## Make Learning for All a reality





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#### Elizabeth M. King CUE, Brookings Institution January 27, 2012

Invest early Invest smartly Invest for all

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### Learning takes place throughout life ...



### But ... invest early



### Invest smartly: ensure learning happens



### Youth are leaving school without basic skills



#### grade 8 students as a % of all 14 year-olds

Source: TIMSS 2007 and UIS / EdStats in Macdonald 2011

grade 8 students with some knowledge of whole numbers, decimals, operations, basic graphs as a % of 14 year-olds

### And the poorest students lag the most in learning



Source: Filmer, based on analysis of TIMSS 2007 database

### Invest for all: such as out-of-school youth

### Girls are still behind

### \*especially indigenous, rural girls



Young girl, taken out of child labour in India. Photo: © John Isaac

## Learning for All

#### Strengthen education systems

#### Build a high-quality knowledge base

#### Knowledge

- System assessment & benchmarking tools
- Learning assessments
- Impact evaluations & analytical work

#### **Technical and financial support**

- •Results-oriented financing
- Multisectoral approach
- MDG pledge for 2015

#### **Strategic partnerships**

(UN agencies, donor community, private sector, civil society organizations)



## From Strategy to Action

### World Bank lending for education, 2000-12\*



### Example of new knowledge agenda: Skills & productivity





### Surveys available to collect information on skills?

Household surveys usually ask only about education and, to some extent, training

Almost no employer surveys ask for any measure of skills beyond education or some form of training

Some specifically designed surveys may ask about ICT use, but rarely anything else

# STEP Study | Objectives

#### Measuring skills across several countries

Household surveys usually ask only about education and, to some extent, training Employer surveys usually ask only about education or some form of training

Identify policy interventions to address skills-gaps and mismatches

The study applies two survey instruments:



### Participating countries



### What do we mean by an "education system"?





### Education system performance



### Inter-dependent factors influence learning outcomes



THE WORLD BANK

# SABER informs policy choices and diagnoses gaps in implementation

POLICIES	╋	IMPLEMENTATION	$\rightarrow$	OUTCOMES
Catalog & assess quality of policy framework		Collect & analyze data on policy execution		
Tools to benchmark policies <ul> <li>Framework</li> <li>Collection instrument</li> </ul>		Tools to assess implementation based on available data • Survey data (e.g. PETS, QSDS, Absence, Household)	N 1 1 1	
<ul><li>Rubric</li><li>Manual</li></ul>		<ul> <li>Proxy indicators (e.g. economy-wide metrics, survey data from other countries)</li> </ul>	     /	
Country, regional, and p interpretation, inclu				

#### Online knowledge base

SABER Toolkit

SABER = System Assessment & Benchmarking for Education Results

### Policymakers have governance functions across the system





### ... making policy decisions within each of these areas

#### **DEFINE A VISION**

- Goals
- Standards
- Curriculum

#### **DEPLOY RESOURCES**

- Financial
- Human
- Enabling

#### ALIGN THE DELIVERY SYSTEM

- Regulatory framework
- Provider portfolio

#### **MONITOR IMPLEMENTATION**

- Information
- Assessment
- Supervision

#### **ENSURE PERFORMANCE**

- Accountability
- Support
- Adaptation



### National Large-Scale Assessment Development Levels



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Angola Tajikistan

No NLSA in place.

•No NLSA (some provincial activity), but acknowledgment that it is necessary

### National Large-Scale Assessment Development Levels

Ethiopia Kyrgyz Republic Mozambique Vietnam Zambia

> Unstable NLSA in place; assessment quality and impact weak.

NLSA operating with donor support, no policy framework (except Zambia)
Need for staff training/learning, quality assurance
Results not well disseminated or used

# Alignment of teacher policies with other policies is critical for system performance





# SABER Teachers has 8 policy goals against which education systems can be assessed and benchmarked





### SABER translates policy "benchmarks" into knowledge products that help countries make informed policy choices Products & Users





### SABER is developing tools on specific policy domains



### BACKUP

- Policy content map
- SABER storyline
- Production function domain map



# An effective education system can compensate for constraints to learning in other areas

**Catalytic Effects of an Effective Education System** 





#### **Coverage of SABER Modules – Production Function View**





#### Each policy goal maps to policy levers, indicators and a classification rubric

