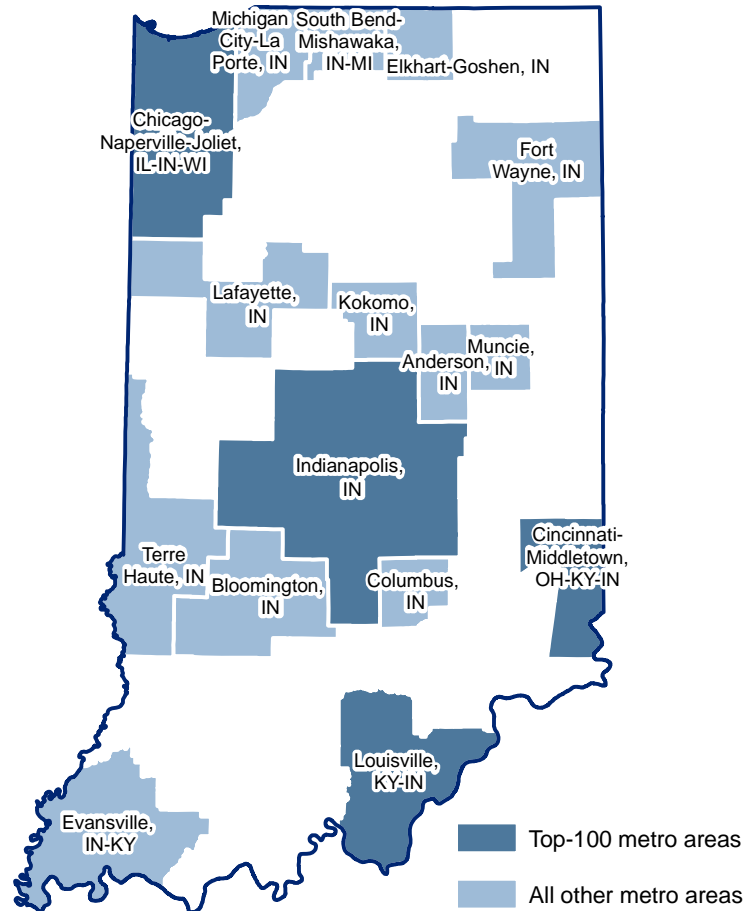




MetroNation Profile: Indiana's Metropolitan Areas

This state profile demonstrates the importance of Indiana's metropolitan areas, in terms of their contribution to the state's population, employment, and economic output.



Indiana has four of the nation's 100 largest metropolitan areas—Indianapolis, Chicago, Louisville, and Cincinnati—which alone account for 42 percent of the state's population, 43 percent of the state's jobs, and 49 percent of the state's gross domestic product (GDP).

All 16 of Indiana's metros constitute 78 percent of the state's population, 81 percent of the state's jobs, and 84 percent of the state's GDP.

Rank* Metro area	Population		Jobs		GDP	
	Total	Share of state	Total	Share of state	Total (in millions)	Share of state
31 Indianapolis, IN	1,640,029	26.2%	918,377	30.0%	\$87,645	37.1%
3 Chicago-Naperville-Joliet, IL-IN-WI	695,298	11.1%	286,636	9.4%	\$20,735	8.8%
44 Louisville, KY-IN	238,196	3.8%	100,375	3.3%	\$6,602	2.8%
24 Cincinnati-Middletown, OH-KY-IN	77,908	1.2%	22,660	0.7%	\$1,545	0.7%
Indiana metros in the top 100 nationally	2,651,431	42.3%	1,328,048	43.4%	\$116,528	49.3%
104 Fort Wayne, IN	404,182	6.5%	219,732	7.2%	\$15,512	6.6%
122 Evansville, IN-KY	289,390	4.6%	158,238	5.2%	\$12,592	5.3%
149 South Bend-Mishawaka, IN-MI	266,019	4.2%	138,323	4.5%	\$10,398	4.4%
164 Elkhart-Goshen, IN	195,276	3.1%	132,672	4.3%	\$9,391	4.0%
208 Lafayette, IN	183,493	2.9%	93,026	3.0%	\$6,930	2.9%
220 Bloomington, IN	177,734	2.8%	84,016	2.7%	\$5,253	2.2%
236 Terre Haute, IN	168,104	2.7%	75,446	2.5%	\$4,873	2.1%
311 Muncie, IN	116,203	1.9%	53,187	1.7%	\$3,210	1.4%
329 Kokomo, IN	101,268	1.6%	49,391	1.6%	\$3,646	1.5%
330 Michigan City-La Porte, IN	110,281	1.8%	48,995	1.6%	\$3,139	1.3%
335 Anderson, IN	130,389	2.1%	46,429	1.5%	\$3,173	1.3%
343 Columbus, IN	73,611	1.2%	44,646	1.5%	\$3,439	1.5%
All 16 Indiana metros	4,867,381	77.7%	2,472,149	80.9%	\$198,084	83.8%

*Employment rank among all metro areas nationwide, based on Bureau of Economic Analysis 2005 wage and salary employment; rank is for entire metro, which may include areas outside of the state. However, population, jobs, and GDP numbers only include the in-state portions of the metros

Source: Brookings analysis of U.S. Census Bureau and Bureau of Economic Analysis data