

Oklahoma City, OK Metro Area

Counties OKLAHOMA: Canadian, Cleveland, Grady, Lincoln, Logan, McClain, Oklahoma
Primary City Oklahoma City, OK
Metro Type Mid-Sized Magnet* (High Growth, Low Diversity, Low Education)
Population 1,206,142 (2009)



The Oklahoma City, OK metro area is the 44th largest in the United States and the largest in the state of Oklahoma. Home to the state capital, it is located in the central part of the state.

KEY INDICATORS (all figures 2009 unless otherwise noted)

| | Metro | Metro Rank (**) | Primary City | Suburbs | Mid-Sized Magnet Metros | United States |
|---|-------|-----------------|--------------|---------|-------------------------|---------------|
| <u>Population and Migration</u> | | | | | | |
| % change in population, 2000-2009 | 11.8 | 45 | 10.4 | 13.0 | 15.3 | 8.8 |
| Domestic migration rate, 2000-2009 ¹ | 3.8 | 41 | | | 9.4 | 0.0 |
| % of population moving in previous year | 19.8 | 10 | 21.1 | 18.7 | 16.8 | 15.4 |
| <u>Race and Ethnicity</u> | | | | | | |
| % of population that is nonwhite ² | 30.3 | 51 | 41.3 | 21.1 | 28.3 | 35.1 |
| % change in nonwhite population, 2000-2009 | 28.0 | 50 | 29.2 | 26.1 | 41.3 | 23.9 |
| Change in nonwhite share of population, 2000-2009 | 3.8 | 50 | 5.9 | 2.2 | 5.1 | 4.2 |
| <u>Immigration</u> | | | | | | |
| % of population that is foreign-born | 7.2 | 56 | 11.3 | 3.8 | 8.4 | 12.5 |
| % change in foreign-born population, 2000-2009 | 43.4 | 46 | 47.4 | 34.3 | 55.3 | 23.8 |
| % of children with at least one foreign-born parent | 14.1 | 55 | 22.6 | 6.9 | 15.2 | 22.7 |
| <u>Age</u> | | | | | | |
| % of population age 45 and over | 36.5 | 65 | 35.5 | 37.3 | 41.1 | 38.7 |
| % change in under-18 population, 2000-2009 | 9.6 | 37 | 10.0 | 9.3 | 12.2 | 3.3 |
| Dependency ratio ³ | 58.8 | 41 | 58.3 | 59.3 | 62.7 | 59.1 |

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|---|--------|-----------------|--------------|---------|-------------------------|---------------|
| <u>Households and Families</u> | | | | | | |
| % of households that are married couples with children | 19.4 | 63 | 17.3 | 21.2 | 18.9 | 20.6 |
| % change in married-with-children households, 2000-2009 | -6.5 | 62 | -6.3 | -6.7 | 1.2 | -5.7 |
| Average household size | 2.54 | 63 | 2.45 | 2.61 | 2.53 | 2.63 |
| <u>Educational Attainment</u> | | | | | | |
| % of population age 25 and over with bachelor's degree | 27.2 | 67 | 27.3 | 27.2 | 25.6 | 27.9 |
| Change in % of population with bachelor's degree, 2000-2009 | 3.1 | 67 | 3.3 | 2.8 | 3.2 | 3.5 |
| % 18-to-24 year-olds enrolled in higher education | 45.1 | 34 | 40.0 | 48.8 | 39.7 | 41.7 |
| <u>Work</u> | | | | | | |
| Wage for middle-wage workers, 2009 (\$/hour) ⁴ | 15.61 | 91 | | | | 17.74 |
| % change in wage for middle-wage workers, 2000-2009 | -3.0 | 68 | | | | -4.5 |
| High/low wage ratio, 2009 ⁵ | 4.82 | 37 | | | | 5.00 |
| <u>Income and Poverty</u> | | | | | | |
| Median household income (\$) | 45,101 | 85 | 41,661 | 48,176 | 46,219 | 50,221 |
| % change in median household income, 2000-2009 | -5.3 | 35 | -7.5 | -3.5 | -9.6 | -7.1 |
| % of children in poverty | 20.5 | 37 | 26.4 | 15.4 | 19.9 | 20.0 |
| <u>Commuting</u> | | | | | | |
| % of commuters who drive alone | 83.3 | 16 | 82.8 | 83.7 | 81.2 | 76.1 |
| % of commuters who use public transit | 0.4 | 94 | 0.6 | 0.3 | 1.0 | 5.0 |
| % change in commuters who use public transit, 2000-2009 | -2.5 | 76 | -12.5 | 28.3 | 25.6 | 18.0 |

*Mid-Sized Magnet metro areas include: Allentown, PA; Baton Rouge, LA; Boise, ID; Bradenton, FL; Cape Coral, FL; Chattanooga, TN-GA; Greensboro-High Point, NC; Greenville, SC; Jacksonville, FL; Lakeland, FL; Little Rock, AR; Ogden, UT; Oklahoma City, OK; P

**Out of 100 largest metropolitan areas

¹ Net domestic migration from 2000 to 2009 divided by population in 2000

² Includes all groups other than non-Hispanic whites

³ Population under 18 plus population 65 and over divided by population age 18 to 64, multiplied by 100

⁴ Full-time, year-round workers at the median of the wage distribution in the specified geography

⁵ Ratio of wages for full-time, year round workers at the 90th percentile of the wage distribution to those at the 10th percentile of the wage distribution