MEASURING SOCIAL DISPARITIES: A MODIFIED APPROACH TO THE CWI

by

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Meeting on "Review of the Child Well-being Index"
Brookings Center on Children and Families &
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- OVERVIEW -



- Group-Specific Summary Measures
- Group-Specific Disparity Measures
- Examples of Major Results
- Immigrant Disparities
- SES Disparities

ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS



- Ken Land, Vicki Lamb, Sarah Mustillo for sharing race-ethnic data they compiled to assess disparities
- Foundation for Child Development for supporting this research
- Co-author Suzanne Macartney

Slide 4. Group-Specific Summary Measures (Current = Figure 22 from Land, Lamb & Mustillo) (Proposed = Figure 1 from Hernandez & Macartney)

- **Current Approach**
- * First year = 100 for each group
- * Later years = % change from group baseline
- * Trend in change from group baseline *Proposed Approach*
- * First year =
 - % difference from total population baseline
- * Later years =
 - % difference from total population baseline
- * Trends in levels & disparities for each group

Slide 5. Group-Specific Disparity Measures (Current = Figure 25 from Land, Lamb & Mustillo) (Proposed = Figure 2 from Hernandez & Macartney)

- **Current Approach**
- * First year disparity = 100 for each group
- * Later = % change from grp baseline disparity
- * Trend in change from group baseline disparity *Proposed Approach*
- * First year = Difference from whites in baseline year
- * Later years = Difference from whites in current year
- * Trend in disparity (vis-a-vis whites) for each group

Slide 6. Black-White Disparities Overall and in Each Domain (Figure 11 from Hernandez & Macartney)

OVERALL DISPARITY FAVORS WHITES

(1988...25 point gap, narrowed to 19 points, or by 26%)

Disparity Favors Blacks

- * Safety/Behavioral (**expanded**)
- * Emotional/Spiritual (little change)

Disparity Favors Whites

- * Economic well-being (**narrowed**)
- * Health (**narrowed**)
- * Educational attainment (little change)
- * Community connected (**narrowed**)
- * Social relationships (**expanded**)



Figure 12...Economic well-being

- * 25% reduction in Black disadvantage
- * Due mainly to 39% reduction in poverty gap

Figure 13...Health

- * 15% reduction in Black disadvantage
- * Due to reduced gaps in most indicators which
- * More than counter-balanced increased obesity gap

Slide 8. Black-White Disparities in Safety/Behavioral and Social Relationships (Figures 14 & 17 from Hernandez & Macartney)

Figure 14...Safety/Behavioral

- * Reversal and expansion, to 23 point disparity favoring Blacks
- * Due mainly to 60% narrowing teen birth rate

Figure 17...Social Relationships

- * 18 point expansion in Black disadvantage
- * Due mainly to 30 point expansion in residential mobility disparity

Slide 9. Hispanic-White Disparities Overall and in Each Domain (Figure 19 from Hernandez & Macartney)

OVERALL DISPARITY FAVORS WHITES

(20 point gap, narrowed to 16 points, or by 19%)

Disparity Favors Hispanics

* Emotional/Spiritual (little change)

Disparity Favors Whites

- * Economic well-being (**narrowed**)
- * Health (little change)
- * Safety/Behavioral (**narrowed**)
- * Educational attainment (little change)
- * Community connected (little change)
- * Social relationship (**narrowed**)

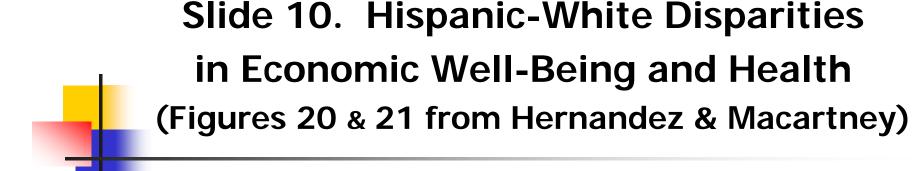


Figure 20...Economic well-being

- * 28% reduction in Hispanic disadvantage
- * Due mainly to 41% reduction in poverty gap

Figure 21...Health

- * Small 3 pt. reduction in Hispanic disadvantage
- * But, 33 pt. expansion in Hispanic advantage in activity limitations
- * Counter-balanced mainly by 19 pt. expansion in Hispanic disadvantage in obesity

Slide 11. Hispanic-White Disparities in Safety/Behavioral and Social Relationships (Figures 22 & 25 from Hernandez & Macartney)

Figure 22...Safety/Behavioral

- * 12 point reduction in Hispanic disadvantage
- * Due mainly to 29% narrowing teen birth rate

Figure 25...Social Relationships

- * 10 point reduction in Hispanic disadvantage
- * Due to narrowing of Hispanic single parent families and residential mobility

Slide 12. Immigrant Disparities: Next Steps



Indicator values sometimes differ greatly by *IMMIGRANT GENERATION* and COUNTRY OF ORIGIN

Immigrant classifiers are...

Mostly Available for Economic well-being Health Community connect Social relations

Mostly Not Available for Safety/Behavioral (MTF) Education (NAEP) Emotional/Spiritual (MTF)

Slide 13. Socioeconomic Disparities: Mother's Education, Next Steps



Mother's education classifiers are available for 5 domains...all except...

- * Education (NAEP)
- * Community connectedness (age 18+ indicators)



Indicator values can differ greatly by FAMILY INCOME QUINTILE

Family income quintiles are available for

- * Economic well-being (3/4)
- * Health (3/6, Vital Stats)
- * Safety/Behavioral (1/6, MTF, Vital Stats)
- * Education attainments (None, NAEP)
- * Community connectedness (1/5, age 18+)
- * Social relationships (All, 2/2)
- * Emotional/Spiritual (None, MTF, Vital Stats)

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