A new paper by Karen Dynan, Ted Gayer and Natasha Plotkin and their associated policy brief look at the impact of the homebuyer tax credits, passed into law in the wake of the 2008 recession in an effort to stabilize the housing market. This graphic summarizes the key findings of the paper, which was presented at a Brookings Institution event on June 28, 2013.



The housing and financial crisis of 2008 led to a number of federal legislative efforts to promote housing demand through homebuyer tax credits:



Worker, Homeownership and Business Assistance Act



The HERA homebuyer tax credit, which essentially amounted to an interest-free loan, did little to stop the rapid deterioration of the housing market.





Housing Starts

Building Permits



The more generous ARRA and WHBAA homebuyer tax credits coincided with a stabilization of the market, although there were many other policy and economic developments that likely contributed to this shift.



Our results suggest that the ARRA and WHBAA homebuyer tax credits **provided a modest boost** to home sales and home prices while they were available, with some of the changes partially reversed after the expiration of the credits.

Karen Dynan, Ted Gayer and Natasha Plotkin

