiite / Sunni	Various	Ayad Allawi
		Secular Coalition		
Other	25	Other	Iraqi National Dialogue	
			Front (11), Islamic Union of	
			Kurdistan (5), Liberation	
			and Reconciliation Bloc (3),	
			Message Carriers (2),	
			Mithal Alousi List for the	
			Iraqi Nation (1), Iraqi	
			Turkoman Front (1), Yezidi	
			<b>Movement for Progress and</b>	
			Reform (1), Al Rafadeen	
			List (1)	

		NAME	TITLE/MINISTRY	SECTARIAN GROUP	POLITICAL AFFILIATION
		Nuri al-Maliki	Prime Minister	Shiite	Dawa
•		Barham Salih	Deputy Prime Minister	Kurd	Patriotic Union of Kurdistan
		Barram Cami	Deputy 1 fine Williater	Ruid	Tawafiq (Iraqi Accordance Front);
RS		Rafie al-Issawi	Deputy Prime Minister	Sunni	Party: Iraqi People's Conference
DE		Jalal Talibani	President	Kurd	Patriotic Union of Kurdistan
LEADERSHIP		Tariq al-Hashemi	Vice President	Sunni	Tawafiq (Iraqi Accordance Front); Party: Iraqi Islamic Party
		Adel Abd al-Mahdi	Vice President	Shiite	SIIC
	1	Ali Baban	Planning	Sunni	Unaffiliated (left Tawafiq in order to avoid August 1, 2007 boycott)
	2	Mahir Dalli Ibrahim al-Hadithi	Culture	Sunni	Tawafiq (Iraqi Accordance Front); Party: Gen. Council for the People of Iraq
Newly Filled July 18,	3	Dr. Abd Dhiyab al-Ujayli	Higher Education	Sunni	Tawafiq (Iraqi Accordance Front); Party: Iraqi Islamic Party
2008	4	Dr. Nawal Majid Hamid al-Samarr	Minister of State for Women's Affairs	Sunni	Tawafiq (Iraqi Accordance Front); Party: Iraqi Islamic Party
	5	Dr. Muhammad Munajid Ifan al- Dulaymi	Minister of State for Foreign Affairs	Sunni	Tawafiq (Iraqi Accordance Front)
	6	Abd al-Falah al-Sudani	Trade	Shiite	Dawa Party
	7	Khudayr al-Khuzai	Education	Shiite	Dawa Party
	8	Shirwan al-Waili	Minister of State for National Security	Shiite	Dawa Party
	9	Husayn al-Shahristani	Oil	Shiite	Unaffiliated
	10	Salih al-Hasnawi	Health	Shiite	Independent
	11	Ali al-Bahadli	Agriculture	Shiite	Independent
Newly Filled	12	Qahtan Abbas Numan al-Jiburi	Tourism & Antiquities	Shiite	United Iraqi Alliance
July 18,	13	Safa al-Safi	Provincial Affairs	Shiite	United Iraqi Alliance
2008	14	Amir Abd al-Jabar Ismail	Transportation	Shiite	United Iraqi Alliance
	15	Thamir jaraf al-Zubaydi	Civil Society	Shiite	United Iraqi Alliance
	16	EMPTY*	Justice	N/A	
	17	Mahmud Muhammad Jawad al-Radi	Labor & Social Affairs	Shiite	Unaffiliated
	18	Riyadh Gharib	Municipalities & Public Works	Shiite	SIIC
	19 20	Bayan Jabr Akram al-Hakim	Finance & Banking  Minister of State for National  Dialogue	Shiite Shiite	SIIC
	21	Faruq Abdul Qadir Abdul Rahman	Communications	Sunni	Tawafiq (Iraqi Accordance Front)
	22	Abd al-Qadir Muhammad Jasim		Sunni	Unaffiliated
	<del></del>	i Abu ai-Qauli Muhamman Jasim	Defense	i Sullil	
	23		Defense Science & Technology		
	23 24	Raid Fahmi Jahid Wijdan Mikhail Salim	Science & Technology Human Rights	Shiite Christian Kurd	Iraqi Communist Party Iraqi National Accord
	24	Raid Fahmi Jahid Wijdan Mikhail Salim	Science & Technology Human Rights Minister of State Without	Shiite Christian Kurd	Iraqi Communist Party Iraqi National Accord
	24 25	Raid Fahmi Jahid Wijdan Mikhail Salim Muhammad Abbas al-Uraybi	Science & Technology Human Rights Minister of State Without Portfolio	Shiite Christian Kurd Shiite	Iraqi Communist Party Iraqi National Accord Iraq National List
	24 25 26	Raid Fahmi Jahid Wijdan Mikhail Salim Muhammad Abbas al-Uraybi Jawad al-Bolani	Science & Technology Human Rights Minister of State Without Portfolio Interior	Shiite Christian Kurd Shiite Shiite	Iraqi Communist Party Iraqi National Accord Iraq National List Unaffiliated
	24 25 26 27	Raid Fahmi Jahid Wijdan Mikhail Salim Muhammad Abbas al-Uraybi Jawad al-Bolani Karim Wahid al-Hasan	Science & Technology Human Rights Minister of State Without Portfolio Interior Electricity	Shiite Christian Kurd Shiite Shiite Shiite	Iraqi Communist Party Iraqi National Accord Iraq National List Unaffiliated Unaffiliated
	24 25 26 27 28	Raid Fahmi Jahid Wijdan Mikhail Salim Muhammad Abbas al-Uraybi Jawad al-Bolani Karim Wahid al-Hasan Latif Rashid	Science & Technology Human Rights Minister of State Without Portfolio Interior Electricity Water Resources	Shiite Christian Kurd Shiite Shiite Shiite Kurd	Iraqi Communist Party Iraqi National Accord Iraq National List Unaffiliated Unaffiliated Patriotic Union of Kurdistan
	24 25 26 27 28 29	Raid Fahmi Jahid Wijdan Mikhail Salim Muhammad Abbas al-Uraybi Jawad al-Bolani Karim Wahid al-Hasan Latif Rashid Nermin Othman	Science & Technology Human Rights Minister of State Without Portfolio Interior Electricity Water Resources Environment	Shiite Christian Kurd Shiite Shiite Shiite Kurd Kurd	Iraqi Communist Party Iraqi National Accord  Iraq National List Unaffiliated Unaffiliated Patriotic Union of Kurdistan Patriotic Union of Kurdistan
	24 25 26 27 28 29 30	Raid Fahmi Jahid Wijdan Mikhail Salim Muhammad Abbas al-Uraybi Jawad al-Bolani Karim Wahid al-Hasan Latif Rashid Nermin Othman Bayan Dizayee	Science & Technology Human Rights Minister of State Without Portfolio Interior Electricity Water Resources Environment Housing & Construction	Shiite Christian Kurd Shiite Shiite Shiite Kurd Kurd Kurd Kurd	Iraqi Communist Party Iraqi National Accord  Iraq National List Unaffiliated Unaffiliated Patriotic Union of Kurdistan Patriotic Union of Kurdistan Kurdistan Democratic Party
	24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31	Raid Fahmi Jahid Wijdan Mikhail Salim Muhammad Abbas al-Uraybi Jawad al-Bolani Karim Wahid al-Hasan Latif Rashid Nermin Othman Bayan Dizayee Fawzi al-Hariri	Science & Technology Human Rights Minister of State Without Portfolio Interior Electricity Water Resources Environment	Shiite Christian Kurd Shiite Shiite Shiite Kurd Kurd	Iraqi Communist Party Iraqi National Accord  Iraq National List Unaffiliated Unaffiliated Patriotic Union of Kurdistan Patriotic Union of Kurdistan Kurdistan Democratic Party Kurdistan Democratic Party
	24 25 26 27 28 29 30	Raid Fahmi Jahid Wijdan Mikhail Salim Muhammad Abbas al-Uraybi Jawad al-Bolani Karim Wahid al-Hasan Latif Rashid Nermin Othman Bayan Dizayee	Science & Technology Human Rights Minister of State Without Portfolio Interior Electricity Water Resources Environment Housing & Construction Industry & Minerals Foreign Affairs	Shiite Christian Kurd Shiite Shiite Shiite Kurd Kurd Kurd Kurd Christian Kurd	Iraqi Communist Party Iraqi National Accord  Iraq National List Unaffiliated Unaffiliated Patriotic Union of Kurdistan Patriotic Union of Kurdistan Kurdistan Democratic Party
	24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32	Raid Fahmi Jahid Wijdan Mikhail Salim Muhammad Abbas al-Uraybi Jawad al-Bolani Karim Wahid al-Hasan Latif Rashid Nermin Othman Bayan Dizayee Fawzi al-Hariri Hoshyar Mahmud Zebari	Science & Technology Human Rights Minister of State Without Portfolio Interior Electricity Water Resources Environment Housing & Construction Industry & Minerals Foreign Affairs Displacement & Migration Youth & Sports	Shiite Christian Kurd Shiite Shiite Shiite Kurd Kurd Kurd Christian Kurd Kurd	Iraqi Communist Party Iraqi National Accord  Iraq National List Unaffiliated Unaffiliated Patriotic Union of Kurdistan Patriotic Union of Kurdistan Kurdistan Democratic Party Kurdistan Democratic Party Kurdistan Democratic Party
	24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33	Raid Fahmi Jahid Wijdan Mikhail Salim Muhammad Abbas al-Uraybi Jawad al-Bolani Karim Wahid al-Hasan Latif Rashid Nermin Othman Bayan Dizayee Fawzi al-Hariri Hoshyar Mahmud Zebari Abd al-Samad Sultan	Science & Technology Human Rights Minister of State Without Portfolio Interior Electricity Water Resources Environment Housing & Construction Industry & Minerals Foreign Affairs Displacement & Migration Youth & Sports Minister of State Without Portfolio	Shiite Christian Kurd Shiite Shiite Shiite Kurd Kurd Kurd Christian Kurd Kurd Kurd Shiite Kurd	Iraqi Communist Party Iraqi National Accord  Iraq National List Unaffiliated Unaffiliated Patriotic Union of Kurdistan Patriotic Union of Kurdistan Kurdistan Democratic Party Kurdistan Democratic Party Kurdistan Democratic Party Faili Kurd
	24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34	Raid Fahmi Jahid Wijdan Mikhail Salim  Muhammad Abbas al-Uraybi Jawad al-Bolani Karim Wahid al-Hasan Latif Rashid Nermin Othman Bayan Dizayee Fawzi al-Hariri Hoshyar Mahmud Zebari Abd al-Samad Sultan Jasim Muhammad Jafar	Science & Technology Human Rights Minister of State Without Portfolio Interior Electricity Water Resources Environment Housing & Construction Industry & Minerals Foreign Affairs Displacement & Migration Youth & Sports Minister of State Without	Shiite Christian Kurd Shiite Shiite Shiite Kurd Kurd Kurd Christian Kurd Kurd Kurd Shiite Kurd	Iraqi Communist Party Iraqi National Accord  Iraq National List Unaffiliated Unaffiliated Patriotic Union of Kurdistan Patriotic Union of Kurdistan Kurdistan Democratic Party Kurdistan Democratic Party Kurdistan Democratic Party Faili Kurd Turkoman Islamic Union

AS OF: AUGUST 13, 2008

### **ECONOMIC & QUALITY OF LIFE INDICATORS**

FUEL 79

				Fuel supplie	es available		
					Tons/day	Overall fuel suppli	
Time	Crude oil	Crude	Diesel	Kerosene	Gasoline/Benzene	Liquid Petroleum	as percentage of
	production	oil export	(Prod. & Imp.)	(Prod. & Imp.)	(Prod. & Imp)	Gas (Prod. & Imp.)	goal during that month
Estimated prewar level	2.5 (pre-war peak)	1.7-2.5	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	(the goals have shifted)
May 2003	0.3	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	10 %
June	0.675	0.2	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	23%
July	0.925	0.32280	6.5	4.75	13.5	1,880	44%
August	1.445	0.64681	10.25	6.2	14.0	2,530	57%
September	1.7225	0.983 82	14.25	6.9	17.3	3,030	70%
October	2.055	1.14983	14.75	9.6	16.35	3,700	78%
November	2.1	1.52484	13.14	13.3	11.792	3,610	76%
December	2.30	1.54185	12.29	9.4	12.9	3,460	72%
January 2004	2.440	1.537	13.91	11.3	13.32	3,445	78%
February	2.276	1.38286	15.21	13.05	16.65	4,670	88%
March	2.435	1.825 <sup>87</sup>	15.03	17.28	17.19	5,010	92%
April	2.384	1.80488	22.75	4.46	19.3	3,607	79%
May	1.887	1.38089	22.92	4.005	18.07	3,264	73%
June	2.295	1.14890	16.47	4.9	22	3,086	75%
July	2.2	1.40691	17.95	5.75	22.3	3,820	80%
August	2.112	1.11492	16	4.2	15.1	3,417	84%
September	2.514	1.703	16.35	6.35	14.6	2,707	72%
October November	2.46 1.95	1.542 1.320	16.15 16.5	7.95 7.7	18.6 17.9	3,044 3,324	80% 77%
December	2.16	1.520	18.3	10.5	17.6	4,222	88%
January 2005	2.10	1.367	12.7	6.7	20.65	5,017	75%
February	2.10	1.431	15.9	8.55	21.2	5,003	84%
March April	2.09 2.14	1.394 1.398	19.7 18.3	8.05 7.6	20.3 23.7	4,894 5,219	93% 97%
May	2.1	1.308	22.2	4.4	22.5	5,030	93%
June	2.17	1.377	18.9	6.25	18.3	5,137	97%
July	2.17	1.550	19.9	5.9	23.9	4,474	97%
August September 93	2.16 2.11	1.504 1.60	19.3 17.3	5.2 4.4	23.8	5,072 4,888	96% 87%
October	1.91	1.239	17.0	8.6	18.9	4,784	90%
November	1.98	1.168	17.3	8.2	19.9	5,526	88%
December	1.92	1.071	16.1	8.0	17.5	5,046	81%
January 2006 February	1.73 1.83	1.05 1.47	14.0 10.1	6.3 5.0	18.1 12.2	3,716 2,263	72% 55%
March	2.1	1.32	12.0	5.7	14.9	2,798	65%
April	2.14	1.60	13.5	4.5	16.9	2,855	67%
May	2.13	1.51	15.2	4.8	17.4	3,577	82%
June July	2.30 2.22	1.67 1.68	15.7 11.0	4.3 2.78	16.1 13.3	3,217 1,719	80% 52%
August	2.24	1.68	12.4	4.47	16.5	3,242	71%
September	2.34	1.65	13.4	6.0	18.3	3,270	77%
October November	2.26 2.10	1.55 1.44	10.8 11.1	4.7 6.4	15.4 13.9	3,102 2,747	57% 54%
December 94	2.15	1.44	10.7	8.1	9.8	2,544	55%
January 2007	1.66	1.30	10.6	4.4	11.2	2,945	52%
February	2.08	1.50	11.3	5.7	13.0	3,101	61%
March April	2.08 2.14	1.58 1.50	8.3 12.8	4.2 5.3	12.1 13.8	2,598 2,841	57% 66%
May	2.03	1.64	9.2	3.5	12.1	2,010	56%
June	2.00	1.47	9.7	3.7	11.0	2,282	57%
July	2.07	1.71	11.0	2.6	11.2	2,650	57%
August September	1.91 2.30	1.69 1.90	8.9 13.4	3.4 8.3	9.6 15.2	1,918 3,472	47% 75%
October	2.34	1.91	12.4	8.5	14.4	3,724	69%
November	2.38	1.88	12.2	7.0	15.9	3,378	67%
December 2009	2.42	1.93	12.5	6.4	14.5	3,875	68%
January 2008 February	2.24 2.39	1.93 1.93	9.9 12.0	5.5 6.8	11.3 13.5	3,019 3,865	56% 66%
March	2.38	1.93	14.5	7.5	13.8	3,822	69%
April	2.40	1.88	13.6	6.8	13.8	3,481	66%
May	2.50	1.96	15.3	5.0	10.1	3,582	64%
June July	2.52 2.54	1.96 1.85	19.7 19.1	8.6 9.3	13.4 11.7	3,350 2,877	74% 71%
August	2.54	1.70	18.7	8.1	14.8	3,381	73%
September	2.37	1.61	16.1	8.1	14.6	3,880	72%
Stated Interim Goal	2.2 revised up from 2.1 in January 2008	N/A	24.5 revised up from 22.4 in August 2007	14.6 revised up from 13.4 in October 2007	26.8 revised up from 23.1 in October 2007	5,100 Revised down from 5,130 in May 2007	We assume that supplies for each category cannot exceed 100% of go

NOTE ON FUEL TABLE: Above data as of September 21, 2008. The ratio of Iraq price to international price is 4.0 for LPG, 3.0 for regular and 6.9 for premium gasoline, 0.7 for kerosene and 1.5 for diesel. 95 Kerosene imports began 5 October, 2003. All previous months cover only production.

OIL REVENUE FROM EXPORTS<sup>96</sup>

OIL REVENUE FROM	OIL REVENUE FROM EXPORTS <sup>96</sup>				
Time	Oil revenue (\$ billions)				
June 2003	0.2				
July	0.36				
August	0.44				
September	0.73				
October November	0.89 1.21				
December	1.26				
January 2004	1.26				
February	1.10				
March	1.61				
April	1.50				
May	1.36				
June	1.28				
July	1.40				
August September	1.24 1.75				
October	1.75				
November	1.25				
December	1.44				
January 2005	1.49				
February	1.34				
March	1.99				
April	1.83				
May	1.57 2.03				
June	2.03				
July August	2.47				
September	2.74				
October	1.90				
November	1.67				
December	1.60				
January 2006	1.84				
February	2.16				
March	2.25				
April	3.02				
May June	2.92 3.03				
July	3.41				
August	3.44				
September	2.73				
October	2.45				
November	2.19				
December	2.46				
January 2007	1.89				
February	2.11				
March April	2.75 2.75				
May	3.05				
June	2.87				
July	3.39				
August	3.49				
September	3.79				
October	4.44				
November	3.47				
December 2000	4.27				
January 2008 February	5.21 4.94				
March	5.94				
April	5.77				
May	6.65				
June	6.99				
July	7.01				
August	5.65				
September	3.60				
Total as of	\$166.9				
September 21, 2008	<u> </u>				

ELECTRICITY 97

		f electricity generated (awatts)	Average hours of	of electricity/day	Average of mega watt hours	
Time	Nation-wide	Baghdad	Nationwide	Baghdad	(MWH)	
Estimated	3,958	2,500	4-8	16-24	95,000	
prewar level	-,	_,=,=			,	
May 2003	500	300	4-8	4-8	N/A	
June	3,193	707	N/A	N/A	N/A	
July	3,236	1,082	N/A	N/A	N/A	
August	3,263	1,283	N/A	N/A	72,435	
September	3,543	1,229	N/A	N/A	75,000	
October	3,948	N/A	N/A	N/A	79,000	
November	3,582	N/A	N/A	N/A	79,000	
December			N/A N/A	N/A N/A	,	
	3,427	N/A			72,000	
January 2004	3,758	N/A	N/A	N/A	79,000	
February	4,125	1,307	13	13.4	90,000	
March	4,040	1,192	16	16.4	86,000	
April	3,823	1,021	15	14.8	78,000	
May	3,902	1,053	11	12.2	80,000	
June	4,293	1,198	10	11	93,500	
July	4,584	N/A	10	12	100,300	
August	4,707	1,440	13	15	109,900	
September	4,467	1,485	13	14	107,200	
October	4,074	1,280	13	16	99,306	
November	3,199	845	13	N/A	76,550	
December	3,380	N/A	N/A	N/A	81,114	
	3,289	985	9	9.0	78,925	
January 2005						
February	3,611	1,180	8.5	10.3	86,675	
March	3,627	994	11.8	11.0	87,051	
April	3,390	854	9	11.5	81,350	
May	3,712	N/A	8.4	9.5	89,088	
June	4,153	N/A	9.4	10.4	102,525	
July	4,446	N/A	12.6	10.9	106,713	
August	4,049	N/A	12.0	8.4	97,165	
September	4,159	N/A	13.5	10.4	101,916	
October	3,685	N/A	14.3	8.9	88,442	
November*	3,742	N/A	13.3	8.8	89,800	
December**	3,800	N/A	12.0	6.1	91,400	
January 2006	3,640	N/A	9.8	4.0	87,400	
February	3,700	N/A	10.3	5.9	88,600	
March	4,000	N/A	13.1	7.8	96,300	
	3,700	N/A	10.9	4.5		
April					88,500	
May	3,900	N/A	9.9	3.9	92,700	
June	4,400	N/A	11.9	8.0	106,100	
July	4,400	N/A	11.4	7.0	106,700	
August	4,430	N/A	10.9	6.2	106,400	
September	4,000	N/A	10.8	5.3	95,600	
October	4,000	N/A	12.3	6.7	96,600	
November	3,700	N/A	10.9	6.9	88,000	
December	3,500	N/A	9.2	6.7	85,968	
January 2007	3,590	N/A	8.0	4.4	86,100	
February	3,600	N/A	9.3	6.0	86,500	
March	3,600	N/A	10.9	6.0	86,400	
April	3,830	N/A	11.7	5.8	91,930	
May	3,720	N/A	10.1	5.6	89,245	
June	4,200	N/A	10.6	5.9	100,728	
July	4,220	N/A	10.4	5.9	101,270	
August	4,380	N/A	10.2	6.3	105,050	
September	4,860	N/A	11.8	7.4	116,560	
October	4,725	N/A	12.9	9.0	113,390	
November	4,140	N/A	12.3	9.0	99,400	
December	4,270	N/A	11.6	8.9	102,415	
January 2008	4,030	N/A	8.7	7.0	96,660	
February	3,950	N/A N/A	9.7	7.5	94,750	
March	4,220	N/A N/A	9.7 N/A	N/A	101,270	
April	4,030	N/A	N/A	N/A	96,680	
May	4,130	N/A	9.8	7.2	99,055	
June	4,470	N/A	10.9	9.7	107,290	
July	4,690	N/A	11.3	10.5	112,580	
August	4,850	N/A	10.8	10.5	116,335	
September	4,825	N/A	10.4	10.4	115,760	
Stated Goal:	6,000	2,500	US Interim Target:	US Interim Target: 10-	120,000	
	to have been	to have been reached	10-12 hours	12 hours		
	reached by	by	National Target:	National Target:		
i.						

NOTE ON ELECTRICITY TABLE: The demand for electricity ranges from 8,500 to 9,000 MW nationwide. It is estimated that between 30,000-50,000 private generators are currently providing an additional 2,000-4,500 MW of power outside of the national grid 98 From May 3 thru July 31, 2007, the U.S. State Department's *Iraq Weekly Status Report* discontinued its reporting of average hours of available electricity in Baghdad and nationwide. Beginning August 1, it was once again reported once again but stipulated that the figure given was "after meeting demand for essential services".

Above data as of September 22, 2008.

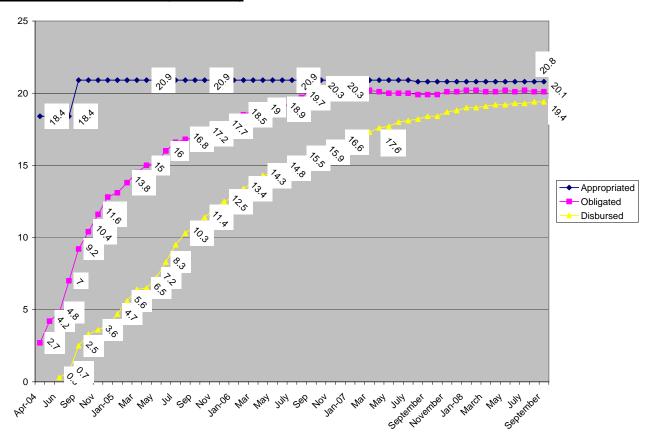
NATIONWIDE UNEMPLOYMENT RATE SINCE MAY, 2003<sup>99</sup>

Month	Unemployment Rat Nation-wide
May 2003	N/A
June	50 - 60%
July	N/A
August	50-60%
September	N/A
October	40 – 50%
November	N/A
December	45-55%
January 2004	30 – 45%
February	30 – 45%
March	30-45%
April	30-45%
-	30-45%
May	
June	30-40%
July	30-40%
August	30-40%
September	30-40%
October	30-40%
November	30-40%
December	28-40%
January 2005	27-40%
February	27-40%
March	27-40%
April	27-40%
May	27-40%
June	27-40%
July	27-40%
August	27-40%
September	27-40%
October	27-40%
November	25-40%
December	25-40%
January 2006	25-40%
February	25-40%
March	25-40%
April	25-40%
May	25-40%
June	25-40%
July	25-40%
•	
August	25-40%
September	25-40%
October	25-40%
November	25-40%
December	25-40%
January 2007	25-40%
February	25-40%
March	25-40%
April	25-40%
May	25-40%

Month	Unemployment Rate Nation-wide
June 2007	25-40%
July	25-40%
August	25-40%
September	25-40%
October	25-40%
November	25-40%
December	25-40%
January 2008	25-40%
February	25-40%
March	25-40%
April	25-40%
	25-40%
May	
June	25-40%

NOTE ON NATIONWIDE UNEMPLOYMENT TABLE: Estimates of Iraq's unemployment rate varies, but we estimate it to be between 25-40%. The CPA has referred to a 25% unemployment rate, the Iraqi Ministry of Planning mentioned a 30% unemployment rate, whereas the Iraqi Ministry of Social Affairs claims it to be 48%. There is an inherent difficulty in measuring the Iraqi rate of unemployment over time. Considering the increase in entrepreneurial activity after the end of the war, we have for the purposes of this database assumed that there has been an improvement in unemployment levels, and hence weighted information supporting such a conclusion heavier than contradictory data reports. N/A= Not available

### AMERICAN AID APPROPRIATED, OBLIGATED AND DISBURSED TOWARDS THE IRAQ RELIEF AND RECONSTRUCTION FUND (IRRF I & II) $^{100}$



**NOTE:** As of September 22, 2008. An 'appropriation' is defined as a plan, approved by the Office of Management and Budget, to spend resources provided by law. *Quarterly Update to Congress: 2207 Report*, October 2004. An 'obligation' can be defined as "a definite commitment which creates a legal liability of the Government for the payment of appropriated funds for goods and services ordered or received."

GAO/OGC-91-5: Principles of Federal Appropriations Law, Office of the General Council, July 1991. A 'disbursement' is an actual payment (check goes out the door) for goods/services received. GAO-04-902 R: Rebuilding Iraq, General Accounting Office, June 2004.

PRICE PER LITER (IN IRAQI DINARS) OF ASSORTED FUELS IN IRAQ AT VARIOUS TIMES 101

TRICE TERESTER (II.	marque de masoni	ED I CEED II I HEIQ III VIII	TOUS TIMES
FUEL	SEPTEMBER 2005	DECEMBER 2006	JUNE 2007
LPG (12 kg)	250	1,000	3,000
Regular Gas	20	250	350
Premium Gas	50	350	MARKET
Blended Gas	N/A	350	450
Kerosene	5	75	200
Diesel	10	150	350

**NOTE ON THIS TABLE:** The main driver of the price increases was the sharp reduction or elimination of Saddam-era subsidies. This was strongly encouraged by the IMF in order to combat widespread smuggling and corruption. Official fuel prices are now by and large on par with those of Iraq's neighbors, reducing the profitability of the black market.

PLEDGES OF RECONSTRUCTION AID TO IRAQ BY COUNTRY, AS OF JULY 30, 2007 102

PLEDGES OF RECONST			
COUNTRY	PLEDGED	COMMITTED	DISBURSED
Australia	\$104,168,111	\$40,253,296	*
Austria	5,700,000	*	*
Belgium	11,815,789	3,803,351	2,473,396
Bulgaria	1,300,000	*	*
Canada	286,085,242	178,238,910	106,082,427
China	38,000,000	*	*
Croatia	333,000	*	*
Cyprus	120,000	*	*
Czech Republic	14,700,000	*	*
Denmark	103,082,297	18,042,189	3,135,259
Estonia	80,000	*	*
Finland	8,834,500	8,834,000	*
France	32,288	32,288	*
Germany	12,820,513	807,660	586,276
Greece	5,414,458	3,614,458	*
Hungary	1,667,005	*	*
Iceland	3,200,000	2,700,000	*
India	11,000,000	7,500,000	*
Iran	1,020,000,000	*	*
Ireland	3,534,300	1,234,568	*
Italy	273,753,133	35,732,540	5,266,564
Japan	5,000,000,000	1,529,643,666	1,024,431,900
Jordan	1,500,000	75,000	*
Kuwait	516,200,000	10,000,000	*
Lithuania	30,000	*	*
Luxembourg	2,563,298	2,323,298	*
Malta	270,000	*	*
Netherlands	21,929,596	15,929,596	2,482,916
New Zealand	7,178,378	3,378,378	*
Norway	24,018,692	23,186,046	8,313,911
Oman	3,000,000	*	*
Pakistan	2,500,000	*	*
Portugal	600,000	*	*
Qatar	100,000,000	5,000,000	*
Russia	8,000,000	*	*
Saudi Arabia	1,000,000,000	*	*
Singapore	1,700,000	*	*
Slovenia	420,000	*	*
South Korea	460,000,000	168,334,627	132,017,457
Spain	270,000,000	188,406,287	62,251,729
Sri Lanka	75,500	*	*
Sweden	58,424,464	47,450,978	5,819,693
Switzerland	11,000,000	*	*
Taiwan	4,300,000	*	*
Turkey	50,000,000	1,300,000	98,442
United Arab Emirates	215,000,000	*	*
United Kingdom	1,537,037,037	450,063,185	82,042,828
Vietnam	700,000	*	*
Subtotal	11,200,787,601	2,745,884,821	1,435,002,798
European Commission	968,757,000	669,680,000	1,786,621
Subtotal	12,169,544,601	3,415,564,821	1,436,789,419
INTERNATIONAL FINANC		-, -10,000,001	_,,,
IMF (low range)	2,550,000,000	714,000,000	*
World Bank (low range)	3,000,000,000	164,240,000	76,014
Islamic Development Bank	500,000,000	*	*
Subtotal	6,050,000,000	164,240,000	76,014
	3,000,000,000		. 5,511
TOTAL International	\$18,219,544,601	\$3,579,804,821	\$1,436,865,433
Donor Assistance	\$10,217,001	\$\$,075,00H	ψ1, 10 0,000 0,100
* No data available	1		

<sup>\*</sup> No data available

**NOTES ON PLEDGES OF RECONSTRUCTION AID TABLE:** Totals do not include \$10 million Madrid pledge and \$10.7 billion Compact pledge from the United States. The World Bank, United Nations and CPA estimated Iraq will need \$56 billion for reconstruction and stabilization efforts from 2004 to 2007, but that estimate is probably too low. <sup>103</sup>

#### **GDP ESTIMATES AND PROJECTIONS, 2002-2008** 104

	2002	2003	2004	2005 e	2006	2007	2008 p
Nominal GDP (in USD billion)	20.5	13.6	25.7	34.5	48.5	55.4	60.9
Of which non-oil GDP (%)	32.0	32.0	30.4	30.6	33.1		
Per Capita GDP (USD)	802	518	949	1,237	1,687		
Real GDP (% change)	-7.8	-41.4	46.5	3.7	5.9	4.1	7.0
Overall Fiscal Balance (in % if GDP)	*	*	-40.6	9.8	-6.1		
Consumer Price Inflation (annual %)	19.0	34.0	32.0	32.0	50.0		

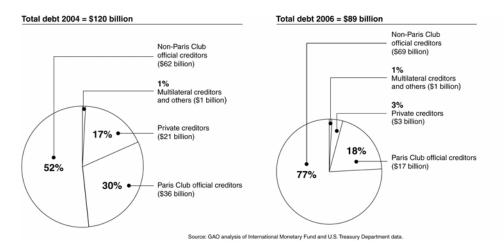
(e): IMF Estimates, (p): projections, \*: Not Available

**NOTE ON TABLE:** 2007 and 2008 Real GDP Growth projections are provided by the authors and disagree with the figures released by the IMF and World Bank of 14.4% and 12.9% growth, respectively.

#### CONSUMER PRICE INDEX YEAR-OVER-YEAR PERCENTAGE CHANGE, 2004-2007 105

DATE	% CHANGE
Dec-04	31.7
Dec-05	31.6
Dec-06	64.8
Mar-07	36.6
Apr-07	40.9
May-07	38.6
Jun-07	46.0

#### CHANGE IN IRAQ'S DEBT, 2004 to 2006 106



**NOTE ON THIS TABLE:** Summations may differ from totals due to rounding. Non-Paris Club official creditor debt is based on estimates since it has not been reconciled. The estimate of this debt for 2004 was made by the IMF, while the estimate for 2006 was provided by the U.S. Treasury Department.

# <u>APPROPRIATIONS PROVIDED FOR OPERATION IRAQI FREEDOM BY FUNDING SOURCE, FY2003 THRU FY2009 BRIDGE $^{107}$ </u>

	FY 2003	FY 2004	FY 2005	FY 2006	FY 2007	FY 2008	TOTAL thru FY08 Appropriations	FY 2009 BRIDGE	TOTAL FY2003-2009 BRIDGE^
Department of Defense	50.0	56.4	83.4	98.1	129.6	145.4	562.9	53.4	616.3
Foreign Aid and Diplomatic Ops	3.0	19.5	2.0	3.2	3.2	2.8	33.7	0.8	34.5
VA Medical	0	0	0.2	0.4	0.9	1.0	2.5	0.0	2.5
TOTAL	53.0	75.9	85.5	102.0	133.6	149.2	599.1	54.2	653.3

<sup>^</sup>Reflects H.R. 2642 as passed by the U.S. House of Representatives on June 30, 2008. Excludes \$1.4 billion in the regular State/USAID request for Iraq and Afghanistan.

2007 AND 2008 (THRU MARCH) CAPITAL BUDGET EXECUTION BY PROVINCE (\$ MILLIONS) 108

2007 AND 200	O (THIC MAKE	CH) CAPITAL B	ODGET EXECU	11(	JN DI IKOVII	ICE (\$ MILLION	(6)
PROVINCE	2007				2008 (THRU MARCH)		
	TOTAL	TOTAL	%		TOTAL	TOTAL	%
	EXPENDED	ALLOCATED	EXPENDED		<b>EXPENDED</b>	ALLOCATED	<b>EXPENDED</b>
Anbar	4	107	4%		N/A	192	N/A
Babil	62	127.0	49%		5	206	3%
Baghdad	174	560	31%		15	885	2%
Basrah	41	195	21%		0	322	0%
Qadisiyah	25	64	39%		0	137	0%
Diyala	N/A	110	0%		N/A	168	N/A
Karbala	29	71	41%		7	170	4%
Tamim (Kirkuk)	31	91	34%		14	146	9%
Maysan	39	76	51%		17	124	14%
Muthanna	10	52	19%		N/A	87	N/A
Najaf	56	88	64%		19	150	13%
Ninawa	59	226	26%		0	359	0%
Salah al-Din	32	93	34%		16	150	11%
Dhi Qar	55	138	40%		0.1	219	0.1%
Wasit	34	83	41%		0.3	137	0.2%
Kurdish Region							
(Dahuk, Irbil,	1,487	1,560	95%		266	2,528	11%
Sulaymaniyah)							

**NOTE:** Numbers are affected by rounding. "N/A" refers to data not provided by the Iraqi Ministry of Finance.

#### INFLATION 109

INTLATIO	1
Time	Inflation
2003	36%
2004	32%
2005	20%
2006	50%
2007	5%

**NOTE ON INFLATION:** According to the U.S. Department of Defense's quarterly report on Iraq for March 2007, fuel shortages contributed to the increase in inflation for 2006. A liter of petrol jumped from 50 dinars per liter to 400 dinars from the end of 2005 to early 2007.

#### ESTIMATED AMOUNT OF FOREIGN DIRECT INVESTMENT (FDI) ATTRACTED PER MONTH IN IRAQ

YEAR	FDI PER MONTH (MILLIONS U.S. \$)
2004	10
2005	10
2006	10
2007	10
2008	100

#### TRAINED JUDGES 110

Time	Number of trained judges		
May 2003	0		
June 2004	175		
May 2005	351		
October	351		
May 2006	<800		
August	740		
November	800		
January 2007	870		
August	1,100		
November	1,200		
March 2008	1,200		
June	1,180		

NOTE ON TRAINED JUDGES CHART: As of June 28, 2008, 40 Iraqi judges have been assassinated since 2003. As of October 2005, all provincial courts are operational and there exist 99 trained judicial investigators. 135 of 869 judges were removed because of substantial evidence of corruption or Ba'ath Party affiliation. The estimated need for is for 1,500 judges according to the US Department of Justice. 112

#### TELEPHONE SUBSCRIBERS<sup>113</sup>

TELEPHONE SUBSCRIBERS Time	Telephone subscribers		
Estimated prewar level	833,000		
September	600,000		
December	600,000		
January 2004	600,000		
February	900,000		
March	984,225		
April	1,095,000		
May	1,220,000		
June	1,200,000		
July	N/A		
August	1,463,148		
September	1,579,457		
October	1,753,000		
November	2,135,000		
December	2,152,000		
January 2005	2,449,139		
February	2,569,110		
March	2,982,115		
April	3,172,771		
May	~3,450,000		
June	3,801,822		
July	~4,100,000		
August	4,590,398		
<b>March 2006</b>	6,836,854		
April	~7,400,000		
August	~8,100,000		
September	~8,200,000		
October	~8,200,000		
November	~8,500,000		
December	~9,800,000		
January 2007	~9,800,000		
April	~9,830,000		
April 2008	12,000,000 (cellular) 1,360,000 (landline)		
Previous goal (Jan. 2004)	1,100,000		

NOTE ON TELEPHONE SUBSCRIBERS TABLE: The estimated pre-war level represents only land telephone lines, as Iraq had no nationwide cellular network. Post-war data includes landlines and cellular subscribers. Since landline subscribers have held fairly steady at 800,000-1,000,000 since July 2004, cellular subscribers make up the overwhelming majority of post-war telephone subscribers.

INTERNET SUBSCRIBERS<sup>114</sup>

Time	Internet subscribers
	(does not include unregulated users of Internet cafes)
Estimated prewar level	4,500
September 2003	4,900
January-April 2004	N/A
May	54,000
June	59,000
July	73,000
August	87,000
September	95,000
October	102,978
November	110,000
January 2005	124,293
March	147,076
April 2006	208,000
August	197,310
November	194,420
January 2007	230,000
April	261,000

MEDIA 115

Time	Commercial TV stations	Commercial radio stations	Independent newspapers and magazines
Prewar	0	0	0
May 2003	0	0	8
June 2004	13	74	150
January 2005	10	51	100
March	N/A	N/A	200
April	24	80	170
May	23	80	170
July	29	N/A	170
September	44	72	Over 100
December	44	91	294
March 2006	54	114	268

 $\underline{\textbf{DOCTORS IN IRAQ}^{116}}$ 

Iraqi Physicians Registered Before the 2003 Invasion	34,000
Iraqi Physicians Who Have Left Iraq Since the 2003 Invasion	20,000 (estimate)
Iraqi Physicians Murdered Since 2003 Invasion	2,000
Iraqi Physicians Kidnapped	250
Average Salary of an Iraqi Physician	7.5 million Iraqi dinars per year
	(or ~\$5,100 per year)
Annual Graduates from Iraqi Medical Schools	2,250
Percentage of Above That Will Work Outside of Iraq	20%

**NOTE:** Numbers are estimates.

#### NUMBER OF REGISTERED CARS 117

Pre-War	1.5 million		
October 2005	3.1 million		

48

#### EDUCATION INDICATORS 118

Number of Children Enrolled in Primary Schools Nationwide	2002: 3.5 million
	2005: 3.7 million (5.7% increase)
Number of Children Enrolled in Middle Schools and High Schools	2002: 1.1 million
Nationwide	2005: 1.4 million (27% increase)
Percent of High School aged Iraqis Enrolled in School in 2003	33%
Percent of High School aged Iraqi BOYS enrolled in 2004	50%
Percent of High School aged Iraqi GIRLS enrolled in 2004	35%
Percent of Iraq's 3.5 million students attending class (April 2007)	30%
Number of government run schools in Iraq (not including	17,300
Kurdish region)	

**NOTE ON EDUCATION INDICATORS:** Education numbers do not include the Kurdish regions, which are administratively separate. Iraq's population increased to 26 million (8% increase) from 2002 to 2005. Sabrina Tavernise, "Amid Iraqi Chaos, Schools Fill After Long Decline," *New York Times*, June 26, 2006.

#### BAGHDAD UNIVERSITY 119

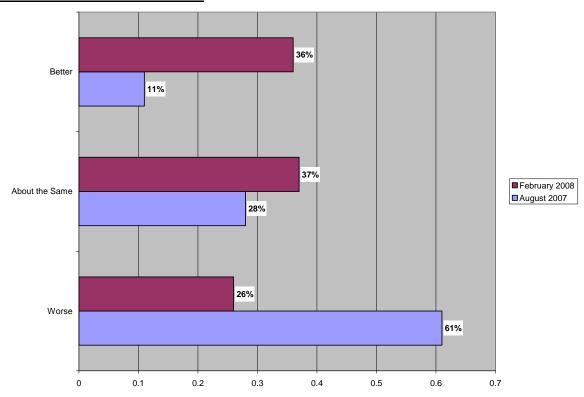
During the 2006-2007 school year, it is reported that due to security concerns only 50% of enrolled students attended classes regularly and hundreds of faculty members took unpaid leaves of absence. For the 2007-2008 school year, regular attendance has improved to approximately 80% and a significant "many teachers" have returned.

### **POLLING/POLITICS**

#### IRAQ: WHERE THINGS STAND 2007-2008<sup>120</sup> UPDATED MARCH 2008

Last of 4 Surveys Conducted by D3 Systems for the BBC, ABC News, ARD German TV and USA Today (2,112 Iraqi adults from throughout the country were interviewed)

#### <u>QUESTION: IN THE PAST SIX MONTHS, HAS THE SECURITY SITUATION IN IRAQ BECOME BETTER,</u> <u>WORSE OR ABOUT THE SAME?</u>



#### QUESTION: HOW WOULD YOU SAY THINGS ARE GOING IN IRAQ OVERALL THESE DAYS?

	ALL	Shia	Sunni	Kurd
FEBRUARY 2008				
Very Good	<b>7%</b>	9%	2%	12%
Quite Good	36%	52%	14%	33%
Quite Bad	36%	34%	40%	32%
Very Bad	20%	5%	43%	21%
SEPTEMBER 2007				
Very Good	3%	6%	-	2%
Quite Good	19%	33%	2%	15%
Quite Bad	40%	42%	38%	36%
Very Bad	38%	20%	60%	47%
FEBRUARY 2007				
Very Good	4%	4%	1%	11%
Quite Good	31%	46%	4%	46%
Quite Bad	35%	32%	40%	30%
Very Bad	31%	18%	55%	13%

**NOTE ON THIS TABLE**: For Iraqi public opinion on a similar question covering May 2004-September 2006, refer to the graph at the top of p. 53.

QUESTION: DO YOU SUPPORT THE PRESENEC OF COALITION FORCES IN IRAQ?

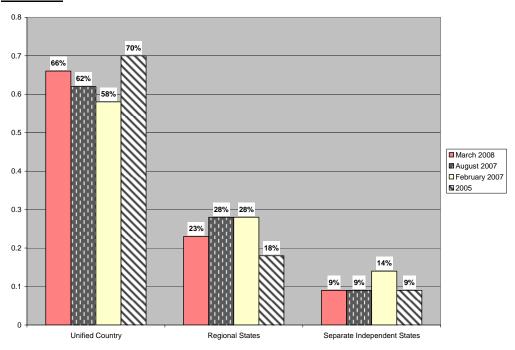
	Strongly/Somewhat Support	Strongly/Somewhat Oppose
FEBRUARY 2008	26%	73%
DETAIL:		
Shia	23%	77%
Sunni	5%	95%
SEPTEMBER 2007	21%	79%
FEBRUARY 2007	22%	78%
NOVEMBER 2005	32%	65%
FEBRUARY 2004	39%	51%

QUESTION: DO YOU THINK YOUR CHILDREN WILL HAVE A BETTER LIFE THAN YOU, WORSE, OR

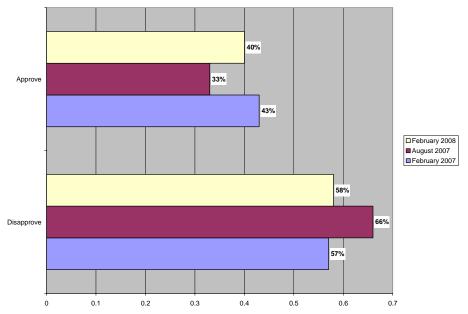
ABOUT THE SAME?

	Better	Worse	Same
FEBRUARY 2008	39%	28%	31%
DETAIL:			
Shia	50%	17%	32%
Sunni	12%	52%	36%
Kurd	59%	15%	25%
SEPTEMBER 2007	33%	42%	25%
<b>DETAIL:</b>			
Shia	55%	19%	26%
Sunni	7%	72%	22%
Kurd	26%	46%	27%
FEBRUARY 2007	42%	37%	21%
DETAIL:			
Shia	66%	17%	17%
Sunni	6%	71%	22%
Kurd	50%	22%	27%

#### QUESTION: WHICH OF THE FOLLOWING STRUCTURES DO YOU THINK IRAQ SHOULD HAVE IN THE **FUTURE?**



# <u>QUESTION: DO YOU APPROVE OR DISAPPROVE OF THE WAY PRIME MINISTER NOURI AL-MALIKI IS HANDLING HIS JOB?</u>



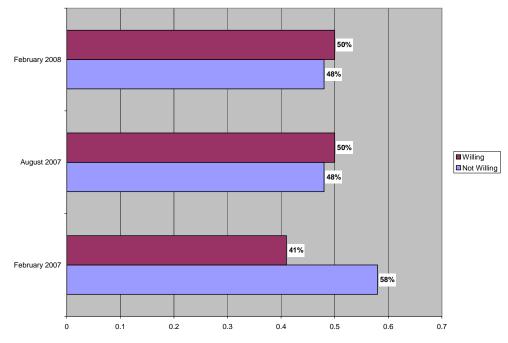
**DETAIL OF RESPONSES FOR ABOVE GRAPH** 

	FEBRUARY 2007		
	Shia Sunni Kurd		
APPROVE	67%	3%	60%
DISAPPROVE	33%	96%	40%

SEPTEMBER 2007				
Shia Sunni Kurd				
54%	2%	33%		
45%	98%	65%		

FEI	FEBRUARY 2008				
Shia	Sunni	Kurd			
52%	8%	68%			
47%	92%	30%			

# QUESTION: DO YOU THINK THE MEMBERS OF THE NATIONAL ASSMEBLY ARE WILLING OR NOT WILLING TO MAKE NECESSARY COMPROMISES TO BRING PEACE AND SECURITY TO THE COUNTRY?



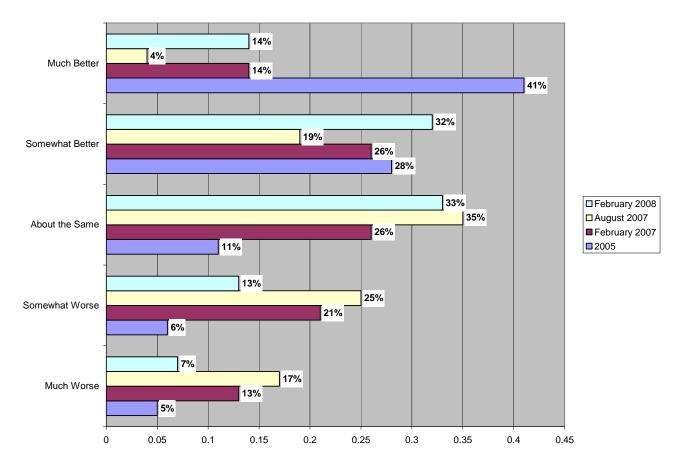
**DETAIL OF RESPONSES FOR ABOVE GRAPH** 

	FEBRUARY 2007		
	Shia Sunni Kurd		
WILLING	57%	9%	61%
NOT WILLING	42%	90%	36%

SEPT	SEPTEMBER 2007				
Shia	Shia Sunni Kurd				
66%	24%	55%			
32%	76%	39%			

FEBRUARY 2008					
Shia Sunni Kurd					
56%	30%	73%			
42%	69%	25%			

#### **QUESTION: WHAT IS YOUR EXPECTATION FOR HOW THINGS WILL BE FOR IRAQ A YEAR FROM NOW?**



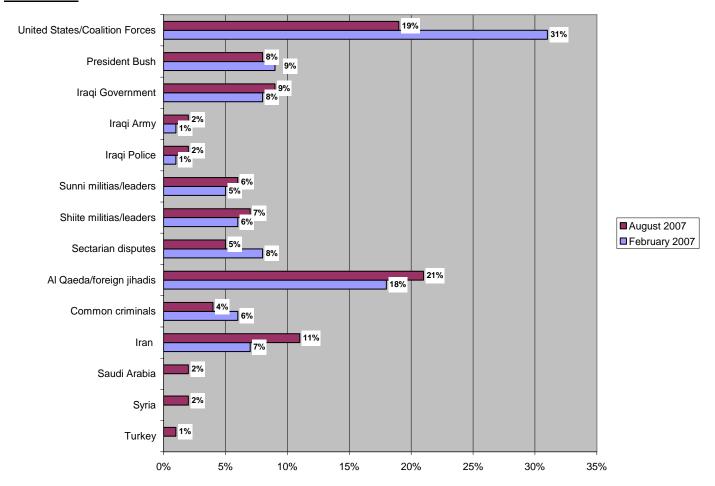
#### **DETAIL OF RESPONSES FOR ABOVE GRAPH**

	FEBRUARY 2007		SEP	<b>FEMBER</b>	2007	
	Shia	Sunni	Kurd	Shia	Sunni	Kurd
MUCH BETTER	23%	1%	14%	7%	-	1%
SOMEWHAT BETTER	38%	4%	39%	32%	3%	18%
ABOUT THE SAME	22%	27%	33%	43%	27%	27%
SOMEWHAT WORSE	13%	37%	10%	14%	35%	33%
MUCH WORSE	3%	30%	3%	4%	35%	20%

NOTE ON THIS TA	BLE: No	detail ava	ailable for	2005 st	ırvey.

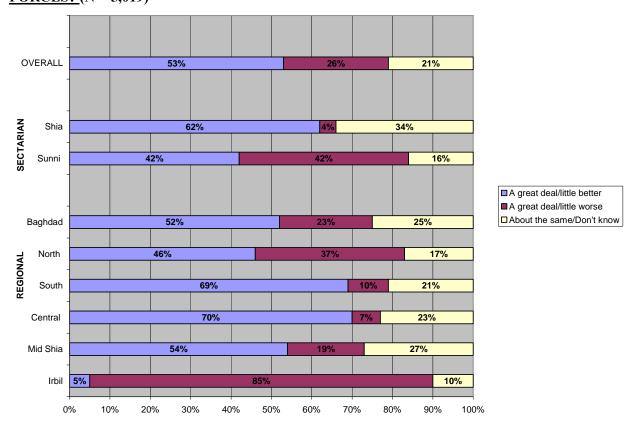
FEBRUARY 2008				
Shia	Sunni	Kurd		
19%	4%	16%		
39%	13%	45%		
36%	32%	22%		
4%	30%	9%		
1%	19%	5%		

# QUESTION: WHO DO YOU BLAME THE MOST FOR THE VIOLENCE THAT IS OCCURRING IN THE COUNTRY?

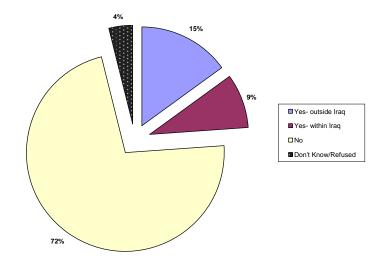


# PUBLIC ATTITUDES IN IRAQ: FOUR YEAR ANNIVERSARY OF INVASION<sup>121</sup> Conducted by Opinion Research Business MARCH 2007

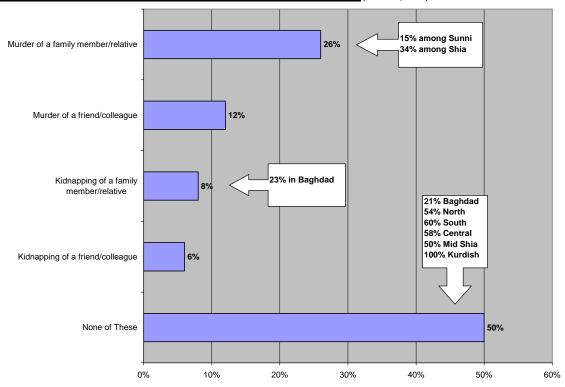
# QUESTION: DO YOU BELIEVE THE SECURITY SITUATION IN IRAQ WILL GET BETTER OR WORSE IN THE IMMEDIATE WEEKS FOLLOWING A WITHDRAWAL OF MULTI-NATIONAL FORCES? (N = 5,019)



QUESTION: DO YOU HAVE MEMBERS OF YOUR FAMILY THAT HAVE MOVED AWAY FROM THEIR HOME OVER THE PREVIOUS FOUR YEARS AS A RESULT OF THE SECURITY SITUATION? (N = 5,019)



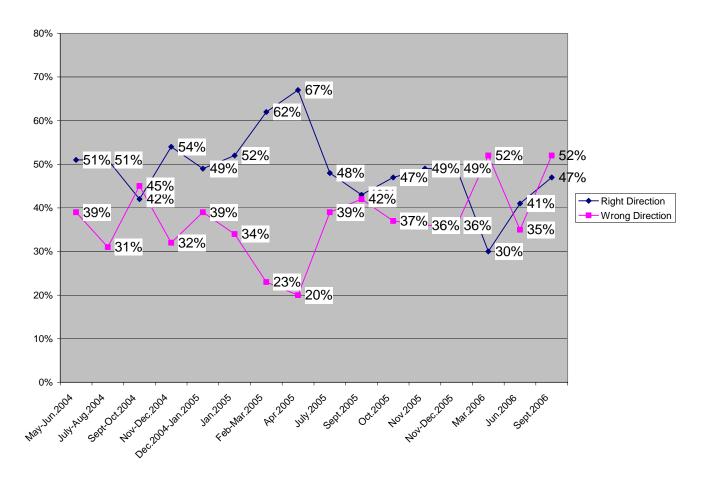
# **QUESTION:** WHICH OF THE FOLLOWING HAVE YOU PERSONALLY EXPERIENCED OR WITNESSED OVER THE PREVIOUS THREE YEARS? (N = 5,019)



# SEPTEMBER 27, 2006: WORLD PUBLIC OPINION.ORG PROGRAM ON INTERNATIONAL POLICY ATTITUDES (PIPA)

THE IRAQI PUBLIC ON THE US PRESENCE AND THE FUTURE OF IRAQ<sup>122</sup>

# TRENDS FOR QUESTION: DO YOU THINK IRAQ TODAY IS GENERALLY HEADING IN THE RIGHT OR WRONG DIRECTION? (MAY 2004 – SEPTEMBER 2006)



#### APPROVAL OF ATTACKS ON US-LED FORCES

	January 2006	September 2006
Overall	47%	61%
Shia	41%	62%
Sunni	88%	92%
Kurd	16%	15%

# <u>QUESTION TO IRAQIS: PLEASE TELL ME HOW MUCH CONFIDENCE YOU HAVE IN THOSE FORCES TO PROTECT YOUR SECURITY</u>

Force	Some / A Lot of Confidence	None / Little Confidence
Police	71%	30%
Iraqi Army	64%	37%
Iraqi Interior Ministry	62%	38%

#### QUESTION TO IRAQIS: HOW LIKELY DO YOU THINK IT IS THAT 5 YEARS FROM NOW IRAQ WILL STILL

**BE A SINGLE STATE?** 

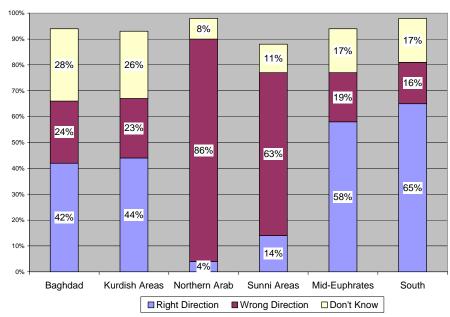
Very / Somewhat Likely	
Overall	72%
Shia	80%
Sunni	56%
Kurd	65%
Not Very / Not At All Likely	
Overall	28%
Shia	19%
Sunni	45%
Kurd	25%

# <u>QUESTION TO IRAQIS: WOULD YOU PREFER TO HAVE A STRONG GOVERNMENT THAT WOULD GET RID OF ALL MILITIAS OR DO YOU THINK IT WOULD BE BETTER TO CONTINUE TO HAVE MILITIAS TO PROTECT YOUR SECURITY?</u>

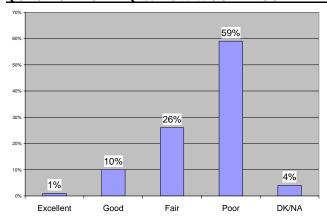
Strong Government That Would Get Rid of Militias	
Overall	77%
Shia	65%
Sunni	100%
Kurd	82%
Continue To Have Militias	
Overall	21%
Shia	33%
Sunni	*
Kurd	15%

#### JUNE 14-24, 2006: INTERNATIONAL REPUBLICAN INSTITUTE<sup>123</sup>

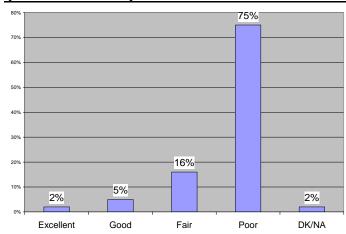
# REGIONAL BREAKDOWN FOR QUESTION: DO YOU FEEL THAT IRAQ IS GENERALLY HEADING IN THE RIGHT DIRECTION OR THE WRONG DIRECTION?



#### QUESTION TO IRAQIS: HOW WOULD YOU RATE THE ECONOMIC CONDITIONS IN IRAQ TODAY?

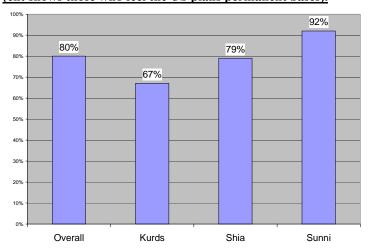


#### QUESTION TO IRAQIS: HOW WOULD YOU RATE SECURITY CONDITIONS IN IRAQ TODAY?

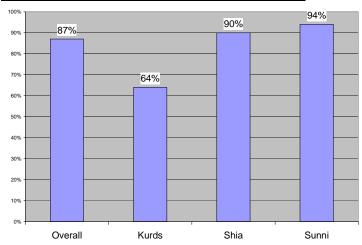


### $\textit{JAN. 31, 2006: WORLD PUBLIC OPINION.ORG POLL-WHAT THE IRAQI PUBLIC WANTS}^{124}$

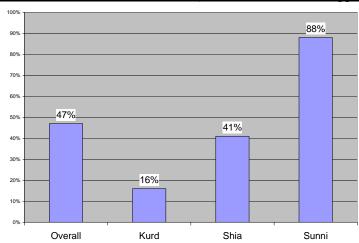
# QUESTION TO IRAQIS: DO YOU THINK THE US GOVERNMENT PLANS TO HAVE PERMANENT MILITARY BASES IN IRAQ OR TO REMOVE ALL ITS MILITARY ONCE IRAQ IS STABILIZED? (cht shows those who feel the US plans permanent bases).



# **QUESTION TO IRAQIS: DO YOU APPROVE THE GOVERNMENT ENDORSING A TIMELINE FOR US WITHDRAWAL?** (chart shows those answering yes).



# QUESTION TO IRAQIS: DO YOU APPROVE OR DISAPPROVE (STRONGLY OR SOMEWHAT) OF ATTACKS ON US-LED FORCES IN IRAQ? (chart shows those who approve).



<sup>5</sup> Measuring Stability and Security in Iraq, U.S. Department of Defense Quarterly Report to Congress, March 2008, p. 18.

<sup>9</sup> Gen. William B. Caldwell IV, Press Briefing from Iraq, February 14 and February 21, 2007. Richard Mauer, "Iraq Tally: Bombs Up, Fewer Dead", *Miami Herald*, March 1, 2007. Jay Deshmukh, "Shiites mourn slaying of pilgrims in Baghdad", *Agence France Presse*, March 12, 2007. Gen. William B. Caldwell IV, Press Briefing from Iraq, March 14, 2007. Rear Admiral Mark Fox, Press Conference from Iraq, April 1, 2007. Gen. Raymond Odierno, Press Briefing from Iraq, May 31, 2007. Available at: <a href="http://www.defenselink.mil/transcripts/transcript.aspx?transcriptid=3973">http://www.defenselink.mil/transcripts/transcript.aspx?transcriptid=3973</a> Jim Michaels, "Under New Baghdad Plan, U.S. Is A Careful Referee", *USA Today*, June 27, 2007. RADM Gregory Smith, Press Briefing from Iraq, February 20, 2008.

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Selcan Hacaoglu, "Car bomb strikes US patrol in Baghdad, killing 10 including US soldier", Associated Press Worldstream, May 1, 2008. 10 killed and 26 wounded by car bomb. Amal Jayasinghe, "Four US Marines killed in Iraq blast", Agence France Presse, May 4, 2008. 4 killed by roadside bomb. Jay Deshmukh, "25 killed in Iraq as rockets shatter Basra calm", Agence France Presse, May 8, 2008. 7 killed and 19 injured by car bomb. "Suicide bomber kills 22 people, wounds at least 40 at Sunni funeral", Associated Press Worldstream, May 14, 2008. "Blasts wound six US marines, kill seven Iraqi civilians", Agence France Presse, May 23, 2008. 6 killed and 4 wounded by suicide car bomb. "Three killed in Baghdad minibus bombing", Agence France Presse, May 24, 2008. 3 killed and 4 injured by roadside bomb. "Suicide bomb attack on pro-US militia in Iraq kills six", Agence France Presse, May 26, 2008. 6 killed and 16 injured by suicide vehicle bomb. 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Salam Faraj, "Iraq attack kills 15", Agence France Presse, July 6, 2008. 13 killed and 5 injured by car bomb and roadside bomb. "Iraq: US military says roadside bomb kills 4 contractors, injures 8 others near Mosul", Associated Press, July 8, 2008. 4 killed by roadside bomb. "Iraq reports drop in violence, but attacks kill 21", Associated Press, July 9, 2008. 13 killed and 56 wounded by suicide car bomb and bomb. Ali al-Tuwaijri, "Iraq suicide bombings kill 37", Agence France Press, July 15, 2008. 9 killed and 11 wounded by one suicide car bomb and one suicide bomb. "Car bomb kills 12 in northern Iraq", Agence France Presse, July 16, 2008. 12 killed and 30 wounded by car bomb. Richard A. Oppel, Jr., "2 Teenage Bombers Kill 33 as Recruits Gather at an Iraqi Base", New York Times, July 16, 2008. 33 killed and 69 injured by 2 suicide bombs. Christopher Torchia, "Car bomb in Iraq kills 18, including children", Associated Press Online, July 16, 2008. 18 killed and 90 injured by car bomb. 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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Iraq Family Health Survey Study Group, "Violence-Related Mortality in Iraq from 2002 to 2006", *The New England Journal of Medicine*, January 31, 2008.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Information for May 2003-December 2005 is based upon data from Iraq Body Count. The data for war-related fatalities was calculated at 1.75 times our IBC-based numbers, reflecting the fact that estimates for civilian casualties from the Iraqi Ministry of the Interior were 75 percent higher than those of our Iraq Body Count-based estimate over the aggregate May 2003 – December 2005 period. During this time, we separately studied the crime rate in Iraq, and on that basis estimated 23,000 murders throughout the country. In order to add these back in to our estimate, we used estimated monthly murder rates for Baghdad as a guide in proportionally allocating these 23,000 additional fatalities.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> UNAMI Human Rights reports accessed at: <a href="http://www.uniraq.org/aboutus/HR.asp">http://www.uniraq.org/aboutus/HR.asp</a>

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> U.S. State Department Weekly Status Report for September 12, 2007, accessed at: <a href="http://www.state.gov/documents/organization/92176.pdf">http://www.state.gov/documents/organization/92176.pdf</a> Additional briefing slides from November 1, 2007, press briefing accessed at: <a href="http://www.defenselink.mil/dodcmsshare/briefingslide/317/071101-D-6570C-001.pdf">http://www.defenselink.mil/dodcmsshare/briefingslide/317/071101-D-6570C-001.pdf</a>

<sup>5</sup> Mossiving Stability and Security in Iraq ILS. Department of Defense Questedly Peneut to Congress March 2008, p. 18

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13 Ibid.

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<sup>17</sup> Special Inspector General for Iraq Reconstruction, Quarterly Report and Semiannual Report, July 30, 2008, page 94. Accessed at: http://www.sigir.mil/reports/quarterlyreports/default.aspx

Multi-National Forces-Iraq, January 17, 2008. SIGACTS Report, MNF-I, June 14, 2008.

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Iraq Coalition Casualty Count, (icasualties.org/oif/stats.aspx).

- 25 Hostile losses were as follows: 3/03 (8 killed); 4/03 (2); 11/03 (39); 1/04 (10); 4/04 (2); 5/05 (2); 6/05 (2); 11/05 (2); 1/06 (4); 4/06 (2); 5/06 (2) total: 75. Non-hostile losses were as follows: 4/03 (6); 5/03 (7); 9/03 (1); 1/04 (4); 2/04 (2); 8/04 (2); 10/04 (2); 12/04 (2); 1/05 (33); 12/05 (2); 1/06 (9); 5/06 (2); 8/06 (2); 11/06 (2); 12/06 (5); 1/07 (14); 2/07 (9), total: 103.
- <sup>26</sup> The total number of deaths as listed here may vary slightly from the Total Fatalities listed under "US Troop Fatalities Since March 19, 2003" because the two charts use data from different sources. Any discrepancy is likely to be a result of a difference in the cut-off time until which data was included each day and at
- <sup>27</sup> Military Casualty Information, Statistical Information and Analysis Division, *Department of Defense*, (http://siadapp.dior.whs.mil/personnel/CASUALTY/oif-deaths-total.pdf).
- Casualties update daily from "Operation Iraqi Freedom U.S. Casualty Status," Department of Defense, (www.defenselink.mil/news/).
- <sup>29</sup> "Details of British Casualties," British Ministry of Defense, (www.operations.mod.uk/telic/casualties.htm).

 $^{\rm 30}$  Iraq Coalition Casualty Count, (icasualties.org/oif/).

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